

### TOWN OF EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

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### PUBLIC NOTICE EXETER CONSERVATION COMMISSION

### **Monthly Meeting**

The Exeter Conservation Commission will in the Nowak Room, Exeter Town Offices at 10 Front Street, Exeter on **Tuesday**, Oct 12<sup>th</sup>, 2021 at 7:00 P.M.

### Call to Order:

- 1. Introduction of Members Present
- 2. Public Comment

### **Action Items:**

- 1. Wetland and Shoreland Conditional Use Permit applications for 6,090 sf temporary wetland buffer impact and 10,714 sf temporary shoreland buffer impact associated with utility maintenance/pole replacement on the existing H141 Eversource transmission line (Tax Map 29, Lots 1 and 2, and Tax Map 29, Lots 32 and 32). Direct wetland impacts have been addressed through the State's statutory permit-by-notification process for utility maintenance. *Agent: Kristopher Wilkes, VHB*
- 2. Standard Dredge and Fill Application for prime wetland impacts resulting from the prime wetland restoration at 32 Charter Street (Map 82, Lot 36). Wetland buffer impacts related to the construction of a private drive and associated utilities/drainage treatment structures to serve 11 proposed townhouse condominium dwelling units onsite were previously addressed through the conditional use permit process. Agent: Brendan Walden, GES, Inc.
- 3. Standard Dredge and Fill Application for wetland impacts associated with the construction of a proposed 41-lot residential subdivision and associated infrastructure at Tax Map 54, Lots 5, 6 & 7 and Map 63, Lot 205). Wetland and shoreland buffer impacts were previously addressed in July 2018, through issuance of a shoreland conditional use permit and wetland waiver. *Agent: Marc Jacobs, CWS*
- 4. Committee Reports
  - a. Property Management
    - i. Research request at Henderson Swasey Town Forest (See correspondence: Julia Brazo, UNH)
    - ii. McDonnell Gate Closure Notification Effective Nov 1 March 31. Thank you to this year's volunteer gate tenders Brian and Laura Mcsweeney, David Kovar, Dianne Arnheim, Cheyne Venturini)
    - iii. Request for up to \$3,000 from the Conservation Fund in association with a Phase 1b Archeological Investigation in the area south of Raynes Barn.
  - b. Trails
    - i. Flooding of Oaklands Bog Bridge
  - c. Outreach Events
    - i. Rescheduling of Sky Watch at Raynes Farm to Oct 16<sup>th</sup> at 7:30 pm.
- 5. Approval of Minutes: September 14<sup>th</sup>, 2021 Meeting
- 6. Other Business
- 7. Next Meeting: Date Scheduled (11/9/21), Submission Deadline (10/29/21)

Andrew Koff

**Exeter Conservation Commission** 

Posted October 8, 2021 Exeter Town Website www.exeternh.gov and Town Office kiosk.

## TOWN OF EXETER PLANNING DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM

Oct 5<sup>th</sup>, 2021 Date: **Conservation Commission Board Members** To: Kristen Murphy, Natural Resource Planner From: Oct 12<sup>th</sup> Conservation Commission Meeting Subject: 1. Eversource Pole Replacement/Utility Maintenance Wetland and Shoreland CUP Given the criteria for wetland and shoreland permits differ, I recommend you address each permit individually. Suggested Motion for [Wetland][Shoreland] Conditional Use Permit: We reviewed this application and feel the need to table the application to a date certain due to insufficient information on criteria necessary for the Commission to make a recommendation to the planning board as noted below: As agreed to by the applicant, the required information will be submitted by the next meeting submission deadline of \_\_\_\_\_ to be heard at the \_\_\_\_\_ conservation commission meeting date. We have reviewed this application and have **no objection** to the approval of the conditional use permit as proposed. We have reviewed this application and recommend that the wetland conditional use permit be (approved with conditions) (denied) as noted below: 2. Dredge and Fill for 32 Charter Prime Wetland Restoration This project was before you with conceptual plans in October 2020 and April 2021. You recommended approval of the CUP application July 13, 2021. You voted in support of amending the prime wetland boundary to match field conditions and in support of the CUP with conditions. See memos to the Planning Board and NHDES resulting from that meeting in your packet. Suggested Motion for State Wetland Application: We have reviewed this application and have **no objection** to the application as proposed. We have reviewed this application and recommend that the wetland application

### 3. Rose Farm Wetland Application

be (approved with conditions) (denied) as noted below:

The applicant was before you on 7/10/18 for consideration of the town holding interest in 6.31 acres proposed as conservation area, and for shoreland CUP and wetland waiver. The Commission did not recommend approval of the CUP or the wetland waiver because the board did not feel they had enough information at the time and offered a list of recommendations. See the July 12, 2018 memo to the Planning Board in your packet for details. The applicant received conditional approval from the Planning Board on January 14, 2019.

The applicant is before you in association with the State wetland application for the infrastructure associated with the development. The wetland impacts for this project trigger the need for compensatory mitigation. As you recommended in a prior meeting, I have worked with DPW to develop a list of culverts that are identified on the <u>ARM mapper</u> that are also on DPW's priority list for repair. Of the culverts in our area under the Town's jurisdiction that show up on the ARM mapper, the culvert on Tamarind Lane (SADES ID# 6,459) is their highest priority with a goal to repair within a month. I would recommend you offer this as a form of local mitigation in order to determine if the State deems this qualified.

Suggested Motion for State Wetland Application:

	d recommend your motion include exploring Tamarind Ln culvert replacement (SADES ID 6,459) as loption for mitigation, subject to NHDES approval.
	We have reviewed this application and have <b>no objection</b> to the application as proposed.
be (app	We have reviewed this application and recommend that the wetland application proved with conditions) (denied) as noted below:

### 4. Committee Reports

- a. Property Management
  - Henderson Swasey Research Request: See your packet for correspondence from UNH student, Julia Brazo.
  - We are approaching the dates you approved for seasonal closure of the McDonnell Conservation Area gate (Nov 1-March 31). As a reminder there is still enough space to fit two cars in front of the gate when it is closed. The daily gate opening trhough the season has been handled by the following volunteers: Brian and Laura Mcsweeney, David Kovar, Cheyne Venturini, and property owner Dianne Arnheim.
  - Phase 1a Arch Review was complete. See your packet for results. They recommended Phase 1b for the ADA parking and path south of the barn and the path to the back field. I discussed these options with the group helping through the LCHIP grant process (Nick, Bill, Sally, and Don B) and they suggest we move forward with Phase 1b for the parking and path south of the barn to the east bay entrance at this time. They also suggest we table the plans for the path to the back field at this time to explore other routes given the sensitivity of that area. If you agree, I suggest the following motion:

Motion to approve expenditure of \$4,855 from the Conservation Fund.

- b. Trails Dave Short has installed the trail re-route signs as the bog bridge is again under water
- c. Outreach Sky Watch was tabled due to Covid. 10/16 is the new date but NHAS will decide closer to that date if the transmission rates are within a range that their organization will allow in-person events. If holding the event at Raynes is not possible, they did offer a virtual event. Please determine if you would like this as a back up option.



September 21, 2021

Ref: 52796.00

Dave Sharples, Town Planner Town of Exeter Planning Board 10 Front Street Exeter, NH 03833

Re: Town of Exeter Conditional Use Permit Applications: Wetlands Conservation Overlay District & Shoreland Protection District H141 Transmission Line - Structure Replacements, Exeter, NH

Dear Mr. Sharples,

On behalf of Public Service Company of New Hampshire (PSNH) d/b/a Eversource Energy, VHB is submitting these Conditional Use Permit Applications to the Town of Exeter Planning Board for proposed utility maintenance along the existing H141, 115-kV transmission line right-of-way (ROW) in Exeter. The Conditional Use Permit Applications are being submitted in accordance with Article 9 of the Town's Zoning Ordinance. Conditional Use Permits are required for the proposed maintenance work to allow for temporary impacts to wetlands and their respective buffers protected under the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District (Article 9.1.3), and to allow for temporary impacts within the shoreland of the Little River protected under the Shoreland Protection District (Article 9.3.3). A Utility Maintenance Activity Statutory Permit-by-Notification for the proposed project will be submitted to the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) to cover temporary wetland impacts at the state level. Upon submittal of these applications, VHB and PSNH intends on attending the Exeter Conservation Commission meeting on October 12, 2021 followed by a hearing date with the Planning Board on October 28, 2021.

### **Project Description**

PSNH intends to replace three existing 115-kV transmission structures (Structures 175, 176 & 177) along the H141 transmission line within an existing ROW corridor located between Route 101 west bound and Epping Road (NH Route 27). The proposed work is part of PSNH's on-going maintenance program conducted to ensure reliable electric service for their customers. During periodic field inspections by PSNH engineering and construction personnel, the condition of existing electric transmission line structures is reviewed and wood pole structures which are exhibiting deficiencies such as internal rot, leaning, and/or woodpecker damage are identified for replacement. The PSNH 115-kV transmission system is an integral part of the regional power system delivering electricity to customers throughout New England. It is critical that the 115-kV system remain operational without interruption from preventable outages.

The existing electric transmission line structures proposed for replacement consist of a two-pole wood H-frame configuration and will be replaced with two-pole weathered steel H-frame structures to meet current industry standards. Additionally, associated guy support wires and anchors will be replaced. The replacement structures will be installed 10 feet back or forward on-line from their existing locations with

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the exception of Structure 176 which will be replaced 200 feet back on-line from its existing location closer to Epping Road. The proposed 200-foot shift for Structure 176 is seen as beneficial as it will result in the elimination of the structure from within the limits of a large existing emergent floodplain wetland associated with the Little River. Additionally, pole heights will increase between 5 and 20 feet to meet current engineering standards and clearance requirements. Lastly, associated guy support wires and anchors will be replaced. Contingent upon permit approvals, work is proposed to commence in November 2021. Refer to **Figure 1**, Project Permitting Plans, for more information.

### **Proposed Access and Construction Methods**

The proposed work will occur within the limits of the existing cleared and continuously maintained transmission line ROW and no additional widening/clearing of the ROW is proposed. Work crews intend to access Structures 175 and 176 directly off of Epping Road, while crews intend to access Structure 177 directly off of Route 101 west bound (pending permission from NHDOT). Work crews plan to follow existing established access trails within the ROW, where present, to complete the proposed work. Some road improvement work (re-grading and resurfacing) may be necessary along existing upland portions of ROW access trails to provide a safe and stable surface for construction equipment travel.

Timber matting will be used at wetland crossings to minimize soil disturbance and avoid rutting. Ground disturbance and grading will be kept to a minimum during the structure replacements and will be generally limited to an approximate 100-foot by 100-foot construction work pad centered on each replacement structure located in uplands. Timber mats will be used to create a stable construction work pad around structures located in or directly adjacent to wetlands. Once access and work pads are established, the new steel pole H-frame structures will be installed either through direct embedment or constructed on a caisson foundation. Traditional auguring and installation procedures will be used. Traditional de-watering BMPs (pump to filter bag within temporary straw bale basin in upland) will be implemented during pole installation in saturated areas as needed. No poles are proposed to be installed within the bed and/or banks of any surface water. Additionally, no poles are proposed to be installed within any areas identified as vernal pools. Wood poles associated with the old structures to be replaced will be fully removed from upland areas or cut just above the ground surface and left in place in wetlands to minimize further disturbance.

Prior to accessing the ROW with construction equipment, crews will install erosion and sediment control barriers in accordance with permitting plans and details, New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services (NHDES) conditions, and the *Best Management Practices Manual for Utility Maintenance in and Adjacent to Wetlands and Waterbodies in New Hampshire* (or "Utility BMP Manual," March 2019), published by the New Hampshire Department of Natural and Cultural Resources (NHDNCR). Selected best management practices (BMPs) may include silt sock, silt fence, wood chip/compost berms/tubes and/or other approved BMPs. During project construction, control of the spread of invasive species that are currently found within the ROW will also be managed in accordance with NHDES permit conditions and the Utility BMP Manual.



### **Proposed Post-Construction Restoration**

As soon as possible after the completion of the structure replacement work, timber matting and all construction debris will be removed from the project ROW and properly disposed of off-site. Stabilization and restoration of disturbed areas/exposed soils will be initiated as timber mats are pulled and structural work is completed. Restoration of disturbed soils within upland areas surrounding newly installed structures will consist of the application of seed and straw mulch. Coconut fiber erosion control blankets in conjunction with seed will be used to stabilize any slopes greater than 3:1. Minimal restoration is anticipated within wetland areas due to the temporary nature of the impacts and the time of the year that the work is proposed (outside the growing season). Natural re-colonization/re-bound of wetland vegetation within the project ROW is anticipated once timber mats are removed. VHB will visit the project ROW post-construction to assess conditions, provide guidance to work crews on restoration, and to determine whether or not additional promotion of vegetation (seeding) is required. If required, NHDES approved wetland and upland seed mixes will be placed on affected areas to further promote re-growth. Refer to the Project Plans attached for the location of existing wetlands and surface waters and utility structures, proposed accessways, construction work pads, and timber matting.

### **Wetlands Conservation Overlay District Impacts**

Portions of the proposed project are located within the Town of Exeter Wetlands Conservation Overlay District as outlined in *Article 9.1.3* of the Town's Zoning Ordinance. Temporary impacts related to access and work pad staging will occur directly within wetlands with poorly drained soils and their respective 40-foot Limited Use Buffers. Additionally, direct temporary impacts are proposed within a designated prime wetland. No impacts are proposed to occur within vernal pools, exemplary wetlands, wetlands with very poorly drained soils, inland streams, or the respective buffers of these resources.

Wetlands along the segment of the H141 ROW subject to the proposed work were previously delineated by others in support of a previous PSNH project along this corridor. During summer 2021, VHB Wetland Scientists reviewed and confirmed previously delineated wetland areas and extended/adjusted boundaries as needed based on site observations. The wetland review and additional delineations were performed in accordance with the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region, Version 2.0 (January 2012), the 2018 National Wetland Plant List published by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, the Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 8.2 published by the Natural Resources Conservation Service ("NRCS"), and the Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in New England, Version 4.0 published by the New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission. Wetland classifications follow the Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States (Cowardin et al., 1979, revised 1985.) Functions and values were assessed using the Corps Highway Methodology Workbook Supplement (USACE, 1999).

Wetlands delineated along the A126/H141 Line ROW subject to the proposed work are not considered rare or unusual and were found to exhibit common plant species typically observed within emergent and scrub-shrub wetlands found within continually maintained electric transmission ROWs in New Hampshire.



### **Existing Wetlands & Impacts**

Two wetlands with NRCS mapped poorly drained soils, identified as W31 and W32, and their associated 40-foot buffers are located within the project ROW and will be temporarily impacted during the proposed replacement of Structure 176. Wetlands W31 and W32 exist within the project ROW between Route 101 west bound and Epping Road (NH Route 27). Additionally, a designated prime wetland, identified as W33 is located within the project ROW immediately east of Epping Road and will be temporarily impacted by the proposed replacement of Structure 175.

### Wetlands W31 & W32

Wetland W31 is part of an expansive floodplain wetland complex associated with the Little River which flows from west to east through the project ROW. Wetland W31 within the project ROW is classified as a combination of Palustrine, Scrub-Shrub, Broad-Leaved Deciduous, Seasonally Flooded/Saturated (PSS1E) and Palustrine, Emergent, Persistent, Semi-Permanently Flooded (PEM1F) cover types. Wetland W31 within the project ROW exhibits variable water levels throughout the year and frequent inundation within its interior.

Wetland W32 is located to the north and east of Wetland W31 and directly abuts Epping Road. Wetland W32 is classified as PSS1E. Although separated from Wetland W31 within the project ROW by an upland area containing an existing access road, Wetland W32 continues south and east beyond the limits of the project ROW and drains to the same large wetland complex that Wetland W31 is a part of.

Common wetland vegetation observed within Wetlands W31 and W32 includes cattail (*Typha* spp.), white meadowsweet (*Spiraea alba*), dark green bulrush (*Scirpus atrovirens*), rough-stemmed goldenrod (*Solidago rugosa*), narrow-leaved goldenrod (*Euthamia graminifolia*), jewelweed (*Impatiens capensis*), tearthumb (*Persicaria sagittata*), sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*), horsetail (*Equisetum palustre*), nodding smartweed (*Persicaria lapathifolia*), red maple saplings (*Acer rubrum*), speckled alder (*Alnus incana*), and various sedges (*Carex* spp.). Finally, a number of invasive plant species are also present including purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*) and glossy buckthorn (*Frangula alnus*). Evidence of wetland hydrology observed during field work included soil saturation, surface water, geomorphic position, drainage patterns, and inundation/saturation visible on aerial imagery. Soils sampled along the wetland periphery meet Hydric Soil Indicator F3: Depleted Matrix.

Approximately 7,415 square feet of direct temporary wetland impact is proposed within Wetland W31 as a result of the placement of timber matting required to access and stage equipment during the replacement of Structure 176. Additionally, 6,090 square feet of temporary impact is proposed within the associated combined 40 foot buffer of Wetlands W31 and W32. No direct temporary impacts are proposed within the delineated boundary of Wetland W32. The use of an established upland access road within the 40 foot buffer zone of Wetlands W31 and W32 was not calculated as impact since this is an existing trail within the project ROW.

### Prime Wetland W33

Wetland W33 delineated within the project ROW is classified as a combination of PEM1E and PSS1E cover types and is located directly north (downslope) of Epping Road. Wetland W33 is part of an expansive mapped designated prime wetland that extends well beyond the eastern and western limits of the existing



cleared project ROW. Wetland W33 also intersects FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain. Wetland vegetation, soils and hydrology closely resemble observations made in adjacent Wetlands W31 and W32.

Direct temporary wetland impacts (9,638 square feet) within Wetland W33 are proposed as a result of the placement of an approximate 100'x100' timber mat work pad surrounding Structure 175 which is required to stage equipment and crews during the structure's replacement.

### **Article 9.1.6(B) Conditional Uses - Conditions**

In accordance with the requirements for a Conditional Use Permit, the construction and maintenance of powerlines in the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District is an allowable use if the conditions found in *Article 9.1.6(B)* are met. Evidence that the proposed project meets these conditions is provided below.

### 1. That the proposed use is permitted in the underlying zoning district.

The proposed project is located within zoning district R-1 (Low Density Residential). The existing H141 transmission line ROW has been a permitted use within the current zoning district since the district was established. All project work will be confined within the limits of the existing established ROW with no clearing or widening proposed. The project involves routine maintenance work to an existing transmission line and associated structures that is conducted periodically by PSNH. Since the project aims to improve the reliability of the existing electric transmission system and prevent outages, the project is essential to the productive use of the land within the existing zoning district.

# 2. That the use for which the permit is sought cannot feasibly be carried out on a portion or portions of the lot which are outside the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District.

The H141 transmission line ROW was established prior to the designation of the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District, and due to the linear nature of the ROW, crosses the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District in numerous locations throughout the Town of Exeter. Access to the ROW is primarily obtained from intersecting public roadways, and currently established and/or former access trails are typically utilized by work crews to reach the existing electric transmission line infrastructure. Often utilization of existing and/or former ROW trails reduce the need for creation of additional disturbance (road/trail building) within the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District underneath the ROW.

Project impacts to wetlands and their associated buffers were minimized to the maximum extent practicable during the project planning stage. This included modifications to ROW access, the positioning of the replacement structures, and the size, location and orientation of structure work pads where possible. For example, the Project Applicant is pursuing permission from NHDOT to access Structure 177 from Route 101 west bound which will avoid crews from having to travel a significant distance across Wetland W31 and the Little River from Epping Road which would result in increased timber matting and resultant temporary wetland and buffer impacts. Additionally, the structure work pad associated with the removal of existing Structure 176 has been reduced in size from the standard 100'x100' footprint to a 50'x50' footprint resulting in reduced temporary wetland impacts to Wetland W31. Lastly and perhaps most significant, Structure 176 will be relocated from its



current position within the interior of Wetland W31 and the associated floodplain to an upland area outside of the wetland and floodplain closer to Epping Road. This eliminates the existing impact within Wetland W31 and avoids future temporary impacts which would result from the periodic maintenance of the structure within the wetland. Due to the location of Structure 175 and the expansiveness of the associated Wetland W33 (encompassing the entire ROW), temporary wetland impacts resulting from its replacement cannot be avoided. However, temporary impacts are proposed along the edge of the wetland closest to Epping Road and not within the wetland interior.

3. The proposed impact has been evaluated in the context of the relative "value" of the wetland, including its ecological sensitivity, as well as its function within the greater hydrologic system. To the extent feasible, the proposed impact is not detrimental to the value and function of the wetland(s).

The location of Wetlands W31, W32 and W33 within a cleared ROW corridor, their connectivity to larger multi-cover type wetland complexes outside of the ROW, and the composition of the immediate surrounding landscape (rural/highway commercial/residential) largely dictates wetland functions and values.

All three wetlands are made up of dense scrub-shrub and emergent vegetation which contributes to their capacity to perform water quality and hydrologic functions such as sediment/toxicant/pathogen retention and nutrient removal. Potential sources of pollutants are present from abutting land uses such as residential homes, agricultural fields, and roadways. Their vegetative composition and position within a linear corridor also contribute to their function to provide wildlife habitat, especially to various bird species. Additionally, their hydrological regime (frequent inundation) may provide suitable turtle and snake habitat. Lastly, based on the size and landscape position of these wetlands, and their proximity to the built environment and connectivity to the Little River, they also function to retain floodwaters from sources higher in the watershed and likely contribute to groundwater recharge.

The proposed maintenance work will not negatively affect the identified functions and values of these wetlands as project impacts are temporary in nature and over a short duration and will not prevent the impacted wetlands from effectively providing these functions and values following project completion and ROW restoration.

4. That the design, construction, and maintenance of the proposed use will, to the extent feasible, minimize detrimental impact on the wetland or wetland buffer and that no alternative design which does not impact a wetland or wetland buffer, or which has less detrimental impact on the wetland or wetland buffer is feasible.

The proposed project involves maintenance of an existing transmission line asset which is necessary to maintain an operational electric circuit. Therefore, there are no project alternatives. However, wetland impacts were minimized to the maximum extent practicable based on field assessments focused on access, construction staging (work pads), and the location of wetlands completed by project engineers, construction personnel, and VHB.



As outlined in Question 2, several strategies have been implemented to minimize/avoid impacts. This includes accessing Structure 177 from Route 101 west bound (instead of from Epping Road), reducing the size of the work pad required to remove existing Structure 176, and relocating Structure 176 from within the interior of Wetland W31 and the associated floodplain to an upland area outside of the wetland and floodplain closer to Epping Road. Due to the location of Structure 175 and the expansiveness of the associated Wetland W33 (encompassing the entire ROW), temporary wetland impacts resulting from its replacement cannot be avoided. However, temporary impacts are proposed along the edge of the wetland closest to Epping Road and not within the wetland interior.

Lastly, work crews will conduct all work in accordance with the Utility BMP Manual which includes the deployment of timber matting and erosion and sediment control barriers which are designed to reduce ground disturbance, eliminate rutting, and prevent erosion and sedimentation within sensitive resources including wetlands and surface waters.

5. In cases where the proposed use is temporary or where construction activity disturbs areas adjacent to the immediate use, that the landowner agrees to restore the site as nearly as possible to its original grade and condition following construction.

As soon as possible after the completion of structural replacement work, timber matting and all construction debris will be removed from the project ROW and properly disposed of off-site. Stabilization and restoration of disturbed areas/exposed soils will be initiated as timber mats are pulled and structural work is completed. No grading is proposed within wetland areas. Grading within upland areas associated with access or work pads during project construction, if necessary to create a safe and stable work area, will be restored upon project completion to reduce the lasting overall footprint that was required for construction and to limit environmental risk while retaining access and workable platforms for future maintenance needs.

Restoration of disturbed soils within upland areas surrounding newly installed structures will be stabilized with seed and straw mulch. Coconut fiber erosion control blankets in conjunction with seed will be used to stabilize any slopes greater than 3:1. Minimal restoration is anticipated within wetland areas due to the temporary nature of the impacts and the time of the year that the work is proposed (outside the growing season). Natural re-colonization/re-bound of wetland vegetation within the project ROW is anticipated once timber mats are removed. VHB will visit the project ROW post-construction to assess conditions, provide guidance to work crews on restoration, and to determine whether or not additional promotion of vegetation (seeding) is required. If required, NHDES approved wetland and upland seed mixes will be placed on affected areas to further promote re-growth.

6. That the proposed use will not create a hazard to individual or public health, safety, and welfare due to the loss of wetland, the contamination of groundwater, or other reasons.

Proposed structure replacements are part of an ongoing effort by PSNH to refurbish outdated and deficient existing overhead electric transmission infrastructure in the region. Structural and line deficiencies represent a significant reliability risk in terms of line failures and service interruptions to customers. The project will improve the health, safety and well-being of the general public by



enhancing the reliability and operational performance of the existing 115-kV transmission system by reducing the risk of line failures and in turn reducing the potential for outages experienced by customers.

The proposed project only involves temporary impacts to wetlands and their respective buffers. The project will not result in any permanent alterations to existing land use and/or landscape composition that could pose a risk to wetlands, groundwater, or other natural resources. Proposed timber matting is not expected to adversely impact the capacity of subject wetlands to perform water quantity and/or quality functions. Additionally, matting will not have a negative influence on the quantity or quality of surface water within these wetlands but will be beneficial by reducing the potential for increased erosion and sediment movement during the construction period. Mats will be monitored daily by the Contractor to ensure they remain clean and free of sediment, so they do not pose a risk of discharge into neighboring wetland and/or streams. No impacts to inland streams or the Little River are proposed as part of the structure replacement work. Lastly, in addition to matting, appropriate perimeter erosion controls will be installed prior to the start of construction and maintained throughout the duration of the project to reduce the risk of sedimentation into adjacent wetlands and the Little River.

The project will also eliminate current impacts within Wetland W32 and the associated floodplain of the Littler River associated with footprint of existing Structure 176 by removing the structure from the wetland and floodplain and replacing it within an upland area approximately 200 feet to the north closer to Epping Road.

7. That all required permits shall be obtained from the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services Water Supply and Pollution Control Division under NH RSA 485-A:17; the New Hampshire Wetlands Board under NH RSA 483-A, and the United States Army Corps of Engineers under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

In accordance with RSA 482-A:3, XV, routine utility maintenance work is exempt from the standard wetland permitting process; however, since the proposed project will result in temporary impacts to wetlands, a Utility Maintenance Activity Statutory Permit-by-Notification will be submitted to NHDES as required to cover environmental permitting at the state level. The project also complies with the provisions of a Self-Verification Project under the US Army Corps of Engineers NH General Permit #6: Utility Line Activities, since it involves "The construction, maintenance, relocation, repair, & removal of utility lines" outlined under GP #6(a), and only involves temporary impacts from the placement of timber mats. No permits are required from the NHDES Water Supply and Pollution Control Division.



### **Shoreland Protection District Impacts**

Portions of the proposed project will take place within the Town of Exeter Shoreland Protection District as outlined in *Article 9.3.3* of the Town's Zoning Ordinance. Temporary impacts related to access and work pad staging associated with the replacement of Structure 177 and the installation of new Structure 176 located along the H141 transmission line located between Route 101 west bound and Epping Road will occur within the 300 foot buffer of the Little River and the associated contiguous wetland. No direct impacts to the banks or bed of the Little River, or any other inland streams are proposed.

### **Little River**

The upper reaches of the Little River flows across the project ROW between Route 101 west bound (located to the south) and Epping Road (located to the north). The Little River is approximately 7.2 miles in length and originates from a large wetland complex associated with the Deer Hill Wildlife Management Area in the northeastern corner of Brentwood before flowing south and east eventually outletting into the Exeter River near Philips Exeter Academy.

The flow path of the Little River is meandering and somewhat less defined within its upper reaches as it flows through associated floodplain wetland within the project ROW before becoming more defined and distinctive of larger river system in New Hampshire as it moves south toward Colcord Pond and the Exeter. The Littler River and associated floodplain wetland were previously delineated by others in support of a previous PSNH project along this corridor. During summer 2021, VHB Wetland Scientists reviewed and confirmed previously delineated areas and extended/adjusted boundaries as needed based on site observations. The Little River is classified as Riverine, Lower Perennial, Unconsolidated Bottom, Sand (R2UB3) where it intersects the project ROW. Delineated floodplain wetland (identified in the field as W31) surrounds the Little River within the project ROW and is classified as a combination of Palustrine, Scrub-Shrub, Broad-Leaved Deciduous, Seasonally Flooded/Saturated (PSS1E) and Palustrine, Emergent, Persistent, Semi-Permanently Flooded (PEM1F) cover types. Wetland W31 within the project ROW exhibits variable water levels throughout the year and frequent inundation within its interior.

Due to the location of existing Structures 177 &176 (to be replaced within the limits of an existing established overhead electric utility ROW), impacts within the 300-foot shoreland buffer of the Little River are unavoidable. Replacement of Structure 177 will result in approximately 10,000 square feet of temporary impact within the 300 foot shoreland buffer of the Little River and the associated contiguous floodplain wetland (W31) due to the placement of the construction work pad surrounding the structure that is required to accommodate work crew and equipment staging during replacement. However, temporary disturbance associated with the work pad will be entirely located within uplands and will not encroach on the bed or banks of the Little River or the associated floodplain wetland.

Additionally, the installation of new Structure 176 will result in approximately 714 square feet of temporary impact within the 300 foot shoreland buffer of the Little River and associated contiguous floodplain wetland (W31) as a result of the placement of a portion of the construction work pad surrounding the structure installation site that is required to accommodate the work crew and equipment staging. The remaining portions of the work pad for new Structure 176 intersect areas subject



to the Town of Exeter's Wetland Conservation District and are addressed as part of the Wetlands CUP Application submitted concurrently with this Shoreland CUP Application.

### **Article 9.3.4(G)(2) Conditional Uses - Conditions**

In accordance with the requirements for a Conditional Use Permit, the construction and maintenance of powerlines in the Shoreland Protection District is an allowable use if the conditions found in Article 9.3.4(G)(2) are met. Evidence that the proposed project meets these conditions is provided below.

a. The proposed use will not detrimentally affect the surface water quality of the adjacent river or tributary, or otherwise result in unhealthful conditions.

Replacement of Structures 177 and 176 along the H141 transmission line will occur within the limits of an existing cleared and continuously maintained ROW. Structure 177 will be replaced in-kind (within 10 feet of the existing location) and will not result in any permanent alterations to existing land use and/or landscape composition that could pose a risk to the surface water quality of the Little River or bordering floodplain wetland. The structure itself is located within an upland area immediately north of Route 101 west bound and none of the work will encroach on the bed or banks of the Little River or the limits of the associated floodplain wetland and its 40-foot buffer established under Exeter's Wetland Conservation District. No additional clearing or widening of the ROW is required to replace the structure.

The replacement of Structure 176 will result in the relocation of the structure from within the limits of floodplain wetland (W31) associated within the Little River to an upland area outside the wetland and floodplain closer to Epping Road. This relocation is seen as beneficial as it will entirely eliminate current impacts associated with the existing structure's footprint and will place the structure further away from the bed and banks of the Little River. New Structure 176 will be installed 200 feet to the north of the existing Structure 176. The structure relocation will not result in any permanent alterations to existing land use and/or landscape composition that could pose a risk to the surface water quality of the Little River or the bordering floodplain wetland.

Prior to the commencement of the structure replacement work, crews will install erosion and sediment control barriers in accordance with the Project Plans and NHDES guidance manuals. Selected perimeter erosion and sediment controls including silt fence or wood chip/compost berms/tubes will be installed between the work areas and the Little River and associated floodplain wetland in order to reduce the risk of sedimentation into these resources which could temporarily impact water quality. Perimeter erosion controls will be inspected and maintained throughout the construction period and will not be removed until the area surrounding Structures 177 and 176 are deemed permanently stable based on NHDES guidance. Some grading may be necessary immediately surrounding Structure 177 and 176 during construction to create a safe and stable work area, however the limits of grading will be confined to upland areas only within the limits of the structure work pads as shown on the attached Project Plans. These areas will be restored upon project completion to reduce the lasting overall footprint that was required for construction and to limit environmental risk while retaining access and workable platforms for future maintenance needs.



b. The proposed use will discharge no waste water on site other than that normally discharged by domestic waste water disposal systems and will not involve on-site storage or disposal of hazardous or toxic wastes as herein defined.

Not applicable.

c. The proposed use will not result in undue damage to spawning grounds and other wildlife habitat.

Replacement of Structures 177 and 176 will not result in any impacts to spawning grounds as no direct impacts to the banks or bed of the Little River are proposed.

The structure replacement work will be confined to an existing cleared and maintained segment of ROW that has been previously disturbed by fill and removal activities associated with the previous construction of the existing transmission lines and structures and ongoing utility maintenance activities. VHB has consulted with the NH Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) and NH Fish and Game Department regarding the potential presence of state-listed rare plants or animals within the vicinity of the proposed project work. According to a NHB Datacheck Results Letter dated September 3, 2021, NHB issued no comment regarding the potential presence of rare plants or exemplary natural communities as no records exist within proximity to the project.

Records of several rare turtle and snake species were identified by NH Fish and Game on the NHB Datacheck Results Letter. VHB intends to work with Eversource to implement the typical protocols relative to avoidance and minimization of these species. This includes the use of wildlife friendly erosion controls, the scheduling of informative trainings with works crews in the field prior to the commencement of work to educate them on the protected status of these species, and immediate reporting if a turtle or snake is encountered. Additionally, frozen ground conditions and snow cover are expected to be present for some portion of the project work which is seen as beneficial in terms of avoiding/minimizing impacts to these species.

d. The proposed use complies with the use regulations identified in Article 9.3.4 Exeter Shoreland Protection District Ordinance – Use Regulations and all other applicable sections of this article.

The project complies with the use regulations identified in *Article 9.3.4* and fits into Conditional Use *Article 9.3.4*(G)(1)(c), which identifies work along transmission lines and access ways as permissible with a Conditional Use Permit granted by the Planning Board.

e. The design and construction of the proposed use will be consistent with the intent of the purposes set forth in Article 9.3.1 Exeter Shoreland Protection District Ordinance – Authority and Purpose.

The project involves maintenance of existing electric transmission line infrastructure that currently exists within the Shoreland Protection District and does not represent new construction where typically the intent of the purposes set forth in *Article 9.3.1* would need to be addressed. With that



said, efforts to maintain and protect the Little River and bordering floodplain wetland will be pursued while the maintenance work is carried out as previously described above.

### Floodplains & Floodways

According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) National Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), produced for Rockingham County, portions of the project ROW are located within areas designated as 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard (Zone A) and are therefore located within the Town of Exeter's Floodplain District. However, work within the Floodplain District will involve the replacement of two existing utility structures and does not constitute new construction, fill or an increase in impervious area. Also as previously described, replacement of one of the structures will result in the relocation of the structure outside of an existing wetland and the associated floodplain. VHB understands that replacement/repairs to existing electric utility infrastructure would be considered an underlying permittable use and that no formal application is necessary to conduct the work within this District. Kristen Murphy, Exeter Natural Resource Planner, concurred with this interpretation via email on August 27, 2021.

### **Property Ownership and Abutters**

All proposed work will occur within the limits of an existing transmission line ROW that is either owned in fee or maintained as easement by PSNH. All owners of parcels where impacts to the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District and Shoreland Protection District are to occur, as well as owners of parcels who abut or are located directly across the street from these properties will be notified of the proposed project in accordance with the Town of Exeter's Conditional Use Permit application process. The list of owners and abutters and the associated tax maps, as well as three copies of abutters labels as required, are included in the Wetlands Conditional Use Permit Application attached.

Due to the location of the work (encompassing both the Wetlands Conservation and Shoreland Protection Districts), one abutter notification is being sent for both applications in accordance with guidance provided by the Town of Exeter during this application submittal process.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions at (603) 391-3944 or kwilkes@vhb.com.

Sincerely,

Kristopher Wilkes, CWS, CPESC Project Manager, Energy and Environmental Services

cc: Jeremy Fennell, PSNH



### **Attachments:**

### **Town of Exeter Conditional Use Application – Wetlands Conservation District Overlay**

Conditional Use Permit Application – 15 copies Figure 1 – Project Permitting Plans – 15 copies bound separately Representative Site Photographs – Wetlands CUP

### **Town of Exeter Conditional Use Application – Shoreland Protection District**

Conditional Use Permit Application – 15 copies Figure 1 – Project Permitting Plans – same as Figure 1 in Wetlands CUP (bound separately) Representative Site Photographs – Shoreland CUP

Wetlands & Shoreland CUP Abutters List & Exeter Tax Maps (one copy bound separately) Wetlands & Shoreland CUP Abutter Mailing Labels (3 copies bound separately)

# **Town of Exeter**



# Planning Board Application for Conditional Use Permit: Wetlands Conservation Overlay District

**March 2020** 



### Town of Exeter Planning Board Application

# Conditional Use Permit: Wetland Conservation Overlay District In accordance with Zoning Ordinance Article: 9.1

### SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS: (Note: See Application Deadlines and Submission Requirements for Conservation Commission Requirements )

- 1. Fifteen (15) copies of the Application
- 2. Fifteen (15) 11"x17" and three (3) full sized copies of the plan which must include:

### **Existing Conditions**

- a. Property Boundaries
- b. Edge of Wetland and associated Buffer (Wetlands Conservation Overlay District WCOD)

-- Prime wetland: 100'

--Very Poorly Drained: 50'

--Vernal Pool (>200 SF): 75'

--Poorly Drained: 40'

--Exemplary Wetland: 50'

--Inland Stream: 25'

c. Structures, roads/access ways, parking, drainage systems, utilities, wells and wastewater disposal systems and other site improvements

### **Proposed Conditions**

- a. Edge of Wetlands and Wetland Buffers and distances to the following:
  - i. Edge of Disturbance
  - ii. Structures, roads/access ways, parking, drainage systems, utilities, wells and wastewater disposal systems and other site improvements
- b. Name and phone number of all individuals whose professional seal appears on the plan
- 3. If applicant and/or agent is not the owner, a letter of authorization must accompany this application
- 4. Supporting documents i.e. Letters from the Department of Environmental Services, Standard Dredge and Fill Application and Photos of the property
- 5. A Town of Exeter Assessors list of names and mailing addresses of all abutters

Required Fees:		
Planning Board Fee: <b>\$50.</b> 00	Abutter Fee: \$10.00	Recording Fee (if applicable): \$25.00

Application Fee: \$50.00 Abutter Fee: \$10.00 x 15 = \$150.00 Recording Fee: N/A TOTAL: \$200.00

The Planning Office must receive the completed application, plans and fees on the day indicated on the Planning Board Schedule of Deadlines and Public Hearings.

APPLICANT	Name: Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy		
	Address: 13 Legends Drive, Hooksett NH 03106		
	Email Address: jeremy.fennell@eversource.com		
	Phone: 603-634-3396		
PROPOSAL	Address: Existing Electric Transmission Line Right-of-Way		
	Tax Map # see attached Lot#see attachedZoning District: RU, R1		
	Owner of Record: Existing Electric Transmission Line Right-of-Way Easement		
Person/Business	Name: Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy		
performing work	Address: 13 Legends Drive, Hooksett NH 03106		
outlined in proposal Phone: 603-634-3396			
Professional that	Name: Kristopher Wilkes, VHB (CWS #288)		
delineated wetlands	Address: 2 Bedford Farms Drive, Suite 200 - Bedford, NH 03110		
	Phone: 603-391-3944		

# Town of Exeter Planning Board Application Conditional Use Permit: Wetland Conservation Overlay District

Detailed Proposal including intent, project description, and use of property: (Use additional sheet as needed) Public Service Company of New Hampshire (PSNH) d/b/a Eversource Energy is planning to conduct utility maintenance along their existing H141, 115-kV transmission line right-of-way (ROW) in Exeter. PSNH intends to replace three existing transmission line structures within the existing limits of the ROW corridor within the vicinity of Route 101 WB and Epping Road (NH Route 27). The proposed work is part of PSNH's on-going maintenance program conducted to ensure reliable electric service for their customers. The PSNH 115-kV transmission system is an integral part of the regional power system delivering electricity to customers throughout New England. It is critical that the 115-kV system remain operational without interruption from preventable outages. This Conditional Use Permit Application is being submitted in accordance with *Article 9* of the Town's Zoning Ordinance and is required for the proposed maintenance work to allow for temporary impacts to wetlands and their respective buffers protected under the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District (*Article 9.1.3*). Refer to the attached cover letter for additional details.

Wetland Conservation Overlay District Impact (in square footage):				
Temporary Impact	Wetland:	(SQ FT.)	Buffer:	(SQ FT.)
	X Prime Wetlands	9,638	☐ Prime Wetlands	
	Exemplary Wetlands		Exemplary Wetlands	
	☐ Vernal Pools (>200SF)		☐ Vernal Pools (>200SF)	
	▼ VPD	7,415	▼ VPD	_6,090
	□ PD		□ PD	
	☐ Inland Stream		☐ Inland Stream	
Permanent Impact	Wetland:		Buffer:	
	☐ Prime Wetlands		☐ Prime Wetlands	
	☐ Exemplary Wetlands		☐ Exemplary Wetlands	
	☐ Vernal Pools (>200SF)		☐ Vernal Pools (>200SF)	
	☐ VPD		☐ VPD	
	☐ PD		☐ PD	
	☐ Inland Stream		☐ Inland Stream	
List any variances/special exceptions granted by Zoning Board of Adjustment including dates:				
N/A				
Describe how the propos	al meets conditions in <b>Articl</b>	<b>e 9.1.6.B</b> of	the Zoning Ordinance (atta	ched for reference):
Refer to the attached cover letter.				

Refer to the attached abutters list.

ABUTTERS: PLEASE LIST ALL PERSONS WHOSE PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN NEW HAMPSHIRE AND ADJOINS OR IS DIRECTLY ACROSS THE STREET OR STREAM FROM THE LAND UNDER CONSIDERATION BY THE BOARD. THIS LIST SHALL BE COMPILED FROM THE EXETER TAX ASSESSOR'S RECORDS.

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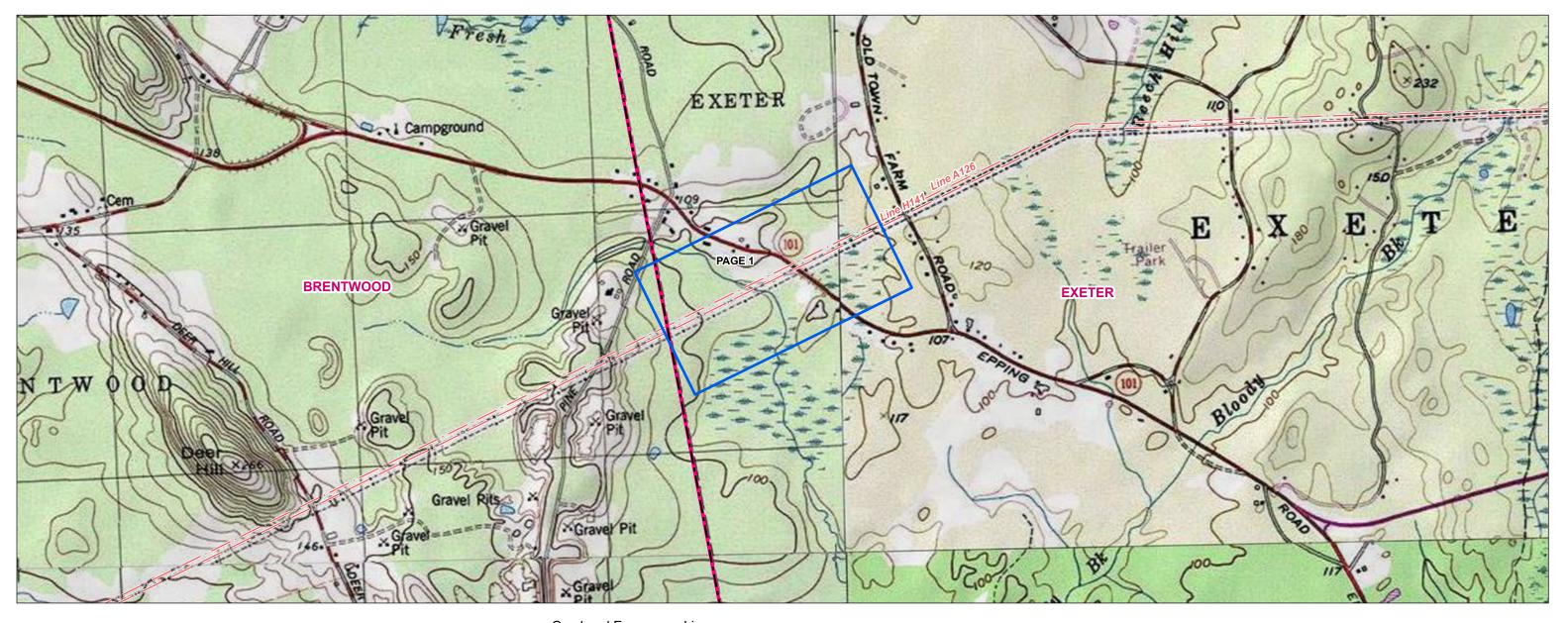
### Refer to the attached cover letter.

- 9.1.6. B: <u>Conditions</u>: Prior to issuance of a conditional use permit, the Planning Board shall conclude and make a part of the record, compliance with the following criteria:
  - 1. That the proposed use is permitted in the underlying zoning district;
  - 2. No alternative design which does not impact a wetland or wetland buffer or which has less detrimental impact on the wetland or wetland buffer is feasible;
  - 3. A wetland scientist has provided an impact evaluation that includes the "functions and values" of the wetland(s), an assessment of the potential project-related impacts and concluded to the extent feasible, the proposed impact is not detrimental to the value and function of the wetland(s) or the greater hydrologic system.
  - 4. That the design, construction and maintenance of the proposed use will, to the extent feasible, minimize detrimental impact on the wetland or wetland buffer;
  - 5. That the proposed use will not create a hazard to individual or public health, safety and welfare due to the loss of wetland, the contamination of groundwater, or other reasons;
  - 6. The applicant may propose an increase in wetland buffers elsewhere on the site that surround a wetland of equal or greater size, and of equal or greater functional value than the impacted wetland
  - 7. In cases where the proposed use is temporary or where construction activity disturbs areas adjacent to the immediate use, the applicant has included a restoration proposal revegetating any disturbed area within the buffer with the goal to restore the site as nearly as possible to its original grade and condition following construction.
  - 8. That all required permits shall be obtained from the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services Water Supply and Pollution Control Division under NH RSA §485-A: 17, the New Hampshire Wetlands Board under NH RSA §483-A, and the United States Army Corps of Engineers under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.;

### 2021 - Line A126 and Line H141 - Structure Replacement Project

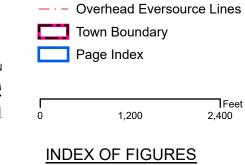
Exeter, New Hampshire Local Permitting Plans

Date: September 20, 2021

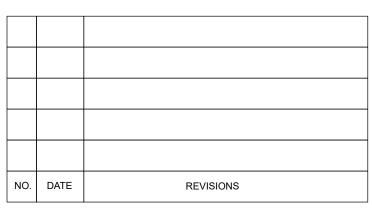




13 Legends Drive Hooksett, NH 03106



Title Sheet / Index Map Map Sheet 1



PREPARED BY:

2 Bedford Farms Drive Suite 200
Bedford, NH 03110

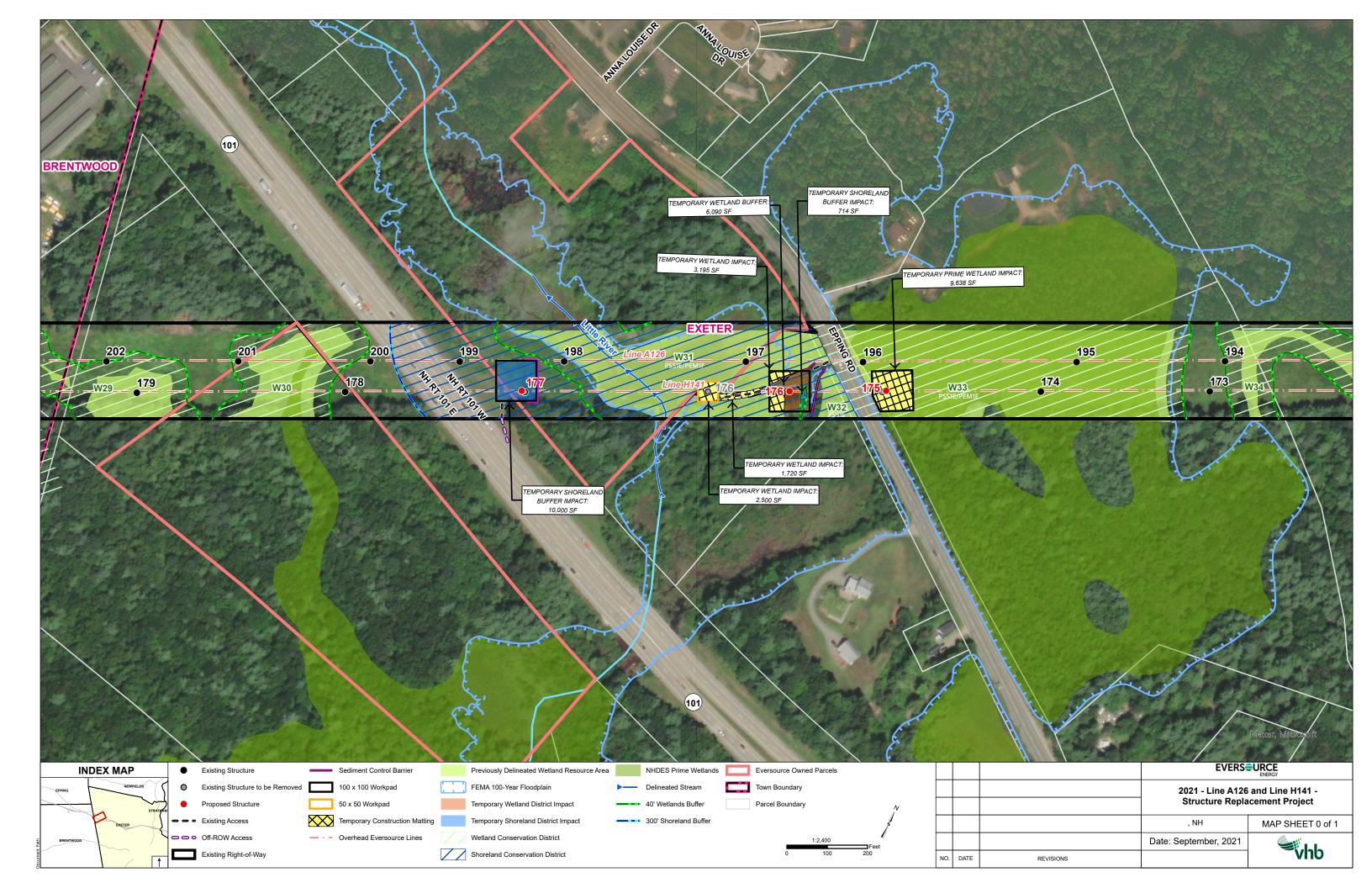
### **Project Plan Notes**

- 1. This plan set is provided to show jurisdictional impacts and required environmental controls only. Engineering documents should be consulted to determine the scope and location of all other construction activities.
- 2. Applicant: Public Service Company of New Hampshire, (PSNH) d/b/a Eversource Energy, 13 Legends Drive, Hooksett NH 03106
- 3. Wetlands were previously delineated along the ROW by others in support of a previous H141 & A126 Line project. VHB Wetlands Scientists reviewed and confirmed previously delineated wetland areas in Summer 2021.
- 4. Wetland delineation/verification was performed to the standards in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region, Version 2.0 (January 2012).
- 5. Hydric soils were reviewed in accordance with Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 8.2 published by the Natural Resources Conservation Service, and the Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in New England, Version 4.0 published by the New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission.
- 6. Dominant wetland vegetation was assessed using the 2018 National Wetland Plant List published by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.
- 7. Wetland classifications follow the USFWS methodology Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States (Cowardin et al. 1979, revised 1985).
- 8. Wetland function and values were assessed using the Corps Highway Methodology Workbook Supplement (USACOE, 1999).
- 9. Wetland work was performed utilizing a Trimble GeoXT and Trimble GeoXH handheld GPS units with submeter accuracy.
- 10. Proposed construction limits of disturbance are approximate. Contractor is responsible for minimizing earth disturbance, as practicable.
- 11. The environmental controls shown on these plans may need to be supplemented due to season of work or work methods proposed. Refer to BMP manuals and additional guidance documents, as needed.
- 12. Erosion and sedimentation control measures shall be installed prior to start of work, shall be maintained, and shall remain in place during construction until all disturbed surfaces are stabilized. Following stabilization, erosion and sedimentation control measures shall be removed off-site and properly disposed.
- 13. Erosion and sedimentation controls shall be appropriate to the size and nature of the project and to the physical characteristics of the site, including slope, soil type, vegetative cover, and proximity to wetlands or surface waters. The type and installation method of erosion and sediment controls shall be in accordance with the Best Management Practices Manual for Utility Maintenance in and Adjacent to Wetlands and Waterbodies in New Hampshire (March 2019), published by the New Hampshire Department of Natural & Cultural Resources, and Eversource BMP documents as applicable.
- 14. Temporary stone construction entrances will be used at points of construction ingress/egress from public and private roadways to reduce/eliminate sediment track-out.

- 15. The selected contractor is responsible for street sweeping at points of ingress/egress from public and private roadways.
- 16. Selected contractor will be responsible for certifying that all equipment on the project is clean of invasive species prior to arriving onsite. The contractor will also be responsible for cleaning equipment as it is moved within the project to reduce the risk of spreading invasive plant seeds and fragments.
- 17. Timber swamp matting shown on the plans represents the square footage and alignment of matting which is required and has been approved by the regulators. Additional layers of mats may be required at certain locations. Any increase in the number, change in alignment, or decision not to use swamp mats must be approved by the Permittee or an authorized representative of the Permittee(s) and, as appropriate, regulators.
- 18. Any excavated material shall be placed outside of jurisdictional areas or removed from the site.
- 19. If dewatering is required, dewatering basins shall be placed in uplands areas and discharge water into upland areas.
- 20. Areas of soil disturbance shall be stabilized following construction in accordance with the BMP Manual.



				EVERS	URCE ENERGY
				2021 - Line A126 Structure Repla	and Line H141 - cement Project
				EXETER, NH	
L bath				Date: September, 2021	
	NO.	. DATE	REVISIONS		vhb



### Representative Site Photos – Exeter Wetland CUP H141 Line - Structure Replacements, Exeter NH August 13, 2021



Photo 1. View southwest at existing Structure 176 to be removed from Wetland W31 and the associated floodplain and relocated within an upland area approximately 200 feet back (north) closer to Epping Road. Photo depicts approximate locations of temporary impact associated with timber matting.



Photo 2. View southwest at approximate location where new Structure 176 will be installed and where a temporary work pad will be required. Portions of the work pad will require matting within Wetland W31 and the associated combined buffer of Wetland W31 and W32.

### Representative Site Photos – Exeter Wetland CUP H141 Line - Structure Replacements, Exeter NH August 13, 2021



Photo 3. View east at Wetland W32 abutting Epping Road that will not be impacted by the proposed project work.



Photo 4. View northeast at existing Structure 175 to be replaced as part of the proposed project. Photo depicts the approximate location of a timber mat work pad (and resultant temporary impacts to Wetland W33) required to complete the structure replacement.

# **Town of Exeter**



# Planning Board Application for <a href="Conditional Use Permit">Conditional Use Permit</a>: Shoreland Protection District

February 2017



### Town of Exeter Planning Board Application

### Conditional Use Permit: Shoreland Protection District In accordance with Zoning Ordinance Article: 9.3

### **SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS:**

### (see Conservation Commission and Planning Board meeting dates and submission deadlines)

- 1. One (1) electronic copy of full application, including plans (color copy if available)
- 2. Fifteen (15) copies of the Application
- 3. Fifteen (15) 11"x17" and three (3) full sized copies of the plan which must include:

### **Existing Conditions**

- a. Property Boundaries
- b. Edge of Shoreland and associated Buffer (Shoreland Protection District SPD)
- c. Structures, roads/access ways, parking, drainage systems, utilities, wells and wastewater disposal systems and other site improvements

### **Proposed Conditions**

- a. Edge of Shoreland and Shoreland Buffers and distances to the following:
  - i. Edge of Disturbance
  - ii. Structures, roads/access ways, parking, drainage systems, utilities, wells and wastewater disposal systems and other site improvements
- b. Name and phone number of all individuals whose professional seal appears on the plan
- 4. If applicant and/or agent is not the owner, a letter of authorization must accompany this application
- 5. Supporting documents i.e. Letters from the Department of Environmental Services, Standard Dredge and Fill Application and Photos of the property
- 6. A Town of Exeter Assessors list of names and mailing addresses of all abutters

Required Fees:		
Planning Board Fee: <b>\$50.</b> 00	Abutter Fee: \$10.00	Recording Fee (if applicable): \$25.00

Planning Board Fee: \$50.00 Abutter Fee: N/A - Notified under Wetlands CUP Application Recording Fee: N/A TOTAL: \$50.00 The Planning Office must receive the completed application, plans and fees on the day indicated on the Planning Board Schedule of Deadlines and Public Hearings.

APPLICANT	Name: Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy		
	Address: 13 Legends Drive, Hooksett NH 03106		
	Email Address: jeremy.fennell@eversource.com		
	Phone: 603-634-3396		
PROPOSAL	Address: Existing Electric Transmission Line Right-of-Way		
	Tax Map # see attached Lot#see attached Zoning District: RU, R1		
	Owner of Record: Existing Electric Transmission Line Right-of-Way Easement		
Person/Business	Name: Public Service Company of New Hampshire d/b/a Eversource Energy		
performing work	Address: 13 Legends Drive, Hooksett NH 03106		
outlined in proposal	Phone: 603-634-3396		
Professional that	Name: Kristopher Wilkes, VHB (CWS #288)		
delineated wetlands	Address: 2 Bedford Farms Drive, Suite 200 - Bedford, NH 03110		
	Phone: 603-391-3944		

# Town of Exeter Planning Board Application Conditional Use Permit: Shoreland Protection District

Detailed Proposal including intent, project description, and use of property: (Use additional sheet as needed) Public Service Company of New Hampshire (PSNH) d/b/a Eversource Energy is planning to conduct utility maintenance along their existing H141, 115-kV transmission line right-of-way (ROW) in Exeter. PSNH intends to replace three existing transmission line structures within the existing limits of the ROW corridor within the vicinity of Route 101 WB and Epping Road (NH Route 27). The proposed work is part of PSNH's on-going maintenance program conducted to ensure reliable electric service for their customers. The PSNH 115-kV transmission system is an integral part of the regional power system delivering electricity to customers throughout New England. It is critical that the 115-kV system remain operational without interruption from preventable outages. This Conditional Use Permit Application is being submitted in accordance with *Article 9* of the Town's Zoning Ordinance and is required for the proposed maintenance work to allow for temporary impacts within the shoreland of the Little River protected under the Shoreland Protection District (*Article 9.3.3*). Refer to the attached cover letter for additional details.

Shoreland Protection District Impact (in square footage):				
Water Body	Little River			
Temporary Impact	X 300 Foot SPD	<u>10,714 SF</u>		
	☐ 150 foot SPD			
	☐ SPD Building Setback			
	☐ 75 Vegetative Buffer			
Permanent Impact	☐ 300 Foot SPD			
	☐ 150 foot SPD			
	☐ SPD Building Setback			
	☐ 75 Vegetative Buffer			
Impervious Lot Coverage	SF of Lot within District			
	SF of Impervious within District			
	% of Impervious within District			
List any variances/special exceptions granted by Zoning Board of Adjustment including dates:  N/A				
Describe how your proposal meets the conditions of Article 9.3.4.G.2 of the Zoning Ordinance (attached for reference):				
Refer to the attached cover letter.				

### Refer to the attached abutters list included with the Wetlands CUP Application

ABUTTERS: PLEASE LIST ALL PERSONS WHOSE PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN NEW HAMPSHIRE AND ADJOINS OR IS DIRECTLY ACROSS THE STREET OR STREAM FROM THE LAND UNDER CONSIDERATION BY THE BOARD. THIS LIST SHALL BE COMPILED FROM THE EXETER TAX ASSESSOR'S RECORDS.

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### Conditional Use Permit Criteria Shoreland Protection District

9.3.4 G Conditional Uses: Refer to the attached cover letter.

- 2. The Planning Board may grant a Conditional Use Permit for those uses listed above only after written findings of fact are made which have been reviewed by technical experts from the Rockingham Conservation District, if required by the Planning Board, at the cost of the developer, provided that all of the following are true:
  - a. The proposed use will not detrimentally affect the surface water quality of the adjacent river or tributary, or otherwise result in unhealthful conditions.
  - b. The proposed use will discharge no waste water on site other than that normally discharged by domestic waste water disposal systems and will not involve on-site storage or disposal of hazardous or toxic wastes as herein defined.
  - c. The proposed use will not result in undue damage to spawning grounds and other wildlife habitat.
  - d. The proposed use complies with the use regulations identified in Article 9.3.4 Exeter Shoreland Protection District Ordinance Use Regulations and all other applicable sections of this article.
  - e. The design and construction of the proposed use will be consistent with the intent of the purposes set forth in Article 9.3.1 Exeter Shoreland Protection District Ordinance Authority and Purpose.

### Representative Site Photos – Exeter Shoreland CUP H141 Lines – Structure Replacements, Exeter NH August 13, 2021



Photo 1. View northeast at existing Structure 177 to be replaced within the 300 foot shoreland buffer of the Little River in Exeter. Structure 177 is located immediately north (downslope) of Route 101 WB.



Photo 2. View southwest at general location of the proposed work pad required for the installation of new Structure 176. A portion of the work pad intersects the 300 foot shoreland buffer of the Little River. Existing Structure 176 (depicted in photo background, left) will be removed.

#### **Eversource H141 Line Structure Replacements**

**Abutters List: Exeter, NH** 

Abutter #	Parcel #	Property Address	Owner Name	Co-Owner Name	Owner Mailing Address 1	Owner City	Owner State	Owner Zip
1	016-004-0000	1 BLUE HAWK DR	EXETER REGION COOPERATIVE	SCHOOL DISTRICT	30 LINDEN ST	EXETER	NH	03833
2	028-003-0000	OLD TOWN FARM RD	DEMASKY FAMILY TRUST	DEMASKY RICHARD A SR & MARY L TRUSTEES	18 OLD TOWN FARM RD	EXETER	NH	03833
3	029-001-0000	292 EPPING RD	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE	(RICHARD GREGOIRE)	PO BOX 483	CONCORD	NH	03302
*N/A	029-002-0000	298 EPPING RD	PROPERTIES INC.	DBA EVERSOURCE ENERGY	PO BOX 270	HARTFORD	СТ	06141-0270
4	029-003-0000	304 EPPING RD	RAPPOLD, BRYAN J.		304 EPPING RD	EXETER	NH	03833
5	029-004-0000	312 EPPING RD	BOISVERT, BRIAN D.	BOISVERT, PAMELLA J	312 EPPING RD	EXETER	NH	03833
6	029-005-0000	310 EPPING RD	SILVER GRANADA REALTY LLC		131 PINE RD	BRENTWOOD	NH	03833
7	029-021-0000	307 EPPING RD	EXETER UNITED	METHODIST CHURCH	307 EPPING RD	EXETER	NH	03833
8	029-022-0000	EPPING RD	HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION	OF ROCK CREEK PLACE	6 ANNA LOUISE DR	EXETER	NH	03833
9	029-029-0000	299 EPPING RD	WOOFY LIMITED LIABILITY CO		299 EPPING RD	EXETER	NH	03833
10	029-030-0000	291 EPPING ROAD	CLARK, JOSEPH G.		PO BOX 383	NEWFIELDS	NH	03856
11	029-031-0000	289 EPPING RD	LEBOR, MICHELLE	LEBOR, WALTER	289 EPPING RD	EXETER	NH	03833
12/13	029-032-0000	279 EPPING RD	BOUCHARD, CARL E.	BOUCHARD, PAULINE M	PO BOX 219	EXETER	NH	03833
12/13	030-002-0000	286 EPPING RD	BOUCHARD, CARL E.	BOUCHARD, PAULINE M	PO BOX 219	EXETER	NH	03833
14	031-009-0000	265 EPPING RD	FIELD AND FORESTRY REALTY		PO BOX 189	ROLLINSFORD	NH	03869
15	031-011-0000	261 EPPING RD	RAMINI, MARSHALL J.	CUSTER, MICHELLE C	261 EPPING RD	EXETER	NH	03833

Notes:

Color indicates parcels where utility maintenance work or associated access is proposed. Parcels depicted in red on attached tax maps represent abutting parcels.

\*Owner is the Project Applicant

Italicized names denote owners of multiple parcels

Assessing information collected on September 16, 2021 from https://www.mapsonline.net/exeternh/

#### PROPERTY MAPS

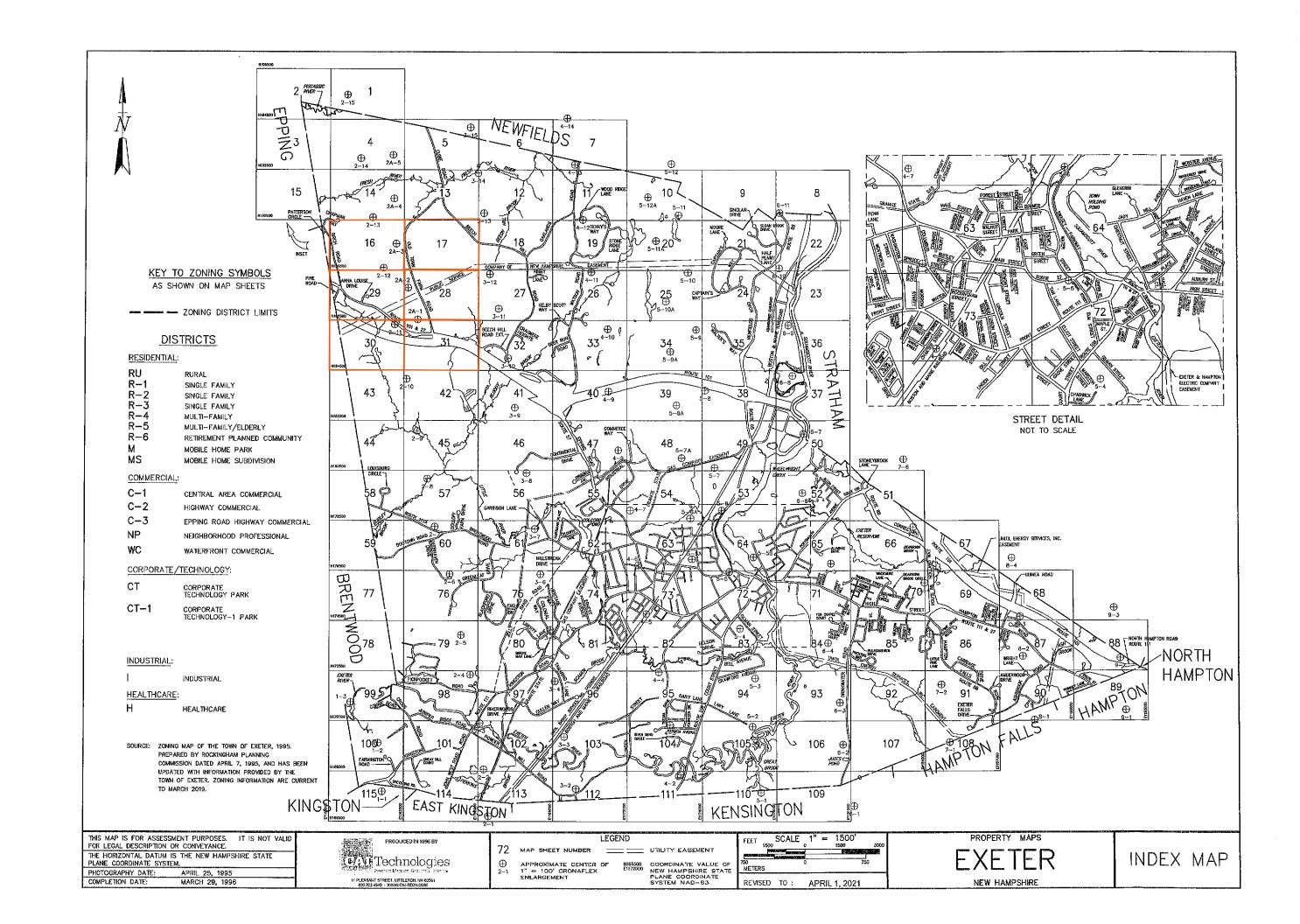
## **EXETER**

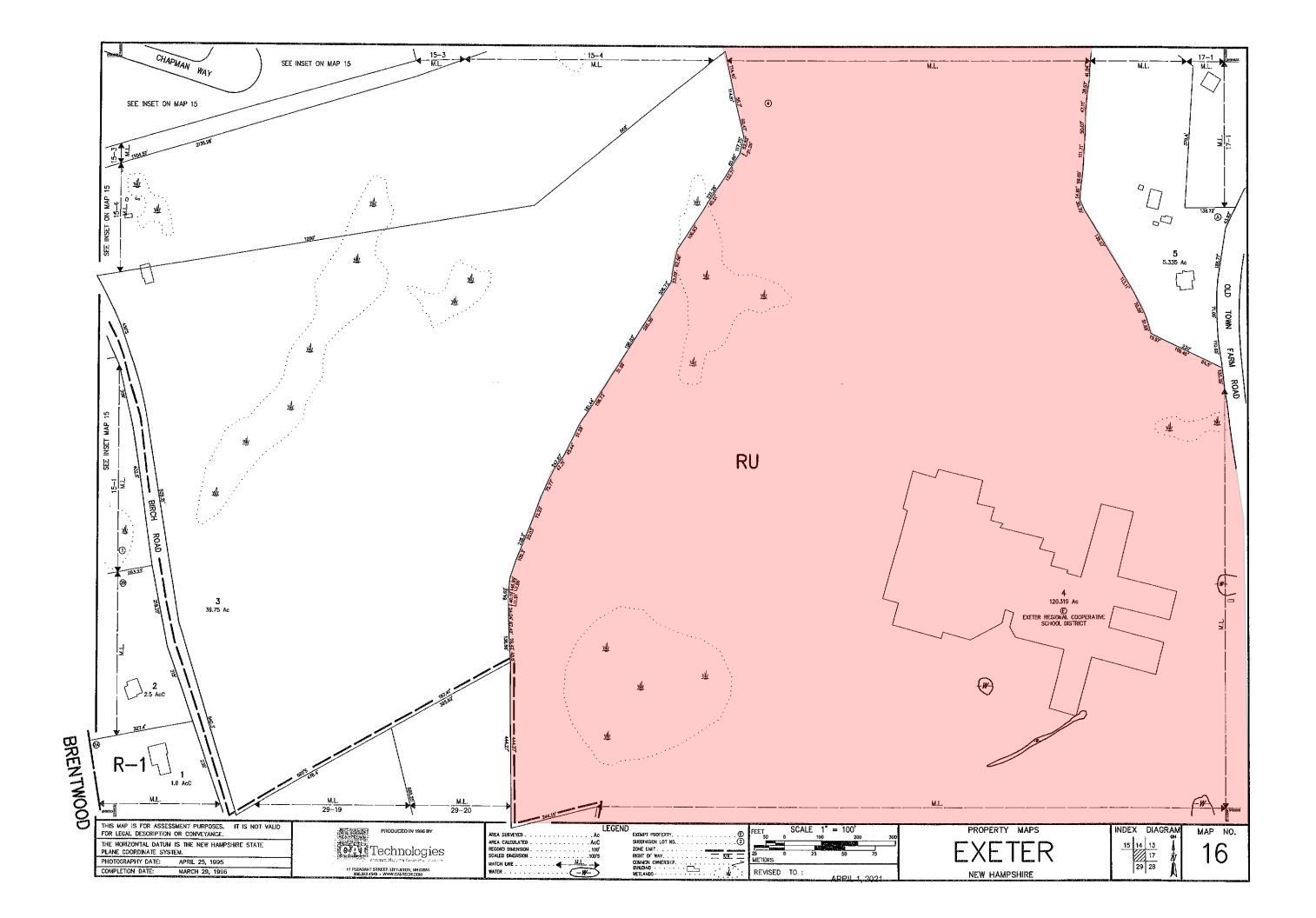
NEW HAMPSHIRE

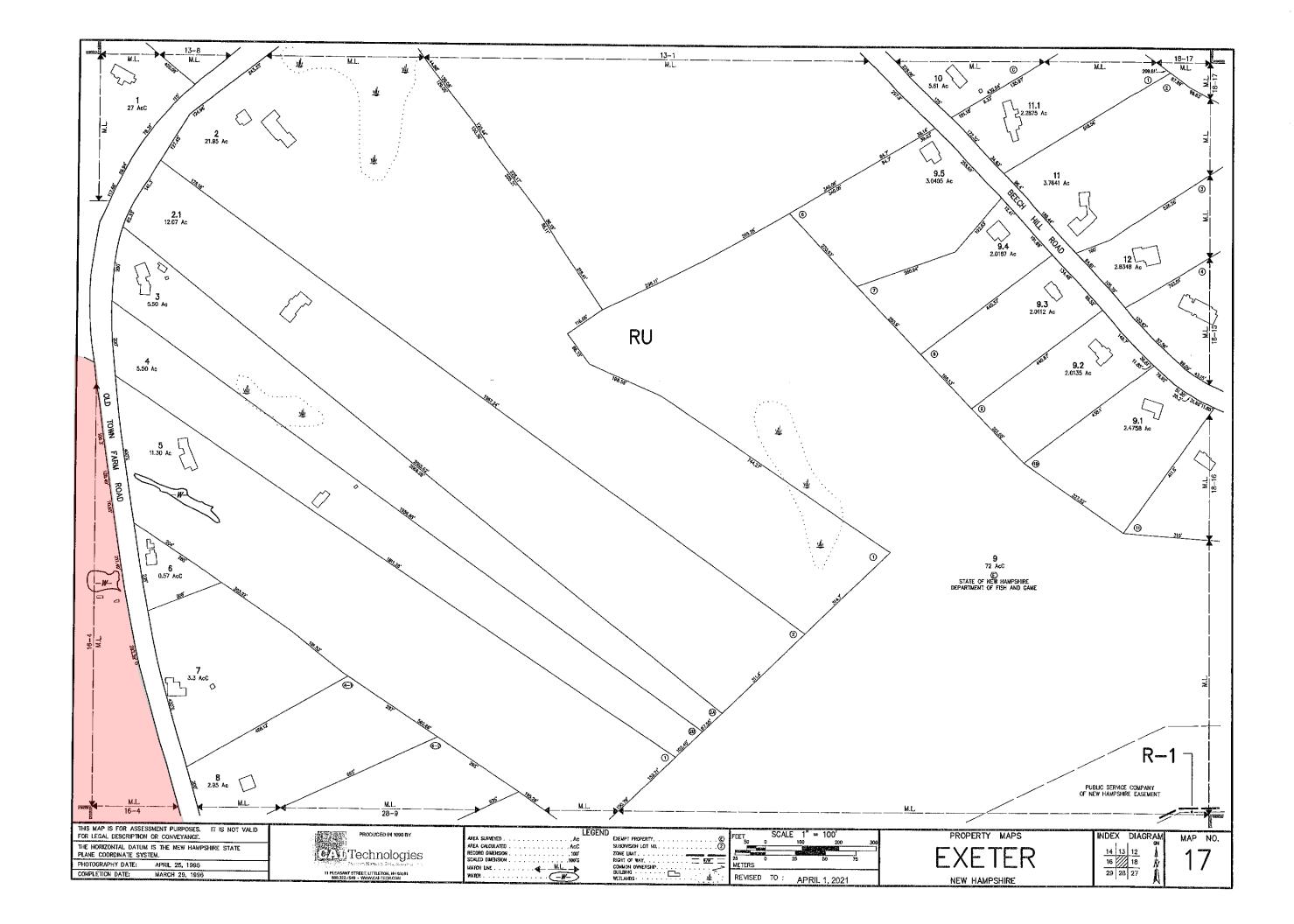
#### PREPARED BY

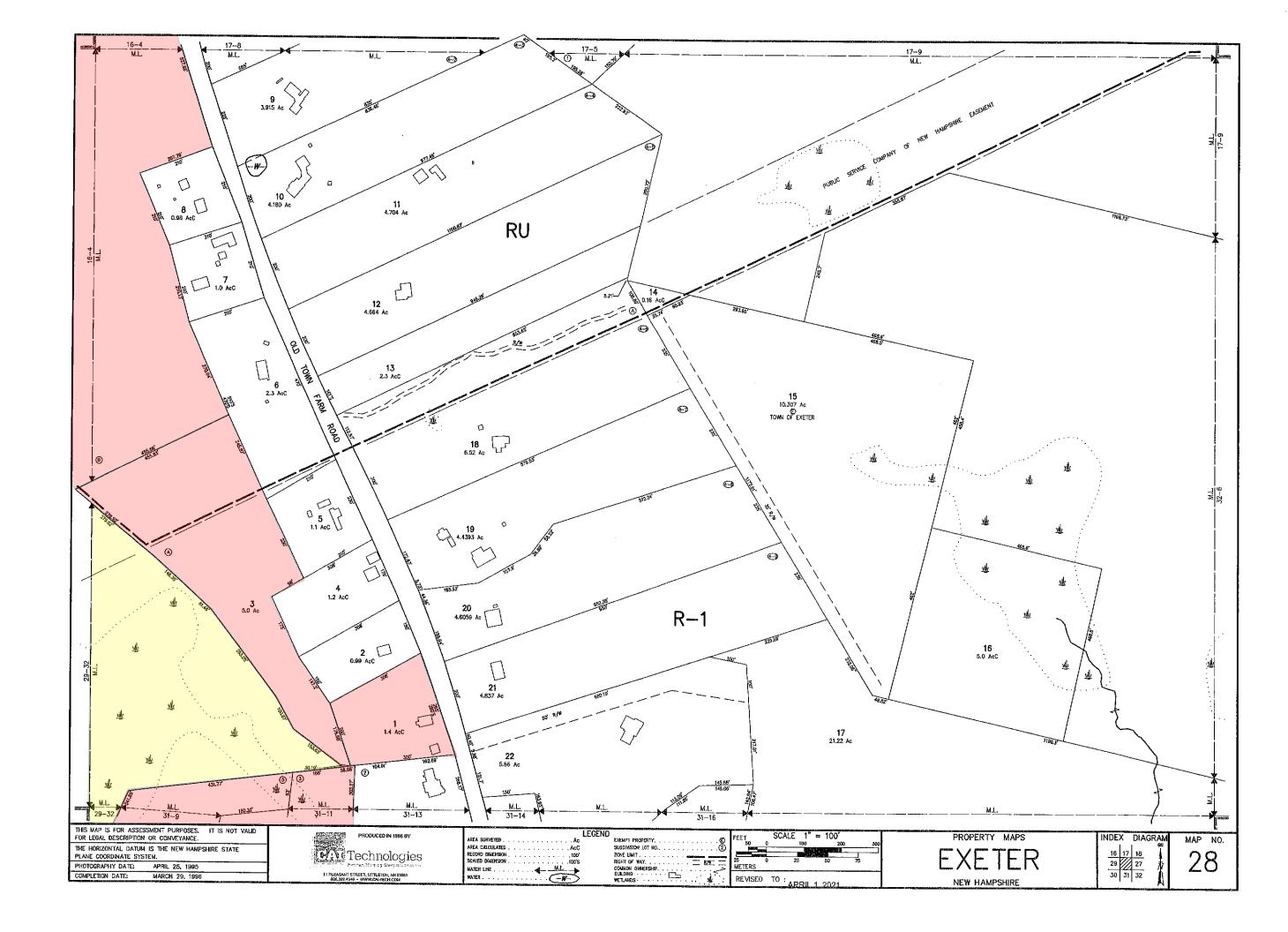


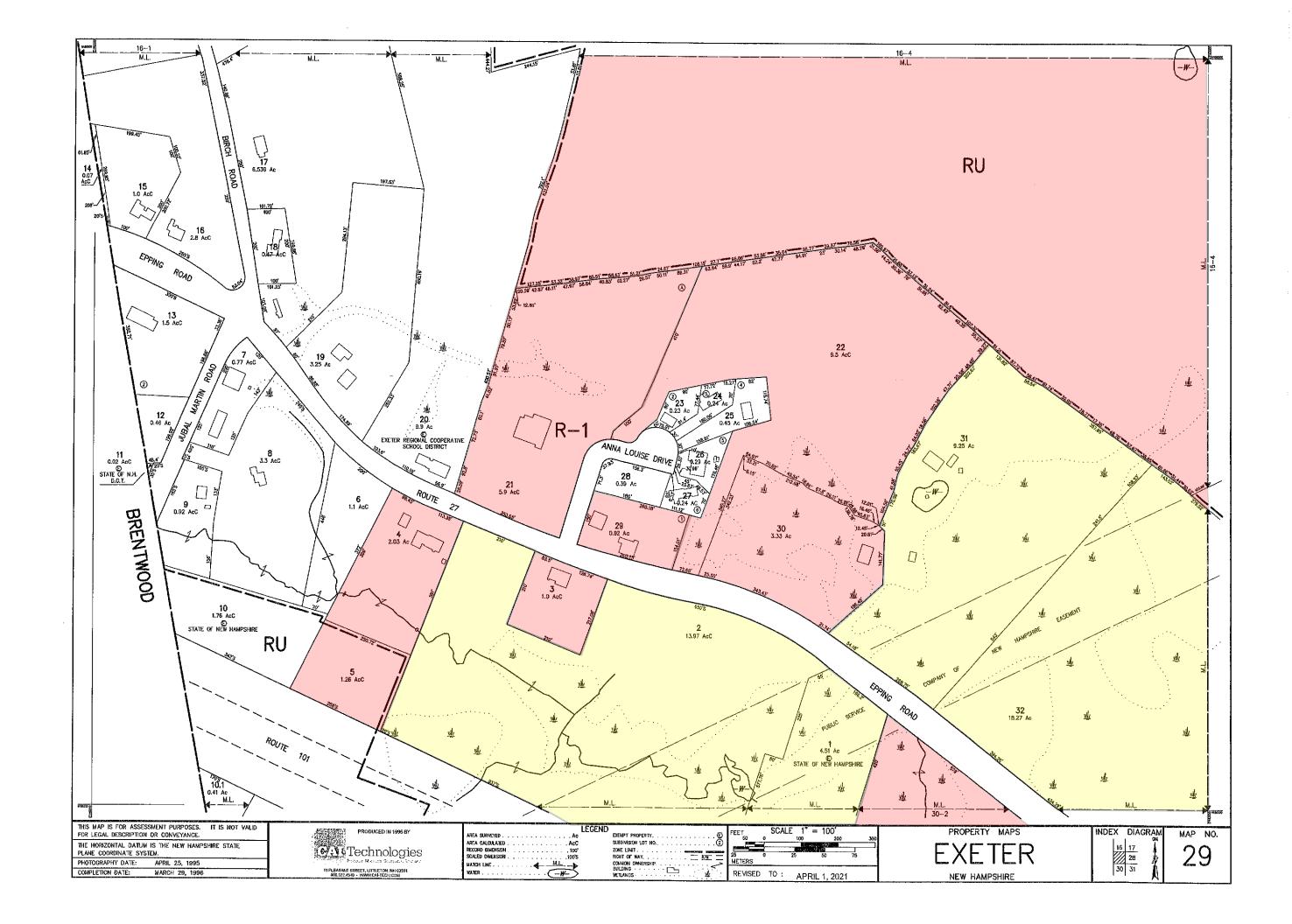
11 PLEASANT ST, LITTLETON, NH 03561 (800) 322-4540 WWW.CAI-TECH.COM

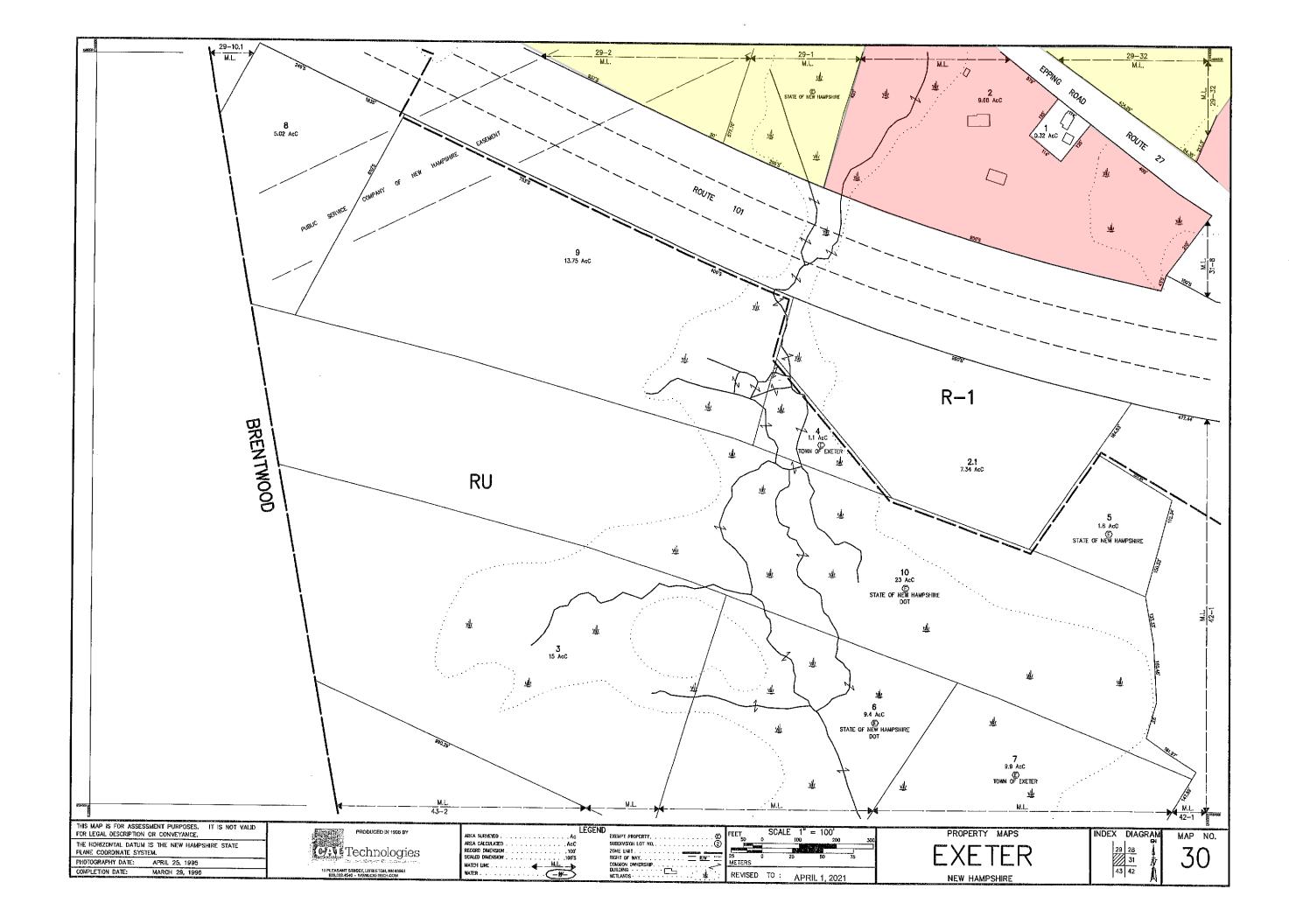


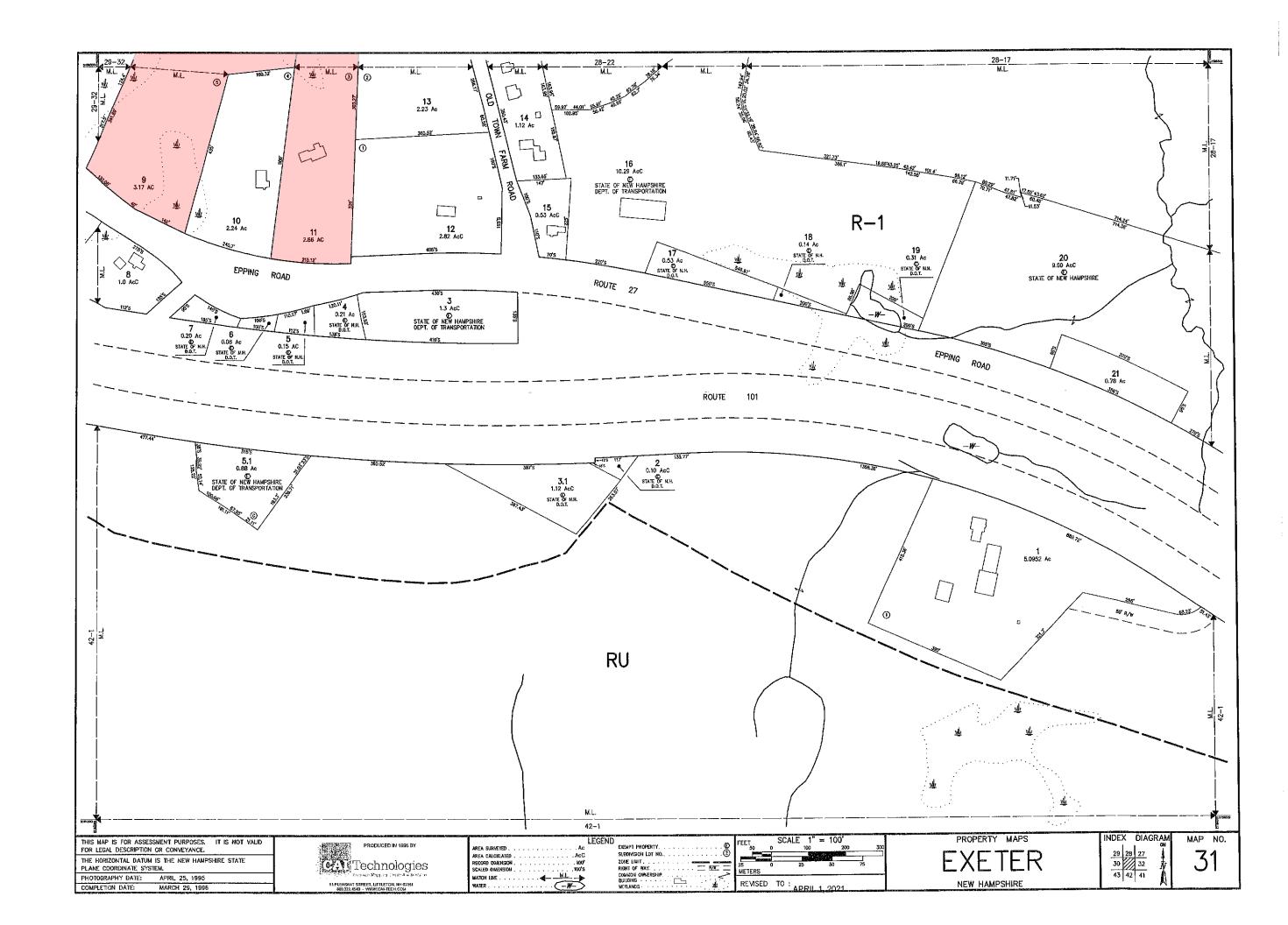












**Exeter Region Cooperative Demasky Family Trust** State of New Hampshire (Richard Gregoire) School District Richard A. & Mary L., Trustees 18 Old Town Farm Road PO Box 483 30 Linden Street Exeter, NH 03833 Exeter, NH 03833 Concord, NH 03302 Bryan J. Rappold Brian D. & Pamella J. Boisvert Silver Granada Realty, LLC 304 Epping Road 131 Pine Road 312 Epping Road Exeter, NH 03833 Exeter, NH 03833 Brentwood, NH 03833 Homeowners Association **Exeter United Methodist Church** Woofy Limited Liability Co of Rock Creek Place 299 Epping Road 307 Epping Road 6 Anna Louise Drive Exeter, NH 03833 Exeter, NH 03833 Exeter, NH 03833 Joseph G. Clark Michelle & Walter Lebor Carl E. & Pauline M. Bouchard PO Box 383 289 Epping Road PO Box 219 Exeter, NH 03833 Newfields, NH 03856 Exeter, NH 03833 Marshall J. Ramini & Carl E. & Pauline M. Bouchard Field & Forestry Realty Michelle C. Custer

261 Epping Road

Exeter, NH 03833

PO Box 189

Rollinsford, NH 03869

PO Box 219

Exeter, NH 03833



# NHDES WETLANDS BUREAU MAJOR IMPACT DREDGE & FILL APPLICATION

Prime Wetland Restoration
Charter Street
Exeter, NH
September, 2021

#### Prepared By:

Gove Environmental Services, Inc. 8 Continental Dr Bldg 2, Unit H, Exeter, NH 03833-7526 *Ph* (603) 778 0644 / *Fax* (603) 778 0654 *info@gesinc.biz* / www.gesinc.biz

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#### STANDARD DREDGE AND FILL WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION



#### Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your Application

RSA/Rule: RSA 482-A/Env-Wt 100-900

APPLICANT'S NAME: One Home Builders, LLC

			File No.:
Administrative	Administrative	Administrative	Check No.:

**TOWN NAME:** Exeter

			File No.:
Administrative	Administrative	Administrative	Check No.:
Use Only	Use Only	Use Only	Amount:
			Initials:

A person may request a waiver of the requirements in Rules Env-Wt 100-900 to accommodate situations where strict adherence to the requirements would not be in the best interest of the public or the environment but is still in compliance with RSA 482-A. A person may also request a waiver of the standards for existing dwellings over water pursuant to RSA 482-A:26, III(b). For more information, please consult the Waiver Request Form.

SEC	CTION 1 - REQUIRED PLANNING FOR ALL PROJECTS (Env-Wt 306.05; RSA 482-A:3, I(d)(2))					
Plea	Please use the Wetland Permit Planning Tool (WPPT), the Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) DataCheck Tool, the Aquatic					
Res	storation Mapper, or other sources to assist in identifying key features such as: priority resource area	s (PRAs),				
pro	tected species or habitats, coastal areas, designated rivers, or designated prime wetlands.					
Has	s the required planning been completed?	⊠ Yes ☐ No				
Doe	es the property contain a PRA? If yes, provide the following information:	⊠ Yes ☐ No				
•	Does the project qualify for an Impact Classification Adjustment (e.g. NH Fish and Game Department (NHF&G) and NHB agreement for a classification downgrade) or a Project-Type Exception (e.g. Maintenance or Statutory Permit-by-Notification (SPN) project)? See Env-Wt 407.02 and Env-Wt 407.04.	Yes No				
•	Protected species or habitat?  o If yes, species or habitat name(s):  NHB Project ID #: NHB21-1449	Yes No				
•	Bog?	☐ Yes ⊠ No				
•	Floodplain wetland contiguous to a tier 3 or higher watercourse?	Yes No				
•	Designated prime wetland or duly-established 100-foot buffer?	Xes No				
•	Sand dune, tidal wetland, tidal water, or undeveloped tidal buffer zone?	☐ Yes ⊠ No				
Is th	he property within a Designated River corridor? If yes, provide the following information:	Yes No				
•	Name of Local River Management Advisory Committee (LAC):					
•	A copy of the application was sent to the LAC on Month: Day: Year:					

Irm@des.nh.gov or (603) 271-2147 NHDES Wetlands Bureau, 29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095 www.des.nh.gov

For dredging projects, is the subject property contaminated?  • If yes, list contaminant:	Yes No
Is there potential to impact impaired waters, class A waters, or outstanding resource waters?	Yes No
For stream crossing projects, provide watershed size (see WPPT or Stream Stats):	
SECTION 2 - PROJECT DESCRIPTION (Env-Wt 311.04(i))	
Provide a <b>brief</b> description of the project and the purpose of the project, outlining the scope of work to and whether impacts are temporary or permanent. DO NOT reply "See attached"; please use the space below.	*
The applicant is proposing to redevelop and existing residential property. Currently the property is utili family residential dwelling with several accessory structures on the property. A few of these accessory been constructed partially within the prime wetland on site. These buildings appear to be old and worr structurally unsound. The proposed project will demo and remove all existing structures and associated for the construction of an 11 unit condominium. All of the areas on site where debris and accessory structured within the prime wetland will have those areas will be seeded using a native wetland mix.	structures have down and debris on site
SECTION 3 - PROJECT LOCATION	
Separate wetland permit applications must be submitted for each municipality within which wetland in	npacts occur.
ADDRESS: 32 Chater St	
TOWN/CITY: Exeter	
TAX MAP/BLOCK/LOT/UNIT: Tax Map 82 Lot 36	
US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY (USGS) TOPO MAP WATERBODY NAME:  N/A	
(Optional) LATITUDE/LONGITUDE in decimal degrees (to five decimal places): ° North	
° West	

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NHDES Wetlands Bureau, 29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095
www.des.nh.gov

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<b>SECTION 4 - APPLICANT (DESIRED PERMIT HOLDER) INF</b> If the applicant is a trust or a company, then complete v	·	• • •			
NAME: One Home Builders, LLC					
MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 334					
TOWN/CITY: Stratham		STATE: NH	ZIP CODE: 03885		
EMAIL ADDRESS:					
FAX:	PHONE:				
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here: relative to this application electronically.	, I hereby authorize NHDE	S to communicate	e all matters		
SECTION 5 - AUTHORIZED AGENT INFORMATION (Env-	Wt 311.04(c))				
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: Walden, Brenden, M					
COMPANY NAME: Gove Environmental Services, Inc					
MAILING ADDRESS: 8 Continental Drive, Bldg 2, Unit H					
TOWN/CITY: Exeter		STATE: NH	ZIP CODE: 03833		
EMAIL ADDRESS: bwalden@gesinc.biz					
FAX:	PHONE: 2077107863				
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here bw, I this application electronically.	hereby authorize NHDES to	communicate all	matters relative to		
SECTION 6 - PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION (IF DIFF If the owner is a trust or a company, then complete with Same as applicant	• •	•	))		
NAME: Lenore E. Coleman					
MAILING ADDRESS: 275 Kearsarge Way					
TOWN/CITY: Portsmouth STATE: NH ZIP CODE: 03803					
EMAIL ADDRESS:					
FAX:	PHONE:				
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here to this application electronically.	, I hereby authorize NHDES	to communicate	all matters relative		

## SECTION 7 - RESOURCE-SPECIFIC CRITERIA ESTABLISHED IN Env-Wt 400, Env-Wt 500, Env-Wt 600, Env-Wt 700, OR Env-Wt 900 HAVE BEEN MET (Env-Wt 313.01(a)(3))

Describe how the resource-specific criteria have been met for each chapter listed above (please attach information about stream crossings, coastal resources, prime wetlands, or non-tidal wetlands and surface waters):  The applicant is proposing a restoration to the exiting prime wetlands on the subject property. All impacts will be
temporary as the applicant is proposing to remove existing accessory structures and associated debris and trash from the prime wetland. The applicant will be meeting the restoration requiremetns and will supply subsequent monitoring reports to demonstrate success. There are no permanent impacts to wetlands associated with the project. The applicant will however be addressing 703.05 to amend the prime wetland boundary to reflect the field delineated wetland bounary. No mitigation will be necessary for this application as all impacts within the prime wetland will be temporary.
SECTION 8 - AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION
Impacts within wetland jurisdiction must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable (Env-Wt 313.03(a)).* Any project with unavoidable jurisdictional impacts must then be minimized as described in the Wetlands Best Management Practice Techniques For Avoidance and Minimization and the Wetlands Permitting: Avoidance, Minimization and Mitigation Fact Sheet. For minor or major projects, a functional assessment of all wetlands on the project site is required (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(10)).*  Please refer to the application checklist to ensure you have attached all documents related to avoidance and minimization, as well as functional assessment (where applicable). Use the Avoidance and Minimization Checklist, the Avoidance and Minimization Narrative, or your own avoidance and minimization narrative.  *See Env-Wt 311.03(b)(6) and Env-Wt 311.03(b)(10) for shoreline structure exemptions.
SECTION 9 - MITIGATION REQUIREMENT (Env-Wt 311.02)
If unavoidable jurisdictional impacts require mitigation, a mitigation <u>pre-application meeting</u> must occur at least 30 days but not more than 90 days prior to submitting this Standard Dredge and Fill Permit Application.
Mitigation Pre-Application Meeting Date: Month: 05 Day: 26 Year: 2021
( N/A - Mitigation is not required)
SECTION 10 - THE PROJECT MEETS COMPENSATORY MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS (Env-Wt 313.01(a)(1)c)
Confirm that you have submitted a compensatory mitigation proposal that meets the requirements of Env-Wt 800 for all permanent unavoidable impacts that will remain after avoidance and minimization techniques have been exercised to the maximum extent practicable:   I confirm submittal.  I N/A – Compensatory mitigation is not required)

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NHDES Wetlands Bureau, 29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095
www.des.nh.gov

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#### SECTION 11 - IMPACT AREA (Env-Wt 311.04(g))

For each jurisdictional area that will be/has been impacted, provide square feet (SF) and, if applicable, linear feet (LF) of impact, and note whether the impact is after-the-fact (ATF; i.e., work was started or completed without a permit).

For intermittent and ephemeral streams, the linear footage of impact is measured along the thread of the channel. *Please note, installation of a stream crossing in an ephemeral stream may be undertaken without a permit per Rule Env-Wt 309.02(d), however other dredge or fill impacts should be included below.* 

For perennial streams/rivers, the linear footage of impact is calculated by summing the lengths of disturbances to the channel and banks.

Permanent impacts are impacts that will remain after the project is complete (e.g., changes in grade or surface materials).

Temporary impacts are impacts not intended to remain (and will be restored to pre-construction conditions) after the project is completed.

JURISDICTIONAL AREA		PERMANENT		TEMPORARY			
		SF	LF	ATF	SF	LF	ATF
	Forested Wetland						
	Scrub-shrub Wetland						
spu	Emergent Wetland						
Wetlands	Wet Meadow						
We	Vernal Pool						
	Designated Prime Wetland				3823		
	Duly-established 100-foot Prime Wetland Buffer						
er	Intermittent / Ephemeral Stream						
Vat	Perennial Stream or River						
Se V	Lake / Pond						
Surface Water	Docking - Lake / Pond						
Su	Docking - River						
	Bank - Intermittent Stream						
Banks	Bank - Perennial Stream / River						
Ва	Bank / Shoreline - Lake / Pond						
	Tidal Waters						
	Tidal Marsh						
Tidal	Sand Dune						
Tic	Undeveloped Tidal Buffer Zone (TBZ)						
	Previously-developed TBZ						
	Docking - Tidal Water						
TOTAL 3283							
SEC	TION 12 - APPLICATION FEE (RSA 482-A:3, I)						
	MINIMUM IMPACT FEE: Flat fee of \$400.						
	NON-ENFORCEMENT RELATED, PUBLICLY-FUN	DED AND	SUPERVISE	ED RESTORAT	ION PROJE	CTS, REGARDI	ESS OF
	IMPACT CLASSIFICATION: Flat fee of \$400 (refe	er to RSA	482-A:3, 1(	c) for restrict	ions).		
	MINOR OR MAJOR IMPACT FEE: Calculate usin	g the tabl	e below:				
	Permanent and temporar	ry (non-do	ocking): 32	283 SF		× \$0.40 =	\$ 1313.20
	Seasonal do	ocking str	ucture:	SF		× \$2.00 =	\$
	Permanent do	ocking str	ucture:	SF		× \$4.00 =	\$
	Projects pr	roposing s	horeline stı	ructures (incl	uding docks	) add \$400 =	\$
						Total =	\$ 1313.20

The application fee for minor or major impact is the above calculated total or \$400, whichever is greater = $\frac{\$}{1313.20}$						
	(Env-Wt 30	06.05)	2			
e project classification.					·	
☐ Minimum Impact Project ☐ Minor Project ☐ Major Project						
- REQUIRED CERTIFICATION	S (Env-Wt 3	311.11)				
box below to certify:						
W To the best of the signer's knowledge and belief, all required notifications have been provided.						
		e application is true	e, complete,	and not misleading to the	best of the	
The signer understands that:  The submission of false, incomplete, or misleading information constitutes grounds for NHDES to:  Deny the application. Revoke any approval that is granted based on the information. Initials:  BW FC  The signer is a certified wetland scientist, licensed surveyor, or professional engineer licensed to practice in New Hampshire, refer the matter to the joint board of licensure and certification established by RSA 310-A:1.  The signer is subject to the penalties specified in New Hampshire law for falsification in official matters, currently RSA 641.  The signature shall constitute authorization for the municipal conservation commission and the Department to inspect the site of the proposed project, except for minimum impact forestry SPN projects and minimum impact trail projects, where the signature shall authorize only the Department to						
Initials:  BW If the applicant is not the owner of the property, each property owner signature shall constitute certification by the signer that he or she is aware of the application being filed and does not object to the filing.						
- REQUIRED SIGNATURES (E	nv-Wt 311.	04(d); Env-Wt 31	1.11)			
OWNER):		PRINT NAME LEGIBLY:  DATE:		DATE:		
SIGNATURE (APPLICANT, IF DIFFERENT FROM OWNER):			PRINT NAME LEGIBLY:  DATE:  10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		DATE (9/28/2)	
SIGNATURE TAGEN SUF APPLICABLE)			PRINT NAME LEGIBLY: DATE:			
5 - TOWN / CITY CLERK SIGNA	ATURE (Env	-Wt 311.04(f))	Management of the control of the con		Constitution of the consti	
				our application forms, for	ır detailed	
plans, and four USGS location maps with the town/city indicated below.  TOWN/CITY CLERK SIGNATURE:  PRINT NAME LEGIBLY:						
	a - PROJECT CLASSIFICATION e project classification. m Impact Project  - REQUIRED CERTIFICATION box below to certify:  To the best of the signer's knowledge and belief.  The information submitted on signer's knowledge and belief.  The signer understands that:  • The submission of fals  1. Deny the applicati  2. Revoke any appro  3. If the signer is a compractice in New Heastablished by RSA • The signer is subject to currently RSA 641.  • The signature shall compeartment to inspect projects and minimum inspect the site pursual.  If the applicant is not the own the signer that he or she is away in	a - PROJECT CLASSIFICATION (Env-Wt 30 to project classification.  Im Impact Project	a - PROJECT CLASSIFICATION (Env-Wt 306.05) e project classification.  m Impact Project  - REQUIRED CERTIFICATIONS (Env-Wt 311.11) box below to certify:  To the best of the signer's knowledge and belief, all required signer's knowledge and belief, all required signer's knowledge and belief.  The signer understands that:  • The submission of false, incomplete, or misleading in 1. Deny the application.  2. Revoke any approval that is granted based on th 3. If the signer is a certified wetland scientist, licen practice in New Hampshire, refer the matter to established by RSA 310-A:1.  • The signer is subject to the penalties specified in New currently RSA 641.  • The signature shall constitute authorization for the note Department to inspect the site of the proposed projects and minimum impact trail projects, where the site pursuant to RSA 482-A:6, II.  If the applicant is not the owner of the property, each prope the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property, each prope the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property, each prope the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property, each prope the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property, each property the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property, each property the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property, each property the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property, each property the signer that he or she is aware of the application being fill the applicant is not the owner of the property.	a - PROJECT CLASSIFICATION (Env-Wt 306.05) e project classification.  Im Impact Project  - REQUIRED CERTIFICATIONS (Env-Wt 311.11)  box below to certify:  To the best of the signer's knowledge and belief, all required notification signer's knowledge and belief, all required notification signer's knowledge and belief.  The information submitted on or with the application is true, complete, signer's knowledge and belief.  The signer understands that:  • The submission of false, incomplete, or misleading information of the signer is a certified wetland scientist, licensed surveyor practice in New Hampshire, refer the matter to the joint being established by RSA 310-A:1.  • The signer is subject to the penalties specified in New Hampshire currently RSA 641.  • The signature shall constitute authorization for the municipal condepartment to inspect the site of the proposed project, except if projects and minimum impact trail projects, where the signature inspect the site pursuant to RSA 482-A:6, II.  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The Information submitted on or with the application is true, complete, and not misleading to the signer's knowledge and belief.  The signer understands that:  • The submission of false, incomplete, or misleading information constitutes grounds for N-1. Deny the application.  2. Revoke any approval that is granted based on the information.  3. If the signer is a certified wetland scientist, licensed surveyor, or professional enginee practice in New Hampshire, refer the matter to the joint board of licensure and certification in of currently RSA 641.  • The signer is subject to the penalties specified in New Hampshire law for falsification in of currently RSA 641.  • The signature shall constitute authorization for the municipal conservation commission and Department to inspect the site of the proposed project, except for minimum impact forest projects and minimum impact trail projects, where the signature shall authorize only the Dinspect the site pursuant to RSA 482-A:6, II.  If the applicant is not the owner of the property, each property owner signature shall constitute on the signer that he or she is aware of the application being filed and does not object to the filing.  - REQUIRED SIGNATURES (Env-Wt 311.04(d); Env-Wt 311.11)  OWNER:  PRINT NAME LEGIBLY:	

TOWN/CITY:	DATE:

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR TOWN/CITY CLERK:**

Per RSA 482-A:3, I(a)(1)

- 1. IMMEDIATELY sign the original application form and four copies in the signature space provided above.
- 2. Return the signed original application form and attachments to the applicant so that the applicant may submit the application form and attachments to NHDES by mail or hand delivery.
- 3. IMMEDIATELY distribute a copy of the application with one complete set of attachments to each of the following bodies: the municipal Conservation Commission, the local governing body (Board of Selectmen or Town/City Council), and the Planning Board.
- 4. Retain one copy of the application form and one complete set of attachments and make them reasonably accessible for public review.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICANT:**

Submit the original permit application form bearing the signature of the Town/City Clerk, additional materials, and the application fee to NHDES by mail or hand delivery at the address at the bottom of this page. Make check or money order payable to "Treasurer – State of NH".

Keep this checklist for your reference; do not submit with your application.

Unle and	LICATION CHECKLIST ess specified, all items below are required. Failure to provide the required items will delay a decision on your project may result in denial of your application. Please reference statute RSA 482-A, Fill and Dredge in Wetlands, and the land Rules Env-Wt 100-900.
	The completed, dated, signed, and certified application (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(1)).
	Correct fee as determined in RSA 482-A:3, I(b) or (c), subject to any cap established by RSA 482-A:3, X (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(2)). Make check or money order payable to "Treasurer – State of NH".
	The Required Planning actions required by Env-Wt 311.01(a)-(c) and Env-Wt 311.03(b)(3).
	US Army Corps of Engineers (ACE) "Appendix B, New Hampshire General Permits (GPs), Required Information and Corps Secondary Impacts Checklist" and its required attachments (Env-Wt 307.02). This includes the US Fish and Wildlife Service IPAC review and Section 106 Historic/Archaeological Resource review.
	Project plans described in Env-Wt 311.05 (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(4)).
	Maps, or electronic shape files and meta data, and other attachments specified in Env-Wt 311.06 (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(5)).
	Explanation of the methods, timing, and manner as to how the project will meet standard permit conditions required in Env-Wt 307 (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(7)).
	If applicable, the information regarding proposed compensatory mitigation specified in Env-Wt 311.08 and Chapter Env-Wt 800 - Permittee Responsible Mitigation Project Worksheet, unless not required under Env-Wt 313.04 (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(8); Env-Wt 311.08; Env-Wt 313.04).
	Any additional information specific to the <b>type of resource</b> as specified in Env-Wt 311.09 (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(9); Env-Wt 311.04(j)).
	Project specific information required by Env-Wt 500, Env-Wt 600, and Env-Wt 900 (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(11)).
	A list containing the name, mailing address and tax map/lot number of each abutter to the subject property (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(12)).
	Copies of certified postal receipts or other proof of receipt of the notices that are required by RSA 482-A:3, I(d) (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(13)).
	Project design considerations required by Env-Wt 313 (Env-Wt 311.04(j)).
	Town tax map showing the subject property, the location of the project on the property, and the location of properties of abutters with each lot labeled with the name and mailing address of the abutter (Env-Wt 311.06(a)).
	Dated and labeled color photographs that:
	(1) Clearly depict:
	<ul> <li>a. All jurisdictional areas, including but not limited to portions of wetland, shoreline, or surface water where impacts have or are proposed to occur.</li> </ul>
	b. All existing shoreline structures.
_	(2) Are mounted or printed no more than 2 per sheet on 8.5 x 11 inch sheets (Env-Wt 311.06(b)).
	A copy of the appropriate US Geological Survey map or updated data based on LiDAR at a scale of one inch equals 2,000 feet showing the location of the subject property and proposed project (Env-Wt 311.06(c)).
	A narrative that describes the work sequence, including pre-construction through post-construction, and the relative timing and progression of all work (Env-Wt 311.06(d)).

	For all projects in the protected tidal zone, a copy of the recorded deed with book and page numbers for the property (Env-Wt 311.06(e)).
	If the applicant is not the owner in fee of the subject property, documentation of the applicant's legal interest in the subject property, provided that for utility projects in a utility corridor, such documentation may comprise a list that:
	(1) Identifies the county registry of deeds and book and page numbers of all of the easements or other recorded instruments that provide the necessary legal interest; and
	(2) Has been certified as complete and accurate by a knowledgeable representative of the applicant (Env-Wt 311.06(f)).
	The NHB memo containing the NHB identification number and results as well as any written follow-up communications such as additional memos or email communications with either NHB or NHF&G (Env-Wt 311.06(g)). See <a href="Wetlands Permitting: Protected Species and Habitat Fact Sheet">Wetlands Permitting: Protected Species and Habitat Fact Sheet</a> .
	A statement of whether the applicant has received comments from the local conservation commission and, if so, how the applicant has addressed the comments (Env-Wt 311.06(h)).
	For projects in LAC jurisdiction, a statement of whether the applicant has received comments from the LAC and, if so, how the applicant has addressed the comments (Env-Wt 311.06(i)).
	If the applicant is also seeking to be covered by the state general permits, a statement of whether comments have been received from any federal agency and, if so, how the applicant has addressed the comments (Env-Wt 311.06(j)).
	Avoidance and Minimization Written Narrative or the Avoidance and Minimization Checklist, or your own
	avoidance and minimization narrative (Env-Wt 311.07).
	For after-the-fact applications: information required by Env-Wt 311.12.
	Coastal Resource Worksheet for coastal projects as required under Env-Wt 600.
	Prime Wetlands information required under Env-Wt 700. See WPPT for prime wetland mapping.
κeq □	uired Attachments for Minor and Major Projects
	Attachment A: Minor and Major Projects (Env-Wt 313.03).
	<u>Functional Assessment Worksheet</u> or others means of documenting the results of actions required by Env-Wt 311.10 as part of an application preparation for a standard permit (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(3); Env-Wt 311.03(b)(10)).
	See Functional Assessments for Wetlands and Other Aquatic Resources Fact Sheet. For shoreline structures, see
	shoreline structures exemption in Env-Wt 311.03(b)(10)).
Opt	ional Materials
	Stream Crossing Worksheet which summarizes the requirements for stream crossings under Env-Wt 900.
	Request for concurrent processing of related shoreland / wetlands permit applications (Env-Wt 313.05).



## AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION WRITTEN NARRATIVE



## Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your Application

RSA/ Rule: RSA 482-A/ Env-Wt 311.04(j); Env-Wt 311.07; Env-Wt 313.01(a)(1)b; Env-Wt 313.01(c)

APPLICANT'S NAME: One Home Builders, LLC TOWN NAME: Exeter

An applicant for a standard permit shall submit with the permit application a written narrative that explains how all impacts to functions and values of all jurisdictional areas have been avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable. This attachment can be used to guide the narrative (attach additional pages if needed). Alternatively, the applicant may attach a completed <u>Avoidance and Minimization Checklist (NHDES-W-06-050)</u> to the permit application.

#### SECTION 1 - WATER ACCESS STRUCTURES (Env-Wt 311.07(b)(1))

Is the primary purpose of the proposed project to construct a water access structure?

There are no water access structures associated with this application

#### SECTION 2 - BUILDABLE LOT (Env-Wt 311.07(b)(1))

Does the proposed project require access through wetlands to reach a buildable lot or portion thereof?

No

#### SECTION 3 - AVAILABLE PROPERTY (Env-Wt 311.07(b)(2))\*

For any project that proposes permanent impacts of more than one acre, or that proposes permanent impacts to a PRA, or both, are any other properties reasonably available to the applicant, whether already owned or controlled by the applicant or not, that could be used to achieve the project's purpose without altering the functions and values of any jurisdictional area, in particular wetlands, streams, and PRAs?

\*Except as provided in any project-specific criteria and except for NH Department of Transportation projects that qualify for a categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act.

There are no permanent impacts associated with this application. This application is for the restoration of prime wetland by the removal of dabilitated accessory structures and associated debris. There will be a net benefit to the overall functions and values of the wetlands with the completion of this project.

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SECTION 4 - ALTERNATIVES (Env-Wt 311.07(b)(3))  Could alternative designs or techniques, such as different layouts, different construction sequencing, or alternative technologies be used to avoid impacts to jurisdictional areas or their functions and values as described in the Wetlands Best Management Practice Techniques For Avoidance and Minimization?
There are no alternatives to this restoration process that would have a lesser impact and achieve the same goal for the overall restoration of this prime wetland.
SECTION 5 - CONFORMANCE WITH Env-Wt 311.10(c) (Env-Wt 311.07(b)(4))** How does the project conform to Env-Wt 311.10(c)?
**Except for projects solely limited to construction or modification of non-tidal shoreline structures only need to complete relevant sections of Attachment A.
There are no alternatives to this restoration that would have a lesser impact to any functions and values of the prime wetlands. The success of this restoration and removal of these structures and associated debris will have a long term net benefit to the prime wetlands on this property.

### Wetland Function-Value Evaluation Form

Total area of wetland Unknown Human made? no	Is wetla	and part of a wildlife corridor?	nknow	or a "habitat island"? no	Wetland I.D. Wetland 1  Latitude 42.975924 Longitude -70.964646
Adjacent land use Residential / railroad		Distance to nearest road	way o	r other development 0 ft	Prepared by: BW Date 9/21/21
Dominant wetland systems present Scrub Shrub		Contiguous undevelope			Wetland Impact: Type_Temporary Area_3,823 sf
Is the wetland a separate hydraulic system? no  How many tributaries contribute to the wetland? utility function/Value		with where does the wetland lie in Wildlife & vegetation diversity/s  Wildlife & vegetation diversity/s  Y Rationale P (Reference #)*	abunda rinci	ance (see attached list)	Evaluation based on:  Office Yes Field Yes  Corps manual wetland delineation completed? Y X N Omments
Groundwater Recharge/Discharge	Y	1,2,4,10,15	Y		ologically connected to the little river
Floodflow Alteration	Y	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,13,15,18	Y		s hydrologically connected to the little river
Fish and Shellfish Habitat	N	2	N	The area of PSS wetland or	n site does not have a water course
Sediment/Toxicant Retention	Y	1,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	Υ	Scrubshrub wetland h	as very poorly drained soils
Nutrient Removal	Y	1,3,5,6,7,8,9,11	Υ	Scrubshrub wetland w	vith very poorly drained soils
→ Production Export	Y	1,2,4,5,7,8,9,12,	Υ	Large scrubshrub wetland with ve	ry poorly drained soils and signs of wildlife
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	N		N	Wetland is not directly associate	ed with a watercourse or shoreline on site
<b>W</b> ildlife Habitat	Y	8,9,11,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21	Y	Scrubshrub wetland with	th a high density of vegetation
Recreation	N		N	Private property and does no	ot have any public recreation access
Educational/Scientific Value	N		N	Private property	
★ Uniqueness/Heritage	N		Ν	Private property	
Visual Quality/Aesthetics	N		N	Private property	
ES Endangered Species Habitat		See NHB			
Other					

Notes:



GOVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

Date: 9/21/21

Subject: Functions and Values Analysis

Re: Major Dredge and Fill Application 32 Charter St, Exeter, NH

The functions and values of the prime wetland on site as shown on the existing conditions plan provided are rather extensive. The principal functions of this particular prime wetland include Groundwater Recharge and Discharge, Flood flow Alteration, Nutrient Removal, Production Export and Wildlife Habitat. These functions do not exist only on the subject property but extend off property within the adjacent freshwater wetland complex that extends towards the little river.

The applicants proposed project would involve temporary impacts to the prime wetland that are necessary for the successful restoration of the areas impacted by the debris and accessory structures. These areas will not be maintained once they are stabilized and will be allowed to return to the natural vegetation. This restoration of the prime wetland will have an overall long term net benefit to the functions and values by increasing the area of naturalized wetland and removing the debris that could have long term negative effects on the overall water quality.

This concludes the functions and values analysis for the major dredge and fill application for 137 landing road. If you have any other questions or believe I can assist you and any other way please feel free to contact me either by email: <a href="mailto:bwalden@gesinc.biz">bwalden@gesinc.biz</a> or by phone: 207-710-7863.

Sincerely

Brenden Walden
Business Manager & Wetland Scientist
Gove Environmental Services, Inc.



#### RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES PROJECT-SPECIFIC WORKSHEET FOR STANDARD APPLICATION



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#### Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your Application

RSA/Rule: RSA 482/ Env-Wt 525

#### APPLICANT LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: One Home Builders, LLC

This worksheet summarizes the criteria and requirements for a Standard Permit for "Restoration/Enhancement" projects as outlined in Chapter Env-Wt 500. In addition to the project-specific criteria and requirements on this worksheet, all Standard Dredge and Fill Applications must meet the criteria and requirements listed in the Standard Dredge and Fill Wetlands Permit Application form (NHDES-W-06-012).

Please note that the following definitions apply to this worksheet:

- "Restoration/enhancement activity" means a project undertaken to restore or enhance, or both, a wetland, watercourse, or other jurisdictional area.
- "Wood addition" means adding wood as identified in Practical Guide to Adding Wood to Streams in NH dated 2018, published by the Natural Resources Conservation Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (NRCS), to a watercourse in such a way as to create habitat for aquatic organisms and improve water quality.

#### **SECTION 1 - APPLICABILITY (Env-Wt 525.01)**

Do **NOT** use this worksheet if the project is not **solely** to restore and/or enhance altered or degraded jurisdictional areas.

#### SECTION 2 - APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES (Env-Wt 525.02)

An application for a restoration/ enhancement project shall meet all the following approval criteria:

- The project shall meet the criteria established in Env-Wt 300.
- The project shall meet the design and construction requirements specified in Env-Wt 525.04 (refer to Section 4).
- The project shall not include unnatural stream channelization or conversion of wetlands to uplands.

#### SECTION 3 - APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES (Env-Wt 525.03)

An application for a restoration/enhancement project shall include the following information:

A description of the project goals explaining how the project will achieve restoration/enhancement of desired functions and values in accordance with Env-Wt 805.02(d) and Env-Wt 300.

The applicant is proposing temporary impacts for the removal of accessory structures and associated debris encroaching into the state prime wetland on the subject property. The removal of the materials will have an overall net benefit to the wetland functions and values by allowing the area to return to a natural vegetation present in the wetland. Thie project is not associated with any mitigation requirements.

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A restoration/enhancement monitoring plan that identifies:

- The metrics by which project success will be measured, and
- A schedule showing anticipated construction phases, timing of plantings, dates of submission of monitoring reports, and a final date of completion.

Success will be measured by the complete removal of all accessory structures and associated debris from within prime wetland. There area will be seeded with a native wetland mix for stabilization, however, there will be no maintinance associated with these areas as they will be left to return to a natural wetland complex.

The construction sequence regarding the temporary impacts is located on the Demolition Plan Sheet 2 of 7.

A construction completion report shall be provided upon the completion of the demolition and stabilization of the temporary impacts to the prime wetland.

A monitoring report can be supplied one year following completion to demonstrate success.

A description of stakeholder engagement conducted to assist in determining any potential impacts to upstream and downstream property owners, if any.

There are no potential negative impacts to any upstream or downstream property owners due the the proposed project.

A description of any on-site features, conditions, or past work that might restrict excavation or access.

The subject property is currently utilized as a single family residential dwelling with several accessory structures on site with areas of dense debris piles consisting of various materials ranging from small motor parts to car axels and engines/parts, there is even a small water craft that has been left in the wetland. There are no on-site features that will restrict any of the removeal of these structures or debris on site associated with the restoration.

Identification of the source of any hydric soils and plantings to be used.
These are identified in both the plan set and the planting plan supplied by the engineer and landscaper. The proposed restoration of the prime wetland will use New England Erosion Control/Restoration Mix for Detention Basins and Moist Sites
For wetland restoration/enhancement projects:
All the information or documents specified in Env-Wt 805.03 (Plans for Wetland Restoration, Enhancement, or Creation Projects) except for Env-Wt 805.03 (h).
For stream restoration/enhancement projects:
The information or documents specified in the applicable provisions of Env-Wt 806.04 (Plans for Stream Restoration and Enhancement Projects) except for Env-Wt 806.04 (j) or
For projects that are limited to wood addition, the information specified in Env-Wt 806.04(b) and (d).
For restoration/enhancement projects that include dam removals:
The information and documents specified in the applicable provisions of Env-Wt 806.04 (Plans for Stream Restoration and Enhancement Projects) except for Env-Wt 806.04 (j).
Plans for the project stamped by a professional engineer.
A sediment report that includes:
<ul> <li>An explanation of the known potential for current and historic sources of sediment contamination from upstream sources, including but not limited to wastewater discharges, hazardous waste sites, and existing and former manufacturing facilities and tanneries,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>An estimate of the volume of sediment that will be removed or potentially become mobile as a result of the project,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>If a dam is to be removed, the estimated volume of impounded sediment that could be transported downstream due to dam removal, and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A description of the physical characteristics of the impounded sediment, including grain size distribution and organic content.</li> </ul>
SECTION 4 - DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES (Env-Wt 525.04)
A restoration/enhancement project shall be designed and constructed as follows:
The project shall meet the design and construction requirements specified in Env-Wt 300.
$\square$ The project shall be designed and constructed to restore or increase wetland function, stream function, water quality, or other functions of resources within jurisdictional areas.

#### NHDES-W-06-068

The project shall be designed and constructed to create hydrologic conditions, organism passage, or land connections that will support or enhance wetland functions and values of the resources proposed to be restored or enhanced.
For stream restoration/enhancement projects, the project shall be designed and constructed to meet as many of the goals specified in Env-Wt 806.02(a) as practicable.
Where applicable, the project shall be designed and constructed to preserve access to the restoration/enhancement areas.
For wood addition, the project shall be designed and constructed to comply with the "Practical Guide to Adding Wood to Streams in NH" dated 2018, published by the NRCS.
SECTION 5 - RESTORATION/ENHANCEMENT ACTIVITIES CONSTRUCTION PROJECT CLASSIFICATION (Env-Wt 525.05)
Refer to Env-Wt 525.05 for restoration/enhancement activities project classification.

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## STANDARD DREDGE AND FILL WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION ATTACHMENT A: MINOR AND MAJOR PROJECTS



## Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your Application

RSA/ Rule: RSA 482-A/ Env-Wt 311.10; Env-Wt 313.01(a)(1); Env-Wt 313.03

APPLICANT'S NAME: One Home Builders, LLC

TOWN NAME: Exeter

Attachment A is required for *all minor and major projects*, and must be completed *in addition* to the <u>Avoidance and Minimization Narrative</u> or <u>Checklist</u> that is required by Env-Wt 307.11.

For projects involving construction or modification of non-tidal shoreline structures over areas of surface waters having an absence of wetland vegetation, only Sections I.X through I.XV are required to be completed.

#### **PART I: AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION**

In accordance with Env-Wt 313.03(a), the Department shall not approve any alteration of any jurisdictional area unless the applicant demonstrates that the potential impacts to jurisdictional areas have been avoided to the maximum extent practicable and that any unavoidable impacts have been minimized, as described in the <a href="Wetlands Best">Wetlands Best</a> Management Practice Techniques For Avoidance and Minimization.

#### SECTION I.I - ALTERNATIVES (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(1))

Describe how there is no practicable alternative that would have a less adverse impact on the area and environments under the Department's jurisdiction.

THERE ARE NO PRACTICABLE ALTERNATIVES TO REMOVING THE ACCESSORY STRUCTURES AND ASSOCIATED DEBRIS ENCROACHING THE PRIME WETLAND THAT WOULD HAVE LESS TEMPORARY IMPACT AND STILL ACHIEVE THE SUCCESSFUL RESTORATION OF THIS AREA ON SITE.

SECTION I.II - MARSHES (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(2))  Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to tidal marshes and non-tidal marshes where documented to provide sources of nutrients for finfish, crustacean, shellfish, and wildlife of significant value.
These areas have not been identified on the subject property, however, if they do exist they are not within any relevant distance to the proposed temporary impacts to the prime wetland.
SECTION I.III - HYDROLOGIC CONNECTION (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(3))
Describe how the project maintains hydrologic connections between adjacent wetland or stream systems.
There will be no permenant changes to the overall hydrologic connectivity within the wetland from the proposed temporary impacts associate with the prime wetland restoration.

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SECTION I.IV - JURISDICTIONAL IMPACTS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(4))
Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to wetlands and other areas of jurisdiction under RSA 482-A, especially those in which there are exemplary natural communities, vernal pools, protected species and habitat,
documented fisheries, and habitat and reproduction areas for species of concern, or any combination thereof.
The proposed temporary impacts associated with the prime wetland restoration will not have any impacts to exemplary natural communities, vernal pools, protected species and habitat, documented fisheries, and habitat reproduction areas for species of concern, or any combination thereof.
SECTION I.V - PUBLIC COMMERCE, NAVIGATION, OR RECREATION (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(5))
Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts that eliminate, depreciate or obstruct public commerce, navigation, or recreation.
The subject property is private property and does not have any areas that would support navigation or recreation. The overall proposed condominium development associated with the restoration of the prime wetland will have a net benefit on public commerce as there will be an increased tax base for the town.

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SECTION I.VI - FLOODPLAIN WETLANDS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(6))  Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to floodplain wetlands that provide flood storage.
The proposed temporary impacts associated with the prime wetland restoration will not have any detrimental effects on the overall flood storage of the wetlands on site.
SECTION I.VII - RIVERINE FORESTED WETLAND SYSTEMS AND SCRUB-SHRUB – MARSH COMPLEXES (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(7))  Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to natural riverine forested wetland systems and scrub-shrub – marsh complexes of high ecological integrity.
The proposed temporary impacts associated with the prime wetland restoration will not have any detrimental effects on the scrub shrub wetland complex on site.

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SECTION I.VIII - DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND GROUNDWATER AQUIFER LEVELS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(8))  Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to wetlands that would be detrimental to adjacent drinking water supply and groundwater aquifer levels.
The proposed temporary impacts associated with the prime wetland restoration will have not have any negative effects to the water quality of the wetland on the subject property.
SECTION I.IX - STREAM CHANNELS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(9))  Describe how the project avoids and minimizes adverse impacts to stream channels and the ability of such channels to handle runoff of waters.
No such areas were identified on the subject property.

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SECTION I.X - SHORELINE STRUCTURES - CONSTRUCTION SURFACE AREA (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(1))  Describe how the project has been designed to use the minimum construction surface area over surface waters necessary to meet the stated purpose of the structures.
There are no shoreline structures associated with this project.
SECTION I.XI - SHORELINE STRUCTURES - LEAST INTRUSIVE UPON PUBLIC TRUST (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(2))  Describe how the type of construction proposed is the least intrusive upon the public trust that will ensure safe docking on the frontage.
There are no shoreline structures associated with this project.

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SECTION I.XII - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – ABUTTING PROPERTIES (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(3))  Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize impacts on ability of abutting owners to use and enjoy their properties.						
There are no shoreline structures associated with this project.						
SECTION I.XIII - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – COMMERCE AND RECREATION (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(4))  Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to the public's right to navigation, passage, and use of the resource for commerce and recreation.						
There are no shoreline structures associated with this project.						

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SECTION I.XIV - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – WATER QUALITY, AQUATIC VEGETATION, WILDLIFE AND FINFISH HABITAT (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(5))						
Describe how the structures have been designed, located, and configured to avoid impacts to water quality, aquatic vegetation, and wildlife and finfish habitat.						
There are no shoreline structures associated with this project.						
SECTION I.XV - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – VEGETATION REMOVAL, ACCESS POINTS, AND SHORELINE STABILITY (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(6))  Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize the removal of vegetation, the number of access points through wetlands or over the bank, and activities that may have an adverse effect on shoreline stability.						
There are no shoreline structures associated with this project.						

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PART II: FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT					
REQUIREMENTS  Ensure that project meets the requirements of Env-Wt 311.10 regarding functional assessment (Env-Wt 311.04(j); Env-Wt 311.10).					
FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT METHOD USED:					
NAME OF CERTIFIED WETLAND SCIENTIST (FOR NON-TIDAL PROJECTS) OR QUALIFIED COASTAL PROFESSIONAL (FOR TIDAL PROJECTS) WHO COMPLETED THE ASSESSMENT:					
DATE OF ASSESSMENT:					
Check this box to confirm that the application includes a NARRATIVE ON FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT:					
For minor or major projects requiring a standard permit without mitigation, the applicant shall submit a wetland evaluation report that includes completed checklists and information demonstrating the RELATIVE FUNCTIONS AND VALUES OF EACH WETLAND EVALUATED. Check this box to confirm that the application includes this information, if applicable:					
Note: The Wetlands Functional Assessment worksheet can be used to compile the information needed to meet functional assessment requirements.					



# New Hampshire General Permits (GPs) Appendix B - Corps Secondary Impacts Checklist (for inland wetland/waterway fill projects in New Hampshire)

- 1. Attach any explanations to this checklist. Lack of information could delay a Corps permit determination.
- 2. All references to "work" include all work associated with the project construction and operation. Work includes filling, clearing, flooding, draining, excavation, dozing, stumping, etc.
- 3. See GC 5, regarding single and complete projects.
- 4. Contact the Corps at (978) 318-8832 with any questions.

1. Impaired Waters	Yes	No
1.1 Will any work occur within 1 mile upstream in the watershed of an impaired water? See		
http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wmb/section401/impaired_waters.htm	X	
to determine if there is an impaired water in the vicinity of your work area.*		
2. Wetlands	Yes	No
2.1 Are there are streams, brooks, rivers, ponds, or lakes within 200 feet of any proposed work?		X
2.2 Are there proposed impacts to SAS, special wetlands. Applicants may obtain information		
from the NH Department of Resources and Economic Development Natural Heritage Bureau		X
(NHB) DataCheck Tool for information about resources located on the property at		
https://www2.des.state.nh.us/nhb_datacheck/. The book Natural Community Systems of New		
<u>Hampshire also contains specific information about the natural communities found in NH.</u>		
2.3 If wetland crossings are proposed, are they adequately designed to maintain hydrology,		
sediment transport & wildlife passage?	N/A	
2.4 Would the project remove part or all of a riparian buffer? (Riparian buffers are lands adjacent		
to streams where vegetation is strongly influenced by the presence of water. They are often thin		X
lines of vegetation containing native grasses, flowers, shrubs and/or trees that line the stream		11
banks. They are also called vegetated buffer zones.)		
2.5 The overall project site is more than 40 acres?		X
2.6 What is the area of the previously filled wetlands?	UNKN	OWN
2.7 What is the area of the proposed fill in wetlands?  Temporary	impacts	3,823 SF
2.8 What is the % of previously and proposed fill in wetlands to the overall project site?		
	UNKN	
3. Wildlife	Yes	No
3.1 Has the NHB & USFWS determined that there are known occurrences of rare species,		
exemplary natural communities, Federal and State threatened and endangered species and habitat,		
in the vicinity of the proposed project? (All projects require an NHB ID number & a USFWS	X	
IPAC determination.) NHB DataCheck Tool: <a href="https://www2.des.state.nh.us/nhb">https://www2.des.state.nh.us/nhb</a> datacheck/		
USFWS IPAC website: <a href="https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/location/index">https://ecos.fws.gov/ipac/location/index</a>		

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3.2 Would work occur in any area identified as either "Highest Ranked Habitat in N.H." or "Highest Ranked Habitat in Ecological Region"? (These areas are colored magenta and green, respectively, on NH Fish and Game's map, "2010 Highest Ranked Wildlife Habitat by Ecological Condition.") Map information can be found at:		X
• PDF: www.wildlife.state.nh.us/Wildlife/Wildlife Plan/highest_ranking_habitat.htm.		
• Data Mapper: <u>www.granit.unh.edu</u> .		
• GIS: www.granit.unh.edu/data/downloadfreedata/category/databycategory.html.		
3.3 Would the project impact more than 20 acres of an undeveloped land block (upland,		
wetland/waterway) on the entire project site and/or on an adjoining property(s)?		X
3.4 Does the project propose more than a 10-lot residential subdivision, or a commercial or		X
industrial development?		Λ
3.5 Are stream crossings designed in accordance with the GC 21?	N/A	
4. Flooding/Floodplain Values	Yes	No
4.1 Is the proposed project within the 100-year floodplain of an adjacent river or stream?		X
4.2 If 4.1 is yes, will compensatory flood storage be provided if the project results in a loss of		37
flood storage?		X
5. Historic/Archaeological Resources		
For a minimum, minor or major impact project - a copy of the Request for Project Review (RPR) Form ( <a href="www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review">www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review</a> ) with your DES file number shall be sent to the NH Division of Historical Resources as required on Page 11 GC 8(d) of the GP document**	X	

<sup>\*</sup>Although this checklist utilizes state information, its submittal to the Corps is a Federal requirement.

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<sup>\*\*</sup> If your project is not within Federal jurisdiction, coordination with NH DHR is not required under Federal law.

**Pre-application Meeting Notes** 

32 Charter Street, Exeter, NH 5-26-2021 Virtual Meeting

Jim Gove GES Compiled notes – 5-26-2021

Christian Smith Beals

Frank Catapano Developer

Brenden Walden GES

Jessica Bouchard NHB

Mary Ann Tilton DES

Lori Sommer DES

Eben Lewis DES

Kristen Murphy Exeter

Lindsey Lefebvre US Army Corps

Prime Wetland has Town Buffers of 50 feet, 100 feet and 125 feet. Prime Wetland does not have a state prime wetland buffer. Project is a town house development that will retain a 50 foot buffer to the flagged wetland.

Prime wetland buffer needs to be adjusted to match the flagged wetland, as the overlay of the GIS prime wetland includes uplands.

Process is found in rules Env-Wt 703.05. Applicant can request a re-designation of the prime wetland boundary based upon evidence provided, such as a wetland boundary based upon a 3 parameter approach.

Developer wants to remove solid debris from the prime wetland. Two things will be on the standard permit application: re-designation of the prime wetland boundary and temporary impact of removal of solid debris from the prime wetland. There may be a timing issue, since DES has to make a decision in 50 days but the re-designation has a 90 day window.

An endanger plant survey needs to be done in the area of work for stout dotted smart weed. A survey for stout dotted smartweed only needs to occur within proposed temporary (or permanent, if occurring) wetland impact areas associated with wetland restoration. Following the meeting an email was sent to Brenden Walden and Jim Gove with survey time of year information. Work will be limited to removal of debris with an excavator reaching in from the uplands or hooking chains onto the debris and dragging out. Any ruts will be smoothed and a wetland seed mix spread on any exposed wetland soils.

Because of the timing issue, Kristen Murphy suggested that another site walk might be preferable to discuss the re-designation of the prime wetland boundary.

No significant patches of invasive species are present, though some were noted along the board walk in the wetlands. Board walk is wood and will not be removed, but allowed to rot away.							

#### 2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

PREPARED BY (AGENT CONTACT): Brenden Walden

2.1 PROJECT NAME, PLANS, AND MAPS

PROJECT NAME: Charter Street

SITE PLANS/MAPS: Existing Conditions Plan

Proposed Plan

81/2"x11" USGS Quad Sheet Locus Map

8½"x11" Wildlife Action Plan 8½"x11" Aerial Imagery 11x17" Overview Plan

11x17" Wetland Impact Plan Detail

11x17" Project Site Tax Map

#### 2.2 TECHNICAL STANDARDS

2.2.1 Gove Environmental Services, Inc. delineated the wetlands during the spring of 2019, utilizing the standards of the Corps of Engineers *Wetlands Delineation Manual*<sup>1</sup> and the NH DES Wetlands Bureau *Code of Administrative Rules*<sup>2</sup>.

- 2.2.2 Wetland flags were surveyed by David W. Vincent, LLS, Land Surveying Services.
- 2.2.3 Wetlands were classified by GES utilizing the criteria of *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States*<sup>3</sup>.
- 2.2.4 Dominant hydric soil conditions within the wetlands were identified by GES utilizing the criteria of *Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in New England*<sup>4</sup>.
- 2.2.5 Dominance of wetland vegetation was assessed by GES utilizing the *National List* of *Plant Species That Occur in Wetlands: Northeast (Region 1)*<sup>5</sup>.

<sup>3</sup> Cowardin, L. M., 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats in the United States. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service.

07/30/08 2 of 21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Environmental Laboratory. 2012. "Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region." Version 2.0. Technical Report ERDC/EL TR-10-12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> NH Code Admin. R. [Wt] Ch. 100-800.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> New England Hydric Soils Technical Committee, Version 4. June 2020. "Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in New England."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Lichvar, R.W. & Kartesz, J.T. 2009. North American Digital Flora: National Wetland Plant List. 2.2.1.

#### 2.3 SITE DESCRIPTION/WETLANDS OVERVIEW

The subject property is located on 32 Charter St in Exeter NH, Tax Map 82 Lot 36. The lot is currently used for a single-family residential dwelling. The previous owner of the property had constructed several other accessory structures over the years of ownership on the property. Several of these buildings are in a deteriorated condition as shown in the attached photo log and are also encroaching into the state prime wetland on the property. There are also several areas where debris in the form of car parts building materials and even a boat are encroaching into the prime wetland. The prime wetland is primarily consistent of scrub shrub and emergent wetland vegetation with larger trees being present along the wetland upland boundary. The upland area of the property is dominantly maintained lawn space where there are no buildings.

#### 2.4 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1. Cut and remove trees in construction areas as required or directed.
- 2. Construct and/or install temporary and permanent sediment erosion and detention control facilities as required. Erosion, sediment and detention control facilities shall be installed and stabilized prior to directing runoff to them.
- 3. Clear, cut, grub, and dispose of debris in approved facilities. Stumps and debris are to be removed from site and disposed of per state and local regulations.
- 4. Excavate and stockpile topsoil / loam. All areas shall be stabilized immediately after grading.
- 5. Construct temporary culverts as required or directed.
- 6. Construct the roadway and its associated drainage structures
- 7. Install pipe and construction associated appurtenances as required or directed. All disturbed areas shall be stabilized immediately after grading.
- 8. Begin permanent and temporary seeding and mulching. All cut and fill slopes and disturbed areas shall be seeded or mulched as required or directed.
- 9. Daily or as required construct temporary berms, drainage check dames, ditches, sediment traps, etc. to prevent erosion on the site and prevent any siltation of abutting waters or property.
- 10. Inspect and maintain all erosion and sediment control measures during construction.
- 11. Complete permanent seeding and landscaping.
- 12. Remove temporary erosion control measures after seeding areas have established themselves and site improvements are complete, smooth and revegetate all disturbed areas.
- 13. All swales and drainage structures will be constructed and stabilized prior to having runoff directed to them.
- 14. Finish paving all driveways.

#### 2.5 Env-Wt 703.05 CHALLENGES TO PRIME WETLANDS BOUNDARIES

(a) An applicant whose proposed project is adversely affected by a boundary of a prime wetlands, or who desires a more precise delineation of that boundary at a project site than provided pursuant to Env-Wt 703.02(c)(1), may present data, delineations, and other evidence to the department and to the local authority responsible for the initial delineation to show an alternative location of the boundary.

The applicant has provided a plan representing the field delineation of the prime wetland boundary. This wetland delineation was preformed by Gove Environmental Services, Inc. on April 29, 2021.

(b) Subject to (c), below, within 90 days of receipt of information provided pursuant to (a), above, the local authority shall review the information and:

The applicant has had the town review the prime wetland change and they have a letter in support of the change attached in this application.

(1) Notify the applicant and the department of whether or not they agree that the boundary should be changed; and

The applicant has addressed this change to the prime wetland boundary in a pre-application meeting that was held prior to this applications submittal.

(2) If so, submit new or revised maps and documentation as required by Env-Wt 703.01 for the new boundary.

There is a map attached showing the amendment of the prime wetland boundary.

(c) If snow covers the existing boundary, the proposed boundary, or both when the information is submitted, the local authority shall act as specified in (b), above, within 90 days of the date on which the ground is visible.

The town has been able to review the site and has already written a letter supporting the boundary change.

(d) In the event of a dispute, the department shall make the final delineation based on the data and evidence submitted and an on-site review of the area with the applicant and representatives of the local authority responsible for the delineation.

The town and applicant are in agreement of the change to the prime wetland boundary to match the on-site wetland delineation.

#### 2.6 MITIGATION

This application is for the temporary impacts associated with the prime wetland restoration. This restoration will include the demolition and removal of several accessory structures and debris that is within the prime wetland. Upon the completion of this restoration, this area will not be maintained and will be allowed to return to the natural vegetation for that wetland type. As there are no permanent impacts to the prime wetland on the subject property mitigation is not required.

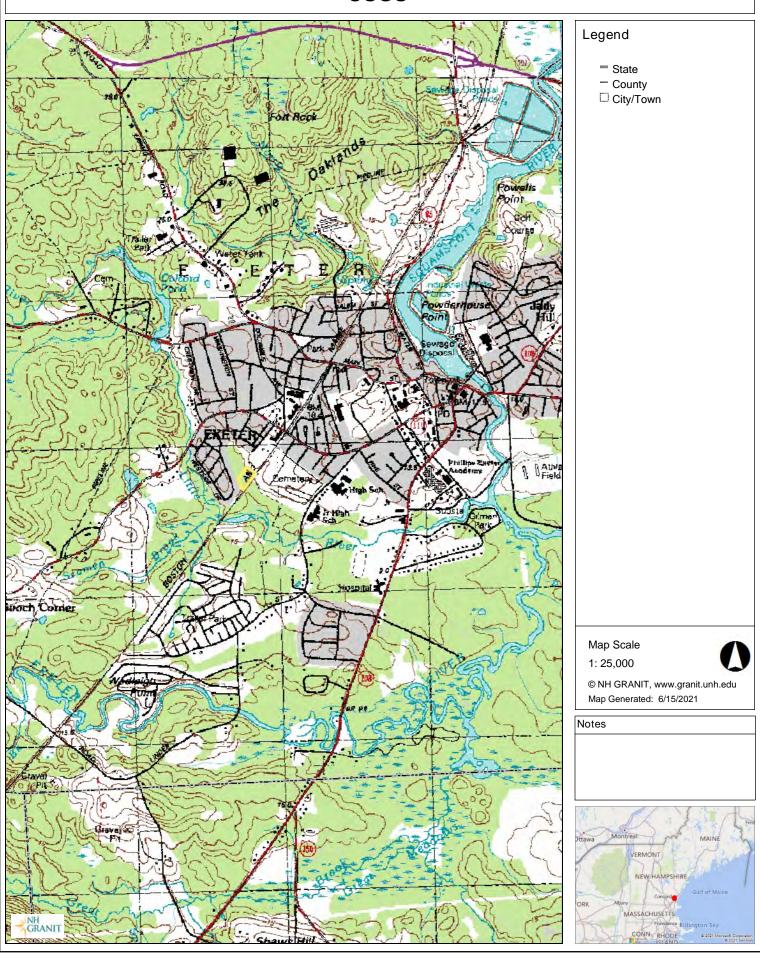
#### 3.0 PROJECT OVERVIEW

The applicant is proposing to redevelop the existing residential property from a single-family use to a multifamily condominium development. This proposed project will require the demolition of the existing single-family dwelling on site along with the demolition and removal of several decrepit accessory structures and associated debris. Several of these accessory structures on site have been constructed over the years

partially within the prime wetland and have become dilapidated. The debris from these buildings as well as debris from cars, building materials, a water craft and other machinery parts and products now are within the prime wetland. As this debris is both a detriment to the wetlands, there is also a safety issue requiring these buildings to be removed. Upon successful removal of these buildings the areas temporarily disturbed within the prime wetland (3,823 SF) will be restored/stabilized using a New England Erosion Control/Restoration Mix for Detention Basins and Moist sites. These areas after they are stabilized will not be maintained and will be allowed to naturally vegetate after the restoration is complete. There are no other wetland impacts associated with the 11-unit condominium development on the subject property.

## 1985 USGS QUAD SHEET LOCUS MAP Scale 1:24,000

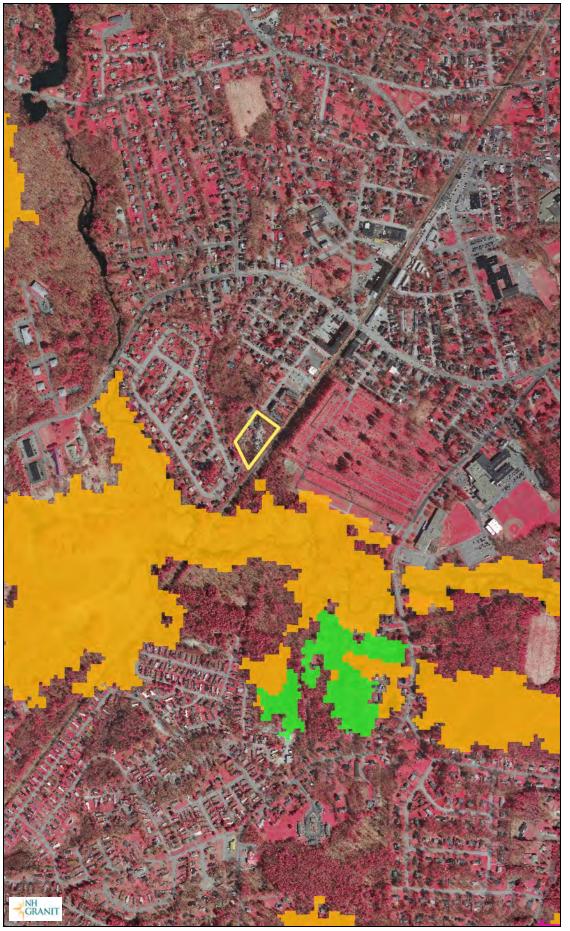
## **USGS**



Charter St, Exeter, NH Dredge and Fill Application for Major Impacts September, 2021

> Wildlife Action Plan Scale 1:24,000

## Wildlife Action Plan



#### Legend

- State
- County

☐ City/Town
WAP 2020: Highest Ranked
Wildlife Habitat

- 1 Highest Ranked Habitat in NH
   2 Highest Ranked Habitat in Regior
- 3 Supporting Landscape

Map Scale





© NH GRANIT, www.granit.unh.edu Map Generated: 6/15/2021

Notes



Aerial Imagery

## Aerial



#### Legend

- State
- County☐ City/Town

Map Scale 1: 1,624

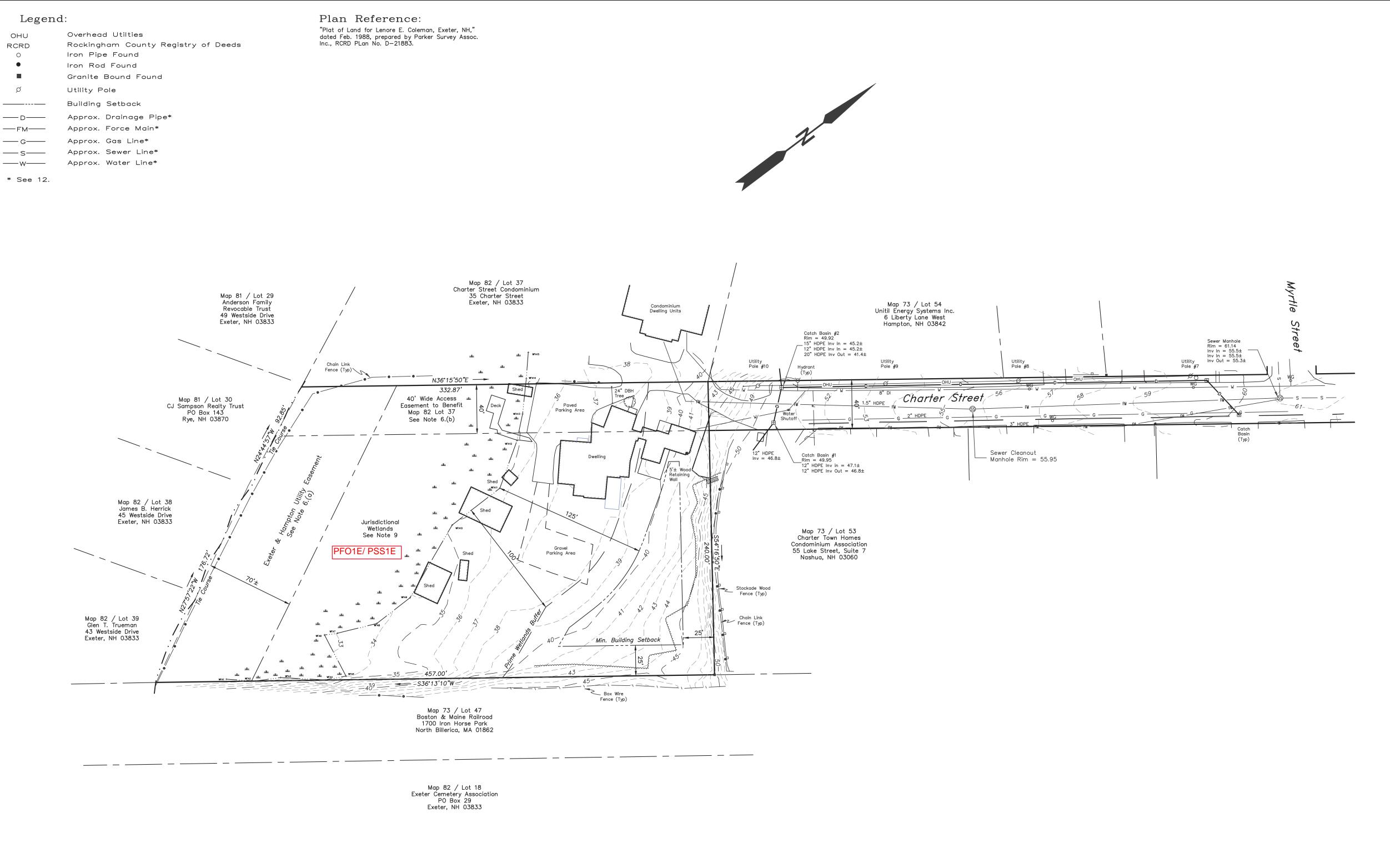


© NH GRANIT, www.granit.unh.edu Map Generated: 6/15/2021

Notes



### **EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN**



EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN PREPARED FOR

Notes:

6.) Owner of Record:

Lenore E. Coleman 275 Kearsarge Way Portsmouth, NH 03801

such easements exist.

10.) Record Lot Area: 2.2± Acres

1-888-344-7233 or dial 811.

RCRD Bk 3511, Pg 2576

1.) The purpose of this plan is to depict the existing conditions

of the subject tract at the time of the on the ground

2.) Field Procedure: Topcon Electronic Total Station Instrument & Carlson Surveyor Plus Data Collector, Adjusted Closed

5.) Parcel is located in the Central Area (C1) Zoning District.

a.) Parcel is subject to an easement to Exeter &

1242, Pg 91 and RCRD Bk 1242, Pg 92.

8.) Parcel is not located in a Flood Hazard Zone as depicted on Flood Insurance Rate Map, No. 33015C0402E, Rockingham

9.) The wetland area shown hereon was field delineated April 29,

11.) Horizontal Datum is based upon NAD83-86 New Hampshire

approximate and are based upon above ground visual observations during the field survey and the locations of

12..) The location of all underground utilities shown are

State Plane Coordinates and Vertical Datum is based upon

underground utilities as depicted on the plans provided by

or not depicted. The contractor or design engineer, prior

to the commencement of any construction, shall verify the location of all utilities and contact DIGSAFE at

guarantee the location, type or depth of all utilities depicted

the town. The surveyor/engineer does not warranty nor

County, NH, (All Jurisdictions), Effective Date: May 17, 2005.

2021, by Gove Environmental Services, Inc., of 8 Continental Drive, Building #2, Unit H, Exeter, NH.

7.) This plan does not show any unrecorded or unwritten easements which may exist. A reasonable and diligent attempt has been made to observe any apparent, visible uses of the land; however this does not constitute that no

Hampton Electric Co. as described in RCRD Bk 2199,

b.) Parcel is subject to a 40' wide access easement to benefit Map 82, Lot 37 as described in RCRD Bk

3.) Error of Closure Better Than 1: 19,000.

4.) Parcel is shown as Lot 36 on Assessor's Map 82.

Traverse Performed January 2021, Least Squares Balance.

survey conducted between January 6, 2021 and January 8,

ONE HOME BUILDERS II LLC SHOWN AS

TAX MAP 82 / LOT 36

LOCATED AT

32 CHARTER STREET COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM

EXETER, NH 0 20 40

SCALE: 1"= 40'

3 9/21/21 add wetland flag numbers dwv

eng review comments

eng review comments

2 9/8/21 1 8/18/21

NO. DATE

DATE: MAY 27, 201

DAVID W. VINCENT, LLS

LAND SURVEYING SERVICES PO BOX 1622 DOVER, NH 03821 TEL/FAX (603) 664-5786 www.landsurveyingservices.net

R-1 DIMENSIONAL REQUIREMENTS

MIN. LOT AREA MIN. LOT FRONTAGE MIN. LOT WIDTH 100 FT.

**BUILDING SETBACKS:** FRONT YARD SIDE YARD 25 FT. REAR YARD

<u>WETLAND SETBACKS/BUFFER:</u> STRUCTURES: SEPTICS & PARKING BUFFER/NO-DISTURBANCE 40 FT. PRIME WETLANDS LIMITED USE BUFFER 100 FT. PARKING & STRUCTURES 125 FT.



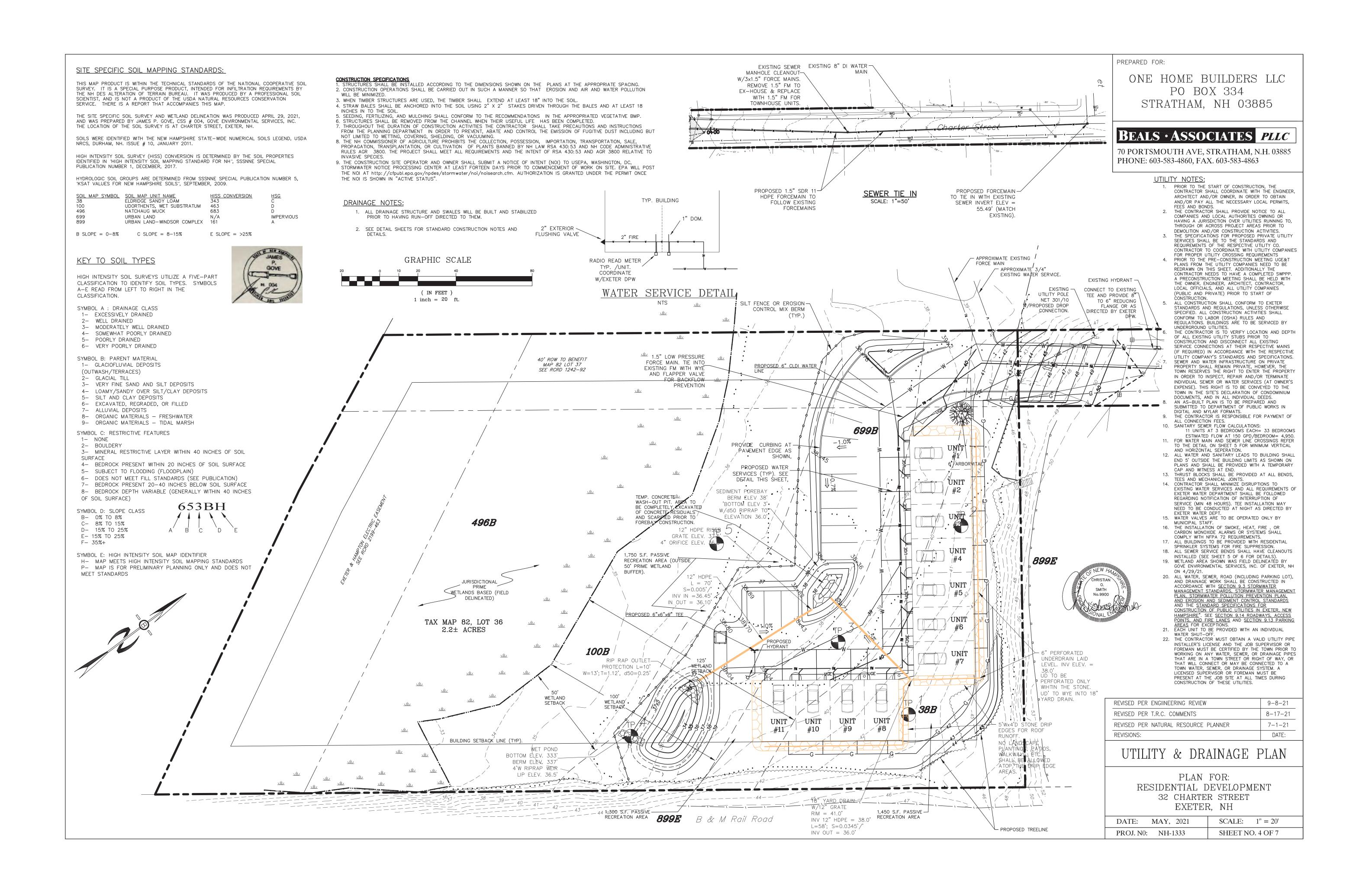
WETLAND NOTES THE LIMITS OF JURISDICTIONAL WETLANDS AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WERE DELINEATED BY GOVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC., IN ACCORDANCE WITH:

1. US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS REGIONAL SUPPLEMENT TO THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS WETLAND DELINEATION MANUAL: NORTHCENTRAL AND NORTHEAST REGION, TECHNICAL REPORT ERDC/EL TR-12-1, JANUARY 2012, VERSION 2.0
2. FIELD INDICATORS OF HYDRIC SOILS IN THE UNITED STATES, A GUIDE FOR IDENTIFYING AND DELINEATING HYDRIC SUILS, VERSIUN 7.0.

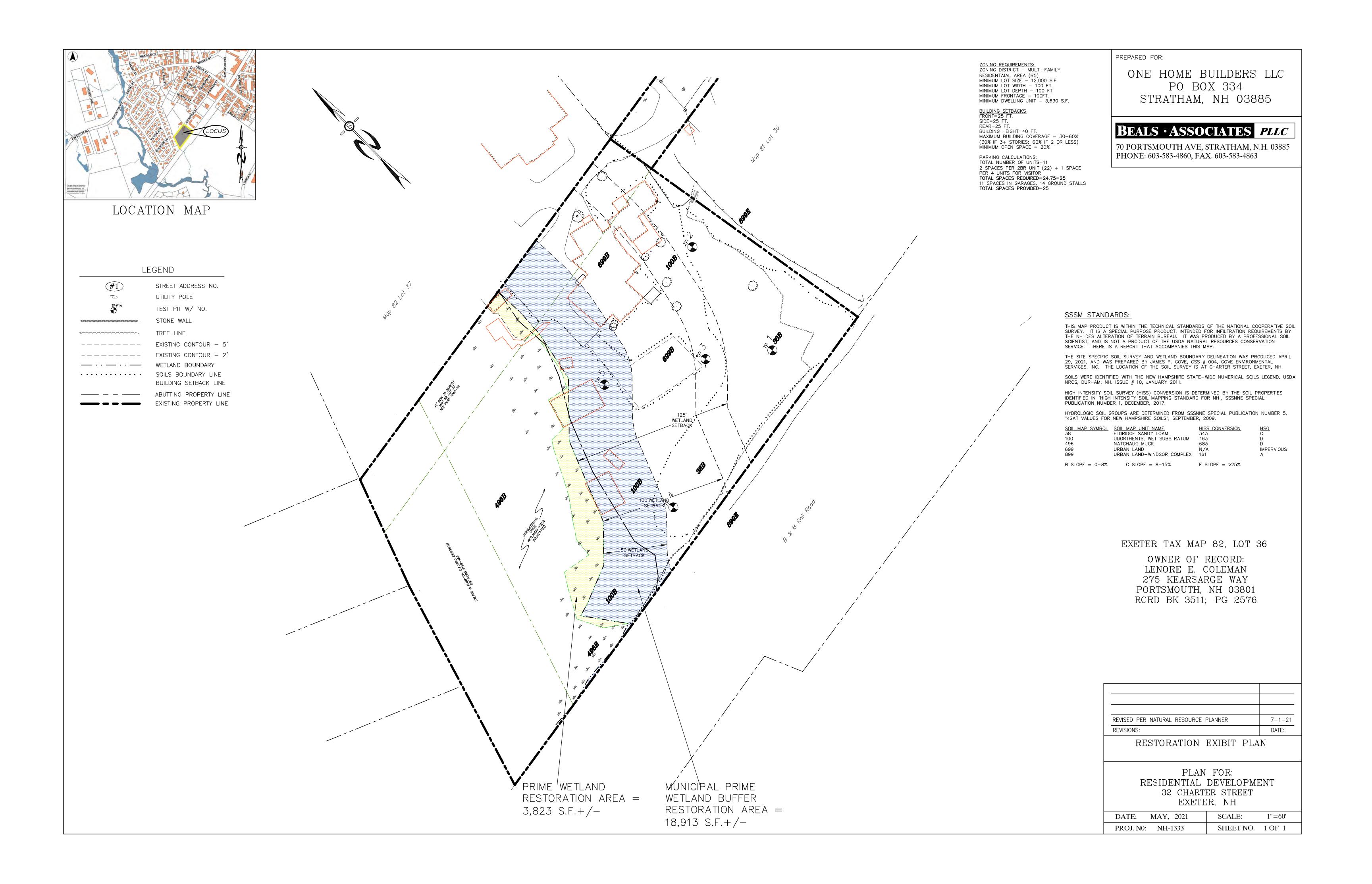
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (2010). 3. NORTH AMERICAN DIGITAL FLORA: NATIONAL WETLAND PLANT LIST, VERSION 2.2.1 (2009).

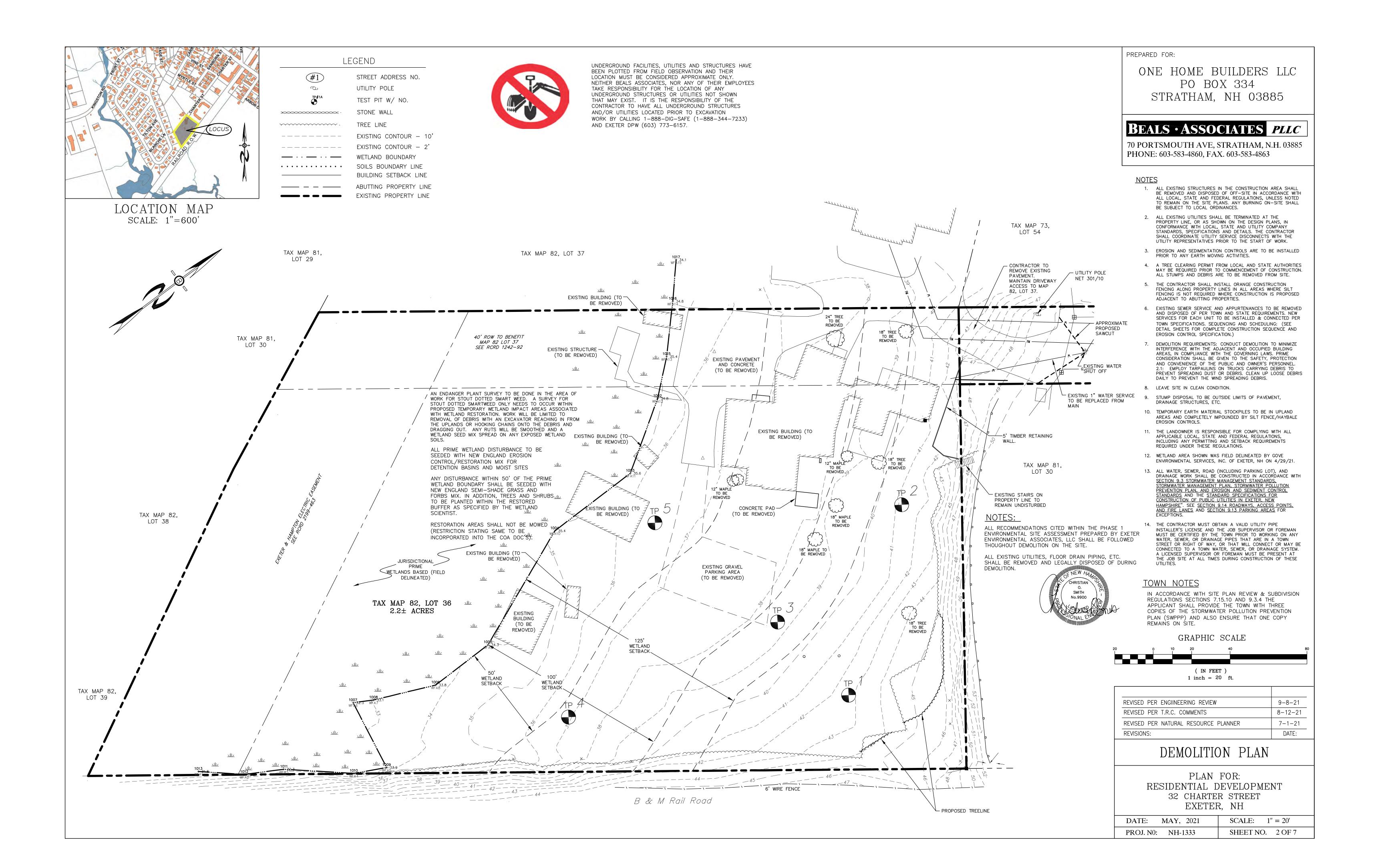


### SITE PLANS



### WETLAND IMPACT PLAN





## RESTORATION PLAN

#### **PLANTING NOTES:**

- 1. PLEASE REVIEW AND BECOME FULLY ACQUAINTED WITH THESE NOTES, CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, AND THE
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE AND VERIFY ALL EXISTING AND NEW UTILITY LINE LOCATIONS PRIOR TO PLANTING, AND SHALL REPORT ANY CONFLICT TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.
- 3. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO THE GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY THE "AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK" PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF NURSERY MEN, INC. LATEST EDITION.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAKE THE LOCATION OF ALL THE PROPOSED PLANT MATERIAL FOR APPROVAL BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT PRIOR TO PLANTING. NO PLANTS SHALL BE PLANTED BEFORE THE ACCEPTANCE OF ROUGH GRADING.
- 5. THE BASE OF THE FLARE OF THE TREE TRUNK SHALL BE EXPOSED, IF NECESSARY, AND PLACED 2" ABOVE FINISH GRADE
- 6. ANY PROPOSED SUBSTITUTIONS OF PLANT SPECIES WILL BE PLANTS WITH EQUIVALENT OVERALL FORM, HEIGHT, BRANCHING HABIT, FLOWER COLOR, LEAF COLOR, FRUIT COLOR, AND TIME OF BLOOM, AS APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT.
- 7. EXISTING LOAM: STOCKPILING OF EXISTING LOAM IS SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE. REMOVE CLAY LUMPS, BRUSH, LITTER, ROOTS, STONES 1" AND LARGER, AND OTHER FOREIGN MATERIALS.
- 8. ADDITIONAL LOAM: IF STOCKPILED LOAM QUANTITY IS INSUFFICIENT, PROVIDE LOAM, WHICH IS A "FINE SANDY LOAM", OR A "SANDY LOAM" DETERMINED BY MECHANICAL ANALYSIS AND BASED ON THE "U.S.D.A. CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM." IT SHALL BE OF UNIFORM COMPOSITION, WITHOUT ADMIXTURE OF SUBSOIL. LOAM SHALL HAVE AN ACIDITY RANGE OF PH 5.8 TO PH 7.0 AND SHALL CONTAIN NOT LESS THAN 4% NOR MORE THAN 10% ORGANIC MATTER AS DETERMINED BY THE LOSS OF IGNITION OF OVEN-DRIED SAMPLES. PROVIDE LOAM WHICH IS FERTILE, FRIABLE, NATURAL LOAM FREE FROM SUBSOIL, CLAY LUMPS, BRUSH, LITTER, ROOTS, STONES 1" AND LARGER, AND ANY FOREIGN MATERIALS.
- PINE MULCH: PROVIDE PARTIALLY DECOMPOSED MINIMUM SIX MONTH AGED FINELY SHREDDED PINE BARK MULCH WITH DARK BROWN COLOR AND FREE OF WEEDS, EXCESSIVE FINE PARTICLES, STRINGY MATERIAL, AND CHUNKS OF WOOD THICKER THAN 1/4". PROVIDE BARK MULCH APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. APPLY TACKIFIED MULCH TO ALL SEEDED AREAS.
- 10. ALL PLANTS SHALL BE PLUM VERTICALLY AFTER SETTLING.
- 11. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE MULCHED AFTER PLANTING.
- 12. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, DICTATED BY CONDITIONS AT THE SITE, AND DIRECTED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, BACKFILL SHALL CONSIST OF UNAMENDED SOIL EXCAVATED FROM THE PLANTING PIT. BACKFILL IN 3-4" LAYERS AND CONSOLIDATE EACH LAYER WITH WATER TO ELIMINATE VOIDS AND ARE POCKETS BEFORE PLACING SUBSEQUENT LAYERS. CONTINUE UNTIL BACKFILL HAS REACHED FINISHED GRADE. WATER THOROUGHLY WHEN EXCAVATION IS BACK FILLED AND CONTINUI WATERING UNTIL SATURATED. IF EXISTING UNAMENDED SOIL IS NOT ACCEPTED, PROVIDE PLANTING SOIL MIXTURE CONSISTING OF 7 PARTS LOAM AND 1 PART HUMUS. MIX QUANTITY OF FERTILIZER AND SOIL AMENDMENTS AS RECOMMENDED BY SOIL ANALYSIS AND APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT
- 13. WATERING: FLOOD ALL PLANTS WITH WATER TWICE WITHIN THE FIRST 24 HOURS AFTER PLANTING. 14. LOAMING: LOOSEN SUBGRADE AND EXISTING LOAM AREAS BY DISCING OR ROTOTILLING TO MINIMUM DEPTH OF 6". REMOVE STONES GREATER THAN 1" AND ALL RUBBISH AND DEBRIS. PLACE LOAM IN TWO EQUAL LIFTS MIXING FIRST APPLICATION INTO LOOSENED SUBGRADE THEN PLACE SECOND LIFT TO BRING LOAM AFTER
- MINIMUM. DO NOT HANDLE LOAM OR SUBSOIL IF IT IS WET OR FROZEN 15. AFTER LOAM HAS BEEN SPREAD, IT SHALL BE CAREFULLY PREPARED BY SCARIFYING AND HAND RAKING. ALL LARGE STIFF CLODS, LUMPS, BRUSH, ROOTS, STUMPS, LITTER AND FOREIGN MATTER, AND STONES OVER 1" DIAMETER SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE LOAM. LOAM SHALL ALSO BE FREE OF SMALLER STONES IN EXCESSIVE QUANTITIES AS DETERMINED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

SETTLING AND COMPACTING TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, 6" DEEP

- 16. FINE GRADING: SET SUFFICIENT GRADE STAKES FOR CHECKING THE FINISHED GRADES. STAKES MUST BE SET AT THE BOTTOM AND TOP OF SLOPES. GRADES SHALL BE ESTABLISHED THAT ARE ACCURATE TO 1/10TH OF A FOOT EITHER WAY. CONNECT CONTOURS AND SPOT ELEVATIONS WITH AN EVEN SLOPE. ALL GRADING WILL INSURE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM STRUCTURES.
- 17. FINE GRADE LAWN AREAS TO SMOOTH, FREE DRAINING, EVEN SURFACES WITH FINE TEXTURE. ROLL, RAKE AND DRAW LAWN AREAS TO FLATTEN RIDGES AND FILL DEPRESSIONS, EXCEPT AT SELECT AREAS SHOW ON THE DRAWINGS. CONTROL MOISTURE CONTENT TO MAINTAIN OPTIMUM CONDITIONS, BUT DO NOT CREATE A MUDDY CONDITION.
- 18. ROLLING TYPICAL: ROLL THE ENTIRE AREA WITH A HAND ROLLER WEIGHTING NOT MORE THAN 100 POUNDS. DURING THE ROLLING, ALL DEPRESSIONS CAUSED BY SETTLEMENT OF ROLLING SHALL BE FILLED WITH ADDITIONAL LOAM AND THE SURFACE SHALL BE REGARDED AND ROLLED UNTIL PRESENTING A SMOOTH AND EVEN FINISH TO THE REQUIRED GRADE OR TO THE SHAPES AND CONFIGURATIONS AS SHOWN ON THE DETAILS.
- 19. THE SILT FENCE SHALL BE LIMIT OF SEEDING UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS. ALL AREAS DISTURBED OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF WORK SHALL BE SEEDED AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS AND IN NOTES
- 20. IN CASE OF DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANT SCHEDULE AND THE QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANTING PLAN, THE QUANTITIES ON THE PLANTING PLAN SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

## PRIME WETLAND AND PRIME WETLAND BUFFER RESTORATION NOTES:

JAPANESE KNOTWEED AND PURPLE LOOSESTRIFE HAVE BEEN IDENTIFIED AND WILL REQUIRE REMOVAL AS FOLLOWS: REMOVE INVASIVE SPECIES FOLLOWING ACCEPTED METHODS AS DEFINED IN THE NHDOT INVASIVE SPECIES CONTROL MANUAL. THE USE OF HERBICIDE, APPLIED BY A LICENSED APPLICATOR FAMILIAR WITH INVASIVE SPECIES CONTROL METHODS IS RECOMMENDED. IT IS FURTHER RECOMMENDED TO USE A WICK APPLICATION TO PREVENT HERBICIDE MIGRATION INTO THE WETLAND SYSTEM.

DISTURBED AREAS REQUIRING RESTORATION SEEDING SHALL BE CAREFULLY GRADED WITH THE ADDITION OF 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL / COMPOST WITH A TEXTURE OF FINE SANDY LOAM OR SANDY LOAM SHALL BE PLACED.

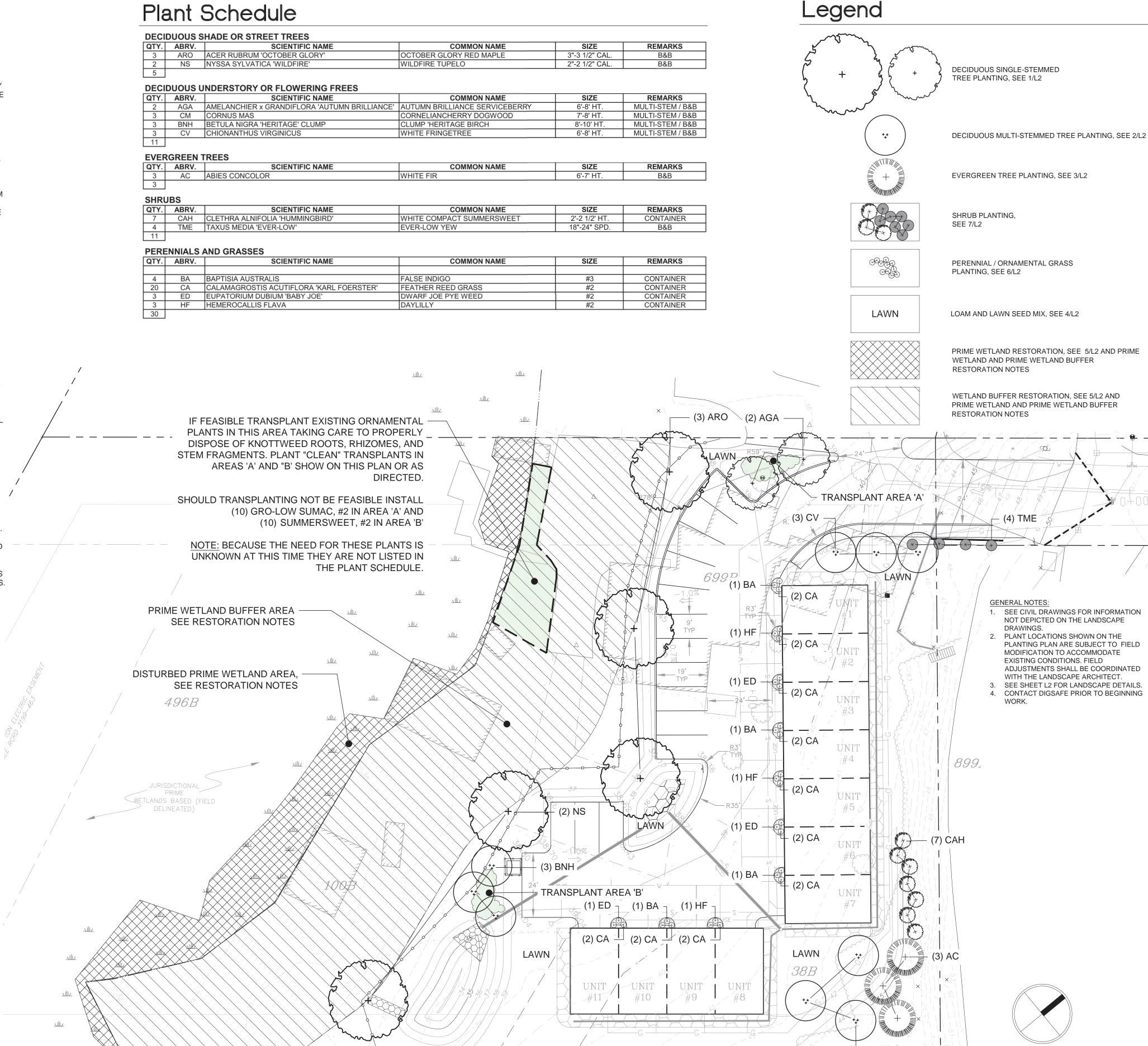
WITHIN THE PRIME WETLAND, NEW ENGLAND EROSION CONTROL/RESTORATION MIX FOR DETENTION BASINS AND MOIST SITES SHALL BE USED AT A RATE OF 35 LBS./ACRE. THIS SEED MIX IS AVAILABLE AT NEW ENGLAND WETLAND PLANTS, INC. WWW.NEWP.COM

WITHIN THE PRIME WETLAND BUFFER, NEW ENGLAND SEMI-SHADE GRASS AND FORBS MIX SHALL BE USED AT A RATE OF 30 LBS./ACRE. THIS SEED MIX IS AVAILABLE AT NEW ENGLAND WETLAND PLANTS, INC. WWW.NEWP.COM

IN ADDITION TO SEEDING DISTURBED AREAS WITHING THE PRIME WETLAND BUFFER 145 TREES/SHRUBS FROM THE FOLLOWING LIST SHALL BE PLANTED. NO MORE THAN 25 SHRUBS OF ANY SINGLE SPECIES SHALL BE USED. BOTH SPECIES WITH A WETLAND INDICATOR STATUS OF FACW SHALL BE PLANTED ALONG THE WETLAND EDGE.

## WETLAND BUFFER RESTORATION PLANT LIST

WEILAND BOILER RESTORATION FEART LIST							
SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	WETLAND	SIZE / DELIVERY				
		STATUS					
AMELANCHIER CANIDENSIS	SHADBLOW/SERVICEBERRY	FAC	#1 / CONTAINER				
ARONIA MELANOCARPA	BLACK CHOKEBERRY	FAC	#1 / CONTAINER				
CORNUS SERICEA	RED OSIER DOGWOOD	FACW	#1 / CONTAINER				
CORNUS RACEMOSA	GREY DOGWOOD	FAC	#1 / CONTAINER				
ILEX GLABRA	INKBERRY	FACW	#1 / CONTAINER				
ILEX VERTICILLATA	WINTERBERRY	FAC	#1 / CONTAINER				
SPIREA LATIFOLIA	MEADOWSWEET	FAC	#1 / CONTAINER				





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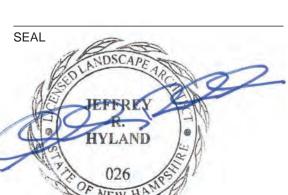
SHEET TITLE

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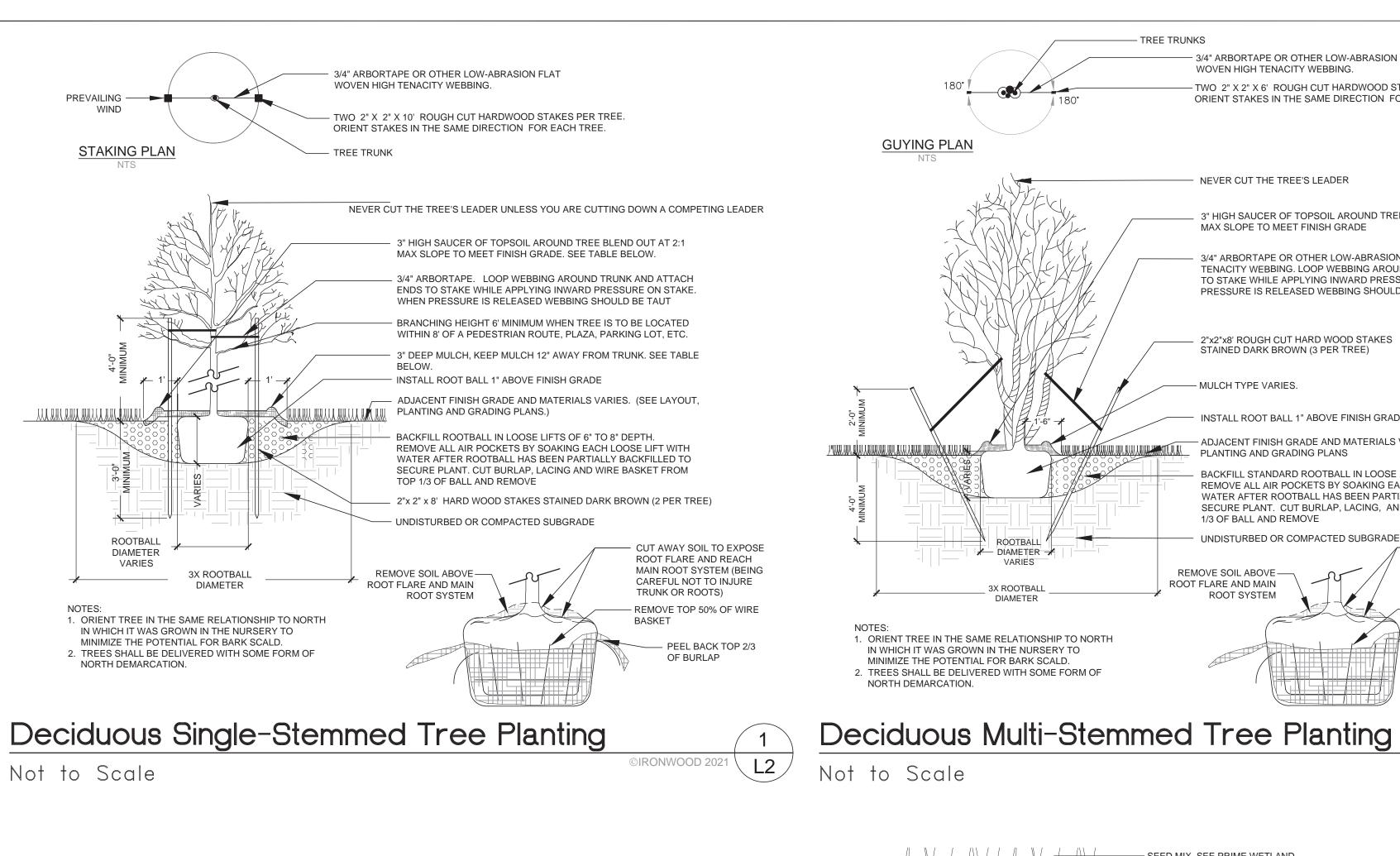
# LANDSCAPE **PLAN**

**REVISION LOG** REV# DATE DESCRIPTION PROJECT NO. **DESIGN BY** J. HYLAND / K.OSGOOD **DRAWN BY** K.OSGOOD CHECKED BY J. HYLAND

DATE SEPTEMBER 17, 2021 SCALE



DRAWING SUBMITTED FOR TOWN REVIEW ©2021 Ironwood Design Group, LLC



- JUTE EROSION CONTROL MATTING ON

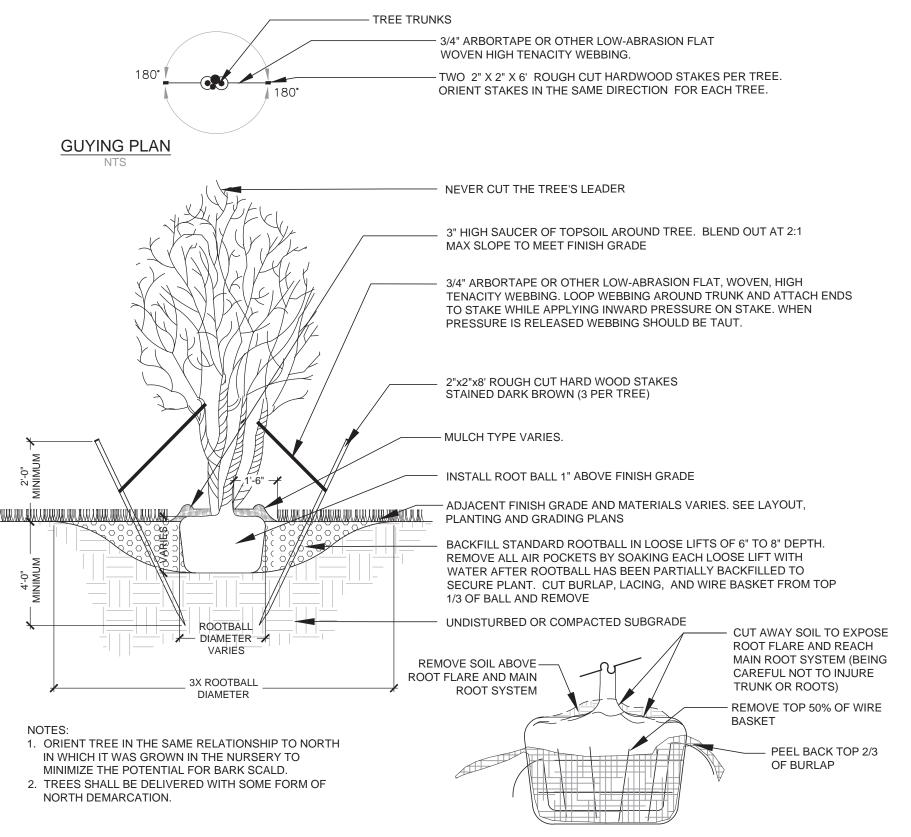
Type I Lawn Common Name

Celmfine, Rebel II or Tribute Tall Fescue

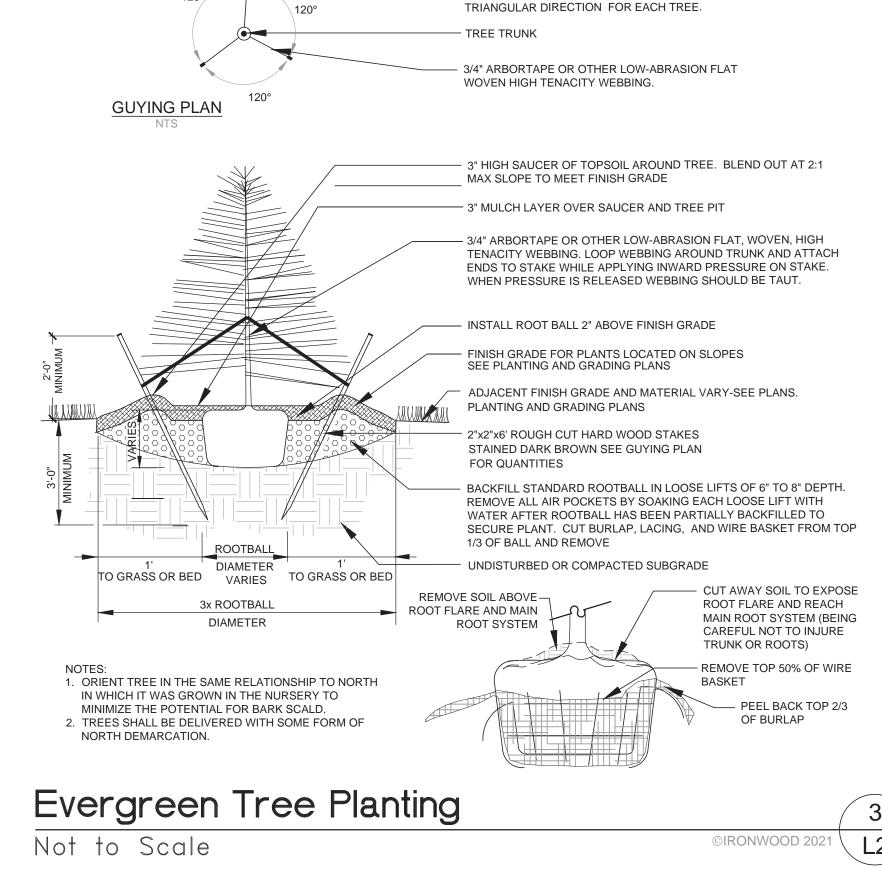
Palmer II Perennial Ryegrass

mestown Chewings Fescue Reliant Hard Fescue Bridsfoot Trefoil

SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1

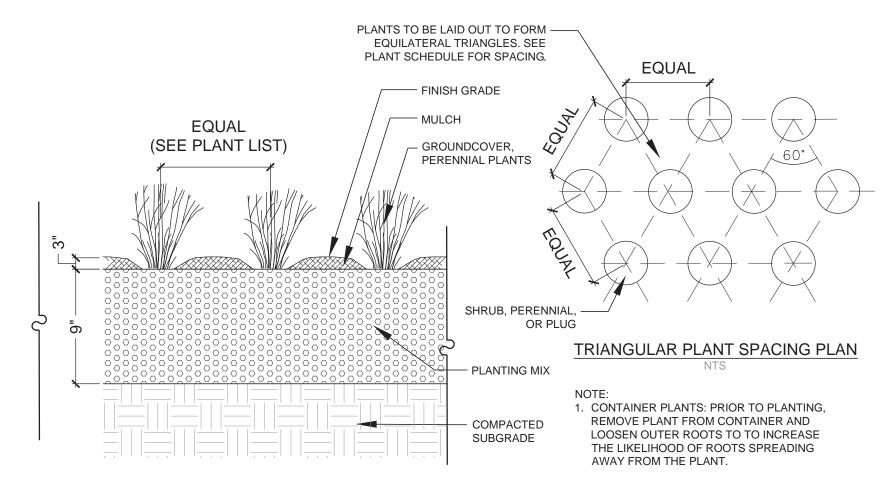


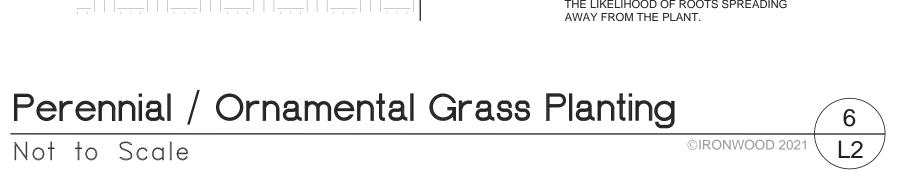
©IRONWOOD 2021

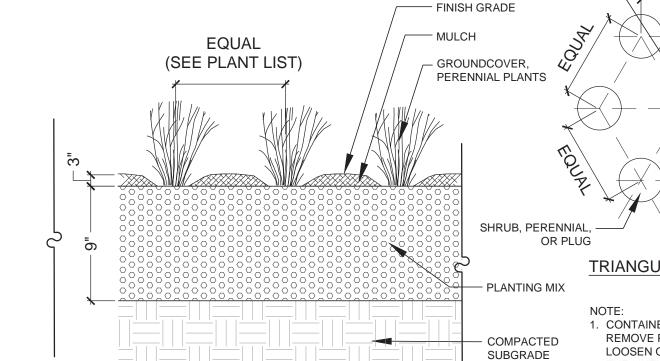


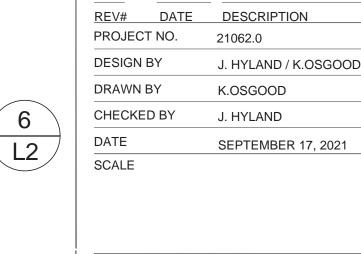
THREE 2" X 2" X 6' ROUGH CUT HARDWOOD STAKES PER TREE.

SET AT 120° INTERVALS AND ORIENT STAKES IN THE SAME









LANDSCAPE

**DETAILS** 

REVISION LOG

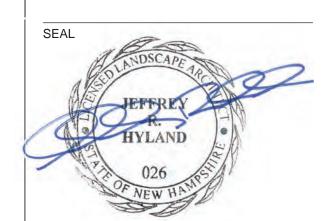
Newmarket, NH | Portland, ME | 603.772.0590 | www.FeWood.com

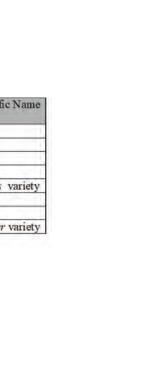
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 $\sum_{i=1}^{N}$ 

ONE 30X

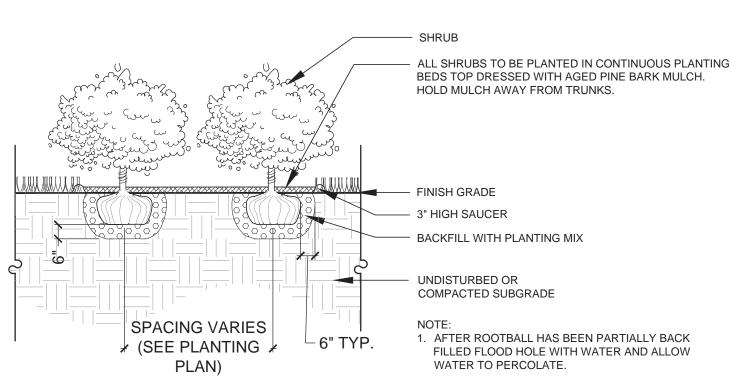




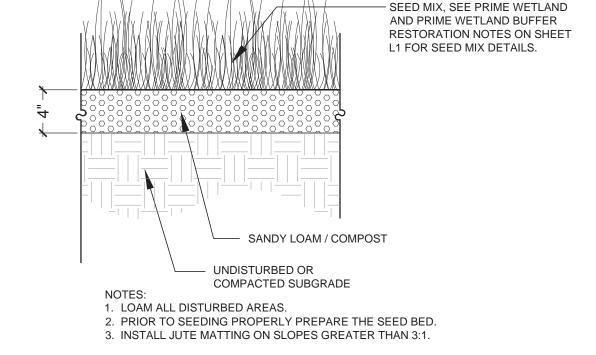
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1. LOAM ALL DISTURBED AREAS. 2. PRIOR TO SEEDING THE LAWN SEED MIX PROPERLY PREPARE THE SEED BED.





Shrub Planting Not to Scale ©IRONWOOD 2021



Loam and Restoration Seed Mix

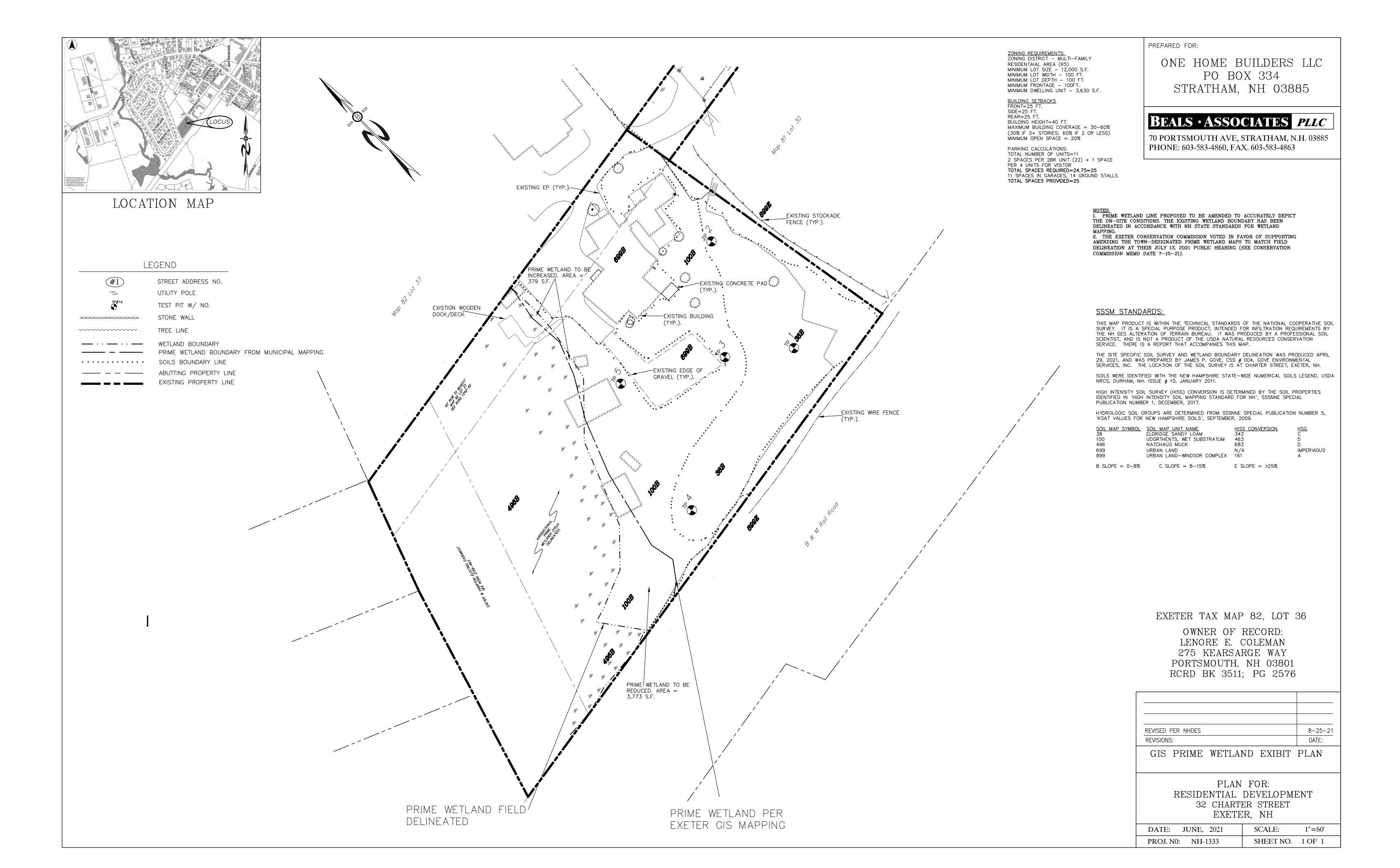
Not to Scale ©IRONWOOD 2021

DRAWING SUBMITTED FOR TOWN REVIEW



# PRIME WETLAND DOCUMENTATION





## TOWN OF EXETER CONSERVATION COMMISSION MEMORANDUM

Date: July 15, 2021 To: Planning Board

From: Andrew Koff, Chair, Exeter Conservation Commission Subject: 32 Charter Street, 11 townhouse/condo dwelling units

#### **Project Information:**

Project Location: 32 Charter St., Exeter, NH

Map/Lot: Map 82, Lot 36

CC Review Date: Conceptual Discussion 10/13/20, 11/10/20, Wetland Dredge and Fill and CUP 2/9/21

<u>PB CASE:</u> #21-02

At the applicant's request the Conservation Commission was presented with conceptual plans on 10/20/20 and 4/21/21 and a Wetland CUP on 7/13/21.

Following review of the submitted materials and presented information, the Exeter Conservation Commission voted as follows:

- They are supportive of amending the town-designated prime wetland maps to match the field delineation presented. The applicant acknowledged they would need to include a formal request with the wetland application to be submitted, including data to update the town maps and records.
- They recommend approval of the CUP application with the following conditions:
  - Trees and shrubs be planted in the buffer at a density dictated by the Army Corps Manual (typically 10' on center).
  - o Invasive species control and management be incorporated into the restoration proposal.
  - o Restoration plantings be monitored for a minimum of 2 years and managed adaptively should planting success drop below < 70% to ensure that success target is achieved.

Should design changes occur in a way that alters impacts to the prime wetland buffer, we would request an opportunity for additional review.

Andrew Koff

Mohn Toff

Chair, Exeter Conservation Commission

cc: Christian Smith, Beals Assoc.



## TOWN OF EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

10 FRONT STREET • EXETER, NH • 03833-3792 • (603) 778-0591 •FAX 772-4709 <u>www.town.exeter.nh.us</u>

**TO:** Mary Ann Tilton

NH DES Wetlands Bureau

29 Hazen Drive Concord, NH 03833

**RE:** Prime Wetland Boundary Amendment

Project Location: 32 Charter Street, Exeter, NH

Map-Lot 82, Lot 36

NHDES File No: TBD

CC Review Dates: July 13, 2021

The Exeter Conservation Commission reviewed the proposed project and associated application materials at their monthly meeting as noted above and voted unanimously that they are supportive of amending the town-designated prime wetland maps to match the field delineation presented.

Andrew Koff

Andry Toff

Chair, Exeter Conservation Commission

cc: Eben Lewis, NHDES Portsmouth Christian Smith, Beals Assoc

Jim Gove, GEI inc.

## PHOTOLOG OF IMPACT AREAS

Photo Log: Charter St, Exeter, NH Taken: 4/30/21



Photo #1: Looking to the south at the existing debris and stuff that is within the uplands and extending into the prime wetlands.



Photo #2: Looking to the north at the deteriorating building and structures that extend into the wetlands.



Photo #3: Looking to the west at another building and associated debris/trash that extends into the wetlands.



Photo #4: Looking to the north at the debris and structures that extend into the prime wetlands.



Photo #5: Looking to the north west at the debris in the prime wetlands.



Photo #6: Looking at the debris on the southern corner of the property extending into the prime wetland.



Photo #7: Looking to the west at the structures that extend into the prime wetlands.



Photo #8: Looking to the west again at the structures that extend into the prime wetland.

#### SOIL REPORT

```
Charter Street, Exeter
4-29-2021 – test pits
                               JP Gove
                                               GES 2020235
0-10 inches 10YR3/2 sandy loam, granular, friable
10-23 inches 10YR5/6 sandy loam, granular, friable
23-40 inches 2.5Y5/2 silt loam, platy, firm, redox
40-73 inches 7.5YR5/8 loamy sand, single grain, loose, redox
ESHWT 23"
2
0-12 inches 10YR3/2 sandy loam, granular, friable
12 inches plus washed stone – test pit halted due to concern for buried utility
3
0-12 inches 10YR3/3 sandy loam, granular, friable
12-31 inches 2.5Y5/2 silt loam, platy, firm, redox
31-70 inches 7.5YR5/8 loamy sand, single grain, loose, redox, observed water 31 inches
ESHWT = 12"
0-15 inches fill – observed water 10 inches
15-31 inches 10YR2/2 mucky sandy loam, granular, friable
31-58 inches 2.5Y5/2 silt loam, platy, firm, redox
58-73 inches 7.5YR5/8 loamy sand, single grain, loose
ESHWT = 10"
5
0-15 inches fill – observed water 15 inches
15-31 inches 10YR2/2 mucky sandy loam, granular, friable
31-50 inches 2.5Y5/2 silt loam, platy firm
50-70 inches 7.5YR5/8 loamy sand, single grain, loose
ESHWT = 15"
```

# For 32 Charter Street, Exeter, NH By Gove Environmental Services, Inc.

#### 1. MAPPING STANDARDS

Site-Specific Soil Mapping Standards for New Hampshire and Vermont. SSSNNE Special Publication No. 3, Version 5.0, December 2017. This map product is within the technical standards of the National Cooperative Soil Survey. It is a special product, intended for the submission to NH DES Alteration of Terrain. It was produced by a professional soil scientist and is not a product of the USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service.

Hydrologic Soil Group was determined using SSSNNE Special Publication No. 5, Ksat Values for New Hampshire Soils, September 2009.

#### **OVERVIEW:**

This site is surrounded by development on three sides, and the fourth side is a prime wetland. The lot has been partially filled with gravel at some point in the past. Large trees growing on site would indicate this was not a recent activity. The uplands are either fill over hydric soil, buildings/pavement/compacted gravel, or an Eldridge sandy loam that has a lithologic discontinuity. The surrounding upland areas were outwash sands prior to development. The remaining natural soil has an unusual profile of loam over silt loam over sands.

Scale of soil map:

Approximately 1" equals 20"

Contours:

Intervals of 2 feet

#### 2. DATE SOIL MAP PRODUCED

Date(s) of on-site field work: 4-29-2021

Date(s) of test pits: 4-29-2021

Test pits recorded by: JP Gove

#### 3. GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION AND SIZE OF SITE

City or town where soil mapping was conducted: Exeter

Location: At the end of Charter Street. Tax map 82, lot 36.

Size of area: approximately 2 acres

Was the map for the entire lot? Yes

If no, where was the mapping conducted on the parcel: n/a

#### 4. PURPOSE OF THE SOIL MAP

Was the map prepared to meet the requirement of Alteration of Terrain? No, site too small.

If no, what was the purpose of the map? Drainage calculations.

Who was the map prepared for? Beals Associates

#### 5. SOIL IDENTIFICATION LEGEND

SOIL MAP SYMB	OL SOIL MAP UNIT NAME	HISS CONVERSION	N HSG
38	Eldridge sandy loam	343	C
100	Udorthents, wet substratum	463	D
496	Natchaug muck	683	D
699	Urban land	n/a	Impervious
899	Urban land-Windsor complex	161	A
B slope = $0-8\%$	C slope = 8-15%	E slope = $>25$	%

#### 6. SOIL MAP UNIT DESCRIPTIONS – SOIL DESCRIPTIONS - PHOTOS



Soil map unit 100.



Soil map unit 100.



Soil map unit 38.

#### Eldridge sandy loam

The typical Eldridge soil map unit has a soil profile of loam over sandy loam/loamy sand over silt loam or silty clay loam. The Eldridge on site has a similar soil profile until a depth of 30 to 40 inches, where a loamy sand/sand is encountered and extends to a depth of 70 plus inches. This is unusual. The following is the soil profile:

Topsoil 0-10" 10YR3/2 Sandy Loam, granular, friable.

B Horizon 10-23" 10YR5/6 Sandy Loam, granular, friable.

C Horizon 23-40" 2.5Y5/2 Silt Loam, platy, firm with common redox (ESHWT = 23").

C2 Horizon 40-73" 7.5YR5/8 Loamy Sand, single grain, loose, redox features and saturated.

100 Udorthents, wet substratum

This map unit was filled in the past. Fill was placed over hydric soils. The following is the soil profile:

Fill 0-15" mixed loam and gravel.

38

Buried A Horizon 15-31" 10YR2/2 Mucky Sandy Loam, granular, friable with redox features.

C Horizon 31-58" Silt Loam, platy, firm, redox features and saturated.

C2 Horizon 58-73" 7.5YR5/8 Loamy sand, single grain, loose and saturated.

496 Natchaug muck

This map unit is the soil of the prime wetland. It is 16 or more inches of muck over loamy mineral.

699 Urban land

This map unit is the impervious surfaces on the site. It includes buildings, pavement and the compacted gravel parking areas.

Windsor complex Urban land-Windsor complex

This map unit is a mix of the impervious surfaces of development and the remaining outwash material that was not covered by pavement or buildings.

#### 7. RESPONSIBLE SOIL SCIENTIST

Name: James P. Gove

Certified Soil Scientist Number: 004

#### 8. OTHER DISTINGUISHING FEATURES OF SITE

Is the site in a natural condition? No

If no, what is the nature of the disturbance? Filled over hydric soils.

#### Stamp of CSS



4-30-2021

# COORDINATION WITH NATURAL HERITAGE BUREAU

#### **Brenden Walden**

**From:** Bouchard, Jessica < Jessica.R.Bouchard@dncr.nh.gov>

**Sent:** Thursday, July 15, 2021 1:35 PM

To: Brenden Walden Cc: Lamb, Amy

**Subject:** RE: NHB21-1449\_Charter St. Exeter Project

#### Hi Brenden,

Thank you for taking the time to perform a survey and for providing a survey report. It is understandable that there were safety concerns at this location, given the extent of waste and debris.

NHB has no additional concerns regarding the project.

Thank you,

Jessica Bouchard

Environmental Reviewer / Ecological Information Specialist New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) Division of Forests & Lands NH Dept. of Natural & Cultural Resources 172 Pembroke Rd Concord, NH 03301 (603) 271-2834 (office)

#### **NHB DataCheck Tool**

From: Brenden Walden <bwalden@gesinc.biz>

Sent: Monday, July 12, 2021 1:43 PM

To: Bouchard, Jessica < Jessica.R.Bouchard@dncr.nh.gov>

Cc: Lamb, Amy < Amy.E.Lamb@dncr.nh.gov>

Subject: RE: NHB21-1449\_Charter St. Exeter Project

#### **EXTERNAL:** Do not open attachments or click on links unless you recognize and trust the sender.

Hey Jessica,

The applicant is hoping to file prior to the plants in full bloom since we have to go through the adjustment of the prime wetland boundary.

I was able to get out and survey a good amount of the property, however, due to the conditions on site I wasn't able to access all areas for safety reasons.

If you have any questions on the report or any further questions or comments on the project, please let me know. Thanks!

Brenden Walden

**Business Manager & Wetland Scientist** 

#### GOVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.

8 Continental Dr, Bldg 2, Unit H, Exeter, NH 03833-7507

#### *Ph* (603) 418-7260 / Cell (207) 710-7863 / *Fax* (603) 778-0654 *bwalden@gesinc.biz*

From: Bouchard, Jessica < Jessica.R.Bouchard@dncr.nh.gov >

Sent: Wednesday, May 26, 2021 1:35 PM
To: Brenden Walden < <a href="mailto:bwalden@gesinc.biz">bwalden@gesinc.biz</a>
Cc: Lamb, Amy < <a href="mailto:Amy.E.Lamb@dncr.nh.gov">Amy.E.Lamb@dncr.nh.gov</a>
Subject: NHB21-1449 Charter St. Exeter Project

Hi Brenden,

I no longer have Jim's email address so please forward this along to him if needed. As discussed in the pre-application meeting, please survey within wetlands that are proposed to be impacted for restoration. We don't have a factsheet for this species, but below is a link to the Go Botany webpage with some photos (pressed) and a key diagnostic feature shown on the tepals.

#### https://gobotany.nativeplanttrust.org/species/persicaria/robustior/

Stout dotted smartweed is in flower between early August and mid-October. It would be easiest to survey when in flower, of course. If you attempt to survey prior to flowering, note that the Go Botany webpage indicates a species that stout dotted smartweed can be confused with, called *P. punctate*. The way to distinguish these two species prior to flowering is by leaf blade width, as discussed on the webpage.

Thank you,

Jessica Bouchard
Environmental Reviewer / Ecological Information Specialist
New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB)
Division of Forests & Lands
NH Dept. of Natural & Cultural Resources
172 Pembroke Rd
Concord, NH 03301
(603) 271-2834 (office)

NHB DataCheck Tool



**Date:** 6/30/2021

**To:** Jessica Bouchard

Environmental Reviewer/ Ecological Information Specialist

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau

**CC:** Amy Lamb

Data Manager

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau

From: Brenden Walden, GES, INC.

**Re:** Charter Street Development

Subject: NHB21-1449 / State Endangered Plant Survey

The subject property located on 32 Charter St, in Exeter, NH Tax Map 82 Lot 36 was surveyed at the request of Natural Heritage Bureau for the presence of Stout Dotted Smartweed, a species on the NHB report listed as an endangered plant species at the state level. This survey was requested during the pre-application meeting that occurred on 5/26/2021, due to the potential habitat for the aforementioned plant being present on the subject property near the proposed restoration activities.

A survey was conducted on 6/22/21, and focused on areas along the wetland boundary where restoration work is proposed to take place as directed by Natural Heritage Bureau. The current condition of the existing structures and debris in these areas (proposed to be removed) limited the extent of the survey due to safety concerns regarding safe access. Due to these limitations the survey focused on the frontage areas of the wetland boundary and where the restoration activities are proposed to take place. Additional interior wetland areas were reviewed where safe access permitted.

During the survey of the subject property the Stout Dotted Smartweed was not observed. The Dotted Smartweed described on the Go Botany website as commonly confused with Stout Dotted Smartweed was also not observed. I have attached photos of the site at the time of the survey below as well as an outline of the general area that was surveyed.

This concludes the survey report for the Stout Dotted Smartweed, if you have any other questions or believe I can be of assistance on anything else please let me know either by phone: 207-710-7863 or by email @: <a href="mailto:bwalden@gesinc.biz">bwalden@gesinc.biz</a>.

Sincerely, Brenden Walden Business Manager & Wetland Scientist Gove Environmental Services, Inc.



Photo Log Charter St, Exeter, NH Taken: 6/22/21



Photo #1: Looking to the south west at an abandoned shed noting the thick emergent vegetation adjacent to the scrub-shrub wetland



Photo #2: Looking to the south west at the thick emergent vegetation adjacent to the scrub-shrub wetland





Photo #3: Looking at the thick vegetation between two of the structures on site



Photo #4: Looking at the vegetation between two of the structures on site





Photo #5: Looking at the extensive debris on site.



Photo #6: Looking at the debris mixed with the thick vegetation.

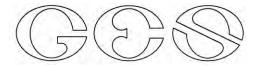




Photo #7: Looking at the emergent vegetation adjacent to the scrub-shrub wetland.

Appendix I New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau Inquiry

#### Memo

#### NH Natural Heritage Bureau NHB DataCheck Results Letter

To: Luke Hurley, Gove Environmental Services, Inc.

8 Continental Drive Exeter, NH 03833

From: Amy Lamb, NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Date: 4/28/2021 (valid until 04/28/2022)

Re: Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Permits: NHDES - Wetland Standard Dredge & Fill - Major, USACE - General Permit

NHB ID: NHB21-1449 Town: Exeter Location: 32 Charter St

Description: The applicant is proposing a residential development on the property and in association with the development they are also

proposing to remove existing structures and debris from the state prime wetland in an effort to restore these areas.

As requested, I have searched our database for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities, with the following results.

Comments NHB: Please send NHB information about the type(s) of wetlands to be impacted, as well as photos of wetland impact areas, preferably taken during

the growing season.

F&G: No Comments At This Time

#### Plant species State<sup>1</sup> Federal Notes

 $stoutdotted\ smartweed\ (\textit{Persicaria robustior})^*$ 

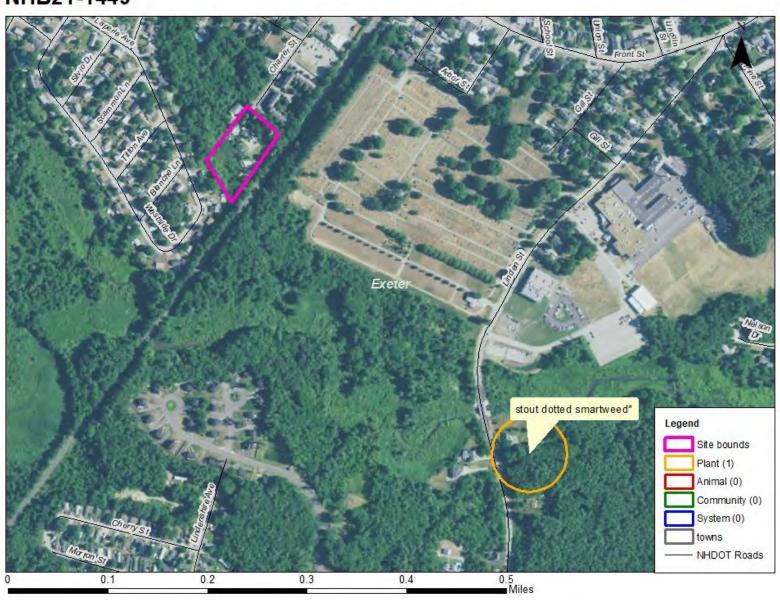
E -- Threats include changes to local hydrology that would affect its habitat. It grows on river or streambanks, pond or lake shores, and in forested swamps.

<sup>1</sup>Codes: "E" = Endangered, "T" = Threatened, "SC" = Special Concern, "--" = an exemplary natural community, or a rare species tracked by NH Natural Heritage that has not yet been added to the official state list. An asterisk (\*) indicates that the most recent report for that occurrence was more than 20 years ago.

A negative result (no record in our database) does not mean that a sensitive species is not present. Our data can only tell you of known occurrences, based on information gathered by qualified biologists and reported to our office. However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. An on-site survey would provide better information on what species and communities are indeed present.

## **CONFIDENTIAL** – NH Dept. of Environmental Services review

#### NHB21-1449



NHB21-1449 EOCODE: PDPGN0L220\*006\*NH

#### New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau - Plant Record

#### stout dotted smartweed (Persicaria robustior)

Legal Status Conservation Status

Federal: Not listed Global: Apparently secure but with cause for concern State: Listed Endangered State: Critically imperiled due to rarity or vulnerability

**Description at this Location** 

Conservation Rank: Not ranked

Comments on Rank: --

Detailed Description: 1984: Ca. 101-1000 flowering and fruiting plants on 10-100 square yards of population area.

Plants were exceptionally vigorous.

General Area: Found in river mud. Associated spp include Sparganium americanum, Cardamine

pennsylvanica, and others.

General Comments: ---Management ---

Comments:

Location

Survey Site Name: Linden Street, Little River Bridge

Managed By:

County: Rockingham Town(s): Exeter

Size: 2.8 acres Elevation:

Precision: Within (but not necessarily restricted to) the area indicated on the map.

Directions: Exeter. Linden Street, Little River Bridge. Along riverbed and river bank.

**Dates documented** 

First reported: 1984 Last reported: 1984-09-13

#### Appendix II New Hampshire Department of Historic Resources Inquiry

Please mail the completed form and required material to:

New Hampshire Division of Historical Resources State Historic Preservation Office Attention: Review & Compliance 19 Pillsbury Street, Concord, NH 03301-3570

DHR Use Only		
R&C#		
Log In Date _	//	
Response Date / /		
Sent Date _	//	

#### Request for Project Review by the New Hampshire Division of Historical Resources

☐ This is a new submittal ☐ This is additional information relating to DHR Review & Compliance (R&C) #:				
GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION				
Project Title Chater St Condominium				
Project Location 32 Charter Street				
City/Town Exeter Tax Map 82 Lot # 36				
NH State Plane - Feet Geographic Coordinates: Easting Northing (See RPR Instructions and R&C FAQs for guidance.)				
Lead Federal Agency and Contact (if applicable) (Agency providing funds, licenses, or permits) Permit Type and Permit or Job Reference #				
State Agency and Contact (if applicable) NH DES				
Permit Type and Permit or Job Reference # Dredge & Fill				
APPLICANT INFORMATION				
Applicant Name One Home Builders, LLC				
Mailing Address PO Box 334 Phone Number				
City Stratham State NH Zip 03885 Email Frank@kinbilthomes.com				
CONTACT PERSON TO RECEIVE RESPONSE				
Name/Company Brenden Walden / Gove Environmental Services, Inc.				
Mailing Address 8 Continental Drive, Bldg 2, Unit H Phone Number 2077107863				
City Exeter State NH Zip 03833 Email bwalden@gesinc.biz				

This form is updated periodically. Please download the current form at www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review. Please refer to the Request for Project Review Instructions for direction on completing this form. Submit one copy of this project review form for each project for which review is requested. Include a self-addressed stamped envelope to expedite review response. Project submissions will not be accepted via facsimile or e-mail. This form is required. Review request form must be complete for review to begin. Incomplete forms will be sent back to the applicant without comment. Please be aware that this form may only initiate consultation. For some projects, additional information will be needed to complete the Section 106 review. All items and supporting documentation submitted with a review request, including photographs and publications, will be retained by the DHR as part of its review records. Items to be kept confidential should be clearly identified. For questions regarding the DHR review process and the DHR's role in it, please visit our website at: <a href="www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review">www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review</a> or contact the R&C Specialist at <a href="marka.labash@dncr.nh.gov">marka.labash@dncr.nh.gov</a> or 603.271.3558.

PROJECTS CANNOT BE PROCESSED WITHOUT THIS INFORMATION	
Project Boundaries and Description	
Attach the Project Mapping using EMMIT or relevant portion of a 7.5' USGS Map. (See RI Instructions and R&C FAQs for guidance.)  Attach a detailed narrative description of the proposed project.  Attach a site plan. The site plan should include the project boundaries and areas of proposed excavation Attach photos of the project area (overview of project location and area adjacent to project location, as specific areas of proposed impacts and disturbances.) (Informative photo captions are requested.)  A DHR records search must be conducted to identify properties within or adjacent to the project area. Provide records search results via EMMIT or in Table 1. (Blank table forms are available on the DE website.)  EMMIT or in-house records search conducted on 9/21/2021.	n. nd
<u>Architecture</u>	
Are there any buildings, structures (bridges, walls, culverts, etc.) objects, districts or landscapes within t project area? Yes No If no, skip to Archaeology section. If yes, submit all of the following information:	he
Approximate age(s): Unknown	
<ul> <li>Photographs of each resource or streetscape located within the project area, with captions, along with mapped photo key. (Digital photographs are accepted. All photographs must be clear, crisp and focused.</li> <li>If the project involves rehabilitation, demolition, additions, or alterations to existing buildings structures, provide additional photographs showing detailed project work locations. (i.e. Detail photo windows if window replacement is proposed.)</li> </ul>	or
<u>Archaeology</u>	
Does the proposed undertaking involve ground-disturbing activity? $\boxtimes$ Yes $\square$ No If yes, submit all of the following information:	
Description of current and previous land use and disturbances.  Available information concerning known or suspected archaeological resources within the project ar (such as cellar holes, wells, foundations, dams, etc.)	·ea
Please note that for many projects an architectural and/or archaeological survey or other additional information may be needed to complete the Section 106 process.	
DHR Comment/Finding Recommendation This Space for Division of Historical Resources Use Only	
☐ Insufficient information to initiate review.       ☐ Additional information is needed in order to complete review.         ☐ No Potential to cause Effects       ☐ No Historic Properties Affected       ☐ No Adverse Effect       ☐ Adverse Effect         Comments:       ☐	
If plans change or resources are discovered in the course of this project, you must contact the Division of Historica Resources as required by federal law and regulation.	$\overline{al}$
authorized Signature: Date:	

Appendix III Tax Map, List of Abutters, Abutter Notification Letter, and Certified Mail Receipts

#### Abutter List

#### **Subject Property**

Map 82 Lot 36 Lenore E Coleman 275 Kearsarge Way, Portsmouth, NH, 03801

#### **Abutters**

Map 82 Lot 37 Charter St Condominium 35 Charter St, Exeter, NH, 03833

Map 81 Lot 29 Anderson Family Revocable Trust 49 Westside Drive, Exeter, NH, 03833

Map 81 Lot 30 CJ Sampson Reality Trust PO Box 143 Rye, NH, 03870

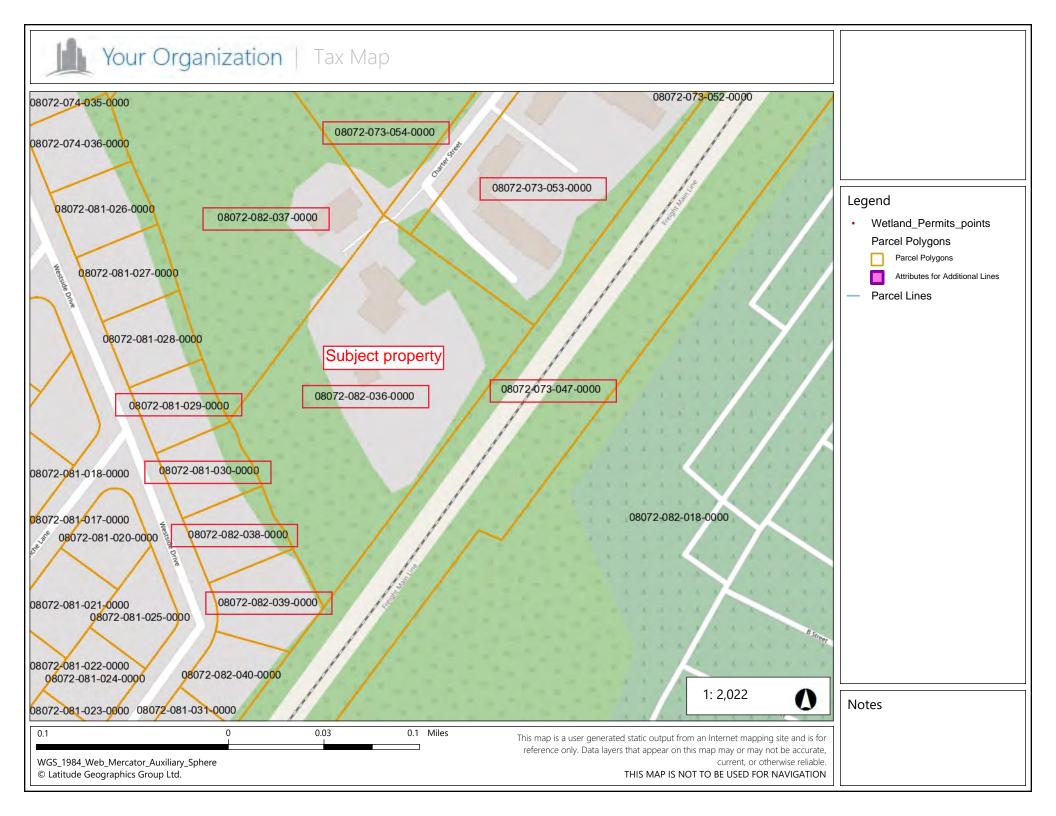
Map 82 Lot 38 James B. Herrick 45 Westside Drive, Exeter, NH, 03833

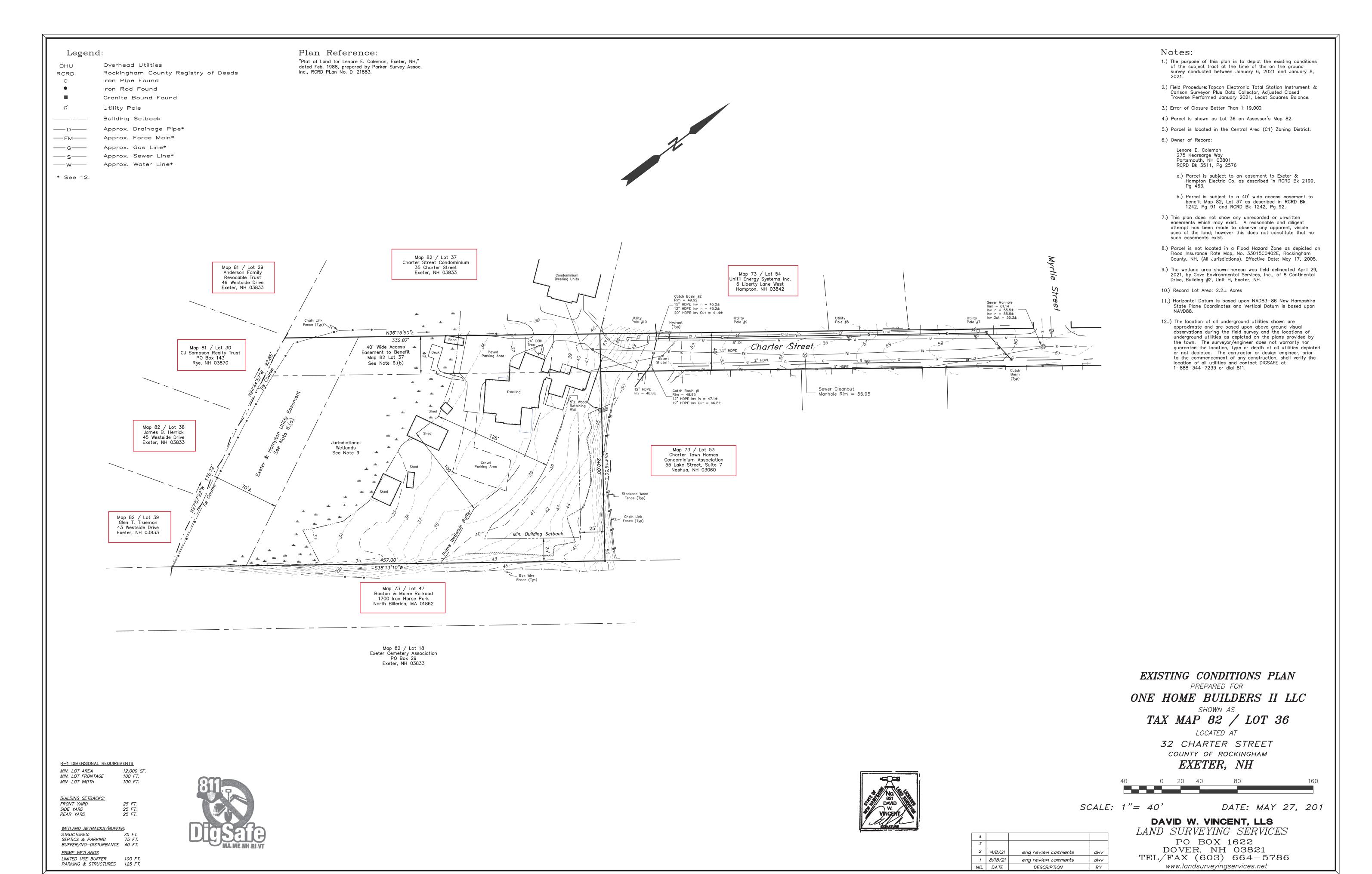
Map 82 Lot 39 Glen T. Trueman 43 Westside Drive, Exeter, NH, 03833

Map 73 Lot 47 Boston & Maine Railroad 1700 Iron Horse Park, North Billerica, MA, 01862

Map 73 Lot 53 Charter Town Homes Condominium Association 55 Lake Street, Suite 7, Nashua, NH, 03060

Map 73 Lot 54 Unitil Energy Systems, Inc. 6 Liberty Lane West Hampton, NH,03842







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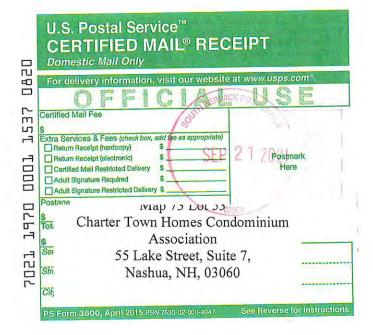


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	Adult Signature Restricted Delivery \$
1970	Post
17	Map 82 Lot 37
H	Charter St Condominium
	35 Charter St,
ГU	Exeter, NH, 03833
702T	0.00
	City, State, ZIP+4*
	PS Form 3800, April 2015 PSN 7530-02-000-9047 See Reverse for Instructions









September 21, 2020

«Name» «Street» «TownStateZip»

Re: Proposed Condominium Development & Prime Wetland Restoration

Subject: NH Department of Environmental Services Wetlands Bureau

Major Impact Dredge & Fill Application

#### Dear Abutter:

The purpose of this letter is to inform you that One Home Builders, LLC, of Stratham, NH is applying to the NH Department of Environmental Services Wetlands Bureau, which requires this notice for a dredge and fill permit to impact areas under its jurisdiction. The application is for the removal of accessory structures and debris within the prime wetland. The applicant is proposing to restore the wetland area and all natural vegetation to return to these temporarily disturbed areas. The proposed restoration will have temporary impacts totaling to 3,823 SF of to the prime wetland. There are no other wetland impacts temporary or permanent associated with the proposed project. The project is proposed on Tax map 82 Lot 36 on Charter St, Exeter, NH.,

A copy of the application, including plans, will be made available for your review at the town offices and at the NH Department of Environmental Services Wetlands Bureau, 29 Hazen Drive in Concord.

If you have any questions that we might be able to answer, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Sincerely,

Brenden Walden GES, Inc.



# TOWN OF EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

10 FRONT STREET • EXETER, NH • 03833-3792 • (603) 778-0591 •FAX 772-4709 <u>www.town.exeter.nh.us</u>

**TO:** Mary Ann Tilton

NH DES Wetlands Bureau

29 Hazen Drive Concord, NH 03833

**RE:** Prime Wetland Boundary Amendment

Project Location: 32 Charter Street, Exeter, NH

Map/Lot: Map-Lot 82, Lot 36

NHDES File No: TBD

CC Review Dates: July 13, 2021

The Exeter Conservation Commission reviewed the proposed project and associated application materials at their monthly meeting as noted above and voted unanimously that they are supportive of amending the town-designated prime wetland maps to match the field delineation presented.

Andrew Koff

Andre Toff

Chair, Exeter Conservation Commission

cc: Eben Lewis, NHDES Portsmouth Christian Smith, Beals Assoc

Jim Gove, GEI inc.

# TOWN OF EXETER CONSERVATION COMMISSION MEMORANDUM

Date: July 15, 2021 To: Planning Board

From: Andrew Koff, Chair, Exeter Conservation Commission Subject: 32 Charter Street, 11 townhouse/condo dwelling units

#### **Project Information:**

Project Location: 32 Charter St., Exeter, NH

Map/Lot: Map 82, Lot 36

CC Review Date: Conceptual Discussion 10/13/20, 11/10/20, Wetland Dredge and Fill and CUP 2/9/21

<u>PB CASE:</u> #21-02

At the applicant's request the Conservation Commission was presented with conceptual plans on 10/20/20 and 4/21/21 and a Wetland CUP on 7/13/21.

Following review of the submitted materials and presented information, the Exeter Conservation Commission voted as follows:

- They are supportive of amending the town-designated prime wetland maps to match the field delineation presented. The applicant acknowledged they would need to include a formal request with the wetland application to be submitted, including data to update the town maps and records.
- They recommend approval of the CUP application with the following conditions:
  - Trees and shrubs be planted in the buffer at a density dictated by the Army Corps Manual (typically 10' on center).
  - o Invasive species control and management be incorporated into the restoration proposal.
  - o Restoration plantings be monitored for a minimum of 2 years and managed adaptively should planting success drop below < 70% to ensure that success target is achieved.

Should design changes occur in a way that alters impacts to the prime wetland buffer, we would request an opportunity for additional review.

Andrew Koff

Chair, Exeter Conservation Commission

cc: Christian Smith, Beals Assoc.

Mohn Toff

# Insert Rose Farm Application Material Here

# TOWN OF EXETER CONSERVATION COMMISSION MEMORANDUM

Date:

July 12, 2018

To:

Planning Board

From:

**Conservation Commission** 

Subject:

Rose Farm Open Space Development Conservation Land, Shoreland CUP and Wetland

Waiver Recommendations

Project Info:

Exeter Rose Farm Open Space Subdivision Tax Map 54, Lot 5, 6, 7 and Tax Map 63, Lot 20

PB CASE: 21603

#### **Proposed Conservation Land:**

The Conservation Commission voted unanimously during their July 10<sup>th</sup> meeting that they would be supportive of the Town accepting fee ownership of the 6.31 acres presented in the June 29<sup>th</sup> submission with the following conditions:

- Hunting would not be permitted on the property
- Prior to Town acceptance, the applicant will provide: a draft deed to the Commission for review and approval, a surveyed plan, a baseline documentation report, and on-site boundary marker placement will be confirmed on the ground by the Commission or their representative, and the Grantor.
- The applicant is responsible for construction of the trail connection to the existing trail network, any required crossings along that connection, and installation of a trailhead sign at the trail entrance.
- The applicant will install conservation boundary discs along the conservation boundary adjacent to house lots

#### **Shoreland Conditional Use Permit:**

The Conservation Commission reviewed the materials provided and do not recommend approval of the Shoreland Conditional Use Permit as proposed because they do not have enough information to verify the project will not detrimentally impact surface water quality and will not cause undue damage to wildlife habitat.

The Commission provides the following additional recommendations to help ensure these requirements are met:

- Locate snow storage in areas that receive pre-treatment before reaching surface water.
- Prioritize the use of an open bottom culvert over a box culvert with stream simulation
- Require construction activities be undertaken to prevent the spread of invasive plants from the heavily infested areas on site
- Ensure the HOA documents include a prohibition of the use of fertilizer and regular inspection and maintenance of stormwater infrastructure
- Investigate the connection between the spring and this development to ensure there will not be undue impacts to the spring

• Stormwater infrastructure be designed to reduce potential for nitrogen loading to the surface waters

#### Wetland Waiver Request:

The Conservation Commission reviewed the materials provided do not feel comfortable recommending approval of the waiver request at this time because they need more information to understand the impact of the proposed project on the wetland functions and values of water quality and fish habitat given the information provided.

The Commission would also like the comments they provided for the Shoreland Conditional Use Permit to be considered for the waiver request.

Bill Campbell

Chair, Exeter Conservation Commission

Warin & Campbell

cc: Todd Baker, Baker Properties - by email



### Submission for Conservation Commission Packet for Oct. 12 meeting

1 message

Caroline Amport Piper <camport@gmail.com>
To: Kristen Murphy <kmurphy@exeternh.gov>

Fri, Oct 1, 2021 at 8:52 AM

Kristen,

I respectfully submit the attached technical memo for consideration by the Conservation Commission related to their upcoming review of the Exeter Rose Farm, LLC's NH DES wetlands permit application. My hope is that it can be included in their advanced materials for the October 12 meeting.

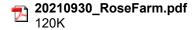
I submit this information as an Exeter resident and board member of the Exeter Area Conservancy (EAC). The EAC is comprised of Exeter residents, including abutters to the proposed Rose Farm development, whose mission is to advocate for the protection of key pieces of open space in Exeter.

If you would, please confirm the receipt of this information.

Lastly, have you received the electronic copy of the wetlands application? If you have, can you please send me a copy?

Thank you,

Caroline Piper 8 Forest Street Exeter, NH 603-686-4338



### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

TO: Exeter Conservation Commission

FROM: Peter Steckler, CWS

DATE: September 30, 2021

RE: Concerns about Exeter Rose Farm, LLC's Proposed Impacts to Aquatic Resources

CC: Exeter Area Conservancy

Dear Chair Koff and Members of the Exeter Conservation Commission,

I submit these comments in support of the Exeter Area Conservancy and their opposition to the Exeter Rose Farm, LLC's proposed impacts to Norris Brook and its associated wetlands. I was a 16-year resident of Exeter until just recently (August, 2021) as well as an Exeter Planning Board alternate. I'm an advocate for natural resource protection and habitat connectivity for fish and wildlife and a Certified Wetland Scientist. I am writing to voice my concerns about Exeter Rose Farm, LLC's proposed impacts to aquatic resources that are the subject of their wetlands permit application. My comments are intended to support the Conservation Commission advocate for an improved outcome for the Norris Brook system rather than further fragmentation and degradation, as proposed.

My deepest concern about the proposed project is the proposed access road, Rose Farm Lane, which crosses Norris Brook. This Tier 3 crossing is a completely new crossing of Norris Brook at a point where the upstream watershed is approximately 544 acres and the brook is classified as a third order stream. Due to this crossing's proximity to the Squamscott River, a Designated River by the State of New Hampshire, the crossing lies within a Designated River Corridor area and is therefore categorized as a major wetland impact. The proposed crossing of Norris Brook crosses a high-value riverine wetland complex identified by the applicant's wetland scientist as performing principal functions for wildlife habitat, groundwater recharge/discharge, floodflow alteration, sediment/toxicant/pathogen retention, nutrient removal, and for its uniqueness/heritage. I agree with the applicant's wetland scientist's assessment that it is by far the highest quality wetland system on the property.

Ironically, freshwater fish and shellfish habitat was not identified as a principal function of this third order stream because the evaluator did not observe fish during their visits to the site. Within a few days of placing a minnow trap upstream of the property on a tributary to Norris Brook, an American Eel was captured (designated a Species of Greatest Conservation Need by New Hampshire Fish and Game Department's 2015 Wildlife Action Plan), which clearly refutes the applicant's assessment of fish habitat in Norris Brook. I am confident that a more thorough fisheries inventory would identify a more diverse suite of resident fish in the Norris Brook system if conducted. An abutter of the project noted the presence of Eastern Brook Trout, also a Species of Greatest Conservation Need, in the Norris Brook system during Exeter Planning Board testimony.

Given the high quality and function of the lower Norris Brook wetland complex, it begs the question why the applicant needs to build a second crossing of Norris Brook when there is an existing road that already accesses the property over Norris Brook. The applicant has roughed out an alternative conceptual plan to utilize the existing road to access the property but has chosen not to advance this alternative in the plan they are pursuing.

The alternate access would cross a second order unnamed tributary to Norris Brook, which has an upstream watershed of approximately 96 acres, or less than 20% of the proposed crossing's watershed of Norris Brook. The alternate access then connects to the existing road, Oak Street Extension, that is currently used to access the property and crosses Norris Brook a couple hundred feet upstream of the proposed crossing. Granted, the existing road does not meet town standards and would need to be widened, thus causing additional wetland impacts because that road was originally constructed through a wetland. However, these road-interfacing wetlands are lower quality and already degraded because they serve as the contact face between the existing road and wetland.

The difference between ecological impacts of the proposed access road and the alternative is significant. The proposed access will result in completely new fragmentation of the Norris Brook system within the most functionally valuable wetland unit on the property. The alternative access, though not free from environmental impacts, will result in significantly less fragmentation of the Norris Brook system by utilizing the existing road that crosses Norris Brook. The applicant's proposed plan results in two road crossings of Norris Brook (one new and one existing), whereas the alternative concept maintains just the one existing crossing of Norris Brook. In this case, evaluating wetland impacts of the alternatives must take into account the overall impact to the system and quality of wetlands being impacted rather than purely a square footage of impacts.

In addition, utilizing and upgrading the existing crossing of Norris Brook by Oak Street Extension offers an opportunity for enhancement and functional lift to adjacent wetlands. The existing crossing is a 36-inch concrete pipe, that based on Exeter's Town Planner's assessment, is currently functioning as a 12-inch pipe due to the failing condition of the structure. Upgrading this crossing to meet current stream crossing standards will provide benefits to aquatic and terrestrial organism passage, as well as geomorphic compatibility. I would even suggest that an upgrade to this crossing would be self-mitigating.

I hope that you agree that using the existing access road to cross Norris Brook is the least impacting alternative to wetland functions and values and offers an opportunity to improve geomorphic compatibility and aquatic organism passage at an existing derelict crossing. If, however, the Conservation Commission supports this second crossing of Norris Brook, I strongly encourage that a permit condition requires that the existing road-stream crossings be removed or at a minimum be upgraded to meet current stream crossing standards. From a mitigation hierarchy standpoint, the following alternatives are ordered from most to least preferable:

- Avoiding and minimizing impacts would lead to upgrading and using the existing crossing of Norris Brook with no additional crossings of Norris Brook
- 2. Minimizing and mitigating impacts would allow a new compliant crossing of Norris Brook and require the existing crossing of Norris Brook to be removed and completely restored

3. Mitigating impacts would allow a new compliant crossing of Norris Brook and require the existing crossing of Norris Brook to be brought up to current stream crossing standards (in this case an alternative design to the standards is unacceptable for mitigation)

No avoidance, minimization, or mitigation allows for a new crossing of Norris Brook without removing or improving the other derelict Norris Brook stream crossing. Thank you for considering my concerns during your review process.

Sincerely,

Peter Steckler, CWS

154 Pickpocket Road, Brentwood, NH 03833

PETE STECKUE Y



### Re: Request to conduct research in Henderson-Swasey Town Forest

1 message

Julia Brazo <Julia.Brazo@unh.edu>
To: Kristen Murphy <kmurphy@exeternh.gov>

Mon, Oct 4, 2021 at 7:27 PM

Hi Kristen,

I am happy to provide additional information. I will be using a method called surface exposure dating to determine when glacial erratics/boulders and/or glacially scoured bedrock were exposed to the elements (i.e. no longer covered by water or ice). Collecting samples from the seacoast of NH will allow me to understand and interpret the glacial history of the area such as the mechanisms of glacial retreat and associated sea-level fluctuations which has implications to glacial systems that exist today in Alaska, the Arctic, and Greenland Following the last glacial maximum the sea level was much higher, so the seacoast was covered with water. This sea-level maximum of 70 meters above present-day is what we call the marine limit. Samples from Hendersen-Swasey Town Forest would be key members of my sample collection below the marine limit. These samples will help determine the rate of marine regression associated with the last deglaciation.

As for how samples are taken we use a simple rock hammer and chisel to chip off rock pieces from the surface (which are usually less than a few cm in depth). If the rock is really tough we use a small battery-powered rock saw to create cuts that act as an edge for the chisel method. We aim for samples less than 1 kg (no bigger than the size of a fist). And after the sample is taken we use the rock hammer to make the rock appear as if it hasn't been cut or a piece removed (make it look as natural, like erosion, and undisturbed as possible). I have attached before and after photos from a rock sample, my advisor took in Yellowstone National Park. We target sample locations that are off-trail as to not disturb other visitors and aim to have a low impact on the overall area. Please let me know if you have any additional questions or concerns.

Best,

Julia Brazo
UNH Earth Sciences
Geology M.S. Student
ESCI 530 Teaching Assistant

From: Kristen Murphy <a href="kmurphy@exeternh.gov">kmurphy@exeternh.gov</a>>
Sent: Thursday, September 30, 2021 12:15 PM
To: Julia Brazo <Julia.Brazo@unh.edu>

Subject: Re: Request to conduct research in Henderson-Swasey Town Forest

**CAUTION:** This email originated from outside of the University System. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Julia,

Would you like to present this to the Conservation Commission? If not, perhaps a few more details as you offered on the sampling method, and the overall impact sampling would have would be helpful.

n Mon, Sep 20, 2021 at 11:49 AM Julia Brazo < Julia.Brazo@unh.edu> wrote: Perfect, thank you. I look forward to hearing from you in October.
Best,
Julia
From: Kristen Murphy <kmurphy@exeternh.gov> Sent: Monday, September 20, 2021 11:32 AM</kmurphy@exeternh.gov>
To: Julia Brazo < Julia.Brazo@unh.edu>
Subject: Re: Request to conduct research in Henderson-Swasey Town Forest
<b>CAUTION:</b> This email originated from outside of the University System. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.
Hi Julia,
I can add this request to the next Conservation Commission meeting which is scheduled for Oct 12th at 7:00 pm. If you would like to attend, please let me know. Otherwise I will simply read your request into the record for their consideration.
Kristen
On Sat, Sep 18, 2021 at 1:52 PM Julia Brazo <julia.brazo@unh.edu> wrote:</julia.brazo@unh.edu>
Hello Kristen,
My name is Julia Brazo. I am a M.S. student at UNH and a member of Joe Licciardi's research group in the Earth Sciences department. I am emailing you today seeking permission to sample boulders that are found in Henderson-Swasey Town Forest. I am interested in collecting rock samples for my master's thesis which seeks to understand the glacial history and local sea-level changes of the Seacoast region of NH. Rock samples collected from this location would be a key indicator for the timing of marine regression associated with deglaciation in the seacoast of NH. For the rock sampling, we use a rock hammer and chisel method to chip off some rock flakes (generally less than a couple cm in depth). I would be happy to provide more info via email to describe the sampling method, my project, and the small overall impact sampling would have on the area in more detail.
Thank you in advance,
Julia

Kristen Murphy

Natural Resource Planner Town of Exeter 10 Front Street, Exeter, NH 03833 (603) 418-6452

Kristen Murphy Natural Resource Planner Town of Exeter 10 Front Street, Exeter, NH 03833 (603) 418-6452

### 2 attachments



**JML\_5092\_web.jpg** 709K



**JML\_5097\_web.jpg** 652K



### Raynes Barn Archaeological Phase 1A, Initial Findings and Recommendations

1 message

Peter Morrison pmorrison@iac-llc.net>

Wed, Sep 8, 2021 at 3:22 PM

To: Kristen Murphy <a href="mailto:kmurphy@exeternh.gov">kmurphy@exeternh.gov</a>

Cc: Jessica Cofelice <icofelice@iac-llc.net>, "jtumelaire@iac-llc.net" <jtumelaire@iac-llc.net>

Dear Kristen,

Thank you for meeting us on site today. The Raynes Barn is an exciting structure with a wonderful property. From the annotated aerial photograph that accompanies the Access and Accessibility Improvement Plan, and from what you told us, upcoming work will entail installing a driveway with two accessible parking spaces on the south side of the barn. This will be connected to the rear barn ramp by an accessible pathway wrapping counterclockwise around the rear of the barn. The general plan does not say, but I expect that creation of these parking spaces and path will require a degree of excavation to remove the topsoil down to a firm substrate, before the compacted surface can be laid.

Based on our review, the exterior space surrounding the barn has the potential to provide important information concerning the historical use of the barn and barnyard, which could contribute to the significance of the historical property. We are recommending Phase 1B testing in the areas to be affected by the proposed ADA Event Parking and its connecting path.

Additionally, grading will be done adjacent to the building walls in order to create positive drainage away from the foundation. On the north side of the building, past installation of a perimeter drain has already disturbed the ground in that area. The ground on the south side of the barn is variously taken up by the concrete pad-foundation from the former milk house, a high and relatively steep-faced barn ramp, and the route of the buried drain system. Based on these existing conditions, we are not recommending testing related to grading adjacent to the barn's north and south walls.

Further afield, the roadway from the existing parking lot to the barn (including the proposed additional angled-parking area midway along it) are not sensitive for archaeological resources, and we are not recommending any archaeological testing there or along the proposed ADA Vista trail on the rise southeast of the barn.

The plan also shows proposed improvements to the trail that connects the Main Parking Lot to the lower field beyond the old railroad bed. This 250 meter (820 f) segment of trail parallels an unnamed stream which meets the Squamscott River at the property's east boundary. This setting is highly sensitive for the presence of Pre-contact period Native-American resources. We therefore recommend that Phase 1B testing be carried out along that section of trail prior to any grading or excavation that may be necessary for the trail improvement.

Specifically, we recommend that ten shovel test pits will be necessary to determine presence or absence of archaeological deposits that can contribute to our understanding of the barn and the farm operation. That could be accomplished in a single day of fieldwork.

Testing along the Backfield Trail would be more extensive, requiring as 40 test pits to determine presence or absence of Pre-Contact archaeological sites. Depending on the Town's development schedule, those two parts of the project could be separated into two parts.

The next step in the Phase 1A project is to prepare a formal report on the findings of our background review and site inspection. Alternatively, we would could eschew the report at this stage and prepare a formal cost proposal for the Phase 1B testing. This would allow us to expedite the testing phase ahead of the construction. It would also mean we could prepare a single report for the combined Phase 1A and 1B, resulting in reduction in the total cost of the projects.

If you would like a formal cost proposal at this time, we can have it to you as soon as this week. We can field an archaeological crew as soon as next week, if desired.

Let me know how you would like us to proceed (formal Phase 1A report now, vs Phase 1B cost proposal). If you have any questions, you can contact me or Jesse Cofelice.

Peter

Peter Morrison

Project Archaeologist Independent Archaeological Consulting, LLC 34 Dover Point Road, Suite 300 Dover, NH 03820

207-671-0206 (c)

Indep					
	34 Dover Point Road, Suite 300				
	Dover, New Hampshire 03820				
Phase	IB Intensive Archaeological Invest	igation			
A	ADA Event Parking and Path to Ba	rn			
	Raynes Barn				
	Exeter, New Hampshire				
	September 15, 2021				
Objective: Excavate up to 10 s presence/absence of archaeolog of ADA Event Parking Area an	gical resources within footprint	# Hours	Hourly Rate	To	otal Cost
Project Management	Principal Investigator	2	\$95.00	\$	190.00
Background Research	Project Archaeologist	2	\$75.00	\$	150.00
Pre-Fieldwork Prep*	Archaeological Technician	1	\$55.00	\$	55.00
DigSafe/Layout	Project Archaeologist	1	\$75.00	\$	75.00
DigSafe/Layout	Archaeological Technician	1	\$55.00	\$	55.00
Fieldwork	Project Archaeologist	8	\$75.00	\$	600.00
Fieldwork	Archaeological Technician x 2	16	\$55.00	\$	880.00
Labwork/Analysis	Project Archaeologist	2	\$75.00	\$	150.00
Labwork/Analysis	Archaeological Technician	8	\$55.00	\$	440.00
Report Preparation	Principal Investigator	2	\$95.00	\$	190.00
Report Preparation	Project Archaeologist	8	\$75.00	\$	600.00
Report Preparation	Archaeological Technician	8	\$55.00	\$	440.00
Artifact Preparation**	Principal Investigator	2	\$95.00	\$	190.00
Artifact Preparation**	Archaeological Technician	8	\$55.00	\$	440.00
Artifact Curation**	\$350.00 per box	1	\$350.00	\$	350.00
Miscellaneous	Supplies, postage, copies	1	\$50.00	\$	50.00
Total for Phase IB Intensive A	rchaeological Investigation			\$	4,855.00
* includes generating or formatti	ng shapefiles for field GPS unit				
** includes preparing, packaging and curating collected artifacts to meet NHDHR's 2020 guidelines.					
Cost based on expected artifact y	rield and line item subject to chang	e.			

# Exeter Conservation Commission September 14, 2021 Nowack Room Draft Minutes

### Call to Order

1. Introduction of Members Present (by Roll Call)

Present at tonight's meeting were by roll call, Vice-Chair Trevor Mattera, Kristen Osterwood (virtually), Dave Short, Nick Campion, Julie Gilman Select Board Liaison, Conor Madison, Bill Campbell, Alternate (virtually), Thomas Patterson, Alternate, Donald Clement, (virtually), and Kristen Murphy, Natural Resource Planner.

Absent: Chair Andrew Koff, and Alyson Eberhardt

Mr. Mattera called the meeting to order at 7:00 PM.

2. Public Comment (7:00 PM)

Mr. Mattera asked if there were any members of the public who wanted to speak to an item not on the agenda and being none closed public comment.

#### **Action Items**

1. Final Draft – Tree Ordinance

Eileen Flockhart, Chair of the Tree Committee, presented the final draft of the Tree Ordinance to the Commission after revisions were made based on the Commission's earlier comments. The Committee is looking for any final comments and recommendation to the Select Board which will be followed by legal counsel review, prior to adoption.

Ms. Flockhart thanked Kristen Murphy, Gwen English, and Sally Ward for their efforts as well as Greg Jordan from UNH.

Ms. Murphy noted plantings will be encouraged to be native species. The next steps will be review by legal counsel and three readings. The ordinance will be adopted as a Town Ordinance which is different than a Zoning Ordinance voted at Town Meeting.

Mr. Campbell asked if there was a limit to the term of the Committee and Ms. Murphy noted it was similar to the Trail Committee with no term limits. Ms. Flockhart explained the Tree Committee is technically a subcommittee of the Commission.

MOTION: Mr. Short motioned that the Commission after reviewing the draft ordinance to be reviewed by legal counsel recommends the adoption of these tree regulations as a section within the Exeter Town

Ordinances. Mr. Mattera seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

2. Wetland Conditional Use Permit Application for impacts associated with a 12-lot single-family open space residential subdivision at 19 Watson Road, Tax Map 33, Lot 26 (Barry Gier – Jones & Beach, Scott Carlisle, Owner)

Ms. Murphy noted the application was before the Commission in June for review of the CUP and the applicant was asked to return with revisions. Ms. Murphy provided the Commission with revised plans, CUP and Natural Resource Plan. The proposal includes a deeded open space to the Town with an easement held by SELT.

Ms. Murphy recommended following the policy adopted in 2009, amended in 2019 to have a surveyed plan, baseline documentation, on-site boundary marker placement confirmed by the Commission and the Grantor, a Phase I Environmental Report and discussion of stewardship fees for long-term management.

Eric Poulin of Jones & Beach indicated he was representing Barry Geier. He addressed the prime wetlands and protected vernal pools on the proposed 12-lot open space residential subdivision which with have a Conservation Easement to be held by SELT with public access. Modifications have been made to the design since the last time they were before the Commission. The lot layout has been revised to remove the vernal pools from private property and put them in the open space easement. Mr. Poulin addressed grading, septic, wells, building envelopes, and impact to buffers. Sumps will be pulled from the proposed structures. Disturbance will be 3,074 SF of temporary buffer impact indicated by the access road and for drainage to be revegetated to natural state with seed mix. 300' is the closest lot to the prime wetland.

Brendan Quigley from Gove Environmental reviewed the Natural Resource Plan. The area is a large, forested wetland near the Oaklands Town Forest area. Mr. Quigley identified the large prime wetland shown on the aerial map, wetlands, and vernal pools. The topography is varied, steep in places. There is high quality for breeding activity, significant habitat within the Exeter River Watershed including Bloody Brook which drains under 101 to the Squamscott River. There are good quality forest soils, well drained to poorly drained in the wetland. The property was logged periodically but not recently. He described an intact mature forest.

Ms. Murphy asked about blasting and redirection of water after recharge. Mr. Poulin indicated test pits were done and there was some refusal and while there is potentially ledge, he does not anticipate anything major. Any blasting would comply with local, state and federal regulations. The flow of water comes from the east side of the property and will continue to feed the vernal pool. A small amount of alteration of watershed is unavoidable but it will not dry up.

Ms. Murphy asked about impact to Blanding's Turtles and Mr. Poulin noted an inspection wasn't done but he can't ignore preservation here. He explained the contractors would be briefed and recommended making owners aware. Ms. Murphy proposed including in the HOA documents.

Sally from Greenleaf Drive remarked that properties with Conservation markers on them ae often encroached upon so education would be valuable. Ms. Murphy added that CUP conditions could include

an educational component, sump recommendations and an environmental monitor could be on site during the initial land clearing.

MOTION: Mr. Mattera motioned after reviewing the application that the Commission has no objection to the conditional use permit as proposed with the four conditions discussed. Mr. Short seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

3. Draft conservation deed for the Mendez parcel associated with the 16-unit condo development proposed along both Tamarind Way and a portion of the cul-de-sac on Cullen Way. (Brian Griset, applicant and Justin Pasay)

Mr. Mattera read the Public Hearing Notice.

Attorney Justin Pasay presented the proposal for a conservation deed on the Mendez parcel for the 16-unit open space condominium development which requires a NH DES minimum expedited permit. Mr. Griset received recommendation from the Commission and the Planning Board for the NH DES wetlands and shorelands CUP. On July 29<sup>th</sup> the plans received conditional approval from the Planning Board. Attorney Pasay noted the original draft deed had more robust language concerning management of coyote, beaver, wildlife and veteran hunting. The easement would be Town owned.

Ms. Murphy noted the applicant was before the Commission in November to discuss conserving a portion of the property. Ms. Murphy recommended following the policy adopted in 2009, amended in 2019 to have a surveyed plan, baseline documentation, on-site boundary marker placement confirmed by the Commission and the Grantor, a Phase I Environmental Report and discussion of stewardship fees for long-term management.

Ms. Murphy reviewed easement language and highlighted:

Section 1B which typically states "passive recreation by the public;"

Section 2A (2D and Paragraph 3) industrial or commercial activities;

Section 2F (Section K below);

Section 2I append Planning Board Case #20-2 with 7-30-21 approval date;

Section 2K two (2) observation points;

Section 3A Kiosk on Brickyard Park property;

Survey Plan specific to area including markers depicted on a single sheet;

Baseline document and walking boundaries with grantor;

Discussion of stewardship fees; and

Legal Review.

Attorney Pasay noted the applicant was happy to remove the language and replace with passive recreation. 2A can be amended as the property will be maintained as open space and understands the kiosk is being asked to be placed on Brickyard property which will be the purview of the Recreation Department. There will be no mechanized or motorized vehicles. Beals Assoc. provided the environmental document. Mr. Griset noted pins were set on the south portion but are not included in the drawing yet. The easement will be discussed with Town Manager Russ Dean on September 27<sup>th</sup>. Ms. Murphy noted there would be legal review in between.

MOTION: Mr. Short motioned after reviewing the application the Commission send a memo to the Select Board recommending acceptance of the Conservation Deed for Tax Map Parcels 81-53 with changes as amended. Mr. Mattera seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

- 4. Committee Reports
- a. Property Management

Raynes:

Phase I Archeological Review

Ms. Murphy provided the Commission with results and cost estimate for Phase 1b. Ms. Murphy noted the cost for Phase 1B was quoted over \$10,000 and asked to break it up into two items. Mr. Short agreed it should be split up so there is no delay, do the parking lot and leave the path for now. Mr. Mattera agreed. Ms. Murphy will bring the cost for the driveway only to the next meeting.

Ms. Murphy recommended using the town allocated budget to fund the Phase 1A work.

MOTION: Mr. Short motioned to approve the expenditure of \$1,000 from Contract Services and \$935 from the Conservation Land Administration account to cover the cost. Mr. Mattera seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

Ms. Murphy noted haying is complete. David O'Hearn is doing the invasives now.

b. Trails

Ms. Murphy noted Fort Rock Riders is doing stewardship day to day. Jacob Holmes is doing some trail maintenance to Little Rover from the Garrison Lane footbridge and is eager to do more. She suggested McDonald and White Meadow.

c. Outreach – Day of Assistance for Sky Watch 10/2 at 7:30 (10/16 cloud date)

Ms. Murphy noted the Sky Watch event is scheduled for 10/2 with a cloud date of 10/16. Mr. Madison, Mr. Mattera and Mr. Campion volunteered to help out. Ms. Murphy noted she needs help with parking and getting refreshments to the barn. The event is posted on the event page and linked to Event Brite and will move to the Town website.

5. Approval of Minutes of August 10, 2021 Meeting

MOTION: Mr. Short motioned to approve the August 10, 2021 Meeting Minutes. Mr. Mattera seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

6 Other Business

Ben Anderson – Word Barn, DOT Sight Distance Easement

Ben Anderson presented the request for a Sight Distance Easement at Newfields Road where he lives at #66 where the original farmhouse is. Last October a tree was removed which obstructed sight. The DOT would like an easement that no further trees or brush will obstruct the sight distance to permit access. They would like something in writing.

Mr. Short recommended a letter that Mr. Anderson has permission to keep the area cleared similar to trail maintenance volunteers and that the Commission accepts his gracious offer. He does not think his needs to become a legal document.

Ms. Gilman asked about future owners and Mr. Short recommended they deal with DOT.

MOTION: Mr. Mattera motioned for the Commission to write a letter allowing Ben Anderson to cut along this pathway to present to DOT for his needs. Mr. Short seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

Hiking with Parks & Recreation (Dates)

Ms. Murphy noted after-school hikes are proposed to start November 3<sup>rd</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup>, December 1 and December 15<sup>th</sup> after 3/3:30 PM. Ms. Murphy noted her knee is still bothering her and asked if someone else could take the lead on those.

7. Next Meeting: Date Scheduled (10/12/21), Submission Deadline (10/1/21)

### <u>Adjournment</u>

MOTION: Mr. Short moved to adjourn at 9 PM seconded by Mr. Mattera. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed unanimously.

Respectfully submitted,

Daniel Hoijer, Recording Secretary Via Exeter TV

This meeting was also available for electronic access through Webinar ID: 865 1385 3661

# Correspondence



230 Commerce Way, Suite 302 Portsmouth, NH 03801

Phone: 603.430.3728 | Fax: 603.430.4083

www.wright-pierce.com

September 20, 2021 W-P Project No. 20731

Eben Lewis
Wetlands Bureau, Land Resources Management
Water Division, NHDES
29 Hazen Drive; PO Box 95
Concord, NH 03302-0095

Town Clerk's Office

SEP 30 REC'D

Received

Subject:

NHDES Wetlands Permit by Notification

Town of Exeter, NH

Dear Mr. Lewis,

On behalf of the Town of Exeter, please find enclosed Wetlands Permit by Notification form and required attachments related to proposed impacts necessary to repair the Tier 3 stream crossing of the Little River and Garrison Lane. The project is located within the right-of-way adjacent to the Little River in Exeter, NH. The project is planned for construction starting this Fall. There is no record of flooding at this crossing.

The proposed repair will:

- a) Meet the general criteria specified in Env-Wt 904.01,
- b) Maintain the hydraulic capacity of the stream crossing,
- c) Maintain the capacity of the crossing to accommodate aquatic organism passage,
- d) Maintain the connectivity of the stream reaches, and
- e) Will not cause or contribute to the increase in frequency of flooding or overtopping of the banks

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions or need any additional information during your review.

Sincerely, WRIGHT-PIERCE

Jason Gallant, PE

Senior Project Manager

Ju Jos

Jason.Gallant@wright-pierce.com

cc: Jay Perkins – Town of Exeter Public Works
Jake Shactman – Wright-Pierce



### WETLANDS PERMIT-BY-NOTIFICATION (PBN)

# Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau



Check the Status of your Notification

RSA/Rule: RSA 482-A/ Env-Wt 100-900

APPLICANT'S NAME: Town of Exeter TOWN NAME: Exeter

			File No.
Administrative	Administrative	Administrative	Check No.
Use Only	Use Only	Use Only	Amount
			Initials

To ensure your project is eligible for a Permit-by-Notification (PBN) and includes all required information, please review all sections of this application form and the "Permit-by-Notification: Attachment Checklist & Additional Instructions". The <u>project-specific activity checklist</u> that corresponds to the PBN you are applying for may also be used to facilitate submission.

Terms in **bold font** are defined on the attached Definition of Terms page.

SEC	SECTION 1 - GENERAL CRITERIA						
a.	Does the project deviate from the standards and conditions specified in Env-Wt 307 or deviate from the applicable provisions of Env-Wt 500, Env-Wt 600, or Env-Wt 900 (Env-Wt 309.06(b))?	Yes No					
b.	Does the project include activities that are prohibited under RSA 482-A (Env-Wt 306.02(a)(2))?	🗌 Yes 🔀 No					
c.	Does the project include activities that do not follow or meet the applicable best management practices (Env-Wt 306.02(a)(3))?	Yes 🛭 No					
d.	Does the project involve work in any jurisdictional area that was commenced prior to obtaining the applicable approval (Env-Wt 306.02(b)) (i.e. after-the-fact work)?	☐ Yes 🛭 No					
e.	Is the project located in a <u>priority resource area</u> other than a documented occurrence of <u>protected species or habitat</u> (Env-Wt 309.01(b)(3))?	☐ Yes ⊠ No					
	If you answered "Yes" to any of the above questions, you cannot use this form and must file a <u>Standard Permit Application (NHDES-W-06-012)</u> . If you answered "No" to all of the above questions, proceed to Section 2.						

SECTION 2 – PROJECT-SPECIFIC CRITERIA (Env-Wt 309.06)						
The following project types may be eligible for a PBN. If your project is not listed below, you cannot use this form. To						
confirm eligibility, please refer to the pro						
† Pursuant to Env-Wt 309.07(h), these order to qualify for expedited PBN		empt from obtaining	a con	servation commission signature in		
‡Pursuant to Env-Wt 309.07(i), these						
local river management advisory of Env-Wt 103.27 in order to qualify f			t is wi	thin <b>LAC jurisdiction</b> as defined in		
Exotic aguatic weed control		lacement of an	Tr	] A = -1111111 -		
activities not exceeding one acre		wall that complies	-	Agricultural activities that comply with Env-Wt 522.06(a)		
that comply with Env-Wt 510.08(a)		514.07(a)(3) +				
Replenishment of an existing legal		or repair of an		A temporary coffer dam that		
beach that complies with Env-Wt 511.07(a) †	The state of the s	boathouse that n Env-Wt 515.07(a) 1	4	complies with Env-Wt 526.06(f)		
Repair or replacement of an		lacement of a boat	T	Maintenance of an existing legal		
existing legal deck or patio that	launch under		-	tidal docking structure that		
complies with Env-Wt 511.08(a) †		50 W 05 W 71		complies with Env-Wt 606.17(b) †		
Installation of a new seasonal dock		f a dry hydrant that	L	Repair of an existing legal tier 1 or		
that complies with Env-Wt 513.24(a)	compiles with	n Env-Wt 518.07(a)		tier 2 stream crossing that complies with Env-Wt		
				903.01(e)(2) †‡		
Repair or replacement of an	the second secon	ities that are not	the same of the sa	Repair of an existing legal tier 3		
existing legal docking structure that complies with Env-Wt	eligible for an Env-Wt 520.0	SPN and comply wi	th	stream crossing that complies with Env-Wt 903.01(e)(3) †‡		
513.24(a) †	ENV VVC 320.0	<u>5(a)</u>		<u>WICH EHV WE 505.01(E)(5)</u> 14		
Installation of a dock anchoring	Utility activiti	es that are not		Replacement of an existing legal		
pad that complies with Env-Wt		SPN and comply wi	<u>th</u>	tier 1 stream crossing that		
<u>513.24(a)(1)c</u>	Env-Wt 521.06(a)			complies with Env-Wt 903.01(e)(4) †		
Installation of a watercraft lift that	Installation o	f residential utilities		Installation of a temporary tier 1		
complies with Env-Wt		mily home that		or tier 2 crossing that complies		
513.24(a)(1)a	complies with	Env-Wt 521.06(a)(7	2)	with Env-Wt 903.01(e)(5)		
Installation of a new canopy that complies with Env-Wt 513.27(a)	8					
COMPRES WITH EIN WC 3.23.27(a)						
SECTION 3 - PROJECT LOCATION (Env-V						
A separate application must be filed wit	h each municipali	ty that jurisdictional	impa	cts will occur in.		
ADDRESS: Garrison Lane		TOW	N/CIT	Y: Exeter		
TAX MAP/LOT NUMBER: ROW						
NAME OF WATER BODY, WETLAND, OR OTHER JURISDICTIONAL AREA: Little River						
LATITUDE (in decimal degrees to five decimal places): 42.98765  LONGITUDE (in decimal degrees to five decimal places): -70.97795						

### SECTION 4 - PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND IMPACT AREA (Env-Wt 309.07(c))

Provide a description of the project, including a list of the work items to be performed and detailed dimensions of the size of the impacts in jurisdictional areas. Identify the type of landform to be affected, including the type of wetland and type of soils.

DESCRIPTION: The proposed project is to repair the existing single-span bridge on Garrison Lane at the crossing of Little River. The project includes repair of a scour hole under the west side of the south abutment with concrete and stone, crack repair on the abutment faces, epoxy coating exposed portions of the timber bridge seat, pavement shimming at approaches, replacement of bridge rail, and placement of running boards over the timber deck. The proposed repairs are located entirely within the footprint of the existing bridge and there will be no impact on the hydraulic capacity at the crossing.

The proposed wetland impacts are temporary, and include 80 sq ft for construction access and scour hole repair below the top of bank of the Little River. The project will be constructed during low flow conditions. Erosion control methods are to be used in accordance with the NH Stormwater Manual: Volume 3 Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction, and will include placement of turbidity curtains around the limits of work (see attached plans).

IMPACT AREAS: Fill out the table below, indicating square feet (SF) and/or linear feet (LF) of impacts, as applicable. Temporary impacts are impacts not intended to remain (and will be fully restored to pre-construction conditions) after the project is completed.

NOTE: For new seasonal dock projects, please enter the square footage of the proposed dock in the permanent impact column of the applicable resource.

Jurisdictional Area	Permanent (SF/LF)	Temporary (SF/LF)	Jurisdictional Area	Permanent (SF/LF)	Temporary (SF/LF)
Forested Wetland			Lake	/	1
Emergent Wetland			Pond	1	/
Wet Meadow			Tidal Water	/	1
Intermittent Stream/ Ephemeral Stream	/	1	Previously- developed Upland in Tidal Buffer Zone		
Perennial Stream / River	/	80 / 15	Other		

### SECTION 5 - MINIMUM IMPACT PROJECT PROVISION (Env-Wt 309.07(c)(1))

Identify the applicable minimum project provision in Env-Wt 500, Env-Wt 600, or Env-Wt 900, as applicable, and any required project-specific information. In lieu of a narrative for this section, the applicant may submit the applicable <u>Project Specific Checklist</u>.

MINIMUM IMPACT PROJECT PROVISION: See Project Specific Checklist

	6 - APPLICANT (DESIRED PERMIT HOLDER) INFOR blicant is a trust or a company, then the name of the							
NAME: T	NAME: Town of Exeter (Public Works)							
MAILING	ADDRESS: 13 Newfields Road			-				
TOWN/C	TY: Exeter		STATE: NH	ZIP CODE: 03833				
DAYTIME	PHONE: 603-773-6157	EMAIL ADDR	ESS: jperkins@	exeternh.gov				
Include t	7 - NATURAL HERITAGE BUREAU (Env-Wt 309.07) he results and identification number of the investion of the DataCheck should be directed to the Natura	gations require	ed by Env-Wt 3 Pau (NHB),	06.05. Questions related to				
Natural H	Heritage Bureau Identification Number: NHB <u>21</u> - <u>27</u>	753						
Attac	h the results <b>and</b> identification number of the Data	aCheck query.						
SECTION	8 - CONDITIONS FOR PBNs (Env-Wt 309.09)							
Please ch	eck each box below to acknowledge that the proje	ct meets the f	ollowing condi	tions:				
	All work authorized by a PBN shall comply with a applicable provisions of Env-Wt 500, Env-Wt 600	all applicable co ), or Env-Wt 90	onditions speci 10.	fied in Env-Wt 307 and the				
	Subject to Env-Wt 309.10, after the completion of work authorized by a PBN no other work that would require any permit or other authorization under RSA 482-A or subtitle Env-Wt shall be undertaken on the subject property pursuant to another PBN or EXP, or pursuant to an SPN, for a period of 12 months from the date the PBN was issued.							
	Within 10 days following completion of the work shall submit to the department confirmation of celectronically.	covered by a completion of t	PBN, the perso the project, eit	n responsible for the project her on paper or				
SECTION !	9 - REQUIRED CERTIFICATIONS (Env-Wt 309.07(d))							
Initial eac	h box below and sign the application to certify that	t:						
Initials: コア								
Initials:								
Initials:	The proposal is the alternative with the least adverse impact to jurisdictional areas, as required by Env-Wt 311.10(c).							

### NHDES-W-06-027

Initials:	The applicant is aware of the limits of the Pl PBN and all applicable conditions in Env-Wt	BN and understands and will comply with all 307.	conditions in the			
Initials:	To the best of the signer's knowledge and b	elief, all required notifications have been pro	ovided.			
Initials:	The information submitted on or with the application is true, complete, and not misleading to the best of the signer's knowledge and belief.					
Initials:	<ul> <li>The signer understands that:</li></ul>					
Initials:	If the applicant is not the owner of the proper by the signer that he or she is aware of the ap	rty, each property owner signature shall const plication being filed and does not object to th	itute certification le filing.			
SECTION :	10 - REQUIRED SIGNATURE (Env-Wt 309.07(d	())				
SIGNATURE TOWNERS:		PRINT NAME LEGIBLY: Jay Perkins	DATE: 9-20-21			
SIGNATUF OWNER):	RE (APPLICANT, IF DIFFERENT FROM	PRINT NAME LEGIBLY:	DATE:			
SIGNATUR	RE (AGENT, IF APPLICABLE):	PRINT NAME LEGIBLY: Jason Gallant	DATE: 9/2Z/Z/			

SECTION 11 - CONSERVATION COMMISSION SIGN	NATURE (Env-Wt 306.02(c); Env-W	/t 309.07(h); Env-Wt 309.08(d))
With the exception of the project types specified in necessary for NHDES to process this PBN within 10 Conservation Commission does not sign this state. PBN within 25 days of receipt of an administrative	in Env-Wt 309.07(h), the Conserva O days of receipt of an administrati ment for any reason where it is ne ely complete application.	tion Commission signature is ively complete application. If the cessary, NHDES will process this
The signature below certifies that the municipal Countries the local governing body, has reviewed this application.	onservation Commission or, if ther ation and waives its right to interv	re is no conservation commission, ene per RSA 482-A:11.
AUTHORIZED COMMISSION SIGNATURE:	PRINT NAME LEGIBLY: N/A	DATE:
SECTION 12 - LOCAL RIVER MANAGEMENT ADVIS 309.07(i); Env-Wt 309.08(d))	ORY COMMITTEE (LAC) SIGNATUR	RE (Env-Wt 306.02(d); Env-Wt
If a PBN is sought for a routine roadway maintenant not been signed by a legal representative of the LA applicable LAC, NHDES will process this PBN within	AC to indicate the right to interven-	e has been waived by the
The signature below certifies that the LAC waives in the LAC waives in the lack waithin a Designated R		
AUTHORIZED LAC REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE:	PRINT NAME LEGIBLY:	DATE:
SECTION 13 - COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT ( (Env-Wt 309.07(g))	OR CERTIFIED WETLAND SCIENTIST	T SIGNATURE
ONLY for agriculture PBN projects under Env-Wt 52 conservation district or certified wetland scientist (522.06(a)(2)).	22.06, please provide a signed stat (CWS) certifying compliance with a	ement by the county all conditions of that rule (Env-Wt
By signing below, the county conservation district of that rule.	or certified wetland scientist certif	ies compliance with all conditions
AUTHORIZED COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR CWS SIGNATURE:	PRINT NAME LEGIBLY: N/A	DATE:
SECTION 14 - TOWN / CITY CLERK (RSA 482-A:3, I;	Env-Wt 309.07(f))	
As required by RSA 482-A:3, I(a)(1), I hereby certify including all attachments with the town/city indica		opies of the application
TOWN/CITY CLERK SIGNATURE:	PRINT NAME LEGIBLY:	
TOWN/CITY:	.1	DATE:

### DIRECTIONS FOR TOWN/CITY CLERK (RSA 482-A:3, I(a)(1)):

- 1. IMMEDIATELY sign the original application form and four copies in the signature space provided above.
- 2. Return the signed original application form and attachments to the applicant so that the applicant may submit the application form and attachments to NHDES by mail or hand delivery.
- 3. IMMEDIATELY distribute a copy of the application with one complete set of attachments to each of the following bodies: the municipal Conservation Commission, the local governing body (Board of Selectmen or Town/City Council), and the Planning Board. And
- 4. Retain one copy of the application form and one complete set of attachments and make them reasonably accessible for public review.



# REPAIR OF AN EXISTING LEGAL TIER 3 STREAM CROSSING PERMIT-BY-NOTIFICATION CHECKLIST



# Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your Notification

RSA/Rule: RSA 482-A/ Env-Wt 900

This checklist summarizes the criteria and requirements for a Permit-by-Notification (PBN) for repair of a legally existing tier 3 stream crossing that complies with Env-Wt 903.01(e)(3). In addition to the project-specific criteria and requirements listed on this checklist, all PBNs must meet the criteria and requirements listed on the <u>PBN form (NHDES-W-06-027)</u> and perform the required planning for all projects as described in Env-Wt 306.05.

### SECTION 1 - EXEMPTION FROM Env-Wt 903 AND Env-Wt 904 (Env-Wt 901.03)

The following activities and crossings are exempt from Env-Wt 903 and Env-Wt 904, provided they are conducted in accordance with all applicable conditions:

- (a) Minimum impact routine roadway maintenance activities conducted in accordance with Env-Wt 308.04 or Env-Wt 309.03.
- (b) Minimum impact projects to allow vehicular access to a piece of property for forest management activities, conducted in accordance with Env-Wt 520.
- (c) Minimum impact agricultural activities conducted in accordance with Env-Wt 522.
- (d) Minimum impact trail activities conducted in accordance with Env-Wt 517.
- (e) Temporary crossings, so long as the area in which the crossing was placed is restored to pre-installation conditions when the crossing is removed.

If your project meets one of these exemptions, it does not qualify for this PBN. Instead, please seek a <u>Routine</u> Roadway Maintenance Registration or a <u>Statutory Permit-By-Notification</u>, as applicable.

#### SECTION 2 - TIER 3 STREAM CROSSING IDENTIFICATION (Env-Wt 904.05)

- Your project must be for the repair of an existing, legal tier 3 stream crossing and thus, the crossing must meet the criteria for a tier 3 stream crossing. A tier 3 stream crossing shall be a crossing:
  - Not located on a tidal watercourse, and:
    - Located on a watercourse where the contributing watershed is 640 acres or greater.
    - Located within a designated river corridor, unless:
      - The crossing would be a tier 1 stream based on contributing watershed size, or
      - The structure does not create a direct surface water connection to the designated river as depicted on the national hydrography dataset as found on GRANIT.
    - Located within a 100-year flood plain.
    - Located in a jurisdictional area having any protected species or habitat. Or
    - Located in a prime wetlands or within a duly-established 100-foot buffer, unless a waiver has been granted pursuant to RSA 482-A:11, IV(b) and Env-Wt 706.

### SECTION 3 - MINIMUM IMPACT PROJECT CRITERIA (Env-Wt 309.06(a)(20); Env-Wt 903.01(e))

To qualify for this PBN, the project must meet the following criteria:

- Only one stream crossing is included in the project.
- The repair is limited to existing legal crossings where the tier classification is based only on the size of the contributing watershed.
- The crossing is not part of a larger crossing that meets the criteria for a major project specified in Env-Wt 400, regardless of the tier classification of the stream crossing that is part of the project.
- $\square$  The project does not need one or more waivers.
- The project is not a for a temporary tier 3 stream crossing.
- A professional engineer certifies, and provides supporting analyses, to show the following:
  - The existing crossing does not have a history of causing or contributing to flooding that damages the crossing or other human infrastructure or protected species habitat, and
  - The proposed stream crossing will:
    - a) Meet the general criteria specified in Env-Wt 904.01,
    - b) Maintain or enhance the hydraulic capacity of the stream crossing,
    - c) Maintain or enhance the capacity of the crossing to accommodate aquatic organism passage,
    - d) Maintain or enhance the connectivity of the stream reaches upstream or downstream of the crossing, and
    - e) Not cause or contribute to the increase in the frequency of flooding or overtopping of the banks upstream or downstream of the crossing.

Please note that "repair" as applied to a stream crossing means work on an existing legal structure to allow the structure to remain in place where the necessary work does not include the installation of new structural components (Env-Wt 902.24). It is different from "rehabilitation" (Env-Wt 902.23) and "replacement" (Env-Wt 902.26).

### SECTION 4 - CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL STREAM CROSSING WORK (Env-Wt 904.02)

- $\square$  All stream crossing work are subject to all applicable conditions in Env-Wt 307.
- $oxed{\boxtimes}$  In stream work must be done only during low flow conditions.
- Work on stream crossings that requires any work in areas that are subject to flowing water must maintain normal flows and prevent water quality degradation during the work by using best management practices, such as temporary by-pass pipes, culverts, or cofferdams.

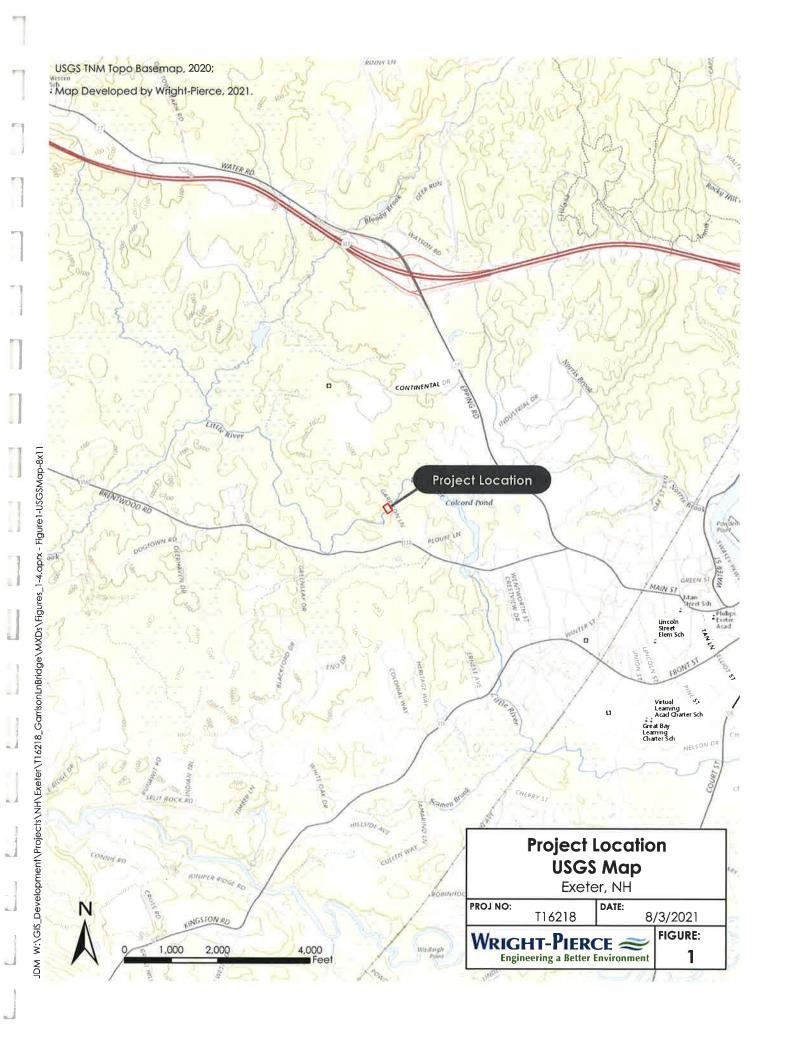
#### SECTION 5 - GENERAL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Env-Wt 904.01)

All stream crossings shall be designed and constructed so as to:

- Not be a barrier to sediment transport.
- Not restrict high flows and maintain existing low flows.
- Not obstruct or otherwise substantially disrupt the movement of aquatic organisms indigenous to the water body beyond the actual duration of construction.
- Not cause an increase in the frequency of flooding or overtopping of banks.
- Maintain or enhance geomorphic compatibility by:
  - Minimizing the potential for inlet obstruction by sediment, wood, or debris, and

### NHDES-W-06-027S

Preserving the natural alignment of the stream channel.
Preserve watercourse connectivity where it currently exists.
Restore watercourse connectivity where:
Connectivity previously was disrupted as a result of human activity(ies), and
Restoration of connectivity will benefit aquatic organisms upstream or downstream of the crossing, or both.
Not cause erosion, aggradation, or scouring upstream or downstream of the crossing.
Not cause water quality degradation.
SECTION 6 - INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR A STREAM CROSSING (Env-Wt 903.03; Env-Wt 904.04(e))
In addition to the information required on the PBN form (NHDES-W-06-027), please provide:
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ A US Geological Survey map or updated elevation data based on LiDAR on which the following are clearly delineated or otherwise noted:
<ul> <li>The approximate boundaries of the contributing watershed,</li> </ul>
The size of the contributing watershed, and
<ul> <li>Identification of the stream tier based on watershed size.</li> </ul>
Plans that show the following:
The scale of the plan and a north arrow,
The extent of disturbance,
<ul> <li>Road locations, including road edges, centerline, and boundaries of the right-of-way,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Proposed channel work including bank erosion control features, grade control, and channel linings, and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>All dimensions of the proposed structure and of the existing structure, if any, including inlet and outlet invert elevations.</li> </ul>
The hydraulic capacity of the proposed crossing, in terms of flood frequency event, and of the existing crossing, if any.
The type of crossing, such as a culvert or span, that is proposed and that exists, if any.
☐ The following information about the dewatering system proposed to be used:
<ul> <li>Estimated maximum flow anticipated during construction,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The location, height, and width of the diversion dam,</li> </ul>
The location and capacity of each sump, and
Backwater prevention method.
☐ The following information about erosion and pollution controls:
<ul> <li>The sediment treatment plan, including methods, release point(s), and extent,</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Any additional methods proposed to control erosion, and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>All methods of preventing and controlling releases from pumps, fuel stations, and equipment storage.</li> </ul>

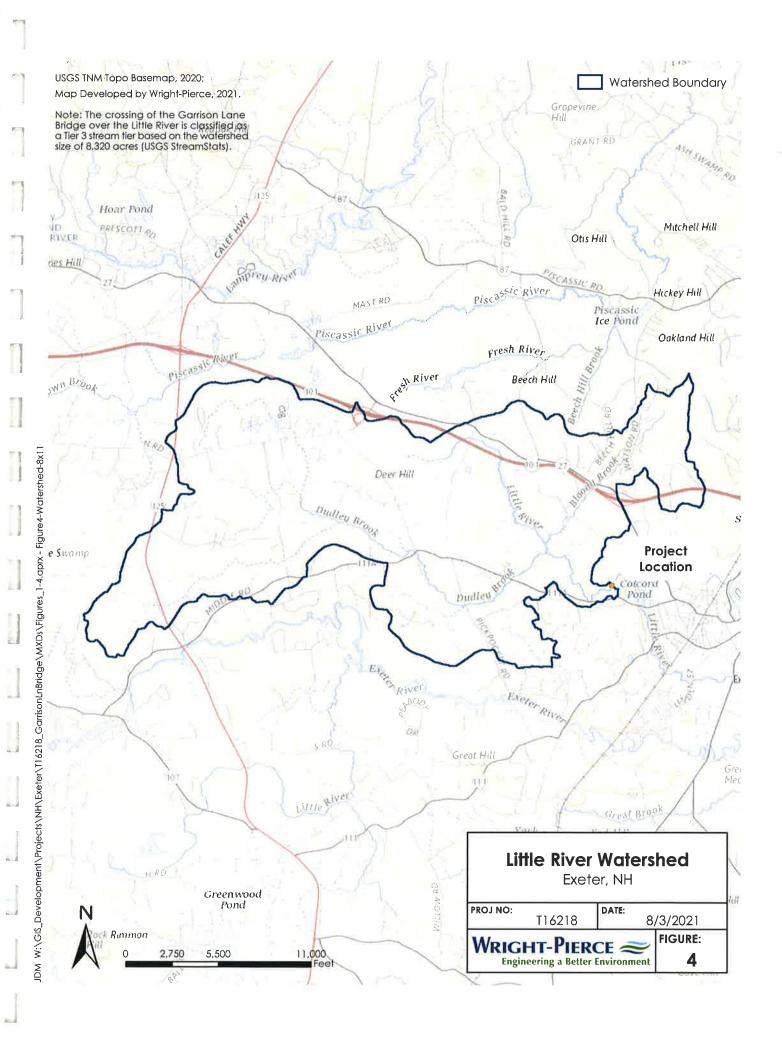




JDM W:\GIS\_Development\Projects\NH\Exeter\T16218\_GarrisonLnBridge\MXDs\Figures\_1-4.aprx - Figure2-AerialMap-8x11



JDM W:\GIS\_Development\Projects\NH\Exeter\T16218\_GarrisonLnBridge\MXDs\Figures\_1-4.aprx - Figure3-TaxMap-8x11



## New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau NHB DataCheck Results Letter

To: Jacob Shactman 230 Commerce Way

Suite 302

Portsmouth, NH 03801

From: NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Date: 8/23/2021 (This letter is valid through 8/23/2022)

Re: Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau of request dated 8/23/2021

Permit Type: Wetland Permit by Notification (PBN)

NHB ID: NHB21-2753

Applicant: Jacob Shactman

Location: Exeter

Tax Map: N/A, Tax Lot: N/A Address: Garrison Lane

Proj. Description: The proposed project involves repairs to the Garrison Lane Bridge over the Little

River including scour hole repairs, concrete crack repairs, bridge rail replacement,

and installation of running boards on the deck.

The NH Natural Heritage database has been checked for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities near the area mapped below. The species considered include those listed as Threatened or Endangered by either the state of New Hampshire or the federal government. We currently have no recorded occurrences for sensitive species near this project area.

A negative result (no record in our database) does not mean that a sensitive species is not present. Our data can only tell you of known occurrences, based on information gathered by qualified biologists and reported to our office. However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. An on-site survey would provide better information on what species and communities are indeed present.

# New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau NHB DataCheck Results Letter

MAP OF NOTIFICATION POINTS FOR: NHB21-2753

### **Construction Sequence**

The proposed project is anticipated to begin constructed in Fall 2021. A general sequence of construction activities is provided below. The final schedule will be determined by the Town and contractor upon receipt of permit approvals.

#### General Schedule:

- 1. Contractor mobilizes to project area (Fall 2021).
- 2. Install turbidity curtains around the limits of work and other applicable erosion and sedimentation controls practices.
- 3. Prepare staging area.
- 4. Commence repairs to scour hole, cracking on abutment faces
- 5. Epoxy coat exposed portion of timber bridge seat.
- 6. Shim pavement at approaches.
- 7. Replace bridge rail and running boards over timber bridge deck
- 8. Restore disturbed areas with loam and seed.
- 9. Once the site is permanently stabilized, remove all temporary erosion control measures.



## **Photographs**

Note: All photographs taken September 15, 2021



Photo 1: Work Area (Facing North)



Photo 2: Work Area (Facing East)

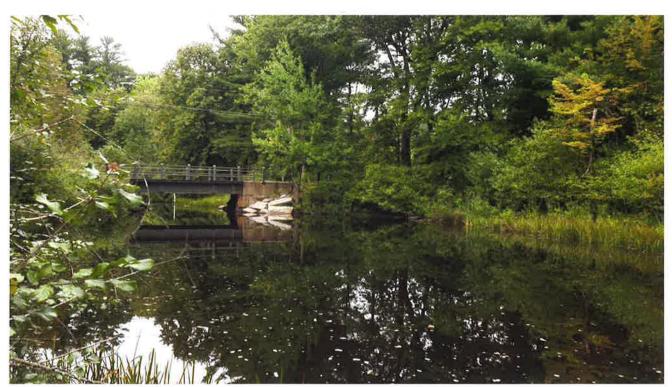


Photo 2: Little River and Garrison Lane Bridge (Facing Northeast)

## StreamStats Report

Region ID:

Workspace ID:

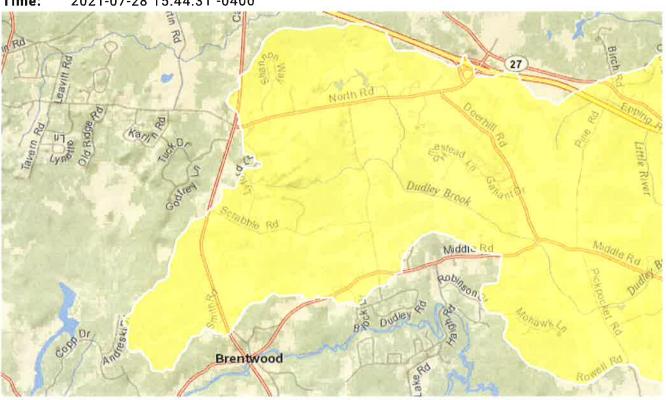
NH20210728194414094000

Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude):

42.98763, -70.97792

Time:

2021-07-28 15:44:31 -0400



### **Basin Characteristics**

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	13.02	square miles
APRAVPRE	Mean April Precipitation		inches
WETLAND	Percentage of Wetlands		percent
CSL10_85	Change in elevation divided by length between points 10 and 85 percent of distance along main channel to basin divide - main channel method not known		feet per mi

7/28/2021

Peak-Flow Statistics Parameters [Peak Flow Statewide SIR2008 5206]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	13.02	square miles	0.7	1290
APRAVPRE	Mean April Precipitation		inches	2.79	6.23
WETLAND	Percent Wetlands		percent	0	21.8
CSL10_85	Stream Slope 10 and 85 Method		feet per mi	5.43	543

Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Peak Flow Statewide SIR2008 5206]

Statistic Value Unit

Peak-Flow Statistics Citations

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StreamStats Services Version: 1.2.22

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