

TOWN OF EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

10 FRONT STREET • EXETER, NH • 03833-3792 • (603) 778-0591 •FAX 772-4709 <u>www.exeternh.gov</u>

PUBLIC NOTICE EXETER CONSERVATION COMMISSION Site Walk

The Exeter Conservation Commission will be conducting a site walk on Tuesday August 13th, 2024 at 5:30 pm meeting at 146 Portsmouth Ave, Exeter to review site conditions prior to the meeting.

Monthly Meeting

The Exeter Conservation Commission will meet in the <u>Nowak Room</u>, Exeter Town Offices at 10 Front Street, Exeter on **Tuesday**, **August 13**th, **2024 at 7:00 P.M.**

Call to Order:

- 1. Introduction of Members Present
- 2. Public Comment

Action Items:

- 1. Continued discussion of Wetland and Shoreland Conditional Use Permit applications from Foss Motors for a proposed Vehicle Storage Area and Accessory Storage Building at Tax Map 52, Lot 112.2. (*Christian Smith, Beals Assoc.*)
- 2. Major Impact Standard Dredge and Fill Wetland Permit Application for Dade Auto Holdings at 146 Portsmouth Ave. for a commercial auto dealership located at Tax Map 51-1.3-3, 3-4 (*Cindy Balcius, SRE Inc.*)
- 3. Committee Reports
 - a. Property Management
 - i. Research Request Approval fisher study Oaklands in Little River (REDC) see email from William Chrisman
 - ii. Request for moving expenditure \$1.825
 - iii. Raynes Updates (LCHIP Grant, LGT Restoration)
 - b. Trails
 - i. Volunteer project request Sig Sauer
 - c. Outreach Events
 - i. Interest in Tri-Town Kayak Event 9/21 or 9/28 with Brentwood
 - d. Other Committee Reports (River Study, Sustainability, Energy, Tree, CC Roundtable)
- 4. Treasurers Report and 2025 Budget
- 5. Approval of Minutes: 7/9/24 Meeting
- 6. Correspondence
 - a. SELT Rider Property Survey
 - b. Update 8 Thistle per July public comment & follow up
 - c. NHDOT herbicide application

Other Business

7. Next Meeting: 9/10/24, Submission Deadline 8/30/24

Dave Short

Exeter Conservation Commission

Posted August 8th, 2024 Exeter Town Website www.exeternh.gov and Town Office kiosk.

ZOOM Public Access Information:

Virtual Meetings can be watched on Ch 22 or Ch 98 and YouTube.

To access the meeting, click this link: https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84758986265

To access the meeting via telephone, call: +1 646 558 8656 and enter the Webinar ID: 847 5898 6265

Please join the meeting with your full name if you want to speak.

Use the "Raise Hand" button to alert the chair you wish to speak. On the phone, press *9. More instructions for how to access the meeting can be found here: https://www.exeternh.gov/townmanager/virtual-town-meetings

Contact us at extvg@exeternh.gov or 603-418-6425 with any technical issues.

TOWN OF EXETER PLANNING DEPARTMENT MEMORANDUM

August 5 th ,	2024
	August 5 th ,

To: Conservation Commission Board Members

From: Kristen Murphy, Conservation & Sustainability Planner

Subject: August 13th, Meeting

1. Foss

The applicant was at the <u>July 9th, 2024</u> meeting and has since revised the project plans. To avoid confusion, only the revised materials are included in your packet. Reference the <u>May 14th meeting</u> for the wetland impact evaluation report. Following redesign, the application had a conversation with Underwood Engineers. Their follow up email is also in the packet.

Suggested Motion:

WETLAND	CUP
	We have reviewed the Wetland Conditional Use Permit application and <u>ARE</u> IN SUPPORT of the application (as proposed) (with the following amendments):
	We have reviewed the Wetland Conditional Use Permit application and <u>ARE NOT</u> IN SUPPORT of the application as noted below:
SHORELA	ND CUP
	We have reviewed the Shoreland Conditional Use Permit application and <u>ARE</u> IN SUPPORT of the application (as proposed) (with the following amendments):
	We have reviewed the Shoreland Conditional Use Permit application and <u>ARE NOT</u> IN SUPPORT of the application as noted below:

2. Wetland Dredge and Fill for Kia dealership

The applicant was before the board on <u>December 13, 2022</u> for conceptual review. Currently the applicant has submitted a wetland application to the state. As per the CC bylaws, Dave Short issued the state indicating an intent to investigate the application. The applicant is aware the project will require a wetland conditional use permit and will likely also require a shoreland conditional use permit. We noted at our initial meeting with the applicant on July 31st the current district shown on the plans appears to be erroneously drawn.

I have scheduled a site walk for the Commission immediately prior to this meeting.

Suggested Motion:

Move to send a memo to the State indicating:

 We have reviewed this application and have no objection to the application as proposed.
 We have reviewed this application and recommend that the application be (approved)(denied) as noted below:

3. Committee Reports

Property Management

a. Research Request

We received a research request for a fisher study with radio collared fisher in Oaklands and Little River Conservation Areas as part of a collaborative research project between NH Fish and Game and UNH. Their proposal indicated an August start date to meet research needs. Given the minimal impact nature of this project, Dave granted permission to conduct the research on the following conditions:

- This permission is limited to foot traffic only and with an understanding the activities would be implemented with a leave-no-trace ethic following conclusion of the research activities.
- Given the public access nature of these lands, we recommend any traps (including cameras) be labeled indicating they are a part of a research study.
- The Town assumes no liability for this work.
- We kindly request a copy of any report or recommendations that may help inform future land management.

b. Mowing

Mowing – David O'Hearn's estimate for mowing the Irvine/Hayes, Morrissette, and Perry/White's Meadow properties this year is \$1,825. As a reminder, we manage these properties for pollinator and grassland habitats so a single late season mowing is required to keep the woody growth in check.

Sugge	sted Motion:
	Authorize the expenditure of up to \$1,825 from the Roadside Mowing line item

c. Ravnes

I was able to find a contractor (LGT Restoration) willing to complete the exterior clapboard/trim repair, replacement and painting on the west and north sides for \$18,200 which is dramatically less than previously expected. This will be completely covered by the Mooseplate grant we received. That leaves the fire detection system and interior staircase. Though I submitted an LCHIP grant application, I opted to withdraw it because we would not be able to expend the Mooseplate funds which was identified as partial match, until after the LCHIP grant was approved in December. I was worried our contractor would not be available then or that rates would change and felt we were better served to seek funding through the Town for the remaining tasks. I will provide more details on this under the proposed budget.

2025 Proposed Budget

Preliminary budget meeting with the Town Manager begin Aug 19th. I drafted a level funded request with the exception of adding funds to cover the fire detection system. This will complete all of the Raynes repairs with the exception of the interior staircase.

Rider Property

SELT has contracted with a surveyor to survey the full property. Through that process they documented there was an additional jog on the southern end of the property that adds an additional 7.5 acres including additional shoreline of Great Brook, the highest quality habitat on the property.

To fairly negotiate with the property owner, they have adjusted the exclusion area as indicated on the attached maps by the same amount of acreage. Because this occurred after your review, I thought it was important to inform you of this change. No action is necessary.

70 Portsmouth Avenue 3rd Floor, Unit 2 Stratham, N.H. 03885 Phone: (603)-583-4860 Fax: (603)-583-4863

TRANSMITTAL

Town of Exeter 10 Front St. Exeter, NH 03833 Date: August 2, 2024 Project: NH-1471

Location: 127 Ports Ave. Via: Hand Deliver

Items:

Attached: For Conservation Commission Submittal

We are sending you the following items:

- 1 Copy of Letter of Explanation
- 1 Copy of Full-Size Plans (8-sheets)
- 1 Copy of Half-Size Plans (8-sheets)

Comments:

Electronic copy provide via email.

Transmitted by: Christian O. Smith, PE.

70 Portsmouth Avenue 3rd Floor, Suite 2 Stratham, N.H. 03885 603 – 583 - 4860

Fax: 583 - 4863

August 2, 2024

Chairman Town of Exeter Planning Board 10 Front Street Exeter, NH 03833

RE: Letter of Explanation

Foss Motors - Proposed Vehicle Storage Area & Accessory Storage Use

Tax Map 0052 Lot #: 112.2

Members of the Board:

The applicant originally proposed a 22,500-square-foot accessory storage building with associated parking at 127 Portsmouth Avenue to expand inventory for the existing dealership. This 6.24-acre parcel is subject to 150-foot and 300-foot municipal Shoreland Protection District (SPD) buffers adjacent to the Exeter Reservoir, along with wetland pockets and their buffers. Due to these environmental constraints, Conditional Use Permits are required for both the Wetlands Conservation Overlay District and the Shoreland Protection District. The impacts on wetlands and shorelands are detailed in the provided plans and are also shown below.

In response to concerns raised by the Conservation Commission and Planning Board during several meetings and site visits, the applicant has scaled down the project to better protect resources within the Shoreland Protection District near the Exeter River and Wheelwright Creek. Additionally, the Technical Review Committee (TRC), along with Underwood Engineering, has reviewed the revised plans, leading to significant modifications based on their feedback.

To address the input from the Commission, Board, and other reviews, the following changes have been made:

- The size of the commercial vehicle storage area and the building have been reduced to minimize impact on the Shoreland Protection District.
- Impervious surfaces have been reduced by incorporating porous pavement and eliminating the drive aisle around the building.
- A large stone infiltration trench has been added along the south side of the building to improve stormwater infiltration.
- All parking and pavement outside the 150-foot shoreland setback have been removed.
- Parking has been relocated closer to GTE Road.

The proposal retains a driveway connection to the existing Foss Motors and two access driveways to the new lot. The building will continue to be served by municipal water and

sewer systems. Stormwater will be managed through filtration via porous pavement and bioretention media in the infiltration trench.

Wetland and Wetland Buffer Impact Su	ımmary
Permanent Wetland Impact	5,007 sf
Permanent Wetland Buffer Impact	35,530 sf
Temporary Wetland Buffer Impact	304 sf

Shoreland Protection District Impact	Summary
Permanent Shoreland Impact (0' – 150')	6,784 sf
Permanent Shoreland Impact (150' – 300')	53,188 sf
Temporary Shoreland Impact (150' – 300')	7,929 sf
Building Setback Impact	20,000 sf
Shoreland Protection Impervious Area	42,241sf (23.5%)

We look forward to presenting the updated project to you soon.

Thank you for your consideration.

Very truly yours, BEALS ASSOCIATES, PLLC

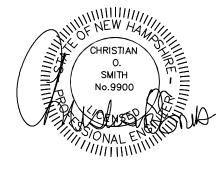
Christian O Smith

Christian O. Smith P.E. Principal

COMMERCIAI, SITH PLAN 127 PORTSMOUTH AVANTH (NH ROUTH 108) TAX MAP 52, LOT 112.2 MAY 3, 2004

CIVIL ENGINEERS:

PHONE: 603-583-4860, FAX. 603-583-4863



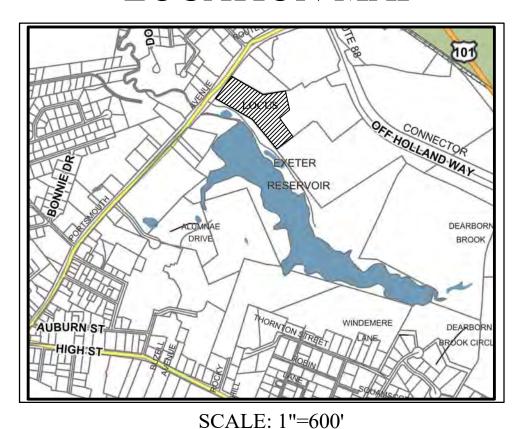
LAND SURVEYORS:



WETLAND/SOIL CONSULTANT:

GOVE ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES INC. 8 CONTINENTAL DRIVE, BLDG 2 UNIT H EXETER, NH 03833 1-603-778-0644

LOCATION MAP



SHEET#

SITE PLAN GRADING, DRAINAGE, & EROSION CONTROL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

COVER SHEET

TITLE

POROUS PAVEMENT & INFILTRATION TRENCH DETAILS

DRAWING INDEX

EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN (DOUCET SURVEY)

WETLAND IMPACT PLAN

EXETER SHORELAND IMPACT PLAN

PLAN SET LEGEND

5/8" REBAR	•		
DRILL HOLE	•		
CONC. BOUND	⊡	VGC	VERTICAL GRANITE CURI
UTILITY POLE	Q		VERTICAL STATE CORE
DRAIN MANHOLE	(D)	OVERHEAD ELEC. LINE	
SEWER MANHOLE	S	FENCING	x
EXISTING LIGHT POLE	ф	DRAINAGE LINE	——D ——
EXISTING CATCH BASIN		SEWER LINE	s
PROPOSED CATCH BASIN	\blacksquare	GAS LINE	
WATER GATE	₩V	WATER LINE	W
WATER SHUT OFF	~	STONE WALL	-
HYDRANT	\supset	TREE LINE	>>>>> <u>-</u>
PINES, ETC.	*	ABUT. PROPERTY LINES	
MAPLES, ETC.	£45	EXIST. PROPERTY LINES	
·		BUILDING SETBACK LINES	
EXIST. SPOT GRADE	96×69		
PROP. SPOT GRADE	96x69	EXIST. CONTOUR	<u> </u>
DOUBLE POST SIGN		PROP. CONTOUR	

SINGLE POST SIGN

SOIL LINES

.

RECORD OWNER/APPLICANT

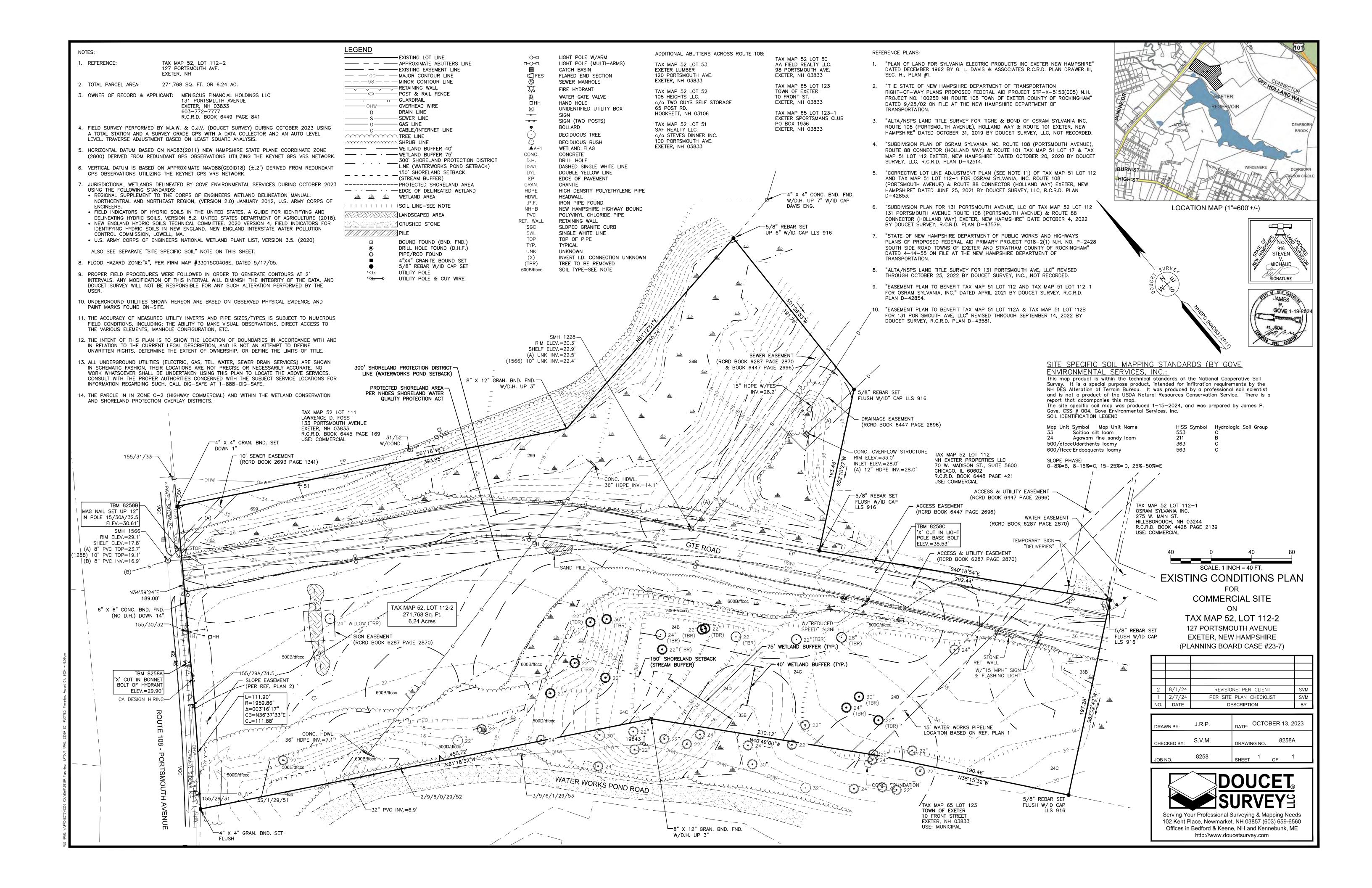
MENISCUS FINANCIAL HOLDINGS, LLC 133 PORTSMOUTH AVE. (NH ROUTE 108) EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

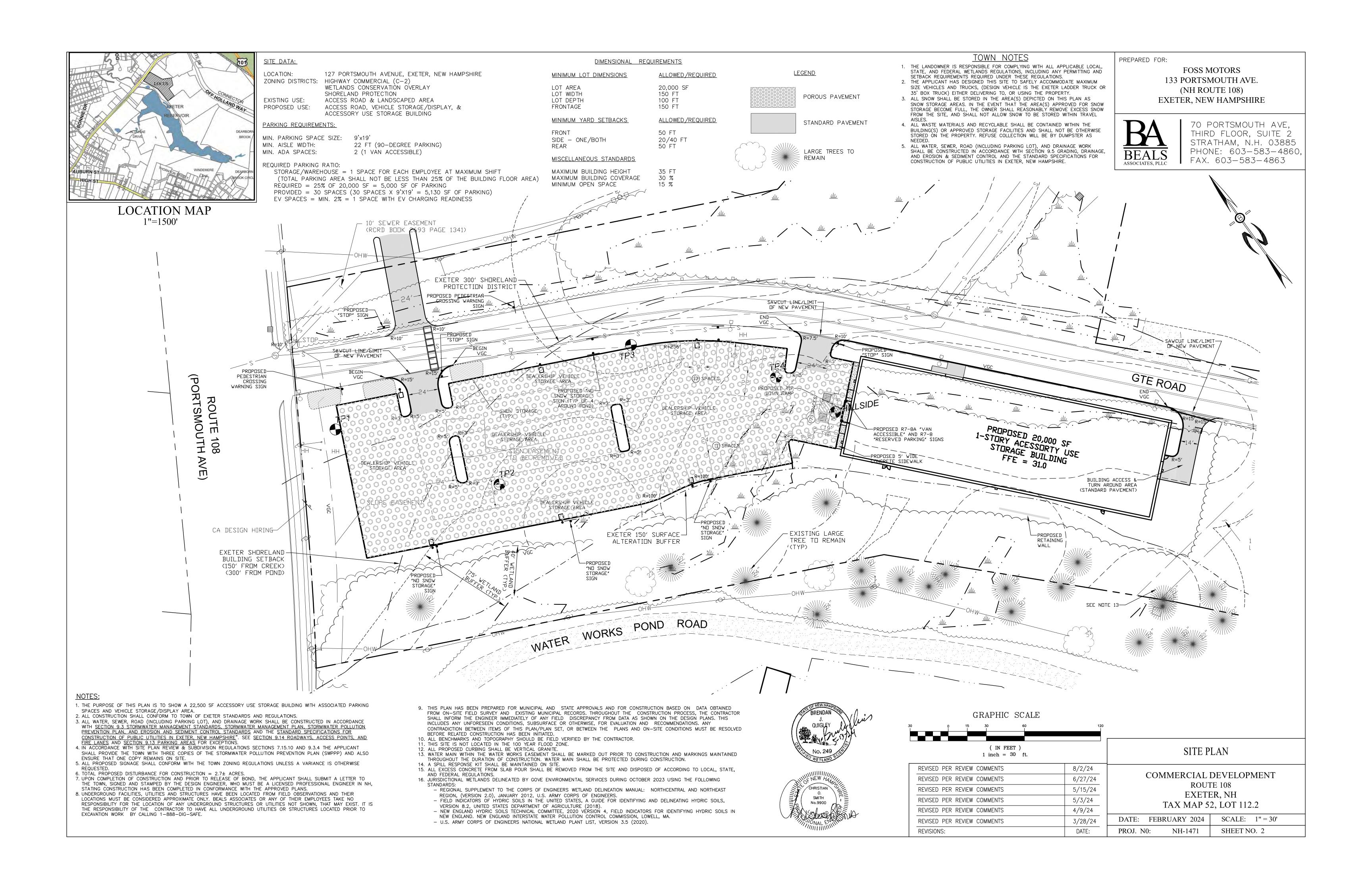
REQUIRED STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT NHDES ALTERATION OF TERRAIN PERMIT NHDES SHORELAND PERMIT

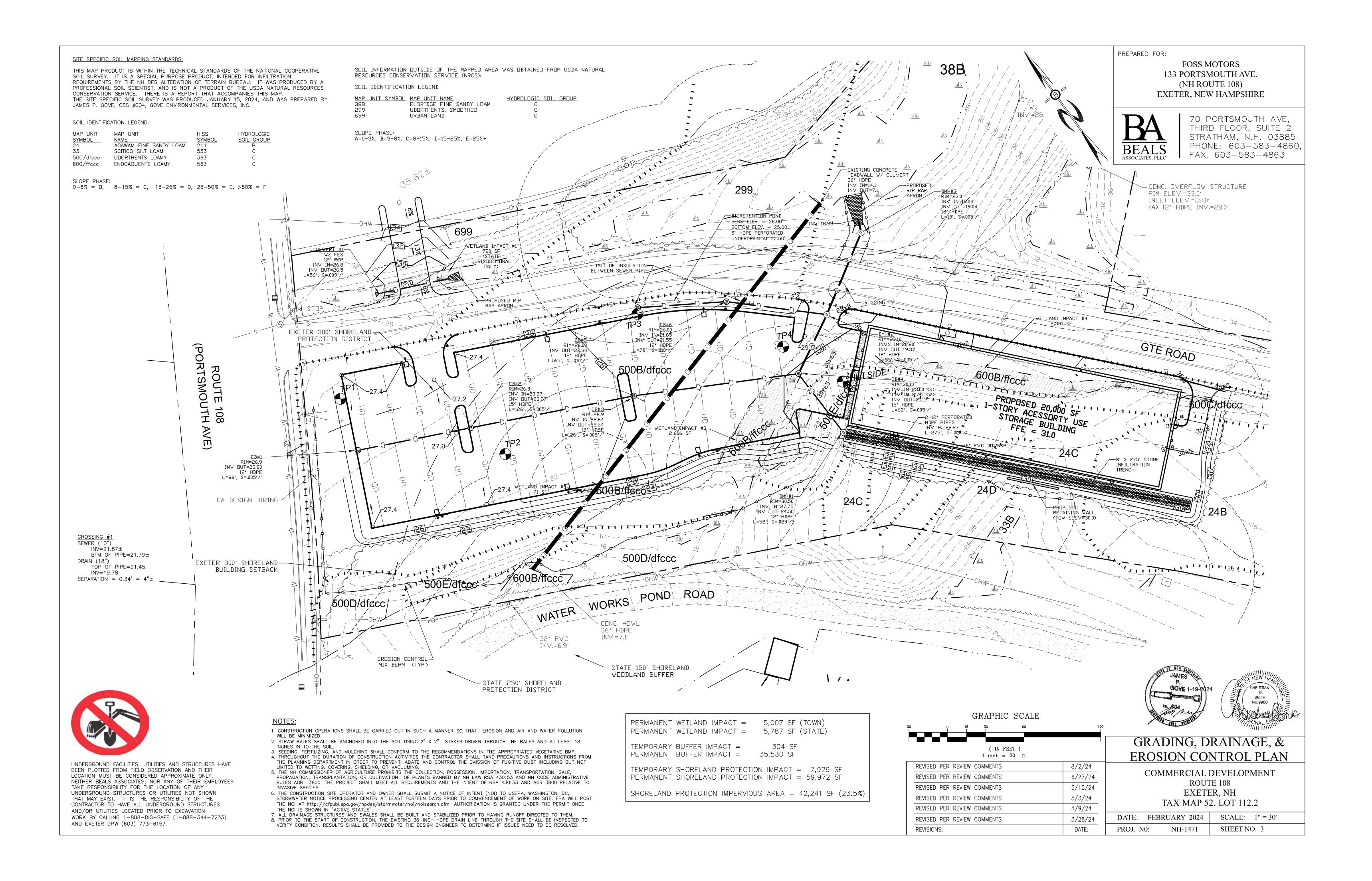
NHDES WETLANDS BUREAU DREDGE AND FILL

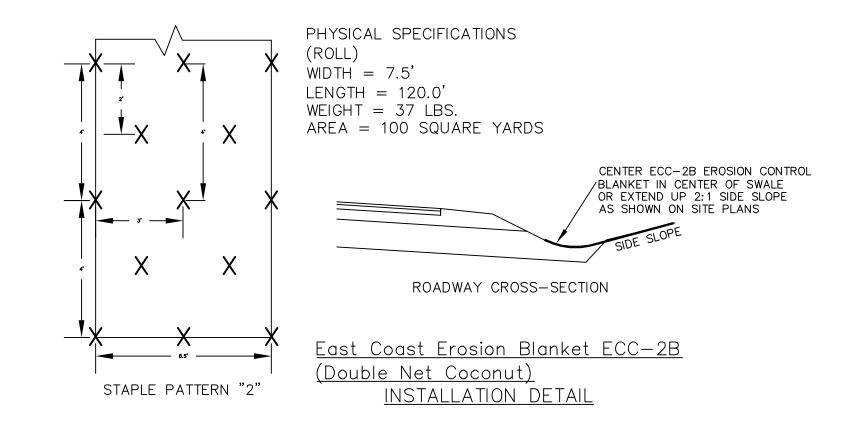
REVISIONS: 1 REVISED PER REVIEW COMMENTS REVISED PER REVIEW COMMENTS

6/27/24 8/2/24









** WITHIN 50 FEET DISTURBANCE TO ANY WETLAND, A DOUBLE ROW OF EROSION BARRIER (SILT FENCE, SILT SOCK, OR MULCH BERM) SHALL BE INSTALLED.

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

1. THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL AREA SHALL BE DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION, BUT NO MORE THAN 5 ACRES OF LAND SHALL BE EXPOSED BEFORE DISTURBED AREAS ARE STABILIZED*.

2. EROSION, SEDIMENT AND DETENTION MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND AT LOCATIONS AS REQUIRED OR DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE RETURNED TO ORIGINAL GRADES AND ELEVATIONS. 3. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE LOAMED WITH A MINIMUM OF 4" OF LOAM AND SEEDED WITH NOT LESS THAN 1.10 POUNDS OF SEED

PER 1000 SQUARE FEET OF AREA. (48 POUNDS PER ACRE) SEE SEED SPECIFICATIONS THIS SHEET. 4. SILT FENCES AND OTHER EROSION CONTROLS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EVERY RAIN EVENT GREATER THAN 0.25" DURING THE LIFE OF THE PROJECT. ALL DAMAGED AREAS SHALL BE REPAIRED, SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL PERIODICALLY BE REMOVED

AND DISPOSED OF. 5. AFTER ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED, THE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE REMOVED AND THE

AREA DISTURBED BY THE REMOVAL SMOOTHED AND RE-VEGETATED. 6. AREAS MUST BE SEEDED AND MULCHED WITHIN 3 DAYS OF FINAL GRADING, PERMANENTLY STABILIZED WITHIN 15 DAYS OF FINAL GRADING, OR TEMPORARILY STABILIZED WITHIN 30 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE OF SOIL.

* AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE IF ONE OF THE FOLLOWING HAS OCCURRED:

- BASE COURSE GRAVELS HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED - A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.

A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS RIPRAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED.

- EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. STRUCTURES SHALL BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AT THE

APPROPRIATE SPACING. 2. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER SO THAT EROSION AND AIR AND WATER POLLUTION WILL BE MINIMIZED.

3. WHEN TIMBER STRUCTURES ARE USED, THE TIMBER SHALL EXTEND AT LEAST 18" INTO THE SOIL. 4. STRAW BALES SHALL BE ANCHORED INTO THE SOIL USING 2" X 2" STAKES DRIVEN THROUGH THE BALES

AND AT LEAST 18 INCHES IN TO THE SOIL. 5. SEEDING, FERTILIZING, AND MULCHING SHALL CONFORM TO THE RECOMMENDATIONS IN THE APPROPRIATED

VEGETATIVE BMP. 6. STRUCTURES SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE CHANNEL WHEN THEIR USEFUL LIFE HAS BEEN COMPLETED.

7. THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE PRECAUTIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT IN ORDER TO PREVENT, ABATE AND CONTROL THE EMISSION OF FUGITIVE DUST INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WETTING, COVERING, SHIELDING, OR VACUUMING.

8. THE NH COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE PROHIBITS THE COLLECTION, POSSESSION, IMPORTATION, TRANSPORTATION, SALE, PROPAGATION, TRANSPLANTATION, OR CULTIVATION OF PLANTS BANNED BY NH LAW RSA 430:53 AND NH CODE ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AGR 3800. THE PROJECT SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS AND THE INTENT OF . RSA 430:53 AND AGR 3800 RELATIVE TO INVASIVE SPECIES

9. THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OPERATOR AND OWNER SHALL SUBMIT A NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) TO USEPA, WASHINGTON, DC, STORMWATER NOTICE PROCESSING CENTER AT LEAST FORTEEN DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK ON SITE. EPA WILL POST THE NOI AT

http://cfpubl.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater/noi/noisearch.cfm. AUTHORIZATION IS GRANTED UNDER THE PERMIT ONCE THE NOI IS SHOWN IN "ACTIVE STATUS".

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

1. CUT AND REMOVE TREES IN CONSTRUCTION AREAS AS REQUIRED OR DIRECTED.

2. CONSTRUCT AND/OR INSTALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEDIMENT EROSION AND DETENTION CONTROL FACILITIES AS REQUIRED. EROSION, SEDIMENT AND DETENTION CONTROL FACILITIES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND STABILIZED PRIOR TO ANY EARTH MOVING OPERATION AND PRIOR TO DIRECTING RUNOFF TO THEM.

3. CLEAR, CUT, GRUB AND DISPOSE OF DEBRIS IN APPROVED FACILITIES. STUMPS AND DEBRIS ARE TO BE REMOVED FROM SITE AND DISPOSED OF PER STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

4. EXCAVATE AND STOCKPILE TOPSOIL /LOAM. ALL AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING.

5. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY CULVERTS AS REQUIRED OR DIRECTED. 6. CONSTRUCT THE ROADWAY/DRIVEWAYS AND ITS ASSOCIATED DRAINAGE STRUCTURES. ALL ROADWAYS, PARKING

AREAS, AND CUT/FILL SLOPES SHALL BE STABILIZED AND/OR LOAMED AND SEEDED WITHIN 72-HOURS OF ACHIEVING FINISH GRADE AS APPLICABLE. 7. INSTALL PIPE AND CONSTRUCTION ASSOCIATED APPURTENANCES AS REQUIRED OR DIRECTED. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING.

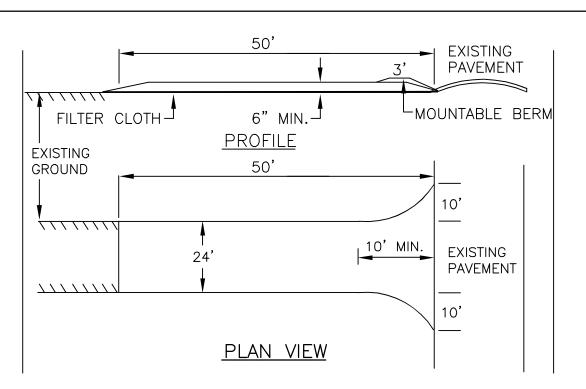
8. BEGIN PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES AND DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED OR MULCHED AS REQUIRED, OR DIRECTED. 9. DAILY OR AS REQUIRED, CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY BERMS, DRAINAGE CHECK DAMS, DITCHES, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC.

TO PREVENT EROSION ON THE SITE AND PREVENT ANY SILTATION OF ABUTTING WATERS OR PROPERTY. 10. INSPECT AND MAINTAIN ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES DURING CONSTRUCTION 11. COMPLETE PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPING

12. REMOVE TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AFTER SEEDING AREAS HAVE ESTABLISHED THEMSELVES AND SITE IMPROVEMENTS ARE COMPLETE. SMOOTH AND REVEGETATE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. 13. ALL SWALES AND DRAINAGE STRUCTURES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AND STABILIZED PRIOR TO HAVING RUNOFF DIRECTED TO THEM.

14. FINISH PAVING ALL ROADWAYS/DRIVEWAYS.

15. LOT DISTURBANCE OTHER THAN THAT SHOWN ON THE APPROVED PLANS SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL THE ROADWAY HAS THE BASE COURSE TO DESIGN ELEVATION AND THE ASSOCIATED DRAINAGE IS COMPLETE AND STABLE.



1. STONE FOR A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE 3 INCH STONE, RECLAIMED STONE, OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT. 2. THE LENGTH OF THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 50 FEET, EXCEPT FOR A SINGLE

RESIDENTIAL LOT WHERE A 30 FOOT MINIMUM LENGTH WOULD APPLY. 3. THE THICKNESS OF THE STONE FOR THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 6 INCHES. 4. THE WIDTH OF THE ENTRANCE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH OF THE ENTRANCE WHERE INGRESS OR EGRESS OCCURS OR 10 FEET, WHICH EVER IS GREATER. 5. GEOTEXTILE FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE ENTIRE AREA PRIOR TO PLACING THE STONE. FILTER CLOTH IS NOT REQUIRED FOR A SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE LOT.

6. ALL SURFACE WATER THAT IS FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE PIPED BENEATH THE ENTRANCE. IF PIPING IS IMPRACTICAL, A BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES THAT CAN BE CROSSED BY VEHICLES MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR THE PIPE.

7. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND/OR CLEAN OUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, WASHED, OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY MUST BE REMOVED

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

WINTER MAINTENANCE

1. ALL DISTURBED AREAS THAT DO NOT HAVE AT LEAST 85% VEGETATIVE COVERAGE PRIOR TO OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY APPLYING MULCH AT A RATE OF 3-4 TONS PER ACRE. ALL SIDE SLOPES, STEEPER THAN 4:1, THAT ARE NOT DIRECTED TO SWALES OR DETENTION BASINS, SHALL BE LINED WITH BIODEGRADABLE PHOTODEGRADABLE "JUTE MATTING" (EXCELSIOR'S CURLEX II OR EQUAL). ALL OTHER SLOPES SHALL BE MULCHED AND TACKED AT A RATE OF 3-4 TONS PER ACRE. THE APPLICATION OF MULCH AND/OR JUTE MATTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER EXISTING SNOW COVER. IF THE SITE IS ACTIVE AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, ANY SNOW THAT ACCUMULATES ON DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO SPRING THAW ALL AREAS WILL BE STABILIZED, AS DIRECTED ABOVE.

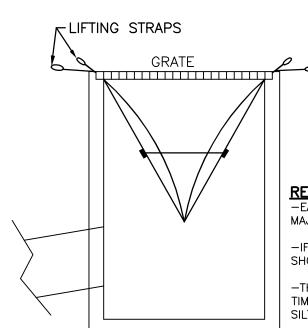
2. ALL SWALES THAT DO NOT HAVE FULLY ESTABLISHED VEGETATION SHALL BE EITHER LINED WITH TEMPORARY JUTE MATTING OR TEMPORARY STONE CHECK DAMS (APPROPRIATELY SPACED). STONE CHECK DAMS WILL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT THE WINTER MONTHS. IF THE SWALES ARE TO BE MATTED WITH PERMANENT LINERS OR RIPRAP WITH ENGINEERING FABRIC, THIS SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO WINTER SHUTDOWN OR AS SOON AS THEY ARE PROPERLY GRADED AND SHAPED

3. PRIOR TO OCT. 15TH ALL ROADWAY AND PARKING AREAS SHALL BE BROUGHT UP TO AND THROUGH THE BANK RUN GRAVEL APPLICATION. IF THESE AREAS' ELEVATIONS ARE PROPOSED TO REMAIN BELOW THE PROPOSED SUBGRADE ELEVATION, THE SUBGRADE MATERIAL SHALL BE ROUGHLY CROWNED AND A 3" LAYER OF CRUSHED GRAVEL SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPACTED. THIS WILL ALLOW THE SUBGRADE TO SHED RUNOFF AND WILL REDUCE ROADWAY EROSION. THIS CRUSHED GRAVEL DOES NOT HAVE TO CONFORM TO NH DOT 304.3, BUT SHALL HAVE BETWEEN 15—25% PASSING THE #200 SIEVE AND THE LARGEST STONE SIZE SHALL BE 2". IF THE SITE IS ACTIVE AFTER NOVEMBER 15TH, ANY ACCUMULATED SNOW SHALL BE REMOVED FROM ALL ROADWAY AND PARKING AREAS.

4. AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, THE END OF NEW HAMPSHIRE'S AVERAGE GROWING SEASON, NO ADDITIONAL LOAM SHALL BE SPREAD ON SIDE SLOPES AND SWALES. THE STOCKPILES THAT WILL BE LEFT UNDISTURBED UNTIL SPRING SHALL BE SEEDED BY THIS DATE. AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, ANY NEW OR DISTURBED PILES SHALL BE MULCHED AT A RATE OF 3-4 TONS PER ACRE. ALL STOCKPILES THAT WILL REMAIN THROUGHOUT THE WINTER SHALL BE SURROUNDED WITH SILT

SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

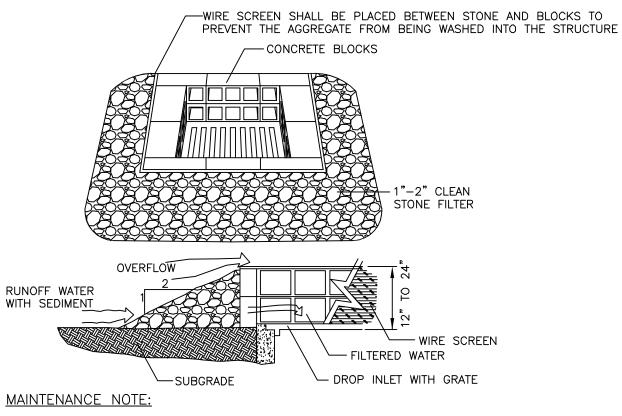
- 1. GRADING AND SHAPING
- A. SLOPES SHALL NOT BE STEEPER THAN 2:1;3:1 SLOPES OR FLATTER ARE PREFERRED. WHERE MOWING WILL BE DONE, 3:1 SLOPES OR FLATTER ARE RECOMMENDED.
- 2. SEEDBED PREPARATION A. SURFACE AND SEEPAGE WATER SHOULD BE DRAINED OR DIVERTED FROM THE SITE TO PREVENT DROWNING OR WINTER
- B. STONES LARGER THAN 4 INCHES AND TRASH SHOULD BE REMOVED BECAUSE THEY INTERFERE WITH SEEDING AND FUTURE MAINTENANCE OF THE AREA. WHERE FEASIBLE, THE SOIL SHOULD BE TILLED TO A DEPTH OF ABOUT 4 INCHES TO PREPARE A SEEDBED AND MIX FERTILIZER AND LIME INTO THE SOIL. THE SEEDBED SHOULD BE LEFT IN REASONABLY FIRM AND SMOOTH CONDITION. THE LAST TILLAGE OPERATION SHOULD BE PERFORMED ACROSS THE SLOPE WHEREVER PRACTICAL.
- 3. ESTABLISHING A STAND
- A. LIME AND FERTILIZER SHOULD BE APPLIED PRIOR TO OR AT THE TIME OF SEEDING AND INCORPORATED INTO THE SOIL KINDS AND AMOUNTS OF LIME AND FERTILIZER SHOULD BE BASED ON AN EVALUATION OF SOIL TESTS. REFER TO LIGHTING & LANDSCAPE PLAN FOR FERTILIZER REQUIREMENTS.
- B. SEED SHOULD BE SPREAD UNIFORMLY BY THE METHOD MOST APPROPRIATE FOR THE SITE. METHODS INCLUDE BROADCASTING, DRILLING AND HYDROSEEDING. WHERE BROADCASTING IS USED, COVER SEED WITH .25 INCH OF SOIL OR LESS, BY CULTIPACKING OR RAKING.
- C. A NEW ENGLAND NATIVE SEED MIXTURE SHALL BE USED. REFER TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS FOR RATES OF SEEDING.
- D. WHEN SEEDED AREAS ARE MULCHED, PLANTINGS MAY BE MADE FROM EARLY SPRING TO EARLY OCTOBER. WHEN SEEDED AREAS ARE NOT MULCHED, PLANTINGS SHOULD BE MADE FROM EARLY SPRING TO MAY 20 OR FROM AUGUST 10 TO SEPTEMBER 1.
- 4. MULCH
 - A. HAY, STRAW, OR OTHER MULCH, WHEN NEEDED, SHOULD BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.
 - B. MULCH WILL BE HELD IN PLACE USING APPROPRIATE TECHNIQUES FROM THE BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE FOR MULCHING. HAY OR STRAW MULCH SHALL BE PLACED AT A RATE OF 90 LBS PER 1000 SQ. FT.
- 5. MAINTENANCE TO ESTABLISH A STAND
- A. PLANTED AREA SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE BY FIRE, GRAZING, TRAFFIC, AND DENSE WEED GROWTH. B. FERTILIZATION NEEDS SHOULD BE DETERMINED BY ONSITE INSPECTIONS. SUPPLEMENTAL FERTILIZER IS USUALLY THE KEY TO FULLY COMPLETE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE STAND BECAUSE MOST PERENNIAL STAKE 2 TO 3 YEARS TO
- C. IN WATERWAYS, CHANNELS, OR SWALES WHERE UNIFORM FLOW CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED, OCCASIONAL MOWING MAY BE NECESSARY TO CONTROL GROWTH OF WOODY VEGETATION.



<u>RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE</u> MAJOR RAIN EVENT

-IF THERE HAVE BEEN NO MAJOR EVENTS, SILTSACK SHOULD BE INSPECTED EVERY 2-3 WEEKS -THE RESTRAINT CORD SHOULD BE VISIBLE AT ALL TIMES. IF CORD IS COVERED WITH SEDIMENT, THE SILTSACK SHOULD BE EMPTIED.

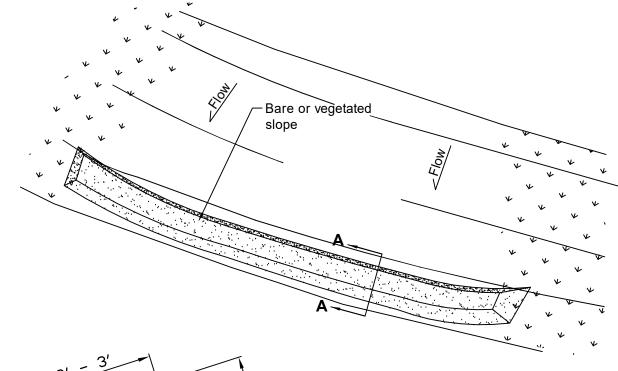
SILTSACK DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

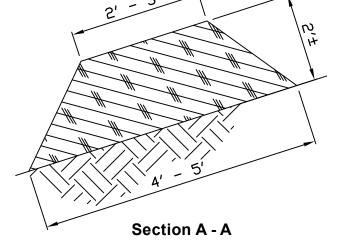


1. ALL STRUCTURES SHOULD BE INSPECTED AFTER EVERY RAINFALL AND REPAIRS MADE AS NECESSARY. SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM TRAPPING DEVICES AFTER THE SEDIMENT HAS REACHED A MAXIMUM OF ONE HALF THE DEPTH OF THE TRAP. THE SEDIMENT SHOULD BE DISPOSED IN A SUITABLE UPLAND AREA AND PROTECTED FROM EROSION BY EITHER STRUCTURE OR VEGETATIVE MEANS. THE TEMPORARY TRAPS SHOULD BE REMOVED AND THE AREA REPAIRED AS SOON AS THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA TO THE INLET HAS BEEN COMPLETELY STABILIZED.

TEMPORARY CATCH BASIN INLET PROTECTION (Block and Gravel Drop Inlet Sediment Filter)

NOT TO SCALE





Mix material should consist of 30-50% large (1-3") particles. The organic matter content should be 25%-65%, dry weight basis. The organic matter may originate from a variety of vegetative sources, but needs to be fibrous and elongated. The mix shall be free of silt, clay, fine sand, refuse and contaminants or any material toxic to plant growth. Erosion Control Mix berms are effective filters for overland flow conditions and should not be used to filter concentrated flow such as that found in drainage ditchs, streams, etc.

Erosion Control Mix Berm

REVISED PER	R REVIEW COMMENTS	5/15/24
REVISED PER	R REVIEW COMMENTS	3/28/24

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

CC	OMMERCIAL DEVELOPMEN
	ROUTE 108
	EXETER, NH
	TAX MAP 52, LOT 112.2

PROL NO: NH-1471 SHEET NO 4	DATE:	FEB, 2024	SCALE:	NTS
TROS. 140.	PROJ. N0:	NH-1471	SHEET NO.	4

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR POROUS ASPHALT THE UNH STORM WATER CENTER

....

B. POROUS ASPHALT

A. PERCOLATION BEDS (REFERS TO NO 57 STONE)

INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- . OWNER SHALL BE NOTIFIED AT LEAST 24 HOURS PRIOR TO ALL PERCOLATION BED AND POROUS PAVING WORK.
- 2. SUB GRADE PREPARATION

 A.EXISTING SUB GRADE UNDER BED AREAS SHALL NOT BE COMPACTED OR SUBJECT TO EXCESSIVE CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT TRAFFIC PRIOR TO STONE BED PLACEMENT.
- B. WHERE EROSION OF SUB GRADE HAS CAUSED ACCUMULATION OF FINE MATERIALS AND/OR SURFACE PONDING, THIS MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED WITH LIGHT EQUIPMENT AND THE UNDERLYING SOILS SCARIFIED TO A MINIMUM DEPTH OF 6 INCHES WITH A YORK RAKE OR EQUIVALENT AND LIGHT TRACTOR.
 C. BRING SUB GRADE OF STONE PERCOLATION BED TO LINE, GRADE, AND ELEVATIONS INDICATED. FILL AND LIGHTLY REGRADE ANY AREAS DAMAGED BY EROSION, PONDING, OR TRAFFIC COMPACTION BEFORE THE PLACING OF STONE. ALL BED BOTTOMS ARE LEVEL GRADE.
- 3. RECHARGE BED INSTALLATION (REFERS TO NO 3 STONE)
 A.UPON COMPLETION OF SUB GRADE WORK, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED AND SHALL INSPECT AT HIS DISCRETION BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH PERCOLATION BED INSTALLATION.
 B.PERCOLATION BED AGGREGATE SHALL BE PLACED IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPROVAL OF SUB GRADE PREPARATION. ANY ACCUMULATION OF DEBRIS
- OR SEDIMENT WHICH HAS TAKEN PLACE AFTER APPROVAL OF SUB GRADE SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF AGGREGATE AT NO EXTRA COST TO THE OWNER.
- C.INSTALL COARSE AGGREGATE NO. 3 (1 1/2" STONE) IN 8-INCH MAXIMUM LIFTS. LIGHTLY COMPACT EACH LAYER WITH EQUIPMENT, KEEPING EQUIPMENT MOVEMENT OVER STORAGE BED SUBGRADES TO A MINIMUM. INSTALL AGGREGATE TO GRADES INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- D. INSTALL 3" LIFT PEA GRAVEL LAYER TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES FROM THE FILTER COARSE (NHDOT 304.1)

 E.INSTALL FILTER COARSE (NHDOT 304.1 SAND LESS THAN 2% FINES) IN 2, 4" LIFTS. LIGHTLY COMPACT EACH LAYER WITH EQUIPMENT, KEEPING
 EQUIPMENT MOVEMENT OVER STORAGE BED SUBGRADES TO A MINIMUM. INSTALL AGGREGATE TO GRADES INDICATED ON THE DRAWNGS.
- F.INSTALL CHOKER BASE COURSE (AASHTO # 57 STONE) AGGREGATE EVENLY OVER SURFACE OF STONE BED, SUFFICIENT TO ALLOW PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT, AND NOTIFY ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL. CHOKER BASE COURSE SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO ALLOW FOR EVEN PLACEMENT OF ASPHALT BUT NO THICKER THAN 4—INCH IN DEPTH.
- 4. SURROUNDING AREAS

 A.BEFORE THE POROUS PAVEMENT IS INSTALLED, ADJACENT SOIL AREAS SHOULD BE SLOPED AWAY FROM ALL PAVEMENT EDGES, TO PREVENT
- POTENTIAL SEDIMENT FROM WASHING ONTO THE PAVEMENT SURFACE.

 B.TO ACCOMPLISH THIS, A SEQUENCE OF SWALES SHOULD BE EXCAVATED INTO ALL EARTHEN (UNPAVED) AREAS AT LEAST ON THE UPHILL SIDES OF THE PAVEMENT, AND WHERE NECESSARY, TO BELOW THE CURB OR PAVEMENT ELEVATION. ITS SHAPE AND PAINTINGS CAN BE INTEGRATED WITH THE PROJECT'S ARCHITECTURE AND LANDSCAPE, AND DESIGNED TO MAXIMIZE INFILTRATION. SWALE OVERFLOW, WHEN IT OCCURS, CAN BE DISCHARGED FROM ONE SWALE TO ANOTHER BY CONNECTING PIPES UNDER DRIVEWAYS.

 C.BUILDING BASEMENTS AND FOUNDATIONS SHOULD BE WATERPROOFED AS NECESSARY, WHERE THE POROUS PAVEMENT ABUTS BUILDINGS.
- 1. TRANSPORTING MATERIAL
 A. TRANSPORTING OF MIX TO THE SITE SHALL BE IN VEHICLES WITH SMOOTH, CLEAN DUMP BEDS THAT HAVE BEEN SPRAYED WITH A NON-PETROLEUM RELEASE AGENT.
- B.THE MIX SHALL BE COVERED DURING TRANSPORT TO CONTROL COOLING.
 2. POROUS BITUMINOUS ASPHALT SHALL NOT BE STORED IN EXCESS OF 90 MINUTES BEFORE PLACEMENT.
- A. THE POROUS BITUMINOUS SURFACE COURSE SHALL BE LAID IN ONE LIFT DIRECTLY OVER THE CHOKER COARSE, FILTER COARSE, AND CRUSHED STONE BASE COURSE TO A 4—INCH FINISHED THICKNESS. THE SURFACE CAN BE LAID IN TWO LIFTS IF SECOND LIFT IS DONE WITHIN 10 BUSINESS DAYS
- AND THE INITIAL COURSE IS CLEAN AND FREE OF SEDIMENT.

 B. THE LAYING TEMPERATURE OF THE BITUMINOUS MIX SHALL BE BETWEEN 300 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT AND 350 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT (BASED ON THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE ASPHALT SUPPLIER).

 C. INSTALLATION SHALL TAKE PLACE WHEN AMBIENT TEMPERATURES ARE 55 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT OR ABOVE, WHEN MEASURED IN THE SHADE AWAY FROM ARTIFICIAL HEAT.

 D. THE USE OF A REMIXING MATERIAL TRANSFER DEVICE BETWEEN THE TRUCKS AND THE PAVER IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED TO ELIMINATE COLD LUMPS
- IN THE MIX.

 E. THE POLYMER-MODIFIED ASPHALT IS VERY DIFFICULT TO RAKE, A WELL-HEATED SCREED SHOULD BE USED TO MINIMIZE THE NEED FOR RAKING.

 F. COMPACTION OF THE SURFACE COURSE SHALL TAKE PLACE WHEN THE SURFACE IS COOL ENOUGH TO RESIST A 10-TON ROLLER. (140°F. SURFACE TEMPERATURE) ONE OR TWO PASSES IS ALL THAT IS REQUIRED FOR PROPER COMPACTION. MORE ROLLING COULD CAUSE A REDUCTION IN THE SURFACE POROSITY WHICH IS UNACCEPTABLE.
- 4. IN THE EVENT CONSTRUCTION SEDIMENT IS INADVERTENTLY DEPOSITED ON THE FINISHED POROUS SURFACE, IT MUST BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED BY VACUUMING.
- 5. AFTER FINAL ROLLING, NO VEHICULAR TRAFFIC OF ANY KIND SHALL BE PERMITTED ON THE SURFACE UNTIL COOLING AND HARDENING HAS TAKEN PLACE, AND IN NO CASE WITHIN THE FIRST 48 HOURS. PROVIDE BARRIERS AS NECESSARY AT NO EXTRA COST TO THE OWNER TO PREVENT VEHICULAR USE; REMOVE AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENGINEER.
 6. STRIPING PAINT FOR TRAFFIC LANES AND PARKING BAYS SHALL BE CHLORINATED RUBBER BASE, FACTORY MIXED, NON-BLEEDING, FAST DRYING, BEST QUALITY, WHITE TRAFFIC PAINT WITH A LIFE EXPECTANCY OF TWO YEARS UNDER NORMAL TRAFFIC USE.
- A.PAVEMENT-MARKING PAINT; LATEX, WATER-BASE EMULSION, READY-MIXED, COMPLYING WITH PS TT-P-1952.

 B.SWEEP AND CLEAN SURFACE TO ELIMINATE LOOSE MATERIAL AND DUST.

 C.PAINT 4 INCH WIDE TRAFFIC LANE STRIPING IN ACCORDANCE WITH LAYOUTS OF PLAN. APPLY PAINT WITH MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT TO PRODUCE

 UNIFORM STRAIGHT EDGES. APPLY IN TWO COATS AT MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED RATES. PROVIDE CLEAR, SHARP LINES USING WHITE TRAFFIC
- PAINT, INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NHDOT SPECIFICATIONS.

 6. WORK SHALL BE DONE EXPERTLY THROUGHOUT, WITHOUT STAINING OR INJURY TO OTHER WORK.

 TRANSITION TO ADJACENT IMPERVIOUS BITUMINOUS PAVING SHALL BE MERGED NEATLY WITH FLUSH, CLEAN LINE. FINISHED PAVING SHALL BE EVEN, WITHOUT POCKETS, AND GRADED TO ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON DRAWING.

 7. POROUS PAVEMENT BEDS SHALL NOT BE USED FOR EQUIPMENT OR MATERIALS STORAGE DURING CONSTRUCTION, AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES
- SHALL VEHICLES BE ALLOWED TO DEPOSIT SOIL ON PAVED POROUS SURFACES.

 8. REPAIR OF DAMAGED PAVING

 A.ANY EXISTING PAVING ON OR ADJACENT TO THE SITE THAT HAS BEEN DAMAGED AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION WORK SHALL HE REPAIRED TO
- THE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNER WITHOUT ADDITIONAL COST TO THE OWNER.

 9. FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

 A.THE FULL PERMEABILITY OF THE PAVEMENT SURFACE SHALL BE TESTED BY APPLICATION OF CLEAN WATER AT THE RATE OF AT LEAST 5 GPM

 OVER THE SURFACE, USING A HOSE OR OTHER DISTRIBUTION DEVISE. WATER USED FOR THE TEST SHALL BE CLEAN, FREE OF SUSPENDED SOLIDS

AND DELETERIOUS LIQUIDS AND WILL BE PROVIDED AT NO EXTRA COST TO THE OWNER. ALL APPLIED WATER SHALL INFILTRATE DIRECTLY WITHOUT

B.TEST IN-PLACE BASE AND SURFACE COURSE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS FOR THICKNESS AND SURFACE SMOOTHNESS. REPAIR OR REMOVE AND REPLACE UNACCEPTABLE WORK AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER.

C.SURFACE SMOOTHNESS: TEST FINISHED SURFACE FOR SMOOTHNESS AND EVEN DRAINAGE, USING A TEN-FOOT TO CENTERLINE OF PAVED AREA. SURFACE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED IF GAPS OR RIDGES EXCEED 3116 OF AN INCH.

MINIMUM COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS

COMPACTION SHALL BE PERFORMED TO NOT LESS THAN NINETY-FIVE PERCENT (95%) MAXIMUM DENSITY AS DETERMINED IN A LABORATORY COMPACTION TEST, PERFORMED UNDER THE SPECIFICATIONS OF ASTM D1557-64T, METHOD "A", (BACK FILL MATERIAL OF A STONY NATURE SHALL BE TESTED UNDER METHOD "C" OR "D" OF THE SAME ASTM DESIGNATION) OR OTHER APPROVED ASTM OR AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF STATE HIGHWAY AND TRANSPORTATION OFFICIALS (AASHTO) SPECIFICATIONS. SUCH TEXT SHALL ALSO BE USED FOR ESTABLISHING THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT OF THE MATERIALS. THE IN-PLACE DRY UNIT WEIGHT OF THE COMPACTED MATERIALS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY METHODS SPECIFIED UNDER ASTM "D" 1556-58T OR OTHER APPROVED ASTM OR AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS. THE IN-PLACE COMPACTION TEST TO BE CONSISTENT WITH THE APPROVED LABORATORY COMPACTION TEST.

PUDDLE FORMATION OR SURFACE RUNOFF, AND SHALL BE OBSERVED BY THE ENGINEER AND OWNER.

TABLE 5. POROUS ASPHALT MIX DESIGN CRITERIA.

SIEVE SIZE (INCH/MM) 0.75/19 0.50/12.5 0.375/9.5 NO.4/4.75 NO.8/2.36 NO.200/0.075 (#200)	PERCENT PASSING (%) 100 85-100 55-75 10-25 5-10 2-4
BINDER CONTENT (AASHTO T164) AIR VOID CONTENT BY CORELOK (ASTM D6752)* AIR VOID CONTENT BY PARAFFIN WAX (AASHTO T275 DRAINDOWN (ASTM D6390)** RETAINED TENSILE STRENGTH (AASHTO 283)***	6.0-6.5% 16.0-20.0%)*18.0-22.0% <= 0.3 % >= 80 %

* EITHER METHOD IS ACCEPTABLE

**CELLULOSE OR MINERAL FIBERS MAY BE USED TO REDUCE DRAINDOWN.

***IF THE TSR (RETAINED TENSILE STRENGTH) VALUES FALL BELOW 80% WHEN TESTED

***IF THE TSR (RETAINED TENSILE STRENGTH) VALUES FALL BELOW 80% WHEN TESTED PER NAPA IS 131
(WITH A SINGLE FREEZE THAW CYCLE RATHER THAN 5). STEP 4, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY AN ANTISTRIP ADDITIVE, SUCH AS

HYDRATED LIME (ASTM C977) OR A FATTY AMINE, TO RAISE THE TSR VALUE ABOVE 80%.

MIX SUMMARY

POROUS ASPHALT PAVEMENT MIX THE UNH STORM WATER CENTER

POROUS ASPHALT SHALL BE FOUR INCHES THICK WITH A BITUMINOUS MIX OF 6% TO 6.5% BY WEIGHT DRY AGGREGATE AND AIR VOIDS OF 18-22%. IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D6390, DRAIN DOWN OF THE BINDER SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 0.3%. IF MORE ABSORPTIVE AGGREGATES, SUCH AS LIMESTONE, ARE USED IN THE MIX, THEN THE AMOUNT OF BITUMEN IS TO BE BASED ON THE TESTING PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN THE NATIONAL ASPHALT PAVEMENT ASSOCIATION'S INFORMATION SERIES 131 — "PERVIOUS ASPHALT PAVEMENTS" (2003) OR NHDOT EQUIVALENT. MIX SUPPLIERS MAY HAVE A SUITABLE IN-HOUSE SPECIFICATION FOR OPEN GRADED FRICTION COURSE (OGFC) THAT CAN BE USED.

USE NEAT ASPHALT BINDER MODIFIED WITH AN ELASTOMERIC POLYMER TO PRODUCE A BINDER MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF PG 76—22 AS
SPECIFIED IN AASHTO MP— I. THE ELASTOMER POLYMER SHALL BE STYRENE—BUTADIENE—STYRENE (SBS), OR APPROVED EQUAL, APPLIED AT A RATE
OF 3% BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL BINDER. THE COMPOSITE MATERIALS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY BLENDED AT THE ASPHALT REFINERY OR TERMINAL
PRIOR TO BEING LOADED INTO THE TRANSPORT VEHICLE. THE POLYMER MODIFIED ASPHALT BINDER SHALL BE HEAT AND STORAGE STABLE.

AGGREGATE SHALL BE MINIMUM 90% CRUSHED MATERIAL AND HAVE A GRADATION OF:

COMPOSITION OF MIXTURE

SIEVE SIZE (INCH/MM)PERCENT PASSINGO.75/191000.50/12.585-1000.375/9.555-75NO.4/4.7510-25NO.8/2.365-10NO.200/0.0752-4TOTAL AGGREGATE93-.5-94% ASPHALT OF TOTAL MIX6-6.5

ADD HYDRATED LIME AT A DOSAGE RATE OF 1.0% BY WEIGHT OF THE TOTAL DRY AGGREGATE TO MIXES CONTAINING GRANITE. HYDRATED LIME SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C 977. THE ADDITIVE MUST BE ABLE TO PREVENT THE SEPARATION OF THE ASPHALT BINDER FROM THE AGGREGATE AND ACHIEVE A REQUIRED TENSILE STRENGTH RATIO (TSR) OF AT LEAST 80% ON THE ASPHALT MIX WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO T 283. THE ASPHALTIC MIX SHALL BE TESTED FOR ITS RESISTANCE TO STRIPPING BY WATER IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1664. IF THE ESTIMATED COATING AREA IS NOT ABOVE 95 PERCENT, ANTI-STRIPPING AGENTS SHALL BE ADDED TO THE ASPHALT.

NO WORK SHALL BE STARTED UNTIL THE CONTRACTOR HAS SUBMITTED AND THE ENGINEER HAS APPROVED A MIX DESIGN INCLUDING THE PERCENTAGE OF EACH INGREDIENT INCLUDING BINDER, POLYMER, AND THE JOB-MIX FORMULA FROM SUCH A COMBINATION. THE JOB-MIX FORMULA SHALL ESTABLISH A SINGLE PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE PASSING SIEVE AND A SINGLE PERCENTAGE OF BITUMINOUS MATERIAL TO BE ADDED TO THE AGGREGATE. NO CHANGE IN THE JOB-MIX FORMULA MAY BE MADE WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. THE JOB-MIX FORMULA MUST FALL WITH THE MASTER RANGE SPECIFIED IN COMPOSITION OF MIXTURE TABLE.

TRANSPORTING MATERIAL: SEE CONSTRUCTION AND INSTALL SPECIFICATIONS

FOR QUESTIONS ON MIX SPECIFICATIONS CONTACT ROBERT ROSEEN, PHD, AT THE UNH STORM WATER CENTER. 603-862-4024.

MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS FOR POROUS ASPHALT PARKING LOT AREAS AND LOW VOLUME ROADS THE UNH STORM WATER CENTER

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS WILL HELP ASSURE THAT THE PAVEMENT IS MAINTAINED TO PRESERVE ITS HYDROLOGIC EFFECTIVENESS.

WINTER MAINTENANCE:

1. SANDING FOR WINTER TRACTION IS PROHIBITED. DEICING IS PERMITTED (NAC1, MGC12, OR EQUIVALENT). REDUCED SALT APPLICATION IS POSSIBLE AND CAN BE A COST SAVINGS FOR WINTER MAINTENANCE. NONTOXIC, ORGANIC DEICERS, APPLIED EITHER AS BLENDED, MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE—BASED LIQUID PRODUCTS OR AS PRETREATED SALT, ARE PREFERABLE.

2. PLOWING IS ALLOWED, BLADE SHOULD BE SET APPROXIMATELY 1" ABOVE ROAD SURFACE. ICE AND LIGHT SNOW ACCUMULATION ARE GENERALLY NOT AS PROBLEMATIC AS FOR STANDARD ASPHALT. SNOW WILL ACCUMULATE DURING HEAVIER STORMS AND SHOULD BE PLOWED.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE;

1. ASPHALT SEAL COATING MUST BE ABSOLUTELY FORBIDDEN. SURFACE SEAL COATING IS NOT REVERSIBLE.
2. THE PAVEMENT SURFACE SHOULD BE VACUUMED 1 OR 2 TIMES PER YEAR, AND AT ANY ADDITIONAL TIMES SEDIMENT IS SPILLED, ERODED, OR TRACKED ONTO THE SURFACE.
3. PLANTED AREAS ADJACENT TO PERVIOUS PAVEMENT SHOULD BE WELL MAINTAINED TO PREVENT SOIL WASHOUT ONTO THE PAVEMENT. IF ANY BARE SPOTS OR ERODED AREAS ARE OBSERVED WITHIN THE PLANTED AREAS, THEY SHOULD BE

REPLANTED AND/OR STABILIZED AT ONCE.

4. IMMEDIATELY CLEAN ANY SOIL DEPOSITED ON PAVEMENT. SUPERFICIAL DIRT DOES NOT NECESSARILY CLOG THE PAVEMENT VOIDS. HOWEVER, DIRT THAT IS GROUND IN REPEATEDLY BY TIRES CAN LEAD TO CLOGGING. THEREFORE, TRUCKS OR OTHER HEAVY VEHICLES SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM TRACKING OR SPILLING DIRT ONTO THE PAVEMENT.

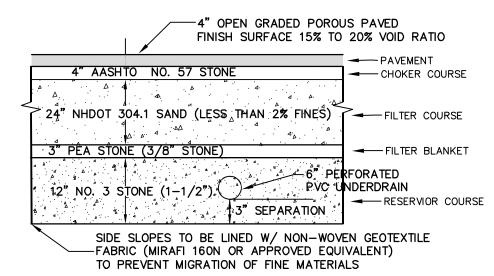
5. DO NOT ALLOW CONSTRUCTION STAGING, SOIL/MULCH STORAGE, ETC. ON UNPROTECTED PAVEMENT SURFACE

6. REPAIRS: POTHOLES OF LESS THAN 50 SQUARE FEET CAN BE PATCHED BY ANY MEANS SUITABLE WITH STANDARD PAVEMENT OR A PERVIOUS MIX IS PREFERRED. FOR AREAS GREATER THAN 50 SQ. FT. IN NEED OF REPAIR, APPROVAL OF PATCH TYPE SHOULD BE SOUGHT FROM A QUALIFIED ENGINEER. ANY REQUIRED REPAIR OF DRAINAGE STRUCTURES SHOULD BE DONE PROMPTLY TO ENSURE CONTINUED PROPER FUNCTIONING OF THE SYSTEM.

7. WRITTEN AND VERBAL COMMUNICATION TO THE POROUS PAVEMENT'S FUTURE OWNER SHOULD MAKE CLEAR THE

PAVEMENT'S SPECIAL PURPOSE AND SPECIAL MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS SUCH AS THOSE LISTED HERE.

8. A PERMANENT SIGN SHOULD BE ADDED AT THE ENTRANCE AND END OF THE POROUS ASPHALT AREA TO INFORM RESIDENTS AND MAINTENANCE STAFF OF THE SPECIAL NATURE AND PURPOSE OF THE PAVEMENT, AND ITS SPECIAL MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.



- NOTES:

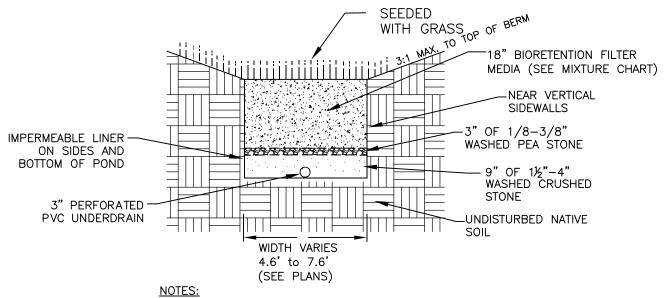
 1. 4" FRICTION COARSE CONSISTS OF COARSER AGGREGATE AND STIFFER BINDER. SEE TABLE
 2. A WORKING COURSE 4" THICK CONSISTS OF AASHTO NO. 57 STONE.
 3. 6" UNDERDRAIN TO BE SET ABOVE CRUSHED GRAVEL BOTTOM TO ALLOW FOR STORAGE
- AND INFILTRATION.

 4. TOP COAT SHOULD BE VACUUMED A MINIMUM OF TWICE A YEAR.

 5. ADJACENT AREAS TO POROUS PAVEMENT SHOULD BE GRADED AWAY FROM PAVEMENT TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM RUNNING ONTO POROUS AREA AND CLOGGING PORES. ROOF RUNOFF CAN FLOW ONTO PAVEMENT OR INTO SUBBASE MATERIAL.

POROUS PAVEMENT

NOT TO SCALE



NOTES:

1. THE BIORETENTION MEDIA TO BE SEEDED WITH NE SEMI-SHADE GRASS AND FORBS MIX PROPOSED AT 1-LB PER 1,450 S.F (DROUGHT TOLERANT) OR SIMILAR GRASS SEED PER NHDES.

2. SCARIFY SIDES AND BOTTOM OF BIORETENTION AREA TO FACILITATE NATURAL INFILTRATION RATES.

BIORETENTION SECTION
NOT TO SCALE

REMAINDER OF PROJECT HAS BEEN PAVED WITH POROUS PAVEMENT

MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS:

PLOW WITH SLIGHTLY RAISED BLADE ONLY

SANDING OF SURFACE PROHIBITED

*DEICING PERMITTED

(NAC1, MGC12 OR EQUIVALENT)*

SEAL—COATING PROHIBITED

*CLEANING BY PRESSURIZED

AIR OR WATER PROHIBITED*

DRY VACUUM SEMI-ANNUALLY

PREPARED FOR:

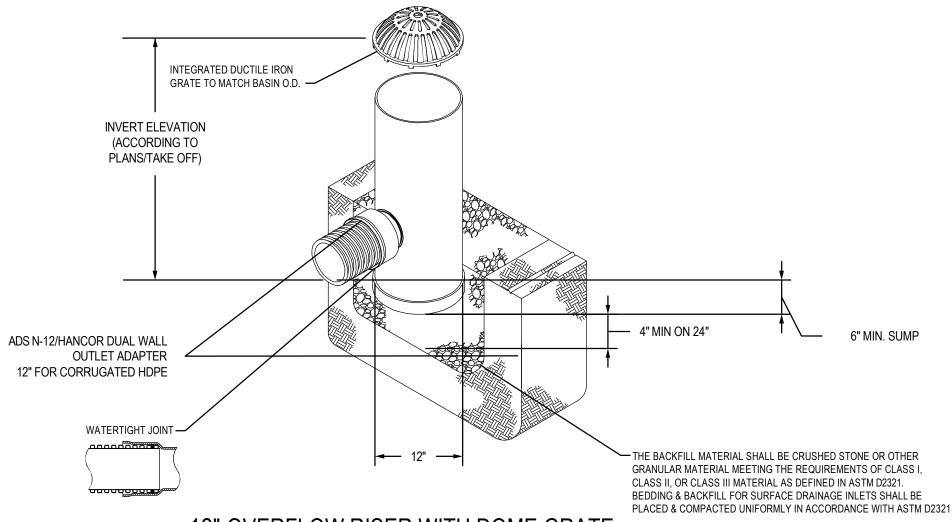
FOSS MOTORS
133 PORTSMOUTH AVE.
(NH ROUTE 108)
EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE



70 PORTSMOUTH AVE, THIRD FLOOR, SUITE 2 STRATHAM, N.H. 03885 PHONE: 603-583-4860, FAX. 603-583-4863

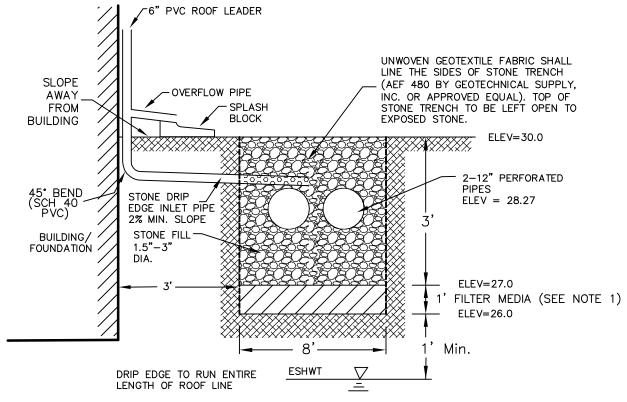
POROUS PAVEMENT SIGN DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



12" OVERFLOW RISER WITH DOME GRATE

NOT TO SCALE



NOTES:

NOTES:

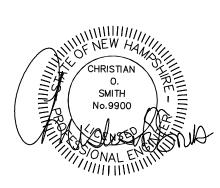
1. FILTER MEDIA MIXTURE SHALL BE 20% COMPOST/FINELY SHREDDED BARK OR WOOD MULCH W/<5% PASSING THE #200 SEIVE, 30% LOAMY TOPSOIL, 50% SANDY SOIL (SAND PORTION SHALL BE ASTM C33 FINE AGREGATE).

2. STONE SHALL BE CLEAN AND WASHED.

STONE INFILTRATION TRENCH SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

	Percent of G		radation of material	
Component Material	Mixture by Volume	Sieve No.		
. Joyana Caraga F	ilter Media Opt	ion A		
M C-33 concrete sand	50 to 55	1.0		
my sand topsoil, with s as indicated	20 to 30	200	15 to 25	
erately fine shredded or wood fiber mulch, fines as indicated	20 to 30	200	< 5	
F	ilter Media Opt	ion B		
erately fine shredded or wood fiber mulch, fines as indicated	20 to 30	200	< 5	
		10	85 to 100	
my coarse sand	70 to 80	20	70 to 100	
ily course sullu	70 10 80	60	15 to 40	
		200	8 to 15	

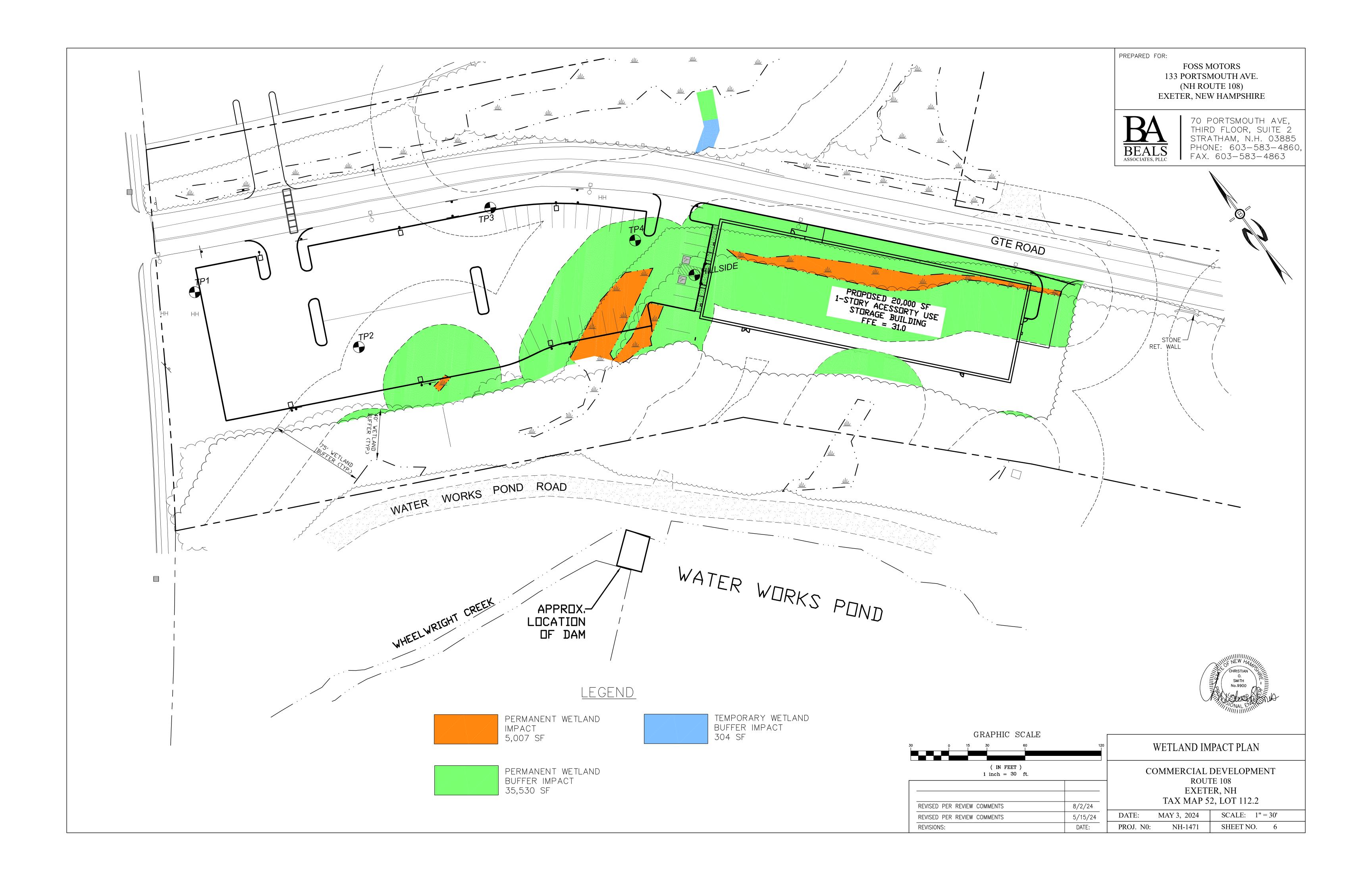


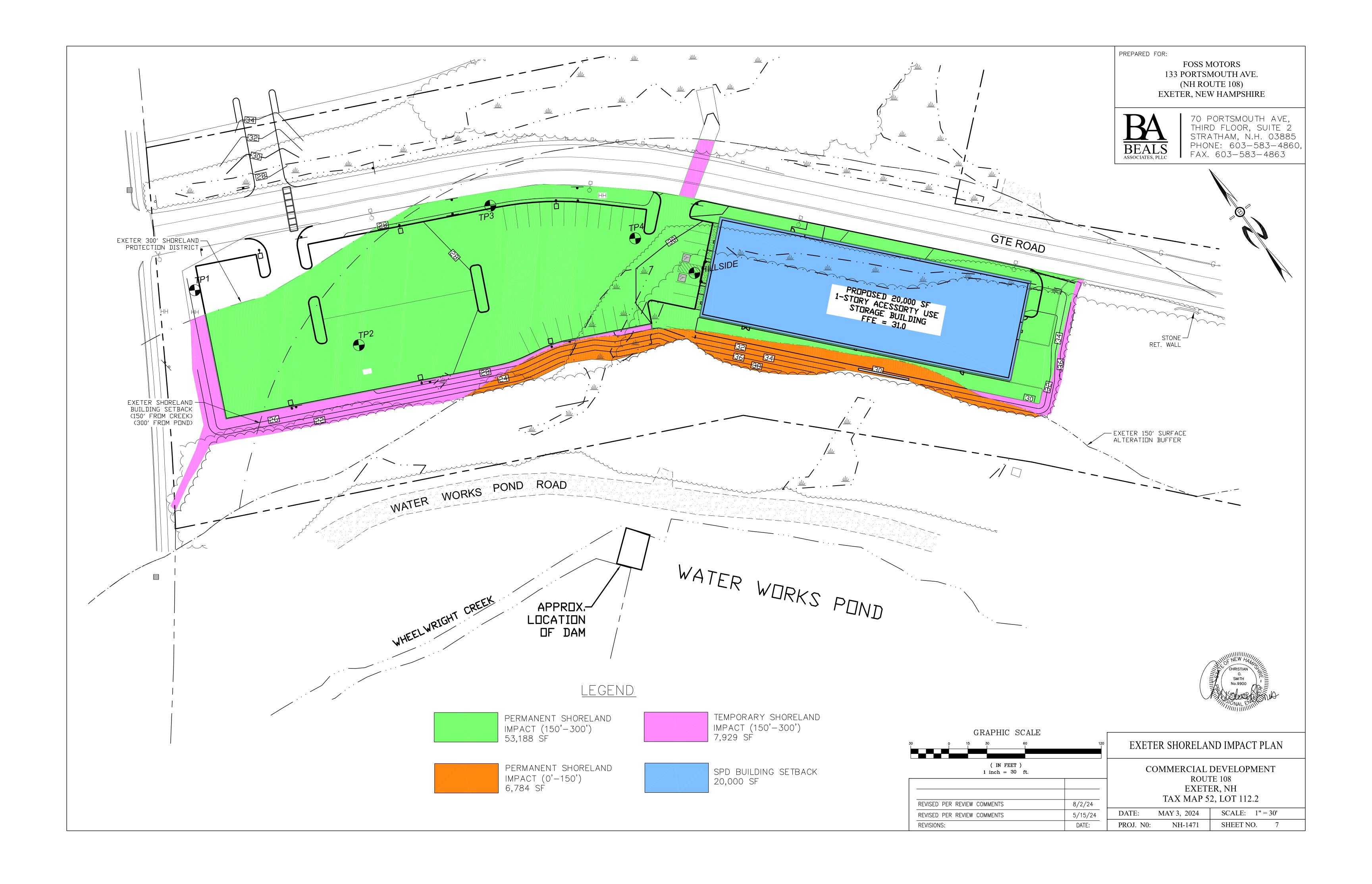
6 /07 /04
6/27/24
5/15/24
DATE:

POROUS PAVEMENT & INFILTRATION TRENCH DETAILS

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT
ROUTE 108
EXETER, NH
TAX MAP 52, LOT 112.2

	NIS
PROJ. NO: NH-1471 SHEET NO). 5







Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov

RE: Foss Motors discussion

1 message

Allison Rees <arees@underwoodengineers.com>

Fri, Aug 2, 2024 at 2:11 PM

To: Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov>

Cc: David Sharples <dsharples@exeternh.gov>, "Robert J. Saunders" <rsaunders@underwoodengineers.com>

Hi Kristen,

The underdrains won't have any effect on pollutant reduction. The underdrains are in the bottom reservoir coarse. The removal occurs in a layer above that, the filter coarse.

I've attached a document from the UNH Stormwater Center, dated May of this year. On page 16 there is a graph and table of pollutant removals. Beals is proposing a 24" deep filter coarse. At that depth, the reductions are as follows:

- TSS 96%
- Phosphorous 75%
- Nitrogen 77%

Per that table, yes, they do meet the nitrogen removal requirements. <u>If they keep the maintenance up on it</u>, and as Tim Foss said during our Teams meeting, they have their landscaping company vacuum it twice a year, it should be good to go.

Thank you, and have a great weekend,

Allison



Allison M. Rees, P.E. (NH)

Project Manager

Underwood Engineers, Inc.

Office 603-230-9898

www.underwoodengineers.com

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We look forward to continuing to serve you.

From: Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov>

Sent: Friday, August 2, 2024 11:18 AM

To: Allison Rees <arees@underwoodengineers.com>

Cc: David Sharples <dsharples@exeternh.gov>; Robert J. Saunders <rsaunders@underwoodengineers.com>

Subject: Re: Foss Motors discussion

Allison,

This project is going to the Conservation Commission on 8/13. Does this mean the underdrains meet our removal efficiency requirements for nitrogen?

Kristen

On Mon, Jul 29, 2024 at 1:44 PM Allison Rees <arees@underwoodengineers.com> wrote:

Good afternoon,

We had a Teams call with Tim Foss, Christian Smith, and John Lorden this morning. Beals presented the latest site plan revisions.

We were pleased to see smaller building parking lot footprints, with less impact on the wetlands/buffers. We discussed some technical issues with the porous pavement, coming to a consensus that with the smaller footprint, UE is less concerned with their proposal using underdrains in the system.

Operation and maintenance of the porous pavement was also discussed. Tim Foss said they use Piscataqua Landscaping, and that company does have a vac truck so they would be adding vacuuming of the pavement twice a year to their contract with them.

Robert asked about landscaping and plantings in the parking lot islands and around the pavement, as he is concerned about mulch run-off plugging up the porous pavement. The areas will be grassed, which eliminates the concern about mulch spreading onto the porous pavement and clogging it.

Recognizing that UE has not actually been provided with or reviewed their latest plans/drainage study submittal, but based on the discussion of the "shared screen", it appears that the revisions will be an improvement over previous proposals.

Thank you,

Allison and Robert



Allison M. Rees, P.E. (NH)

Project Manager

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We look forward to continuing to serve you.

Kristen Murphy

Conservation and Sustainability Planner

Town of Exeter

10 Front Street, Exeter, NH 03833

(603) 418-6452



UNHSC SCM Performance Fact Sheets.pdf 3718K

NHDES WETLANDS BUREAU MAJOR IMPACT STANDARD DREDGE & FILL WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION

DADE AUTO HOLDINGS REALTY TRUST 140 PORTSMOUTH AVENUE, TAX MAP 51, LOTS 1, 3-3 & 3-4 EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Prepared for:

Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Avenue Exeter, NH 03833



Prepared By:



8 Kiana Road Alton, New Hampshire 03809 Phone: (603) 776-5825 Fax: (603) 776-5826

July 2024

SRE # 22-057

NHDES Wetlands Bureau Major Impact Wetlands Permit Application

Exeter Kia 140 Portsmouth Avenue, Tax Map 51, Lots 1, 3-3 & 3-4 Exeter, NH

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July 12, 2024

Mr. Eben Lewis NHDES Coastal Supervisor NHDES Wetlands Bureau P.O. Box 95, 29 Hazen Drive Concord, NH 03302-0095

Re: Major Impact Wetlands Permit Application
Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust
Portsmouth Ave, Tax Map 51, Lot 1, 3-3 & 3-4
Exeter, NH

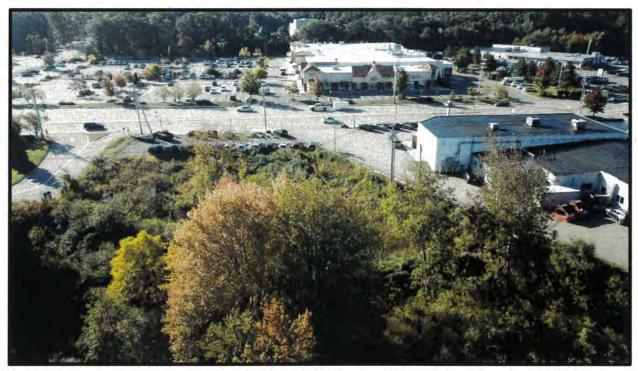
Dear Mr. Lewis,

Stoney Ridge Environmental LLC (SRE) is submitting this Major Impact Standard Dredge & Fill permit application on behalf of the owner and applicant, Daniel Enxing of Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust, who is proposing to construct a commercial auto dealership and associated infrastructure on the subject property.

This proposed project is located within the commercial zone for the town of Exeter on Portsmouth Avenue. The location is specifically located between an existing Volvo dealership and McDonalds. The new Exeter Kia dealership is proposing 28,418 sq ft of permanent fill and 7,636 sq ft of temporary fill for the construction of the new building, parking and infrastructure associated with the new dealership.

As part of the planning for this project, the project team had a pre-application meeting with the NHDES Wetlands Bureau, the US Army Corps of Engineers and the USEPA. This meeting took place on September 28, 2022, Meeting attendees included: Lori Sommer NHDES Wetlands Bureau, MaryAnn Tilton, NHDES Wetlands Bureau, Eben Lewis, NHDES Wetlands Bureau, Jean Brochi, USEPA, Lindsey Lefebyre, USACOE and NHDES Kendall Fioravante. The initial proposal included 34,520 sq ft of permanent wetland impacts. The results of this pre-application meeting included the following: The project and project location were feasible for the permitting, due to location, land costs and commercial connectivity. The project avoided the more valuable and higher functioning Exeter Prime Wetlands and Parkman Brook by front loading the development closer to the road and other commercial areas while focusing the impacts on disturbed wetlands. The proposed wetland impacts are outside of the Town of Exeter's 300 foot Shoreland Protection District. The preferred mitigation method for the project would be in-lieu fee, but during that timeframe other methods of mitigation had to be explored first including. restoration, creation and conservation. The last item requested for the project by the regulatory agencies was to try to minimize the proposed impacts where possible by incorporating a wall. The following proposed project plan reflects the results of the Pre-application meeting.

The new proposed wetland impact plan decreases the permanent impact for the development by 6,102 sq ft , from 34,520 sq.ft. to 28,418 sq ft., by incorporating a sheet metal wall that allowed a significant reduction in the proposed permanent impact. This project also seeks 7,636 sq ft of temporary impact necessary to ensure the safe development and installation of the sheet metal wall. This temporary fill will be used to assist with completing the surcharging of the site. The deep silty-clay soils on site require surcharging to remove the tight water associated with the clay particles in order to ensure structural stability. The temporary fill will be temporarily placed on geo-textile fabric and mounded to the wall. A wick system is placed in the on-site fill and this excess water is removed giving structural stability to the existing site soil materials. Once the wicking is completed the temporary fill will be removed along with the geo-textile fabric. The wetlands below will be intact and the existing vegetation will still be present and viable. The project will adhere to Env-Wt 307.11(h) following the conditions for temporary fill.



A view of the existing Volvo Dealership to the right and the access road to McDonalds to the left with the proposed project site in the center of the photo. This is in the commercial zone of the Town of Exeter.

Overall Existing and Proposed Site Conditions

Prior to all the existing development on Portsmouth Avenue this site was a farm. As a result, once abandoned, the site has revegetated very thickly with rosa multiflora, bittersweet, buckthorn, autumn olive, sumac and other invasive species. The surrounding existing commercial development located around the proposed site all contribute surface run-off into this site. Map 51 Lot 3-2, which directly abuts this lot to the northeast, is owned by NHDOT and is a large detention basin that discharges into a drainage ditch that is fed by stormwater from another detention basin located in a drainage easement to the northeast of McDonalds along with road drainage from the Town's catch basin system on Stoney Brook Connector and Portsmouth Avenue. This wetland drainage system has been classified as PFO1Ex. This forested man-made



or enhanced system is seasonal, responding to stormwater inputs. There are no natural fluvial-geomorphological processes occurring within this straight line system. In the location of the NHDOT detention basin outlet, located within the Town held Conservation Easement, there is erosion of the ditch channel reflecting the flashiness and volume of this stormwater fed system. There are no impacts proposed to this wetland.



This is a view of the thick rosa multiflora cover present and dominant in both the uplands and wetlands located in the proposed impact areas and surrounding uplands. The photo date: March 2024 before leaf-out.



View of the NHDOT Detention Basin Outlet Structure.



The main lot for this site, Lot 1 contains the larger wetland system that drains towards Parkman Brook. This wetland has been classified as a PSS/FO1E wetland that is dominated by invasive species including, rosa multi-flora, glossy buckthorn, red-osier dogwood and bittersweet as well as red maple, golden rod spp. and wool grass. The wetland soils are comprised of poorly drained marine soils including Scitico soils and Maybid soils. When looking at the delineation on the plan, there are many fingers of this wetland that protrude from the southern side. As noted earlier, these areas are locations where stormwater is being discharged or from stormwater runoff directly flowing down the nearby steep banks. This wetland system flows north, northwest and becomes narrower and the wetland classification becomes a scrub/shrub wetland dominated by shrubby red maples, buckthorn and speckled alder. Beyond the proposed impact area the wetland has been ditched. As the wetland goes through the existing Town held conservation easement, the wetland narrows more and is essentially just a channel as it meets up with the large Town of Exeter Prime Wetland System known as Parkman Brook. In order to protect this Prime Wetland System, the proposed project and impacts have been relegated to the front portion of the property. The proposed wetland impacts are to wetlands that have reduced function and values and are disturbed by old land uses and new abutting land uses. The proposed stormwater treatment system for this site is an underground chambered system that will capture stormwater run-off not only from the proposed new development, but it will also collect a portion of the previously existing non-treated stormwater from some of the surrounding pre-existing development. This ultimately results in better overall water quality and controlled water quantity discharge which when combined with the impacts being located 300 feet away from Parkman Brook will be an improvement from the existing situation and protect the higher functioning and higher value system of Parkman Brook.



A view of the wetlands proposed to be impacted looking west from the western corner of the McDonalds lot.

The proposed permanent wetland impacts of 28,418 sq.ft. are for the development of the new Kia car dealership, service areas, access ways for delivery, sales, emergencies, parking and



associated infrastructure. The building design and site layout have been developed using the Town of Exeter site plan development requirements, the Kia Corporate site design requirements, on site conditions and input from the NHDES Wetlands Bureau and Army Corps of Engineers. The project has avoided impacts to higher functioning and high value wetlands and the adjacent abutting land. The project incorporates an extensive underground stormwater treatment system to treat stormwater not just from the existing site but also additional adjacent areas that were developed prior to the more modern stormwater considerations and structures. The project is located in the existing Commercial Zone of the Town of Exeter and is not proposing impacts or development in more rural non-commercial zones. The project is not proposing to fragment or disturb pristine natural wetlands and the project has incorporated minimization strategies such as the proposed sheet piling wall. The proposed temporary impact will follow the requirements of Env-Wt 307.11 and is necessary for the surcharging of the silty clay materials of the site for structural stability. The proposed temporary impact of 7,636 sq.ft. will be removed one the surcharging is complete and the native wetland soils and wetland plants will be restored.



General Application Criteria

This project is being submitted as a major impact application in accordance with RSA 482-A:3, Env-Wt 524.06 (d)(1) and (2). The project is proposing 28,415 sq ft of permanent wetland impact and 7,636 sq ft of temporary wetland impact for a total of 36,051 sq ft. The project is designed to meet the requirements of Env-Wt 524: Commercial Development. The project is not taking place on coastal lands or in tidal water/wetlands (Env-Wt 600). This project is proposing



that all development be relegated to the furthest point away from any high functioning and high value wetlands. The project does not involve a stream crossing (Env-Wt 900).

Consistent with Env-Wt 524.02 (a) the proposed impact is less than one acre (b), the proposed impacts are to disturbed, man-made and lower functioning wetlands. Impacts have been reduced by incorporating a wall as discussed during the pre-application meeting. There are no proposed impacts to sensitive Prime Wetlands. The project has been configured to stay 300 feet away from the more highly sensitive wetlands and the project has also avoided developing and disturbing some of the valuable uplands adjacent to the Prime Wetlands. When taken in totality along with the existing 100 foot Town of Exeter Conservation Easement, the project will leave 3 acres of forested uplands and wetlands undeveloped allowing for a significant buffer to the higher functioning wetland system. The project has avoided impacts to high functioning resources. (c) the project complies with 524.04:

- (a) The project meets all the general requirements in the listed chapters of 400, 700, 800 and 900 where applicable.
- (b) This project does not use wetlands for stormwater treatment. This project will improve existing stormwater issues from abutting lots while implementing an extensive underground chambered system on-site. Water quality will improve over current conditions.
- (c) As noted in this proposal, the project has been designed to be situated in the front portion of the property allowing for 300 feet of distance from the edge of the development to the Parkman Brook Prime Wetland System. This vegetated buffer along with the proposed stormwater system will protect the higher functioning wetland system to the north and the brook itself.
- (d) This project is not a stream crossing and the hydrology of the wetlands abutting the development will not be impacted. Any of the hydrology that was directed into the area of the proposed fill will be properly treated and filtered back into the wetlands that will not be disturbed as part of this project.
- (e) The project does not propose any impacts to fisheries or spawning habitat or locations. The project has been designed and proposed to be built over 300 feet away from Parkman Brook.
- (f) This project maintains the existing wetland dependent high functioning wetlands and wildlife habitat associated with the Town of Exeter Parkman Brook Prime Wetland Complex. There are no proposed wetland impacts to this area and all development is being relegated to the front portion of the lot.

Consistent with Env-Wt 311.03 (b)(6), the applicant is required to submit an explanation of how avoidance and minimization requirements of Env-Wt 313.03 have been met, as specified in Env-Wt 311.07. See Avoidance & Minimization Check List and the project narrative.

Consistent with Env-Wt 311.03 (b)(7), the applicant is required to submit an explanation of methods, timing and manner as to how project will meet conditions in Env-Wt 307. (See Construction Sequencing by TF Moran on attached Plans)

Consistent with Env-Wt 307.05, equipment will be inspected and maintained to avoid transport of aquatic plants or plant parts or exotic aquatic weed or weed parts to reduce the spread of



vegetation to jurisdictional areas. Seed stock will not contain nuisance or invasive species. (See Construction Sequence by TF Moran on attached Plans)

Consistent with Env-Wt 307.03, the protection of water quality is required. All work will be conducted to minimize erosion or sediment transfer to surface waters or wetlands. Water quality control measures will be installed prior to start of work to minimize erosion and collect sediment. All work will follow the approved construction sequencing, grading and SEC as approved by the department. All work will be conducted in a manner that minimizes erosion and sediment transfer to surface waters and wetlands. Prior to work, any equipment to be used will be inspected for invasive plants or exotic aquatic species.

The plan for stormwater management on site includes the construction of a large underground stormwater treatment system (*Stormtech*) that will also collect and treat some of the abutting stormwater flows that are now untreated. This project has been designed to incorporate water quality protection.

Consistent with Env-Wt 307.11, all work shall meet the filling activity requirements including temporary impacts as itemized in Env-Wt 307.11 (g) and (h).

Consistent with Env-Wt 313.01 (a)(5), the work will not infringe upon the property rights or affect the value of property of abutting owners. The work will be located entirely within the boundary of the applicant's property and there will be no observable change in off-site surface water levels or flows.

Function and Value Assessment

The function and values of the wetlands associated with the project were assessed by Cynthia M Balcius CWS, CSS & CPESC using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Highway Methodology Workbook Supplement (Appendix A, USACE, September 1999). Wetlands were classified by SRE utilizing the criteria outlined in the "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States" (Cowardin et al. 1978).

Thirteen functions and values were assessed for each system including: groundwater recharge/discharge, floodflow alteration, fish and shellfish habitat, sediment/toxicant retention, nutrient removal, production export, sediment/shoreline stabilization, wildlife habitat, recreation, educational/scientific value, uniqueness/heritage, visual quality/aesthetics and endangered species habitat. Wetland functions are considered to be principal if they are an important physical component of a wetland system. Wetland values are considered to be principal if they are of special value to society, from a local, regional and/or national perspective. The rationale for the assigned functions and values for each wetland system is shown on the attached Wetland Function-Value Evaluation Forms.

SRE performed a function and value assessment for the wetland area within the project limits. *Please see attached Function & Value Data Sheets and Report.*

Mitigation



This project conducted a pre-application meeting on September 28, 2022 as noted previously. During that timeframe, the Mitigation Rules did not allow for direct choice of in-lieu fee first. The applicant had to explore and research mitigation possibilities for restoration, creation and conservation prior to using the in-lieu fee option. More recently this process was changed. Applicants can now opt for in-lieu fee first. The project team has however already met once with the Town of Exeter Conservation Commission back on December 13, 2022, regarding the project mitigation at which time they had no input on possible mitigation possibilities. The applicant is currently opting for in-lieu fee for this project mitigation. Based on the current in-lieu fee calculator, the current fee for the proposed impacts will be \$206,909.81.

If you have any questions regarding this application, please do not hesitate to contact me at 603-776-5825 and/or cbalcius@stoneyridgeenv.com.

Sincerely,

Stoney Ridge Environmental, LLC

Cynthia M Balcius CWS, CSS & CPESC

Senior Project Manager



WETLAND FUNCTION AND VALUE ASSESSMENT REPORT

Exeter Volvo, Portsmouth Avenue, Exeter

TAX MAP 52 LOT 108 TAX MAP 51 Lots 3-4, 1 & 3-3

In May and June of 2022, Cynthia M. Balcius CWS, CSS, CPESC of Stoney Ridge Environmental LLC (SRE) completed a wetland delineation review of the above referenced site and a vernal pool assessment. The wetland delineation review followed the existing wetland delineation completed in 2021 by others. SRE has concurred, confirmed and refreshed the wetland delineation using the following standards:

- 1) United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2016. *Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States*, Version 8.0. L.M. Vasilas, G.W. Hurt, and J.F. Berkowitz (eds.). USDA, NRCS, in cooperation with the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils.
- 2) Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils In New England. Version 4. June 2018. New England Hydric Soils Technical Committee.
- 3) North American Digital Flora: National Wetland Plant List, version 2.1.0

 (http://wetland_plants.usace.army.mil). U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory, Hanover, NH, and BONAP, Chapen Hill.
- 4) The National Wetland Plant List: 2016 wetland ratings. Lichvar, R.W., D.L. Banks, W.N. Kirchner, and N.C. Melvin. 2016. Phytoneuron 2016-30: 1-17. Published 28 April 2016. ISSN 2153 733X.
- 5) Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. January 1987. Wetlands Research Program Technical Report Y-87-1.
- 6) Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region. January 2012, Version 2. U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Environmental Laboratory ERDC/EL TR-12-1.
- 7) Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. December 1979. L. Cowardin, V. Carter, F. Golet, and E. LaRoe. US Department of the Interior. Fish and Wildlife Service. FWS/OBS-79/31.
- 8) *NHDES Wetlands Rules Chapters100 through 900.* Issued on December 15, 2019 and as amended through April 15, 2020.
- 9) RSA 482: A. The State of New Hampshire Wetland Statute.

The following references were utilized to complete the Vernal Pool Assessments and the Wetland Function & Value Assessments:

- 1) Army Corps of Engineers' *Highway Methodology Workbook Supplement* (Appendix A, USACE, September 1999).
- Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. December 1979. L. Cowardin, V. Carter, F. Golet, and E. LaRoe. US Department of the Interior. Fish and Wildlife Service. FWS/OBS-79/31.
- 3) Identifying and Documenting Vernal Pools in New Hampshire 3rd Ed, 2016, New Hampshire Fish & Game.
- 4) Army Corps of Engineers "Vernal Pool Assessment" draft guidance, September 10, 2013. Appendix L Army Corps of Engineers New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance.

Wetland Delineation and Wetland Function & Value Assessment

SRE confirmed and refreshed the wetland delineation flagging as noted above. During the site work, SRE also reviewed the wetlands to determine if there were any vernal pools on site. This work was completed during the prime time for amphibian breeding, May 2022. Based on observations and on the wetland types present there were no vernal pools identified within this site. SRE again re-confirmed this in April and May of 2024.

During the delineation, wetlands on site and nearby wetlands located just off site, were classified using the Cowardin Classification Method. The wetlands were divided into 3 systems. The first Wetland 1A is located approximately 140 feet north of Portsmouth Avenue. Wetland 1A is classified as a PFO/SS1E wetland. Wetland 1B downslope of Wetland A is classified as a PSS1Ex wetland. SRE also classified the wetlands and the associated Parkman Brook System located to the north partially on the property but mostly off. This system at this location classifies as R1UB2/3/E2EM1. The second wetland system is located along the northeastern border. SRE has classified this man-made ditch as PFO1Ex, Wetland 2.

SRE completed the function and value assessments of each of the wetlands on site using the Army Corps of Engineers' Highway Methodology Workbook Supplement (Appendix A, USACE, September 1999). Field work was completed for the Function and Value Assessment in September and October of 2022. Thirteen functions and values were assessed for each system including: groundwater recharge/discharge, floodflow alteration, fish and shellfish habitat, sediment/toxicant retention, nutrient removal, production export, sediment/shoreline stabilization, wildlife habitat, recreation, educational/scientific value, uniqueness/heritage, visual quality/aesthetics and endangered species habitat. Wetland functions are considered to be principal if they are an important physical component of a wetland system. Wetland values are considered to be principal if they are of special value to society, from a local, regional and/or national perspective. The rationale for the assigned functions and values for this wetland system is shown on the attached Wetland Function-Value Evaluation Forms.



A view looking north at Parkman Brook with the Wastewater Treatment Plant in the background. The project has avoided impacts to the system and has maintained a buffer to the system.

Wetland 1A:

The Wetland System labeled as Wetland 1A is an overall small wetland system located in the upper portion of this sub watershed that starts near Portsmouth Avenue. This wetland is surrounded by development on 3 sides, including Portsmouth Avenue, the current Exeter Volvo and McDonalds. This Palustrine Deciduous Forested Wetland is found at the base of the surrounding slopes and is very dense with invasive species including glossy buckthorn, purple loosestrife, glossy buckthorn, and bittersweet. The tree layer consists of Red maple, glossy buckthorn with speckled alder and red-osier in the understory. The soils are mostly poorly drained silt loams. The hydrological indicators include drainage patterns, water-stained leaves and vegetation with enlarged lenticels. This portion of the wetland system starts on-site and is surrounded by impervious surfaces on 3 sides. During delineation it was clear that many of the narrow fingers of this wetland have formed and developed from discharge from nearby stormwater BMP's or from overland stormwater sheetflow. These were easily traceable back to outlets and point discharge locations.

Table 1 - Wetland Classifications

WETLAND IDENTIFICATION	WETLAND CLASSIFICATION	NOTES
1A	PFO1E/SS1E	Forested wetland with scrub/shrub understory of glossy buckthorn and speckled alder
1B	PSS1Ex	Scrub/Shrub Wetland with ditched drainage channel
1C	R1UB2/3/E2EM1	Parkman Brook and the associated estuary marsh
2	PFO1Ex	Stormwater Discharge Man- Made Ditch

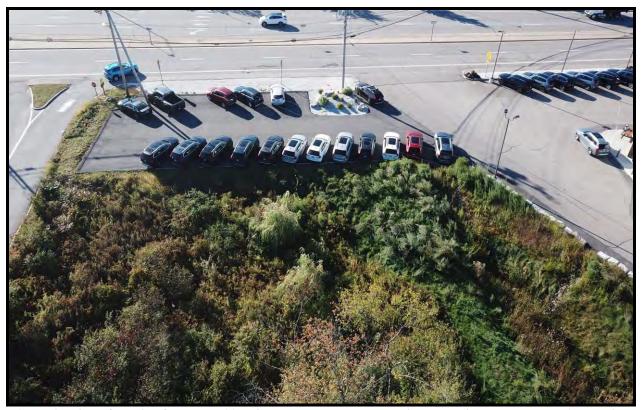
The Wetland Function & Value Assessment (FVA) of Wetland 1A describes a disturbed wetland system that is mostly hydrologically driven by the discharges from the surrounding landscape. This wetland also exhibits robustly growing invasive species that have been established there for quite some time. Based on the FVA, this wetland is a low functioning system that, due to its location and inputs from the surrounding landscapes, has some minor function and ability to assimilate and hold larger volumes of water during large precipitation events and snow melt (floodflow alteration). The area is relatively flat to slightly concave and can hold some limited volume, however, it is limited by the slightly sloping topography draining to the north and small volume of the area. The area does offer some suitability for function as Wildlife Habitat, mostly to avian song bird species and common wildlife edge species. The invasive plant species provide dense cover but little food source. The wetland system is small, disturbed and not diverse. There are no endangered species records nor are there any endangered plant records and SRE did not observe any within this wetland while conducting field work.



A view of Wetland 1A beyond the uplands in the front.



A view of the thick areas of bittersweet and other invasives within the wetland.



An aerial view of the tip of Wetland 1A adjacent to a stormwater basin on the right. Portsmouth Avenue is located in the upper portion of the photo.

Wetland 1B:

Wetland 1B is located north, northwest of Wetland 1A and is connected hydrologically. Wetland 1B has been classified as a Palustrine seasonally saturated scrub/shrub wetland system with poorly drained soils developed in marine sediments. This wetland has a dense area of scrub/shrub and has a ditched channel that directly drains into the Parkman Brook Wetland System. Wetland 1A directly feeds into this portion of the overall wetland system. Wetland 1B is surrounded mostly by undeveloped woodlands and Parkman Brook to the north. This wetland is the transition point to the brackish estuary and tidal Parkman Brook. This wetland has been classified as PSS1Ex, a Palustrine scrub/shrub seasonally saturated wetland that has been ditched in the past probably in the days the site was a farm.

Glossy buckthorn dominates the scrub/shrub layer while red-osier dogwood and speckled alder add to the dominant shrub wetland. Oriental bittersweet is abundant and found winding its way through the shrubs. Disturbance based herbaceous plants include multi-flora rose, wool grass and cattail. This area was surrounded to the east and west by a dominantly white pine upland landscape.



A view of the outlet channel area of Wetland 1B as it meets Parkman Brook in the background.



This is a view of Wetland 1B looking southeast towards Portsmouth Avenue.



View of Wetland 1B looking towards Parkman Brook.

The location, dense nature of the scrub/shrub vegetation and the ability to allow for some floodflow alteration slightly increases the functions and values of this system in comparison to Wetland 1A. The wetland is located adjacent to Parkman Brook, is bisected by a conservation easement, dense with scrub/shrub vegetation (although invasive) and is surrounded by undeveloped lands. This portion of the wetland system does have a Principal Function of Wildlife habitat due to its position and vegetative density especially in the transitional area close to the estuary and Parkman Brook. This wetland does allow for some minimal function for floodflow alteration but the area is relatively small in size, the invasive species are not conducive to food sources hence low production export potential, there is no fish or shellfish habitat nor is this area easily accessible. This area, however, does provide a buffer to the estuary and Parkman Brook.

Wetland 1C:

Wetland 1C is not located on the property that is being proposed for the development. However, Wetland 1C is the focus and the driver for the site plan as presented for this development.

The portion of Wetland 1C as shown on the plan is classified as E2EM1/R1UB2/3 using the Cowardin Classification System. This is an intertidal estuary emergent wetland associated with a Riverine Tidal unconsolidated bottom of sand and sediment (Parkman Brook). This area is also considered a Prime Wetland in Exeter and is subject to the NHDES 100' Prime Wetland Buffer.



A view of Parkman Brook a tidal riverine system.

Wetland 1C, although not particularly botanically diverse, does contain a very dense vegetative plant community. The area is dominated by Narrowleaf cattail (*Typha angustfolia*) with Glossy buckthorn and red-osier dogwood along the transitional edges. As illustrated in the pictures the Parkman Brook stream channel is subject to daily tides and has no vegetation present, while the intertidal estuary is densely vegetated. The soils are developed in marine sediments and in the estuary have an organic cap. These poorly drained and very poorly drained soils contribute to the numerous functions and values present in this system.

Parkman Brook itself originates east of the site. The stream system starts east of Portsmouth Avenue beyond Route 101, flowing westerly crossing Portsmouth Avenue and then flowing under Route 101 westerly where it passes this site on its way to merging with the Squamscott River.



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A view of the transitional tidal marsh edge.

SRE conducted the FVA on the portion of the tidal wetland system as shown on the plan. Based on this analysis, Wetland 1C exhibits 7 Principal Functions and Suitability for at least 3 more functions and values. This would be expected in a wetland that is an approved Prime Wetland and tidal in nature. This wetland system offers floodflow alteration with the estuary allowing for flooding during large scale storm events or tidal events. Sediment /Toxicant Retention with the organic soils and Nutrient Removal and Production Export through tidal cycles. The thick estuary vegetation allows for sediment shoreline stabilization and the dense habitat surrounded by woodlands offers great wildlife habitat while the stream and associated wetlands and uplands contribute to the wildlife corridor up and down the system.



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Based on our analysis of the site and based on the Town of Exeter's Zoning and Prime Wetlands Designation, it is clear that this wetland system is one of importance, high functions and values and subject to local setbacks that reflect the Town's goals to protect the integrity of the area. As such, the proposed commercial development plan was designed with that in mind and framed around the local protections in place. The proposed impacts have been relegated to the front of the lot, proposing impacts to the lower functioning Wetland 1A. The proposed 28,418 sq ft of wetland impact is for the development of parking and access infrastructure. There are no proposed impacts to Wetland 1B or Wetland 1C. The proposed site plan is located 300 feet from the high functioning system of Wetland 1C. The 300 foot section will remain vegetated and in conjunction with the Town of Exeter 100' Prime Wetland Conservation Easement will protect the tidal wetlands of Parkman Brook.

Wetland 2

Wetland 2 starts at the outlet located on Stoneybrook Connector. This section is directly fed by adjacent catch basins and is part of the Town of Exeter's drainage system. The man-made ditch flows northwest and picks up the discharge from a detention basin located between Stoneybrook Connector and McDonalds. Further northwest in the ditch, the NHDOT Detention Basin located within the abutting property discharges into the ditch in The Town of Exeter's Conservation Easement. This ditch has been created through the forested area and has been classified as PFO1Ex. This ditched area is not a stream and does not have natural fluvial geomorphic processes. There are no proposed impacts to this system. The new proposed site plan will incorporate a large underground chambered stormwater treatment system that will discharge treated water to the uplands west of the site where the hydrology will be re-introduced into Wetland 1B.



A view of the NHDOT outlet point into the ditched wetland.



A view of the ditch area along the northeastern property boundary.



Another view of Wetland 2 looking northwest towards the Parkman Brook System.

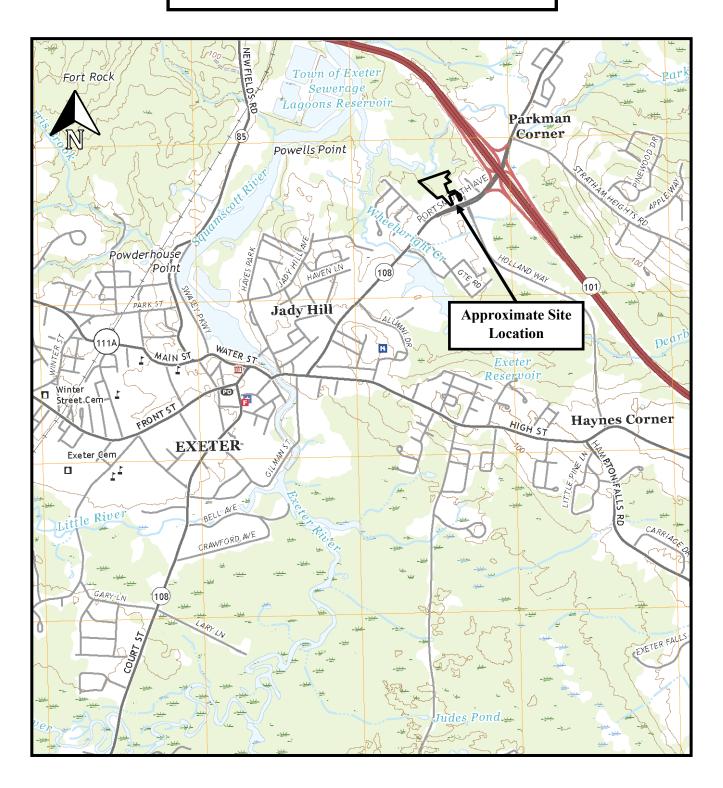
If there are any additional questions or comments regarding this report, please feel free to contact us at (603) 776-5825.

Stoney Ridge Environmental LLC

Cynthia M. Balcius CWS, CSS, CPESC Senior Wetland & Soil Scientist

Site Locus

Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Ave., Tax Map 51, Lots 1, 3-3 & 3-4 Exeter, NH



Scale 1:24,000



Wetland 1A

* - indicates dominant species

Vegetation Observed:

Acer rubrum (red maple) *

Frangula alnus (glossy buckthorn) *

Cornus sericea (red-osier dogwood) *

Alnus incana (speckled alder) *

Rosa multiflora (multi-flora rose)

Parthenocissus quinquefolia (Virginia creeper)

Onoclea sensibilis (sensitive fern)

Scirpus cyperinus (woolgrass)

Juncus effusus (soft rush)

Symphyotrichum puniceum (purple aster)

Celastrus orbiculatus (Oriental bittersweet)

Spiraea alba (white meadowsweet)

Solidago rugosa (wrinkleleaf goldenrod)

Typha latifolia (broadleaf cattail)

Vitis labrusca (concord grape)

Lonicera spp. (honeysuckle species)

Lytheria salicaris (purple loosestrife)

Animals/Animal Sign Observed:

Multiple birds including, American robin, black-capped chickadee, American crow Deer tracks and scat, edge species including squirrels, chipmunks, and racoons.

Wetland 1B

Vegetation Observed:

Frangula alnus (glossy buckthorn) *

Cornus sericea (red-osier dogwood) *

Alnus incana (speckled alder) *

Celastrus orbiculatus (Oriental bittersweet) *

Lonicera spp. (honeysuckle species)

Typha angustifolia (narrowleaf cattail)

Typha latifolia (broadleaf cattail)

Acer rubrum (red maple)

Rosa multiflora (multi-flora rose)

Onoclea sensibilis (sensitive fern)

Scirpus cyperinus (woolgrass)

Juncus effusus (soft rush)

Symphyotrichum puniceum (purple aster)

Prunus serotina (black cherry)

Spiraea alba (white meadowsweet)

Animals/Animal Sign Observed:

Multiple song birds including, American robin and black-capped chickadee Deer tracks and scat

Wetland 1C

Vegetation Observed:

Typha angustifolia (narrowleaf cattail) *
Frangula alnus (glossy buckthorn) *
Cornus sericea (red-osier dogwood)
Carex spp.
Hydrocotyle spp. (pennywort species)
Quercus alba (northern white oak)
Pinus strobus (white pine)
Juniperus virginiana (eastern red cedar)

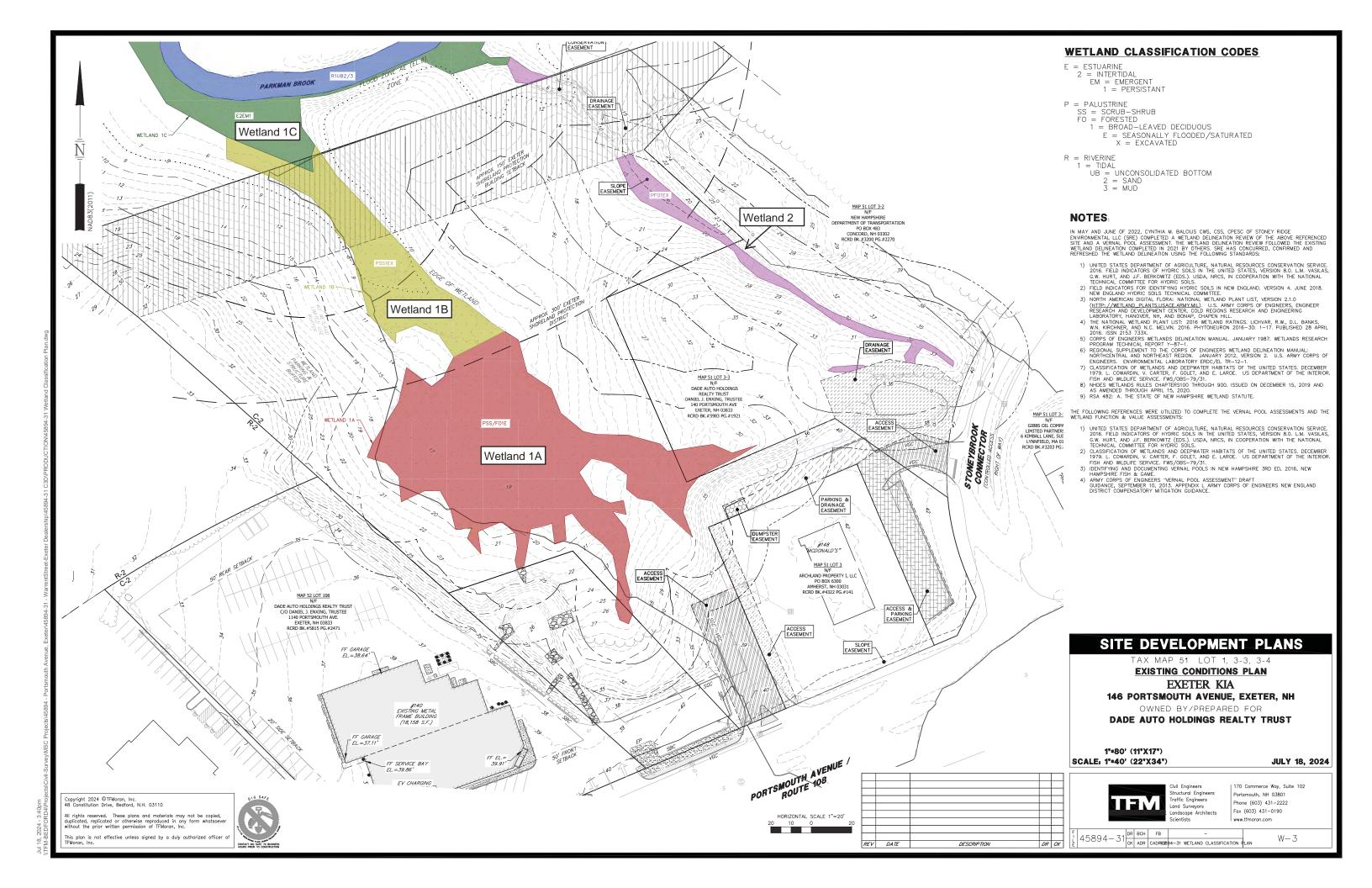
Animals/Animal Sign Observed:

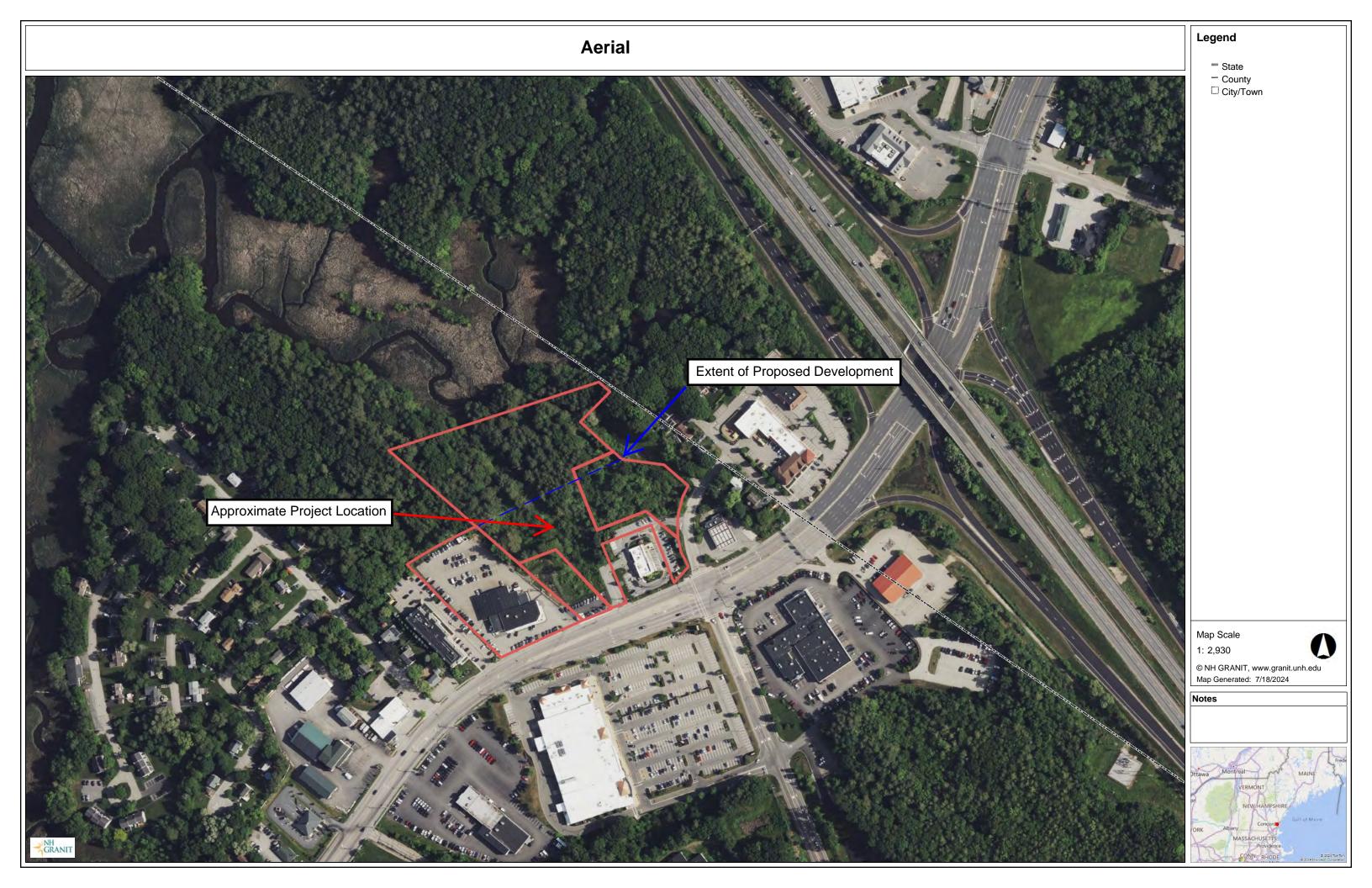
Multiple birds including, American robin, black-capped chickadee, American crow Deer tracks and scat

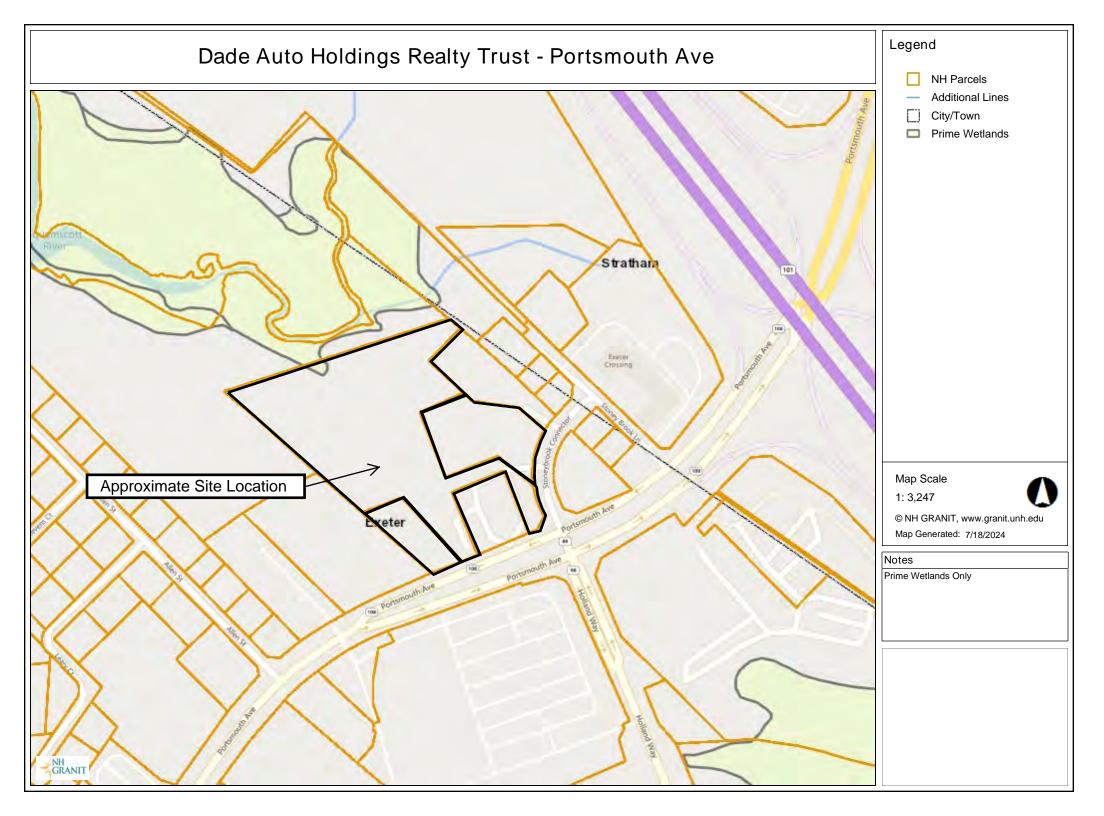
Wetland 2

There is no vegetation in the ditch. The portion adjacent to the road as covered in rosa multiflora growing along the sides of the ditch. In the woods to the north, the ditch is lined with White pine and red maple.

No wildlife observed in the ditch.

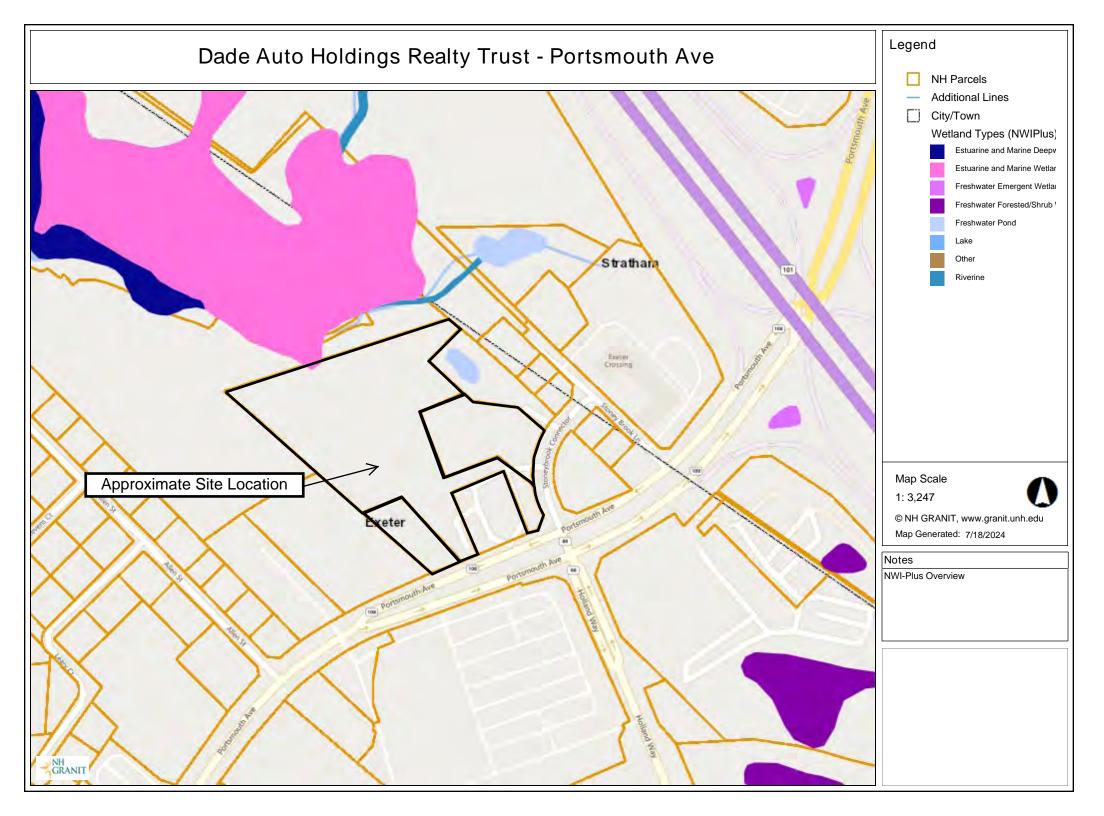


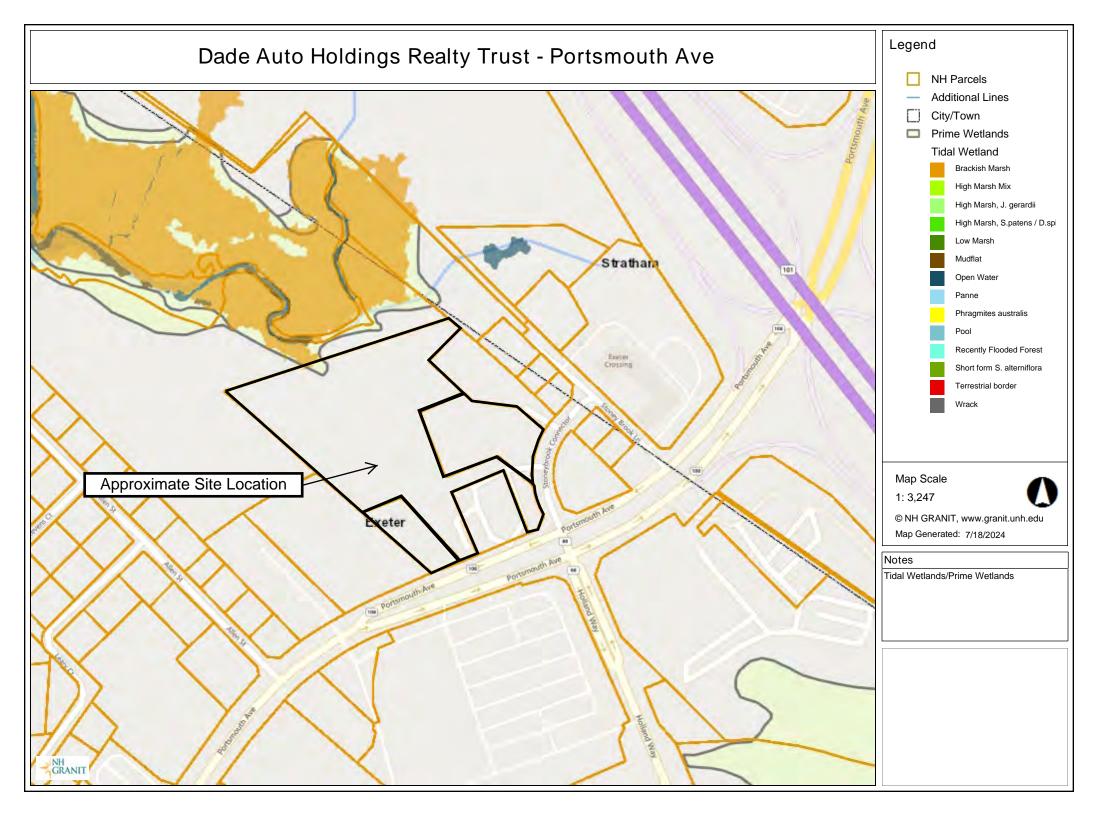


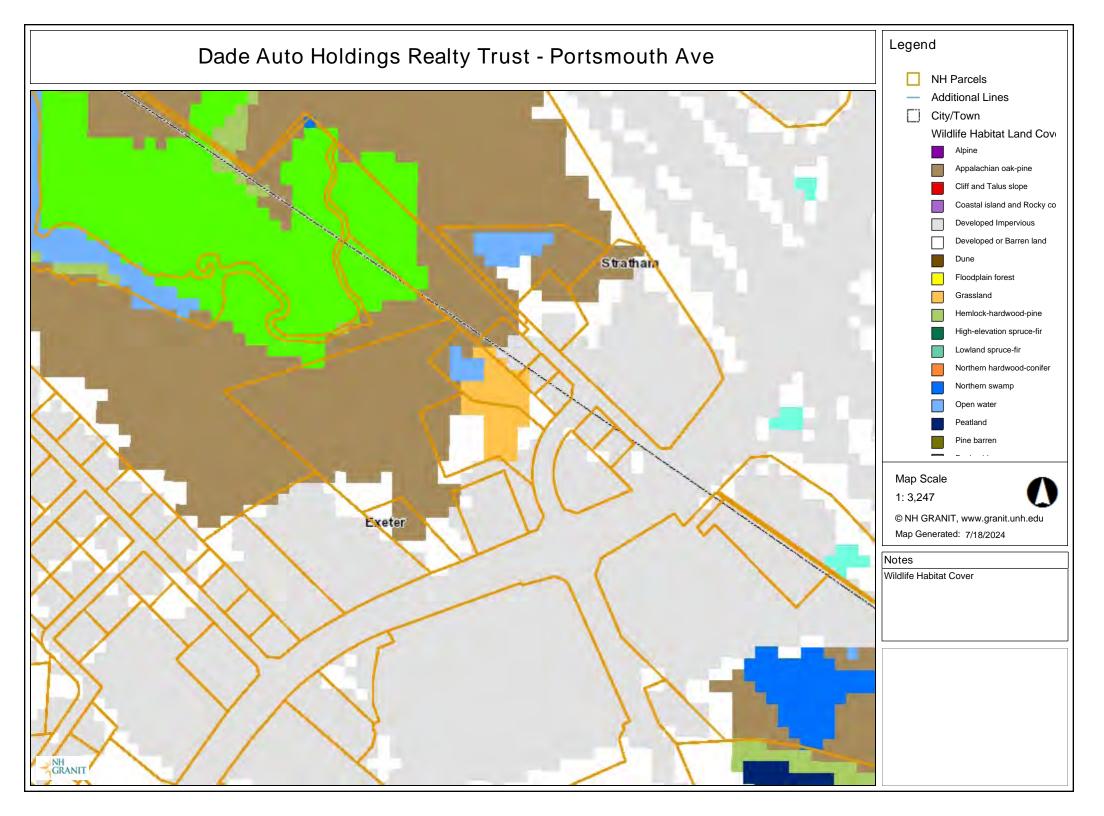


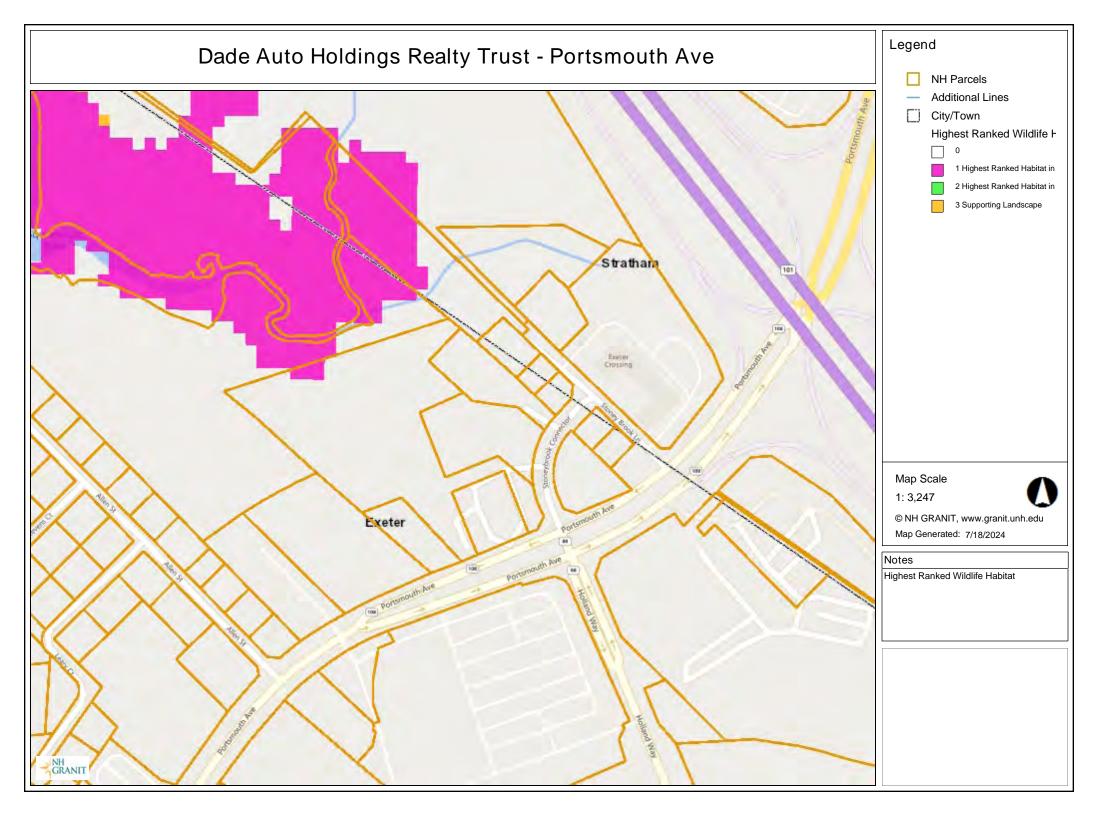


Prime Wetlands Volvo Exeter









			Wetland I.D. Wetland 1A
Total area of wetland 37,227 Human made? Partially Is wetland	rtially is wetland part of a wildlife corridor? No	ridor? No or a "habitat island"? No	Latitude Longitude
Adjacent land use Commercial and Industrial	Distance to near	Distance to nearest roadway or other development -150ft. to road.	Prepared by: CB, JS Date 11/30/22
Dominant wetland systems present PSS/FO1E	Contiguous und	Contiguous undeveloped buffer zone present No	Wetland Impact: Type Fill Area 34,520
Is the wetland a separate hydraulic system? No	If not, where does the wetlar	where does the wetland lie in the drainage basin? Upper	Evaluation based on:
How many tributaries contribute to the wetland? None	Wi	Idlife & vegetation diversity/abundance (see attached list)	Office Field Corps manual wetland delineation
Function/Value	Suitability Rationale Y/N (Reference #)*	Principal Function(s)/Value(s)	Comments
▼ Groundwater Recharge/Discharge	N 6,13	The wetland is a low depressional area that receives vimpervious lots.	The wetland is a low depressional area that receives water from multiple stormwater drainages from the surrounding impervious lots.
Floodflow Alteration	Y 2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9	The wetland exists as a low point, receiving and didanning mainly aize this function is minimal.	The welland exists as a low point, receiving and detaining mainly stormwater runoff from the surrounding impervious surfaces. Due to its small size this function is minimal.
Fish and Shellfish Habitat	N	This wetland is not associated with a watercourse or pond	oond.
Sediment/Toxicant Retention	N 1,4	The wetland does not contain a dense or diverse amount of vegetation, Potential sources the wetland due to the impervious surfaces and stormwater runoff. The wetland does contain lacks the deep organics and long water retention time for sediment/loxicant retention.	The wetland does not contain a dense or diverse amount of vegetation, Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the impervious surfaces and stormweter runoff. The wetland does contain fine grained mineral soils, but lacks the deep organics and long water retention time for sediment/toxicant retention.
Nutrient Removal	N 3,4,7,9	Potential sources of sediment are tocated above the w runoff. The wetland contains both tree and shrub vege	Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the Impervious surfaces, roadways and stormwater runoff. The wetland contains both tree and shrub vegetation, but lacks the density and diversity.
Production Export	N 1,4	No valuable food sources or products grow within the wetland.	wetland.
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	N 1.2,3	This wetland is not associated with a watercourse.	
Wildlife Habitat	Y 6,7,13,15,16,17	Due to the location of the wetland, in a commercial are location do offer some cover for songbird and edge sp	Due to the location of the wetland, in a commercial area there is some function as wildlife habitat. The small size and location do offer some cover for songbird and edge species.
₩ Recreation	N	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public. Ver loud road noise observed.	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public. Vegetation is comprised of multiple invasive species, with trash and loud road noise observed.
Educational/Scientific Value	N	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public. Ver loud road noise observed.	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public. Vegetation is comprised of multiple invasive species, with trash and four road noise observed.
🜟 Uniqueness/Heritage	N 2,17,30	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public but comprised of multiple invasive species, with trash and	The welland is not safely accessible by the public but can be viewed from adjacent parking lots. The vegetation within is comprised of multiple invasive species, with tash and loud road noise observed on site.
Visual Quality/Aesthetics	N	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public but comprised of multiple invasive species, with trash and	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public but can be viewed from adjacent parking lots. The vegetation within is comprised of multiple invasive species, with trash and loud road noise observed on site.
ES Endangered Species Habitat	N	No endangered species were observed while on sita.	
Other			

Notes:

* Refer to backup list of numbered considerations.

Total area of wetland-13.173 Human made? Partially Is wetland	ially Is wet	and part of a wildlife corridor? No	No ?	or a "habitat island"? No	Wetland L.D., Wetland 15 Latinde Latinde
Adjacent land use Forested/conservation easement/estuary on all other sides	other sides	Distance to nearest r	oadway	Distance to nearest roadway or other development -400ft. to road	by: CB, JS
Dominant wetland systems present PSS1Ex		Contiguous undeve	oped bu	Contiguous undeveloped buffer zone present Partially	Wetland Impact: Type Area
Is the wetland a separate hydraulic system? No	If	If not, where does the wetland lie in the drainage basin? Middle	in the	Irainage basin? Middle	Evaluation based on:
How many tributaries contribute to the wetland? None	one	Wildlife & vegetation diversity/abundance (see attached list)	ity/abun	dance (see attached list)	Office Field Forms manual weekland delineation
Function/Value	Suitability Y/N	y Rationale (Reference #)*	Principal Function	(s)/Value(s)	completed? Y \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Groundwater Recharge/Discharge	N	6, 13	Z		The wetland is a low, depressional area that receives the stormwater runoff from the adjacent wetland A. This wetland is a transition to the estuary.
Floodflow Alteration	X	3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 18	Z		The wettand exists as a low point, in a semi-swale form neceiving the stormwater runoif from the adjacent wetland A. The area above the wetland in the watershed contains a large impervious area percentage. Due to the wetlands small size, the value of the floodflow alteration is reduced, making it suitable but not principal.
-Fish and Shellfish Habitat	N		Z	This wetland is not associated with a watercourse or pond. Adjacent to Parkman Brook.	nd. Adjacent to Parkman Brook
Sediment/Toxicant Retention	N	1,4,8	Z	Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the impervious surfaces runoff. The wetland does contain fine grained mineral soils, but lacks the deep organics and sediment/toxicant reention as it has topographical gradient flowing towards Parkman Gook	Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the impervious surfaces, roadways and stormwater runoff. The wetland does contain fine grained mineral soils, but lacks the deep organics and long water retention time for sediment/loxicant retention as it has topographical gradient flowing towards Parkman Brook.
Nutrient Removal	Y	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	Z	Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the impervious surface runoff. The wetland contains derise scrub shrub vegetation, that will aid in nutrient removal. but lacks the density and diversity for large scale nutrient removal, reducing its potential in	Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the impervious surfaces, roadways and stormwater runoff. The wetland contains dense scrub shrub vegetation, that will aid in nutrient removal. but lacks the density and diversity for large scale nutrient removal, reducing its potential to suitable not princinal.
Production Export	N	4,7	Z	No valuable food sources or products grow within the wetland.	etland.
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	N	1, 2, 3, 14	Z	This wetland is not associated with a watercourse.	
Wildlife Habitat	Y	4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 16, 17, 21	X	Due to the location of the wetland, in a commercial ares southern borders of the wetland are all undeveloped an function.	Due to the location of the wetland, in a commercial area there is some function as wildlife habitat. The east, west and southern borders of the wetland are all undeveloped and provide animal access through the wetland. This is a principal function.
A Recreation	N	-	Z	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public, Vego loud road noise observed.	The wetland is not safely accessible by the public. Vegetation is comprised of multiple invasive species, with trash and loud road noise observed.
Educational/Scientific Value	N	9	Z	Vegetation is comprised of multiple invasive species.	
🛨 Uniqueness/Heritage	N	2, 22	Z		
Visual Quality/Aesthetics	Z		Z		
ES Endangered Species Habitat	N		Z	No endangered species were observed while on site,	
Other					

Notes:

* Refer to backup list of numbered considerations.

Total area of wetland Unknown Human made? No	7	Is wetland part of a wildlife corridor? Yes	/es	or a "habitat island"? No	Wettand I.D. Wettand IC Latitude Longitude
Adjacent land use Estuary and Forest		Distance to nearest road	lway o	Distance to nearest roadway or other development -700ft, to road	by: CB, JS
Dominant wetland systems present E2EM1/R1UB2/3	/3	Contiguous undeveloped buffer zone present Yes	ed buf	fer zone present <u>Yes</u>	Wetland Impact: TypeArea
Is the wetland a separate hydraulic system? No	If	If not, where does the wetland lie in the drainage basin? Lower	the dr	ainage basin?Lower	Evaluation based on:
How many tributaries contribute to the wetland? None	None	Wildlife & vegetation diversity/abundance (see attached list)	abund	ance (see attached list)	Office Field V
Function/Value	Suitability Y / N	Rationale (Reference #)*	Principal Function	(s)/Value(s)	completed? Y \ N
Groundwater Recharge/Discharge	Y	1,2,4,5,7,8,15	Z	Tidal stream and estuary, some discharge occuring.	
Floodflow Alteration	Y	4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 18	>	The tidal estuary allows for flooding during large storm events and tidal events	nd tidal events.
Fish and Shellfish Habitat	Y	1, 4 (see notes)	>	While no fish or shellfish species were observed while Great Bay, Both these systems are extremely valuable saltwater fish,	While no fish or shellfish species were observed while on site, the system is connected to the Squamscott River, and Great Bay. Both these systems are extremely valuable fish and shellfish habitat for multiple freshwater, anadromous and saltwater fish,
Sediment/Toxicant Retention	X	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15, 16	Y	Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the impervious surfa runoft. The dense herbaceous vegetation of the estuary and fine mineral soils enhance a tidal effect on the river flow will reduce the overall retention ability of the Parkman Brook	Potential sources of sediment are located above the wetland due to the impervious surfaces, roadways and stormwater fundi. The derise herbaccous vegetation of the estuary and fine mineral solls enhance sedimentand toxic retention. The tidal effect on the river flow will reduce the overall retention ability of the Parkman Brook.
Nutrient Removal	X	3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14	>	The estuary of Parkman Brook may flood during storm water system. The area has very dense typha vegetati	The estuary of Parkman Brook may flood during storm events or high tide but will not result in a long term ponded/open water system. The area has very dense typha vegetation that will be able to attenuate nutrients.
Production Export	X	2, 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, 13	>	No valuable food sources or products grow within the v	No valuable food sources or products grow within the wetland. The wetland is mainly a valuable habitat for wildiffe.
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	X	1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 15	X	The wetland provides valuable floodwater storage in th stabilizing the soils and retaining/slowing water.	The wetland provides valuable floodwater storage in the event of large storm events. The dense vegetation will aid in stabilizing the soils and retaining/slowing water.
Wildlife Habitat	X	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21	X	The Parkman Brook area is protected by the town, with surrounding it. The area has the potential to provide ha	The Parkman Brook area is protected by the town, with multiple conservation easements and undeveloped land surrounding it. The area has the potential to provide habitat for multiple bird and animal species including migratory birds.
A Recreation	N	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9	Z	The wetland is not accessible, or safely navigable, The conservation land and listed as highest ranked habital	The wetland is not accessible, or safely navigable. The area is natural and protected by the town as prime wetland and conservation land and listed as highest ranked habitat by NHF&G.
Educational/Scientific Value	N	2, 4, 5, 6	Z	The wetland is not accessible, or safely navigable. The conservation land. The area is listed as the highest ran	The wetland is not accessible, or safely navigable. The area is natural and protected by the town as prime wetland and conservation land. The area is listed as the highest ranked habitat by NHF&G.
🜟 Uniqueness/Heritage	N	5, 6, 7, 22, 27, 30	Z	The Parkman Brook is listed by the Town of Exeter as	The Parkman Brook is listed by the Town of Exeter as prime wetland, with adjacent conservation easements.
Visual Quality/Aesthetics	N	80	Z	No viewing locations or access,	
ES Endangered Species Habitat	N		Z	No endangered species were observed while on site.	
Other					

Notes:

* Refer to backup list of numbered considerations.

Total area of Wetland	is welland part of a wildlife corridor?	Jopt.	or a "habitat island";	Latitude Longitude
Adjacent land use Commercial	Distance to near	est roadway o	Distance to nearest roadway or other development 10 feet	Prepared by: CMB/JS Date 5/14/24
Dominant wetland systems present	Contiguous und	leveloped bufi	Contiguous undeveloped buffer zone present No	Wetland Impact: Type None Area
Is the wetland a separate hydraulic system? No	If not, where does the wetlan	nd lie in the dr	If not, where does the wetland lie in the drainage basin? Drainage syetem/lower	Evaluation based on:
How many tributaries contribute to the wetland? whown drainage system Wildl	nhown dramage system Wildlife & vegetation di	versity/abund	ife & vegetation diversity/abundance (see attached list)	Office yes Field yes Corps manual wetland delineation
Function/Value	Suitability Rationale Y / N (Reference #)*		(s)/Value(s)	completed? Vyes N
Groundwater Recharge/Discharge	N 6,7	Z	This ditch is part of the Towns Roadside D detention basins. The discharged water is	This ditch is part of the Towns Roadside Drainage System and also collects water from 2 detention basins. The discharged water is reintroduced into the wetland system via the
Floodflow Alteration	N 4,9,13	Z	The ditch can take excess stormwater during storme and send the flows down to the large prime wetland	events system,
Fish and Shellfish Habitat	N	Z	This diched system is dry except for stormevents. There	
Sediment/Toxicant Retention	N 1,4,10	Z	Open ditch system with no a toxicants.	Open ditch system with no ability to retain sediment and toxicants.
Nutrient Removal	4 N	Z	The water discharged into the ditch is mostly treated view detention basins and the Towns drainage system.	The water discharged into the ditch is mostly treated via both the detention basins and the Towns drainage system. The
Production Export	N	Z	There are no plants or food sources within this system.	1
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	N 1,2,3,4	Z	This ditch is a conduit for sto offer any stabilization.	This ditch is a conduit for stormwater discharge and does not offer any stabilization.
Wildlife Habitat	Y 5,6	Z	The area offers minimal function for wildlife. Some bird habitat in the thick adjacent rosa-multiflora and in the continuous sections.	The area offers minimal function for wildlife. Some bird habitat in the thick adjacent rosa-multiflora and in the open
* Recreation	N	Z	There is no ability to use this ditch for recreation.	s ditch for recreation.
Educational/Scientific Value	N	Z	The system is a ditch and offers no value for education.	for education.
★ Uniqueness/Heritage	N 2,22	Z	There is nothing unique regarding this ditched system.	arding this ditched system.
Visual Quality/Aesthetics	N	Z	The site is overrun with inva	The site is overrun with invasive species especially the ditch.
ES Endangered Species Habitat	N	Z	There are no hits by NHB on site and there on site during field work.	There are no hits by NHB on site and there were no visual observations of any rare species on site during field work.
Other				
Notes:			* Refer to bac	* Refer to backup list of numbered considerations.



STANDARD DREDGE AND FILL WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION



Water Division / Land Resources Management
Check the Status of your Application

RSA/Rule: RSA 482-A/Env-Wt 100-900

APPLICANT'S NAME: TOWN NAME:

			File No.:
Administrative	Administrative	Administrative	Check No.:
Use Only	Use Only	Use Only	Amount:
			Initials:

A person may request a waiver of the requirements in Rules Env-Wt 100-900 to accommodate situations where strict adherence to the requirements would not be in the best interest of the public or the environment but is still in compliance with RSA 482-A. A person may also request a waiver of the standards for existing dwellings over water pursuant to RSA 482-A:26, III(b). For more information, please consult the <u>Waiver Request Form</u>.

SEC	CTION 1 - REQUIRED PLANNING FOR ALL PROJECTS (Env-Wt 306.05; RSA 482-A:3, I(d)(2))	
Res	ase use the <u>Wetland Permit Planning Tool (WPPT)</u> , the Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) <u>DataCheck Too</u> storation <u>Mapper</u> , or other sources to assist in identifying key features such as: <u>Priority Resource Areastected species or habitats</u> , coastal areas, designated rivers, or designated prime wetlands.	
Has	s the required planning been completed?	Yes No
Doe	es the property contain a PRA? If yes, provide the following information:	Yes No
•	Does the project qualify for an Impact Classification Adjustment (e.g. NH Fish and Game Department (NHFG) and NHB agreement for a classification downgrade) or a Project-Type Exception (e.g. Maintenance or Statutory Permit-by-Notification (SPN) project)? See Env-Wt 407.02 and Env-Wt 407.04.	Yes No
•	Protected species or habitat? o If yes, species or habitat name(s): o NHB Project ID #:	Yes No
•	Bog?	Yes No
•	Floodplain wetland contiguous to a tier 3 or higher watercourse?	Yes No
•	Designated prime wetland or duly-established 100-foot buffer?	Yes No
•	Sand dune, tidal wetland, tidal water, or undeveloped tidal buffer zone?	Yes No
Is t	he property within a Designated River corridor? If yes, provide the following information:	Yes No
•	Name of Local River Management Advisory Committee (LAC):	
•	A copy of the application was sent to the LAC on Month: Day: Year:	

For dredging projects, is the subject property contaminated? • If yes, list contaminant:	Yes No
Is there potential to impact impaired waters, class A waters, or outstanding resource waters?	Yes No
For stream crossing projects, provide watershed size (see <u>WPPT</u> or Stream Stats):	
SECTION 2 - PROJECT DESCRIPTION (Env-Wt 311.04(i))	
Provide a description of the project and the purpose of the project, the need for the proposed impacts tareas, an outline-of the scope of work to be performed, and whether impacts are temporary or permanents.	
SECTION 3 - PROJECT LOCATION	
Separate wetland permit applications must be submitted for each municipality within which wetland im ADDRESS:	pacts occur.
TOWN/CITY:	
TAX MAP/BLOCK/LOT/UNIT:	
US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY (USGS) TOPO MAP WATERBODY NAME:	
(Optional) LATITUDE/LONGITUDE in decimal degrees (to five decimal places):	

SECTION 4 - APPLICANT (DESIRED PERMIT HOLDER) INI If the applicant is a trust or a company, then complete v	•		
NAME:			
MAILING ADDRESS:			
TOWN/CITY:		STATE:	ZIP CODE:
EMAIL ADDRESS:			
FAX:	PHONE:		
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here, I her this application electronically.	eby authorize NHDES to cor	nmunicate all ma	tters relative to
SECTION 5 - AUTHORIZED AGENT INFORMATION (Env-	Wt 311.04(c))		
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.:			
COMPANY NAME:			
MAILING ADDRESS:			
TOWN/CITY:		STATE:	ZIP CODE:
EMAIL ADDRESS:			
FAX:	PHONE:		
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here, I her this application electronically. CMB	eby authorize NHDES to cor	nmunicate all ma	tters relative to
SECTION 6 - PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION (IF DIFFINATION of the owner is a trust or a company, then complete with Same as applicant	•	_))
NAME:			
MAILING ADDRESS:			
TOWN/CITY:		STATE:	ZIP CODE:
EMAIL ADDRESS:			
FAX:	PHONE:		
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here, I her this application electronically.	eby authorize NHDES to cor	nmunicate all ma	tters relative to

SECTION 7 - RESOURCE-SPECIFIC CRITERIA ESTABLISHED IN Env-Wt 400, Env-Wt 500, Env-Wt 600, Env-Wt 700, OR Env-Wt 900 HAVE BEEN MET (Env-Wt 313.01(a)(3))
Describe how the resource-specific criteria have been met for each chapter listed above (please attach information about stream crossings, coastal resources, prime wetlands, or non-tidal wetlands and surface waters):
SECTION 8 - AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION
Impacts within wetland jurisdiction must be avoided to the maximum extent practicable (Env-Wt 313.03(a)).* Any project with unavoidable jurisdictional impacts must then be minimized as described in the Wetlands Best Management Practice Techniques For Avoidance and Minimization and the Wetlands Permitting: Avoidance, Minimization and Mitigation fact sheet. For minor or major projects, a functional assessment of all wetlands on the project site is required (Env-Wt 311.03(b)(10)).* Please refer to the application checklist to ensure you have attached all documents related to avoidance and minimization, as well as functional assessment (where applicable). Use the Avoidance and Minimization Checklist, the
Avoidance and Minimization Narrative, or your own avoidance and minimization narrative.
*See Env-Wt 311.03(b)(6) and Env-Wt 311.03(b)(10) for shoreline structure exemptions.
SECTION 9 - MITIGATION REQUIREMENT (Env-Wt 311.02) If unavoidable jurisdictional impacts require mitigation, a mitigation pre-application meeting must occur at least 30 days but not more than 90 days prior to submitting this Standard Dredge and Fill Permit Application.
Mitigation Pre-Application Meeting Date: Month: Day: Year: 09:28:2022
(N/A - Mitigation is not required)
SECTION 10 - THE PROJECT MEETS COMPENSATORY MITIGATION REQUIREMENTS (Env-Wt 313.01(a)(1)c)
Confirm that you have submitted a compensatory mitigation proposal that meets the requirements of Env-Wt 800 for all permanent unavoidable impacts that will remain after avoidance and minimization techniques have been exercised to the maximum extent practicable: I confirm submittal.
(N/A – Compensatory mitigation is not required)
SECTION 11 - IMPACT AREA (Env-Wt 311.04(g)) For each jurisdictional area that will be/has been impacted, provide square feet (SF) and, if applicable, linear feet (LF) of impact, and note whether the impact is after-the-fact (ATF; i.e., work was started or completed without a permit).

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For intermittent and ephemeral streams, the linear footage of impact is measured along the thread of the channel. Please note, installation of a stream crossing in an ephemeral stream may be undertaken without a permit per Rule Env-Wt 309.02(d), however other dredge or fill impacts should be included below.

For perennial streams/rivers, the linear footage of impact is calculated by summing the lengths of disturbances to the channel and banks.

Permanent (PERM.) impacts are impacts that will remain after the project is complete (e.g., changes in grade or surface materials).

Temporary (TEMP.) impacts are impacts not intended to remain (and will be restored to pre-construction conditions) after the project is completed.

IUR	ISDICTIONAL AREA	PERM.	PERM.	PERM.	TEMP.	TEMP.	TEMP.
-		SF	LF	ATF	SF	LF	ATF
	Forested Wetland	28,418			7,636		
	Scrub-shrub Wetland						
ds	Emergent Wetland						
lan	Wet Meadow						
Wetlands	Vernal Pool						
>	Designated Prime Wetland						
	Duly-established 100-foot Prime Wetland Buffer						
	Intermittent / Ephemeral Stream						
ce	Perennial Stream or River						
Surface	Lake / Pond						
Su	Docking - Lake / Pond						
	Docking - River						
·n	Bank - Intermittent Stream						
Banks	Bank - Perennial Stream / River						
B	Bank / Shoreline - Lake / Pond						
Tidal	Tidal Waters						
	Tidal Marsh						
	Sand Dune						
Tio	Undeveloped Tidal Buffer Zone (TBZ)						131
	Previously-developed TBZ						
	Docking - Tidal Water						
	TOTAL	28,418			7,636		
SEC	TION 12 - APPLICATION FEE (RSA 482-A:3, I)						
	MINIMUM IMPACT FEE: Flat fee of \$400.						
$\overline{}$	NON-ENFORCEMENT RELATED, PUBLICLY-FUR IMPACT CLASSIFICATION: Flat fee of \$400 (re					CTS, REGARDI	ESS OF
	MINOR OR MAJOR IMPACT FEE: Calculate usi						
	Permanent and tempora	ry (non-doc	king): 36,0	54 SF		× \$0.40 =	\$14,42
	Seasonal o	locking struc	ture:	SF		× \$2.00 =	\$
	Permanent o	docking struc	ture:	SF		× \$4.00 =	\$
	Projects _I	proposing sh	oreline stru	uctures (inc	luding docks	s) add \$400 =	\$
						Total =	\$
19	The application fee for minor or major impact i	is the ahove	calculated	total or ¢AC	00 whichous	r is arouter -	¢14 4.

Indicate t	13 - PROJECT CLASSIFICATION he project classification.	(= 111 300.03)		
Minim	um Impact Project	Minor Project	■ Major Project	
SECTION 1	4 - REQUIRED CERTIFICATIONS	S (Env-Wt 311.11)		
Initial eac	h box below to certify:			
Initials:	To the best of the signer's kno	wledge and belief, all requi	red notifications have been provided.	
Initials:	The information submitted on signer's knowledge and belief.	or with the application is tr	rue, complete, and not misleading to the	e best of the
Initials:	2. Revoke any approx 3. If the signer is a ce practice in New Ha established by RSA If the applicant is not the owner.	on. val that is granted based on rtified wetland scientist, lice ampshire, refer the matter to 310-A:1. er of the property, each pro	the information constitutes grounds for Ni the information. ensed surveyor, or professional enginee o the joint board of licensure and certifi perty owner signature shall constitute of filed and does not object to the filing.	r licensed to cation
SECTION 1	5 - REQUIRED SIGNATURES (Er		B.	er till cation by
		iv-Wt 311.04(d); Env-Wt 3	11.11)	er till cation by
SIGNATURE	(OVANER):	PRINT NAME LEG		DATE:
SIGNATURE		PRINT NAME LEG	Daniel Enxing	
SIGNATURE SIGNATURE	(OVANER):	PRINT NAME LEG	Daniel Enxing	DATE: 6/21/2014
SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SECTION 1	(APPLICANT, IF DIFFERENT FROM (AGENT, IF APPLICABLE): 6 - TOWN / CITY CLERK SIGNA	PRINT NAME LEG OWNER): PRINT NAME LEG PRINT NAME LEG TURE (Env-Wt 311.04(f))	BIBLY: Daniel Enxing BIBLY: Cynthia M. Balcius	DATE: DATE: DATE:
SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SECTION 1 As require	(APPLICANT, IF DIFFERENT FROM (AGENT, IF APPLICABLE): 6 - TOWN / CITY CLERK SIGNA d by RSA 482-A:3, I(a)(1), I here	PRINT NAME LEG OWNER): PRINT NAME LEG PRINT NAME LEG TURE (Env-Wt 311.04(f)) by certify that the applica	Daniel Enxing GIBLY: Cynthia M. Balcius Int has filed four application forms for	DATE: DATE: DATE:
SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SIGNATURE SECTION 1 As require plans, and	(APPLICANT, IF DIFFERENT FROM (AGENT, IF APPLICABLE): 6 - TOWN / CITY CLERK SIGNA	PRINT NAME LEG OWNER): PRINT NAME LEG PRINT NAME LEG TURE (Env-Wt 311.04(f)) by certify that the applica	Daniel Enxing GIBLY: Cynthia M. Balcius Int has filed four application forms for	DATE: DATE: DATE:

DIRECTIONS FOR TOWN/CITY CLERK:

Per RSA 482-A:3, I(a)(1)

- 1. IMMEDIATELY sign the original application form and four copies in the signature space provided above.
- 2. Return the signed original application form and attachments to the applicant so that the applicant may submit the application form and attachments to NHDES by mail or hand delivery.
- 3. IMMEDIATELY distribute a copy of the application with one complete set of attachments to each of the following bodies: the municipal Conservation Commission, the local governing body (Board of Selectmen or Town/City Council), and the Planning Board.
- 4. Retain one copy of the application form and one complete set of attachments and make them reasonably accessible for public review.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICANT:

Submit the original permit application form bearing the signature of the Town/City Clerk, additional materials, and the application fee to NHDES by mail or hand delivery at the address at the bottom of this page. Make check or money order payable to "Treasurer – State of NH".



STANDARD DREDGE AND FILL WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION ATTACHMENT A: MINOR AND MAJOR PROJECTS



Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your Application

RSA/ Rule: RSA 482-A/ Env-Wt 311.10; Env-Wt 313.01(a)(1); Env-Wt 313.03

APPLICANT'S NAME: Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust - Daniel Enxing TOWN NAME: Exeter

Attachment A is required for *all minor and major projects*, and must be completed *in addition* to the <u>Avoidance and Minimization Narrative</u> or <u>Checklist</u> that is required by Env-Wt 307.11.

For projects involving construction or modification of non-tidal shoreline structures over areas of surface waters having an absence of wetland vegetation, only Sections I.X through I.XV are required to be completed.

PART I: AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION

In accordance with Env-Wt 313.03(a), the Department shall not approve any alteration of any jurisdictional area unless the applicant demonstrates that the potential impacts to jurisdictional areas have been avoided to the maximum extent practicable and that any unavoidable impacts have been minimized, as described in the Wetlands Best Management Practice Techniques For Avoidance and Minimization.

SECTION I.I - ALTERNATIVES (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(1))

Describe how there is no practicable alternative that would have a less adverse impact on the area and environments under the Department's jurisdiction.

THE SITE IS COMPRISED OF THREE DIFFERENT LOTS AND IT ABUTS THE TOWN OF EXETER PARKMAN BROOK PRIME WETLAND ON ONE END AND PORTSMOUTH AVENUE ON THE OTHER. BASED ON INPUT FROM THE STATE NHDES AND THE ARMY CORPS THE PROJECT AS PROPOSED HAS LOCATED ALL OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT TO THE FRONT OF THE LOT LEAVING THE BACK PORTION OF THE LOT UNDEVELOPED AND VEGETATED. THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT WILL BE 300 FEET AWAY FROM THE PRIME WETLAND SYSTEM, LEAVING A COMBINATION OF UPLANDS AND WETLANDS BUFFERING THE PRIME WETLAND SYSTEM. BY KEEPING THE DEVELOPMENT UP TOWARDS THE ROAD, AND IMPACTING THE LOWER FUNCTIONING/DISTURBED WETLANDS THE PROJECT PROPOSES THE MOST PRACTICABLE AND LEAST ADVERSE ALTERNATIVE.

THE OWNER HAS OWNED THESE LOTS WITH LONGTERM PLANS TO DEVELOP THE NEW DEALERSHIP. THE COSTS OF COMMERCIAL LAND AND LACK OF ALTERNATIVE SITES WITHIN THE COMMERCIAL ZONE ON PORTSMOUTH AVENUE MAKES AN ALTERNATIVE SITE NOT A PRACTICABLE ALTERNATIVE AS WELL.

SECTION I.II - MARSHES (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(2))

Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to tidal marshes and non-tidal marshes where documented to provide sources of nutrients for finfish, crustacean, shellfish, and wildlife of significant value.

This project has focused the development project towards the front of the lot in order to leave a large area, approximately 2 1/2 acres undeveloped and vegetated adjacent to the Parkman Brook Prime Wetlands and the Town of Exeter Conservation Easement. The Parkman Brook Prime Wetlands are tidal and high functioning with high values. This project was designed to not only avoid impacts to the high value prime wetlands but it was specifically designed to eliminate any potential indirect impacts by keeping the development over 300 feet away.

SECTION I.III - HYDROLOGIC CONNECTION (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(3))

Describe how the project maintains hydrologic connections between adjacent wetland or stream systems.

This project does not propose to impact any streams. The wetlands to be impacted currently receive hydrology from the surrounding development. The project will capture this stormwater and the stormwater from the development and treat it in an underground chamber system. This stormwater system will discharge the treated stormwater in the upland area of the site to the northwest where it will drain back into the wetland system maintaining the hydrology of the downstream wetlands.

SECTION I.IV - JURISDICTIONAL IMPACTS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(4))

Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to wetlands and other areas of jurisdiction under RSA 482-A, especially those in which there are exemplary natural communities, vernal pools, protected species and habitat,

documented fisheries, and habitat and reproduction areas for species of concern, or any combination thereof. This project has focused the development project towards the front of the lot in order to leave a large area, approximately 2 1/2 acres of vegetated undeveloped land adjacent to the Parkman Brook Prime Wetlands and the Town of Exeter Conservation Easement. The Parkman Brook Prime Wetlands are tidal and high functioning with high values. This project was designed to not only avoid impacts to the high value wetlands but it was specifically designed to eliminate any potential indirect impacts by keeping the development over 300 feet away. There were no protected species or habitat as noted by NHB on site or in the vicinity. There are no vernal pools on-site. SECTION I.V - PUBLIC COMMERCE, NAVIGATION, OR RECREATION (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(5)) Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts that eliminate, depreciate or obstruct public commerce, navigation, or recreation. This project will have a positive impact to public commerce and does not obstruct or eliminate navigation or recreation.

SECTION I.VI - FLOODPLAIN WETLANDS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(6)) Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to floodplain wetlands that provide flood storage.
There are no Floodplain wetlands within the proposed project area.
SECTION I.VII - RIVERINE FORESTED WETLAND SYSTEMS AND SCRUB-SHRUB — MARSH COMPLEXES (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(7))
Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to natural riverine forested wetland systems and scrub-shrub — marsh complexes of high ecological integrity.
This project has focused the development project towards the front of the lot in order to leave a large area, approximately 2 1/2 acres of undeveloped vegetated buffer adjacent to the Parkman Brook Prime Wetlands and the Town of Exeter Conservation Easement. The Parkman Brook Prime Wetlands are tidal and high functioning with high values. This project was designed to not only avoid impacts to the high value wetlands but it was specifically designed to eliminate any potential indirect impacts by keeping the development over 300 feet away. There are no proposed impacts to natural riverine wetlands or scrub-shrub/marsh complexes of high ecological integrity. The proposed forested/scrub/shrub system is not a high intergrity system. As noted in the narrative and in the FVA, the sysytem has been disturbed and the wetlands are domiated by invasive species.

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SECTION I.VIII - DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND GROUNDWATER AQUIFER LEVELS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(8)) Describe how the project avoids and minimizes impacts to wetlands that would be detrimental to adjacent drinking water supply and groundwater aquifer levels.
The proposed wetlands to be impacted are not adjacent to any wells, groundwater aquifers or public drinking water supplies.
SECTION I.IX - STREAM CHANNELS (Env-Wt 313.03(b)(9)) Describe how the project avoids and minimizes adverse impacts to stream channels and the ability of such channels to handle runoff of waters.
The project does not propose any impacts to streams or stream channels.

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SECTION I.X - SHORELINE STRUCTURES - CONSTRUCTION SURFACE AREA (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(1)) Describe how the project has been designed to use the minimum construction surface area over surface waters necessary to meet the stated purpose of the structures.
N/A
SECTION I.XI - SHORELINE STRUCTURES - LEAST INTRUSIVE UPON PUBLIC TRUST (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(2))
Describe how the type of construction proposed is the least intrusive upon the public trust that will ensure safe docking on the frontage.
docking on the frontage.

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SECTION I.XII - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – ABUTTING PROPERTIES (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(3)) Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize impacts on ability of abutting owners to use and enjoy their properties.
N/A
SECTION I.XIII - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – COMMERCE AND RECREATION (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(4)) Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to the public's right to navigation, passage, and use of the resource for commerce and recreation.
Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to the public's right to navigation,
Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to the public's right to navigation, passage, and use of the resource for commerce and recreation.
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SECTION I.XIV - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – WATER QUALITY, AQUATIC VEGETATION, WILDLIFE AND FINFISH HABITAT (Env-Wt 313.03(c)(5))
Describe how the structures have been designed, located, and configured to avoid impacts to water quality, aquatic vegetation, and wildlife and finfish habitat.
N/A
SECTION I.XV - SHORELINE STRUCTURES – VEGETATION REMOVAL, ACCESS POINTS, AND SHORELINE STABILITY (Env-
Wt 313.03(c)(6)) Describe how the structures have been designed to avoid and minimize the removal of vegetation, the number of access points through wetlands or over the bank, and activities that may have an adverse effect on shoreline stability.
N/A

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PART II: FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT
REQUIREMENTS Ensure that project meets the requirements of Env-Wt 311.10 regarding functional assessment (Env-Wt 311.04(j); Env-Wt 311.10).
FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT METHOD USED: Army Corps of Engineers Highway Methodology
NAME OF CERTIFIED WETLAND SCIENTIST (FOR NON-TIDAL PROJECTS) OR QUALIFIED COASTAL PROFESSIONAL (FOR TIDAL PROJECTS) WHO COMPLETED THE ASSESSMENT: CYNTHIA M BALCIUS CWS
DATE OF ASSESSMENT: 9/22 & 5/24
Check this box to confirm that the application includes a NARRATIVE ON FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT:
For minor or major projects requiring a standard permit without mitigation, the applicant shall submit a wetland evaluation report that includes completed checklists and information demonstrating the RELATIVE FUNCTIONS AND VALUES OF EACH WETLAND EVALUATED. Check this box to confirm that the application includes this information, if applicable:
Note: The Wetlands Functional Assessment worksheet can be used to compile the information needed to meet functional assessment requirements.



Appendix B New Hampshire General Permits Required Information and USACE Section 404Checklist

USACE Section 404 Checklist

- 1. Attach any explanations to this checklist. Lack of information could delay a USACE permit determination.
- 2. All references to "work" include all work associated with the project construction and operation. Work includes filling, clearing, flooding, draining, excavation, dozing, stumping, etc.
- 3. See GC 3 for information on single and complete projects.
- 4. Contact USACE at (978) 318-8832 with any questions.
- 5. The information requested below is generally required in the NHDES Wetland Application. See page 61 for NHDES references and Admin Rules as they relate to the information below.

Impaired Waters	Yes	No
1XI Will any work occur within 1 mile upstream in the watershed of an impaired water? See the following to determine if there is an impaired water in the vicinity of your work area. * https://nhdes-surface-water-quality-assessment-site-nhdes.hub.arcgis.com/ https://www.des.nh.gov/water/rivers-and-lakes/water-quality-assessment https://www4.des.state.nh.us/onestopdatamapper/onestopmapper.aspx	X	
2. Wetlands	Yes	No
2.1 Are there are streams, brooks, rivers, ponds, or lakes within 200 feet of any proposed work?		X
2.2 Are there proposed impacts to tidal SAS, prime wetlands, or priority resource areas? Applicants may obtain information from the NH Department of Resources and Economic Development Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) DataCheck Tool for information about resources located on the property at https://www4.des.state.nh.us/NHB-DataCheck/ .		X
2.3 If wetland crossings are proposed, are they adequately designed to maintain hydrology, sediment transport & wildlife passage? No proposed crossings.	N/A	
2.4 Would the project remove part or all of a riparian buffer? (Riparian buffers are lands adjacent to streams where vegetation is strongly influenced by the presence of water. They are often thin lines of vegetation containing native grasses, flowers, shrubs and/or trees that line the stream banks. They are also called vegetated buffer zones.)		X
2.5 The overall project site is more than 40 acres?		X
2.6 What is the area of the previously filled wetlands?	0 sq.	ft
2.7 What is the area of the proposed fill in wetlands?	28,418	sq. ft.
2.8 What % of the overall project sire will be previously and proposed filled wetlands?	8.6	5%
3. Wildlife	Yes	No
3.1 Has the NHB & USFWS determined that there are known occurrences of rare species, exemplary natural communities, Federal and State threatened and endangered species and habitat, in the vicinity of the proposed project? (All projects require an NHB ID number & a USFWS IPAC determination.) NHB DataCheck Tool: https://www4.des.state.nh.us/NHB-DataCheck/ . USFWS IPAC website: https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/ NHB24-1952		X

3.2 Would work occur in any area identified as either "Highest Ranked Habitat in N.H." or "Highest Ranked Habitat in Ecological Region"? (These areas are colored magenta and green, respectively, on NH Fish and Game's map, "2010 Highest Ranked Wildlife Habitat by Ecological Condition.") Map information can be found at: • PDF: https://wildlife.state.nh.us/wildlife/wap-high-rank.html . • Data Mapper: www.granit.unh.edu/data/downloadfreedata/category/databycategory.html .	t	X
3.3 Would the project impact more than 20 acres of an undeveloped land block (upland, wetland/waterway) on the entire project site and/or on an adjoining property(s)?		X
3.4 Does the project propose more than a 10-lot residential subdivision, or a commercial or industrial development?	X	
3.5 Are stream crossings designed in accordance with the GC 31? No proposed stream crossings.	N/A	
4. Flooding/Floodplain Values	Yes	No
4.1 Is the proposed project within the 100-year floodplain of an adjacent river or stream?		X
4.2 If 4.1 is yes, will compensatory flood storage be provided if the project results in a loss of flood storage? Project is not proposed within a 100-year floodplain	N/A	
5. Historic/Archaeological Resources		
For a minimum, minor or major impact project - a copy of the RPR Form (www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review) with your DES file number shall be sent to the NH Division of Historical Resources as required on Page 37 GC 14(d) of the GP document**	X	
6. Minimal Impact Determination (for projects that exceed 1 acre of permanent impact)	Yes	No
Projects with greater than 1 acre of permanent impact must include the following: • Functional assessment for aquatic resources in the project area. • On and off-site alternative analysis. • Provide additional information and description for how the below criteria are met.		X
6.1 Will there be complete loss of aquatic resources on site?		X
6.2 Have the impacts to the aquatic resources been avoided and minimized to the greatest extent practicable?		X
6.3 Will all aquatic resource function be lost?		X
6.4 Does the aquatic resource (s) have regional significance (watershed or ecoregion)?		X
6.5 Is there an on-site alternative with less impact?		X
6.6 Is there an off-site alternative with less impact?		X
6.7 Will there be a loss to a resource dependent species?		X
6.8 Are indirect impacts greater than 1 acre within and adjacent to the project area?		X
6.9 Does the proposed mitigation replace aquatic resource function for direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts?	X	

^{*}Although this checklist utilizes state information, its submittal to USACE is a federal requirement.

** If your project is not within Federal jurisdiction, coordination with NH DHR is not required under Federal law.



RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECT-SPECIFIC WORKSHEET FOR STANDARD APPLICATION



Water Division/Land Resources Management
Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your Application

RSA/Rule: RSA 482/ Env-Wt 524

APPLICANT LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust - Enxing, Daniel

This worksheet summarizes the criteria and requirements for a Standard Permit for "Residential, Commercial, and Industrial Development", one of the 18 specific project types in Chapter Env-Wt 500. In addition to the project-specific criteria and requirements on this worksheet, all Standard Dredge and Fill Applications must meet the criteria and requirements listed in the Standard Dredge and Fill Application form (NHDES-W-06-012).

SECTION 1 - APPLICABILITY (Env-Wt 509.02(b); Env-Wt 524.01)

The information in this worksheet applies to residential, commercial, and industrial development projects, including associated roadways, in non-tidal wetlands.

Do **not** use this worksheet if the project is located in a coastal (tidal) area.

SECTION 2 - APPROVAL CRITERIA FOR RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (Env-Wt 524.02)
An application for a residential, commercial or industrial development project must meet the following criteria:
The project must meet the applicable criteria established in Env-Wt 300;
An off-site alternatives analysis is conducted for any project that will result in more than one acre of permanent wetland impacts;
The project avoids and minimizes impacts to wetlands, watercourses, and sensitive and valuable wetlands in accordance with Env-Wt 313.03;
The project complies with the design criteria specified in Env-Wt 524.04 and the construction criteria specified in Env-Wt 524.05; and
Compensatory mitigation is provided for any new residential, commercial, or industrial development in a Priority Resource Area.
SECTION 3 - APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (Env-Wt 524.03)
For all projects requiring subdivision approval, a plan prepared and stamped by a land surveyor licensed in the State of New Hampshire pursuant to RSA 310-A showing existing and proposed topography and the location of al proposed lot lines;
For all projects requiring subdivision approval, the following clearly delineated on the plan required above: the

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boundaries of all wetlands and surface waters and the footprint of all proposed impacts;

- For minor and major projects requiring subdivision approval, wetlands classifications clearly indicated in accordance with Env-Wt 400 on the plan required above; and
- For a project that is associated with one or more phases of a multi-phase subdivision, a project impact plan that also shows all wetlands on remaining property proposed for future phases of development.

Please note that permits for subdivisions of 4 or more lots shall not be effective until the permittee records the permit with the appropriate registry of deeds and a copy of the registered permit has been received by the department.

An application for a residential, commercial or industrial development project must include the following information:

If the project includes components that are subject to multiple project-specific requirements in Chapter Env-Wt 500, a narrative statement and plan that describes how each project-specific component meets the requirements of the applicable part in Chapter Env-Wt 500 and how the project as a whole impacts jurisdictional areas.

N/A.

This project does not include components that are subject to multiple project specific requirements. This project is not a subdivision. This project is a commercial site plan development.

SECTION 4 - DESIGN REQUIREMENTS FOR RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (Env-Wt 524.04)

In addition to meeting the applicable design requirements established in Env-Wt 300, a residential, commercial, or industrial development project must be designed to meet the following criteria:

- The project complies with all applicable requirements of Env-Wt 400, Env-Wt 700, Env-Wt 800, Env-Wt 900, and other applicable project-specific criteria in Chapter Env-Wt 500;
- The project does not use wetlands or surface waters to serve as stormwater or water quality treatment to mitigate impacts;
- The project provides setbacks and water quality protection measures sufficient to protect private and public drinking water supplies, source water protection areas, and fisheries;
- The project maintains or restores hydrologic connections to maintain flows necessary to preserve adjacent wetland and riparian functions;
- The project maintains existing fishery spawning, feeding, or cover habitat and fish passage necessary to maintain fishery or habitat or populations; and
- The project maintains existing wetland-dependent wildlife habitat and its associated migratory pathways, reproductive sites, and associated wetland complex or wetland community system.

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SECTION 5 - CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR RESIDENTIAL, COMMERCIAL, AND INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (Env-Wt 525.05)

In addition to meeting all applicable construction standards specified in Env-Wt 307 and other applicable project-specific standards in Chapter Env-Wt 500, the following requirements apply to residential, commercial, or industrial development projects:

A construction notice shall be filed with the department at least 48 hours prior to commencing work; and

All work shall be conducted in accordance with the approved plan.

SECTION 6 - CLASSIFICATION OF RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS (Env-Wt 524.06)

Residential and commercial or industrial development projects shall be classified under Env-Wt 407 and as follows:

(a) A project shall be a minimum impact project only if:

- (1) All stream-crossing components of the project meet the requirements for minimum impact classification specified in Env-Wt 903;
- (2) All other components of the project meet the requirements for minimum impact classification specified in Env-Wt 407 and this chapter;
- (3) The project is not part of a new subdivision of 4 or more lots; and
- (4) The project does not meet the criteria listed in (d) below.

(b) A project shall be an expedited minimum impact project only if:

- (1) It is a minimum impact project to construct a new subdivision of 3 lots or less;
- (2) The applicant has attended a pre-design submission meeting with the department at least 7 days prior to application submission and included department feedback in the design plan; and
- (3) The project does not meet the criteria listed in (d) below.

(c) A project shall be a minor impact project if the project does not meet the criteria listed in (d) below and if any of the following apply:

- (1) Any single stream-crossing component of the project meets the requirements for minor impact classification specified in Env-Wt 903;
- (2) The project is part of a new subdivision of 4 or more lots;
- (3) Any single component of the project meets the requirements for minor impact classification specified in Env-Wt 407, Env-Wt 903, or Chapter Env-Wt 500; or
- (4) No component of the project meets the requirements for major impact classification specified in Env-Wt 407, Env-Wt 903, or Chapter Env-Wt 500.

(d) A project shall be a major impact project if:

- (1) The project exceeds the minor impact criteria;
- (2) The project requires mitigation or meets the requirements for major impact classification specified in Env-Wt 407, Env-Wt 903, or any other associated project classification that is part of the overall project; or
- (3) The project is elevated based on an aggregation undertaken by a developer or is part of a series of developments under Env-Wt 400.

2019-12-11 Page 3 of 3



AVOIDANCE AND MINIMIZATION CHECKLIST

Water Division/Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau



Check the Status of your Application

RSA/Rule: RSA 482-A/ Env-Wt 311.07(c)

This checklist can be used in lieu of the written narrative required by Env-Wt 311.07(a) to demonstrate compliance with requirements for Avoidance and Minimization (A/M), pursuant to RSA 482-A:1 and Env-Wt 311.07(c).

For the construction or modification of non-tidal shoreline structures over areas of surface waters without wetland vegetation, complete only Sections 1, 2, and 4 (or the applicable sections in Attachment A: Minor and Major Projects (NHDES-W-06-013).

The following definitions and abbreviations apply to this worksheet:

- "A/M BMPs" stands for <u>Wetlands Best Management Practice Techniques for Avoidance and Minimization</u> dated 2019, published by the New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission (Env-Wt 102.18).
- "Practicable" means available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes (Env-Wt 103.62).

SECTION 1 - CONTACT/LOCATION INFORMATION				
APPLICANT LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust - Daniel Enxing				
PROJECT STREET ADDRESS: 146 Portsmouth Ave PROJECT TOWN: Exeter				
TAX MAP/LOT NUMBER: Tax Map 51/ Lots 1, 3-3, 3-4				
SECTION 2 - PRIMARY PURPOSE OF THE PROJECT				
Env-Wt 311.07(b)(1)	Indicate whether the primary purpose of the project is to construct a water-access structure or requires access through wetlands to reach a buildable lot or the buildable portion thereof.		Yes No	

If you answered "no" to this question, describe the purpose of the "non-access" project type you have proposed:

The proposed permanent wetland impacts of 28,418 sq.ft. are for the development of the new Kia car dealership, service areas, access ways for delivery, sales, emergencies, parking and associated infrastructure. The building design and site layout have been developed using the Town of Exeter site plan development requirements, the Kia Corporate site design requirements, on site conditions and input from the NHDES Wetlands Bureau and Army Corps of Engineers. The project has avoided impacts to higher functioning and high value wetlands and the adjacent abutting land. The project incorporates an extensive underground stormwater treatment system to treat stormwater not just from the existing site but also additional adjacent areas that were developed prior to the more modern stormwater considerations and structures. The project is located in the existing Commercial Zone of the Town of Exeter and is not proposing impacts or development in more rural non-commercial zones. The project is not proposing to fragment or disturb pristine natural wetlands and the project has incorporated minimization strategies such as the proposed sheet piling wall. The proposed temporary impact will follow the requirements of Env-Wt 307.11 and is necessary for the surcharging of the silty clay materials of the site for structural stability. The proposed temporary impact of 7,636 sq.ft. will be removed one the surcharging is complete and the native wetland soils and wetland plants will be restored.

Irm@des.nh.gov or (603) 271-2147

NHDES Wetlands Bureau, 29 Hazen Drive, PO Box 95, Concord, NH 03302-0095

www.des.nh.gov

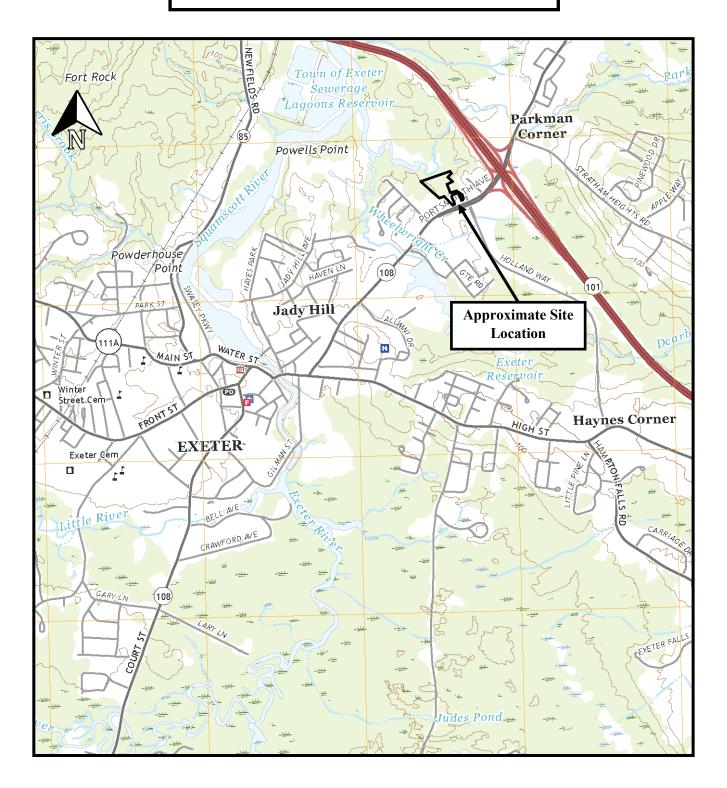
<u>www.des.nn.g</u> 2020-05

SECTION 3 - A/M PROJECT DESIGN TECHNIQUES Check the appropriate boxes below in order to demonstrate that these items have been considered in the planning of the project. Use N/A (not applicable) for each technique that is not applicable to your project. For any project that proposes new permanent impacts of more than one acre or that proposes new permanent impacts to a Priority Resource Area (PRA), Check or both, whether any other properties reasonably available to the applicant, Env-Wt 311.07(b)(2) whether already owned or controlled by the applicant or not, could be used N/A to achieve the project's purpose without altering the functions and values of any jurisdictional area, in particular wetlands, streams, and PRAs. Whether alternative designs or techniques, such as different layouts, Check Env-Wt 311.07(b)(3) construction sequencing, or alternative technologies could be used to avoid □ N/A impacts to jurisdictional areas or their functions and values. Env-Wt 311.07(b)(4) The results of the functional assessment required by Env-Wt 311.03(b)(10) Check Env-Wt 311.10(c)(1) were used to select the location and design for the proposed project that has □ N/A the least impact to wetland functions. Env-Wt 311.10(c)(2) Where impacts to wetland functions are unavoidable, the proposed impacts Check Env-Wt 311.07(b)(4) are limited to the wetlands with the least valuable functions on the site while □ N/A avoiding and minimizing impacts to the wetlands with the highest and most Env-Wt 311.10(c)(3) valuable functions. Env-Wt 313.01(c)(1) No practicable alternative would reduce adverse impact on the area and Check Env-Wt 313.01(c)(2) environments under the department's jurisdiction and the project will not □ N/A Env-Wt 313.03(b)(1) cause random or unnecessary destruction of wetlands. Check The project would not cause or contribute to the significant degradation of Env-Wt 313.01(c)(3) waters of the state or the loss of any PRAs. □ N/A Check Env-Wt 313.03(b)(3) The project maintains hydrologic connectivity between adjacent wetlands or stream systems. □ N/A Env-Wt 904.07(c)(8) Check Env-Wt 311.10 Buildings and/or access are positioned away from high function wetlands or surface waters to avoid impact. □ N/A A/M BMPs Check Env-Wt 311.10 The project clusters structures to avoid wetland impacts. A/M BMPs □ N/A Check Env-Wt 311.10 The placement of roads and utility corridors avoids wetlands and their A/M BMPs associated streams. □ N/A Check The width of access roads or driveways is reduced to avoid and minimize A/M BMPs impacts. Pullouts are incorporated in the design as needed. □ N/A Check The project proposes bridges or spans instead of roads/driveways/trails with A/M BMPs culverts. N/A

A/M BMPs	The project is designed to minimize the number and size of crossings, and crossings cross wetlands and/or streams at the narrowest point.	☐ Check ☐ N/A		
Env-Wt 500 Env-Wt 600 Env-Wt 900	Wetland and stream crossings include features that accommodate aquatic organism and wildlife passage.	☐ Check		
Env-Wt 900	Stream crossings are sized to address hydraulic capacity and geomorphic compatibility.	☐ Check ☐ N/A		
A/M BMPs	Disturbed areas are used for crossings wherever practicable, including existing roadways, paths, or trails upgraded with new culverts or bridges.	☐ Check		
SECTION 4 - NON-TIDAL SHORELINE STRUCTURES				
Env-Wt 313.03(c)(1)	The non-tidal shoreline structure has been designed to use the minimum construction surface area over surfaces waters necessary to meet the stated purpose of the structure.	☐ Check		
Env-Wt 313.03(c)(2)	The type of construction proposed for the non-tidal shoreline structure is the least intrusive upon the public trust that will ensure safe navigation and docking on the frontage.	☐ Check		
Env-Wt 313.03(c)(3)	The non-tidal shoreline structure has been designed to avoid and minimize impacts on the ability of abutting owners to use and enjoy their properties.	☐ Check ☐ N/A		
Env-Wt 313.03(c)(4)	The non-tidal shoreline structure has been designed to avoid and minimize impacts to the public's right to navigation, passage, and use of the resource for commerce and recreation.	☐ Check		
Env-Wt 313.03(c)(5)	The non-tidal shoreline structure has been designed, located, and configured to avoid impacts to water quality, aquatic vegetation, and wildlife and finfish habitat.	☐ Check		
Env-Wt 313.03(c)(6)	The non-tidal shoreline structure has been designed to avoid and minimize the removal of vegetation, the number of access points through wetlands or over the bank, and activities that may have an adverse effect on shoreline stability.	☐ Check ☐ N/A		

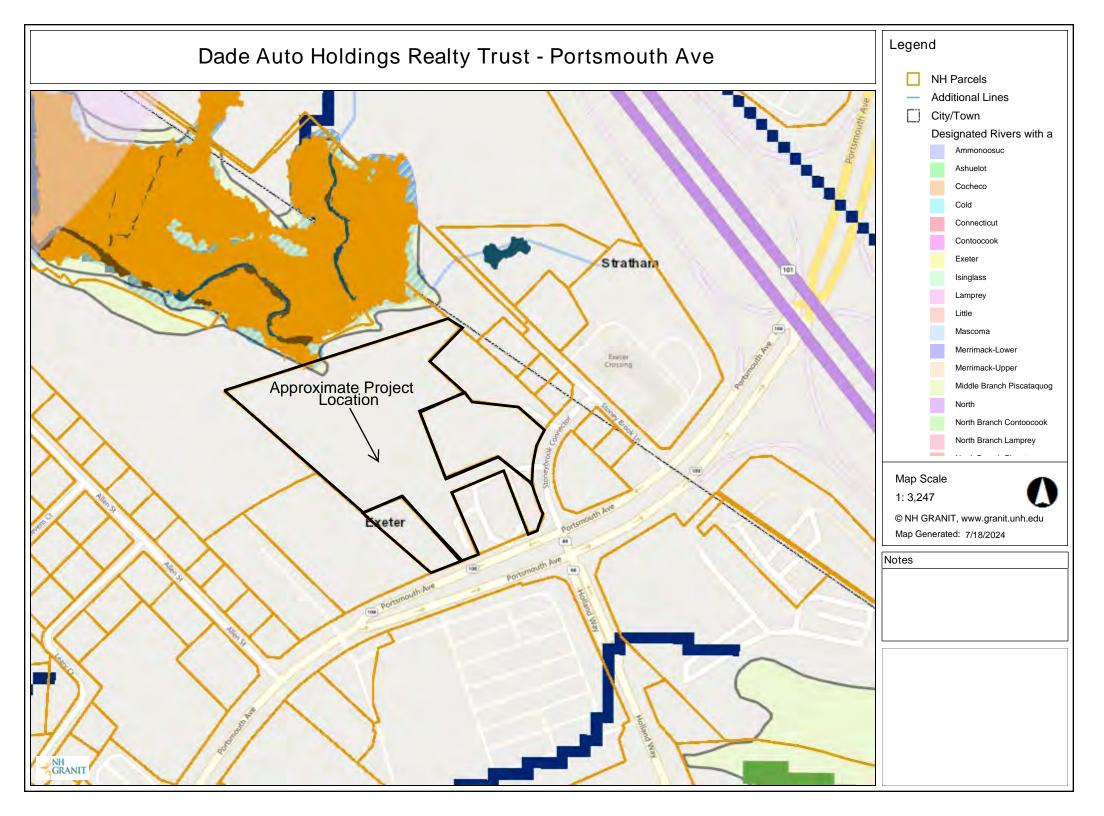
Site Locus

Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Ave., Tax Map 51, Lots 1, 3-3 & 3-4 Exeter, NH



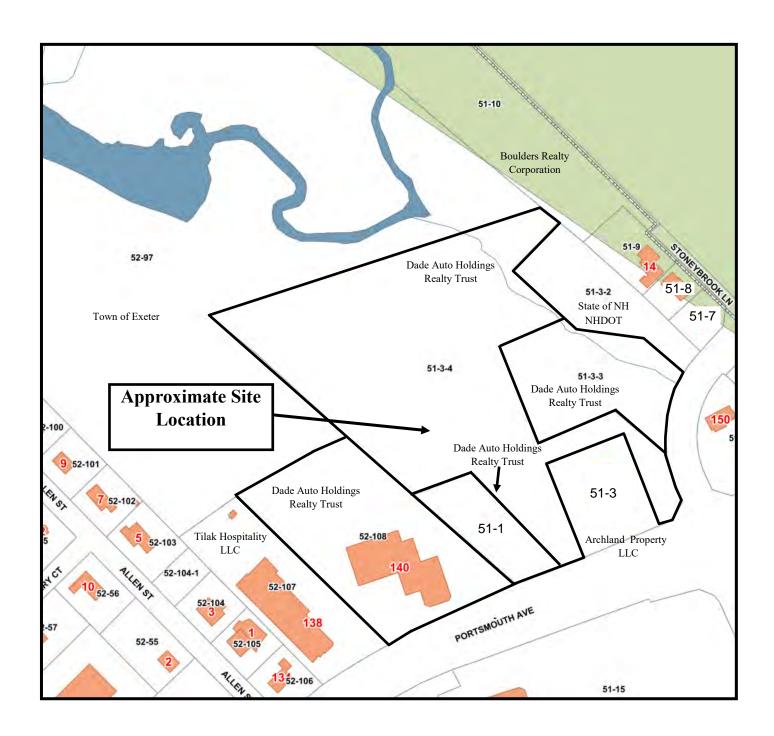
Scale 1:24,000





Tax Map

Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Avenue, Tax Map 51, Lots 1, 3-3 & 3-4 Exeter, NH





List of Abutters

Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Ave, Tax Map 51, Lot 1, 3-3 & 3-4 Exeter, NH

Tax Map 52, Lot 107

Tilak Hospitality LLC 110 Hartwell Avenue Suite 300 Lexington, MA 02421

Tax Map 52, Lot 97

Town of Exeter 10 Front Street Exeter, NH 03833

Tax Map 51, Lot 10

Boulders Realty Corporation P.O. Box 190 Exeter, NH 03833

Tax Map 51, Lot 3-2

State of NH NHDOT P.O Box 483 Concord, NH 03302

Tax Map 51, Lot 3

Archland Property I LLC P.O Box 6300 Amherst, NH 03031



List of Abutters

Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Ave, Tax Map 51, Lot 1, 3-3 & 3-4 Exeter, NH

Applicant

Tax Map 51, Lots 1, 3-3, 3-4 & Tax Map 52, Lot 108

Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Avenue Exeter, NH 03833

Engineer

TFMoran, Inc. 48 Constitution Drive Bedford, NH 03110

Environmental Consultant

Cynthia M. Balcius, CWS, CSS, CPESC Stoney Ridge Environmental, LLC 8 Kiana Road



```
«First_Name» «Last_Name»
«Company_Name»
«Address_Line_1»
«Address_Line_2»
«City», «State» «ZIP_Code»
```

Re: Major Impact Wetland Application
Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust
140 Portsmouth Avenue, Tax Map 51, Lots 1, 3-3 & 3-4
Exeter, NH

Dear Abutter:

Per State of New Hampshire RSA Chapter 482-A and Env-Wt 306.06, this letter is to notify you that a Major Impact Wetland Permit application will be filed with the State of New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services for the property referenced above. The applicant is proposing to permanently impact approximately 28,418 sq.ft. and temporarily impact 7,636 sq.ft. of wetland for the construction of an automotive dealership and associated infrastructure on the parcels listed above.

Plans and details of this application will be on file for your review with the Town of Exeter.

Sincerely,

Gabriel Winant, CESSWI Project Manager Stoney Ridge Environmental LLC





Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Avenue, Exeter, New Hampshire Photos Taken: 2022, 2023 & 2024

Photo 1: Aerial view of project area looking south. Portsmouth Avenue is located in the upper portion of the photo and Exeter Volvo is located on the right. The site is in Exeter's commercial zone.



Photo 2: View of the site looking southeast towards Portsmouth Avenue. The project has relegated all development towards the front of the property.

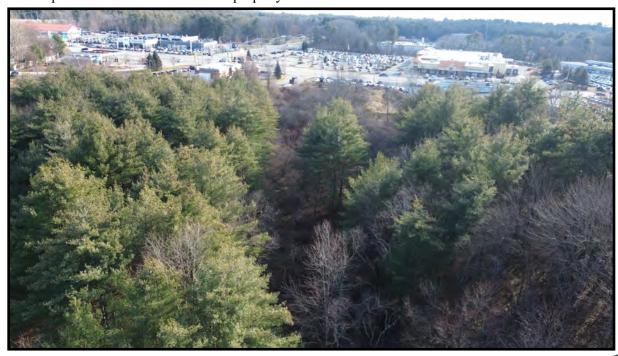




Photo 3: Aerial view of a portion of the proposed wetland impact area.



Photo 4: Aerial view of the detention basin located on the abutting NHDOT lot, the abutting McDonald's and it's associated detention basin, and ditched drainage located near the northeastern property boundary.





Photo 5: Aerial photo taken in March 2024 of the Parkman Brook prime wetland system.



Photo 6: Direct aerial view of the proposed wetland impact area.

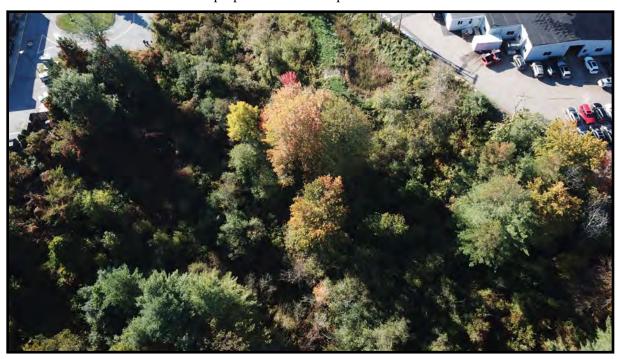




Photo 7: Looking West from the proposed development area to the abutting existing dealership.

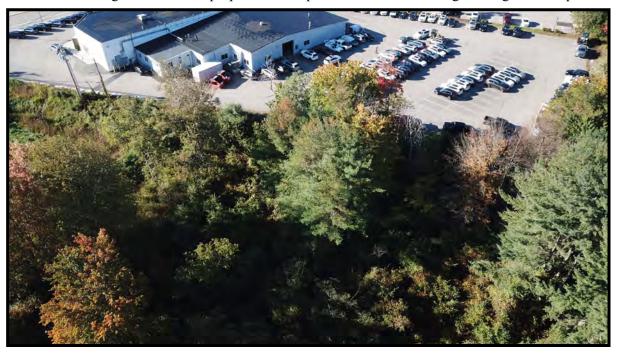


Photo 8: Looking west, on the ground, through the wetland impact area and the back of the existing Volvo Dealership.





Photo 9: Another view of the impact area and the dominant red maple and glossy buckthorn.



Photo 10: A view of the more scrub/shrub area proposed for impact. This area is dominated by speckled alder and glossy buckthorn.





Photo 11: Another view of the impact area.



Photo 12: A view of the ditch area past the proposed wetland impacts prior to Parkman Brook. There are no impacts proposed for this area.





Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Avenue, Exeter, New Hampshire Photos Taken: 2022, 2023 & 2024

Photo 13: A view in leaf-off of the expansive area of *Rosa multiflora* along the wetland margins and in the uplands in the northeast portion of the impact area.



Photo 14: A view of the uplands adjacent to the Parkman Brook and the existing conservation easement. This area is not being impacted.





Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust 140 Portsmouth Avenue, Exeter, New Hampshire Photos Taken: 2022, 2023 & 2024

Photo 15: A view of the ditched drainage located on the northeastern property boundary. There are no impacts proposed to this area.



Photo 16: A view of the uplands that will be used as part of this development.





New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau NHB DataCheck Results Letter

To: Cynthia Balcius 8 Kiana Road Alton, NH 03809

From: NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Date: 6/21/2024 (This letter is valid through 6/21/2025)

Re: Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau of request dated 6/21/2024

Permit Type: Standard Dredge & Fill - Major

NHB ID: NHB24-1952

Applicant: Cynthia Balcius

Location: Exeter

Tax Map: 51, Tax Lot: 3-4 Address: 140 Portsmouth Ave

Proj. Description: Expanding infrastructure on a commercial lot.

The NH Natural Heritage database has been checked for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities near the area mapped below. The species considered include those listed as Threatened or Endangered by either the state of New Hampshire or the federal government. We currently have no recorded occurrences for sensitive species near this project area.

A negative result (no record in our database) does not mean that a sensitive species is not present. Our data can only tell you of known occurrences, based on information gathered by qualified biologists and reported to our office. However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. An on-site survey would provide better information on what species and communities are indeed present.

Based on the information submitted, no further consultation with the NH Fish and Game Department pursuant to Fis 1004 is required.

New Hampshire Natural Heritage Bureau NHB DataCheck Results Letter

MAP OF PROJECT BOUNDARIES FOR: NHB24-1952





United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 Phone: (603) 223-2541 Fax: (603) 223-0104

In Reply Refer To: 07/18/2024 20:16:24 UTC

Project code: 2024-0118420 Project Name: Exeter Kia

Federal Action Agency (if applicable):

Subject: Record of project representative's no effect determination for 'Exeter Kia'

Dear Joshua Reynolds:

This letter records your determination using the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system provided to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) on July 18, 2024, for 'Exeter Kia' (here forward, Project). This project has been assigned Project Code 2024-0118420 and all future correspondence should clearly reference this number. **Please carefully review this letter.**

Ensuring Accurate Determinations When Using IPaC

The Service developed the IPaC system and associated species' determination keys in accordance with the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA; 87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) and based on a standing analysis. All information submitted by the Project proponent into IPaC must accurately represent the full scope and details of the Project.

Failure to accurately represent or implement the Project as detailed in IPaC or the Northern Long-eared Bat Rangewide Determination Key (Dkey), invalidates this letter. *Answers to certain questions in the DKey commit the project proponent to implementation of conservation measures that must be followed for the ESA determination to remain valid.*

Determination for the Northern Long-Eared Bat

Based upon your IPaC submission and a standing analysis, your project has reached the determination of "No Effect" on the northern long-eared bat. To make a no effect determination, the full scope of the proposed project implementation (action) should not have any effects (either positive or negative), to a federally listed species or designated critical habitat. Effects of the action are all consequences to listed species or critical habitat that are caused by the proposed action, including the consequences of other activities that are caused by the proposed action. A

consequence is caused by the proposed action if it would not occur but for the proposed action and it is reasonably certain to occur. Effects of the action may occur later in time and may include consequences occurring outside the immediate area involved in the action. (See § 402.17).

Under Section 7 of the ESA, if a federal action agency makes a no effect determination, no consultation with the Service is required (ESA §7). If a proposed Federal action may affect a listed species or designated critical habitat, formal consultation is required except when the Service concurs, in writing, that a proposed action "is not likely to adversely affect" listed species or designated critical habitat [50 CFR §402.02, 50 CFR§402.13].

Other Species and Critical Habitat that May be Present in the Action Area

The IPaC-assisted determination for the northern long-eared bat does not apply to the following ESA-protected species and/or critical habitat that also may occur in your Action area:

- Monarch Butterfly *Danaus plexippus* Candidate
- Tricolored Bat *Perimyotis subflavus* Proposed Endangered

You may coordinate with our Office to determine whether the Action may affect the animal species listed above and, if so, how they may be affected.

Next Steps

Based upon your IPaC submission, your project has reached the determination of "No Effect" on the northern long-eared bat. If there are no updates on listed species, no further consultation/ coordination for this project is required with respect to the northern long-eared bat. However, the Service recommends that project proponents re-evaluate the Project in IPaC if: 1) the scope, timing, duration, or location of the Project changes (includes any project changes or amendments); 2) new information reveals the Project may impact (positively or negatively) federally listed species or designated critical habitat; or 3) a new species is listed, or critical habitat designated. If any of the above conditions occurs, additional coordination with the Service should take place to ensure compliance with the Act.

If you have any questions regarding this letter or need further assistance, please contact the New England Ecological Services Field Office and reference Project Code 2024-0118420 associated with this Project.

Action Description

You provided to IPaC the following name and description for the subject Action.

1. Name

Exeter Kia

2. Description

The following description was provided for the project 'Exeter Kia':

Located off Portsmouth Avenue in Exeter, NH. The applicant is proposing 28,418 sq. ft. of permanent fill and 7,636 sq. ft. of temporary fill for the construction of a new Kia car dealership building, parking, and associated infrastructure.

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@42.9913232,-70.93158134149209,14z



Project code: 2024-0118420

DETERMINATION KEY RESULT

Based on the information you provided, you have determined that the Proposed Action will have no effect on the Endangered northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis). Therefore, no consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service pursuant to Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (87 Stat. 884, as amended 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq*.) is required for those species.

QUALIFICATION INTERVIEW

1. Does the proposed project include, or is it reasonably certain to cause, intentional take of the northern long-eared bat or any other listed species?

Note: Intentional take is defined as take that is the intended result of a project. Intentional take could refer to research, direct species management, surveys, and/or studies that include intentional handling/encountering, harassment, collection, or capturing of any individual of a federally listed threatened, endangered or proposed species?

No

2. The proposed action does not intersect an area where the northern long-eared bat is likely to occur, based on the information available to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as of the most recent update of this key. If you have data that indicates that northern long-eared bats are likely to be present in the action area, answer "NO" and continue through the key.

Do you want to make a no effect determination? *Yes*

PROJECT QUESTIONNAIRE

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: Private Entity Joshua Reynolds Name: Address: 8 Kiana Road

City: Alton State: NH Zip: 03809

Email jreynolds@stoneyridgeenv.com

Phone: 6037765825



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 Phone: (603) 223-2541 Fax: (603) 223-0104

In Reply Refer To: 07/18/2024 20:14:48 UTC

Project Code: 2024-0118420 Project Name: Exeter Kia

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

Updated 4/12/2023 - Please review this letter each time you request an Official Species List, we will continue to update it with additional information and links to websites may change.

About Official Species Lists

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Federal and non-Federal project proponents have responsibilities under the Act to consider effects on listed species.

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed, and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested by returning to an existing project's page in IPaC.

Endangered Species Act Project Review

Please visit the "New England Field Office Endangered Species Project Review and Consultation" website for step-by-step instructions on how to consider effects on listed

species and prepare and submit a project review package if necessary:

Project code: 2024-0118420

https://www.fws.gov/office/new-england-ecological-services/endangered-species-project-review

NOTE Please <u>do not</u> use the **Consultation Package Builder** tool in IPaC except in specific situations following coordination with our office. Please follow the project review guidance on our website instead and reference your **Project Code** in all correspondence.

Northern Long-eared Bat - (**Updated 4/12/2023**) The Service published a final rule to reclassify the northern long-eared bat (NLEB) as endangered on November 30, 2022. The final rule went into effect on March 31, 2023. You may utilize the **Northern Long-eared Bat Rangewide Determination Key** available in IPaC. More information about this Determination Key and the Interim Consultation Framework are available on the northern long-eared bat species page:

https://www.fws.gov/species/northern-long-eared-bat-myotis-septentrionalis

For projects that previously utilized the 4(d) Determination Key, the change in the species' status may trigger the need to re-initiate consultation for any actions that are not completed and for which the Federal action agency retains discretion once the new listing determination becomes effective. If your project was not completed by March 31, 2023, and may result in incidental take of NLEB, please reach out to our office at newengland@fws.gov to see if reinitiation is necessary.

Additional Info About Section 7 of the Act

Under section 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat. If a Federal agency, or its non-Federal representative, determines that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Federal agency also may need to consider proposed species and proposed critical habitat in the consultation. 50 CFR 402.14(c)(1) specifies the information required for consultation under the Act regardless of the format of the evaluation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

https://www.fws.gov/service/section-7-consultations

In addition to consultation requirements under Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA, please note that under sections 7(a)(1) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species. Please contact NEFO if you would like more information.

Candidate species that appear on the enclosed species list have no current protections under the ESA. The species' occurrence on an official species list does not convey a requirement to

consider impacts to this species as you would a proposed, threatened, or endangered species. The ESA does not provide for interagency consultations on candidate species under section 7, however, the Service recommends that all project proponents incorporate measures into projects to benefit candidate species and their habitats wherever possible.

Migratory Birds

In addition to responsibilities to protect threatened and endangered species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), there are additional responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) to protect native birds from project-related impacts. Any activity, intentional or unintentional, resulting in take of migratory birds, including eagles, is prohibited unless otherwise permitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)). For more information regarding these Acts see:

https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-bird-permit

https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/bald-and-golden-eagle-management

Please feel free to contact us at **newengland@fws.gov** with your **Project Code** in the subject line if you need more information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat.

Attachment(s): Official Species List

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 (603) 223-2541 Project code: 2024-0118420 07/18/2024 20:14:48 UTC

PROJECT SUMMARY

Project Code: 2024-0118420 Project Name: Exeter Kia

Project Type: Commercial Development

Project Description: Located off Portsmouth Avenue in Exeter, NH. The applicant is proposing

28,418 sq. ft. of permanent fill and 7,636 sq. ft. of temporary fill for the construction of a new Kia car dealership building, parking, and associated

infrastructure.

Project Location:

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@42.9913232,-70.93158134149209,14z



Counties: Rockingham County, New Hampshire

ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT SPECIES

Project code: 2024-0118420

There is a total of 3 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Note that 1 of these species should be considered only under certain conditions.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Project code: 2024-0118420 07/18/2024 20:14:48 UTC

MAMMALS

NAME STATUS

Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

This species only needs to be considered under the following conditions:

• This species only needs to be considered if the project includes wind turbine operations.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

Tricolored Bat Perimyotis subflavus

Proposed

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/10515

Endangered

INSECTS

NAME STATUS

Monarch Butterfly *Danaus plexippus*

Candidate

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743

CRITICAL HABITATS

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

YOU ARE STILL REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IF YOUR PROJECT(S) MAY HAVE EFFECTS ON ALL ABOVE LISTED SPECIES.

Project code: 2024-0118420 07/18/2024 20:14:48 UTC

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: Private Entity
Name: Joshua Reynolds
Address: 8 Kiana Road

City: Alton State: NH Zip: 03809

Email jreynolds@stoneyridgeenv.com

Phone: 6037765825

Please mail the completed form and required material to:

New Hampshire Division of Historical Resources State Historic Preservation Office Attention: Review & Compliance 172 Pembroke Road, Concord, NH 03301

RECEIVED AUG 1 7 2023

DHR Use Only

R&C#

Log In Date

Response Date

9 14 723

Sent Date

Request for Project Review by the New Hampshire Division of Historical Resources

This is a new submittal

This is additional information relating to DHR Review & Compliance (R&C) #:

GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Title Exeter Volvo

Project Location 146 Portsmouth Avenue

City/Town Exeter

Tax Map 51

Lot # 1, 3-3 & 3-4

NH State Plane - Feet Geographic Coordinates:

Easting 1181118

Northing 179736.859

(See RPR Instructions and R&C FAQs for guidance.)

Lead Federal Agency and Contact (if applicable) US Army Corps of Engineers (Agency providing funds, licenses, or permits)

Permit Type and Permit or Job Reference #

State Agency and Contact (if applicable) NH DES Wetlands Bureau

Permit Type and Permit or Job Reference # Major Wetland Permit

APPLICANT INFORMATION

Applicant Name Dade Auto Holdings Realty Trust

Mailing Address 140 Portsmouth Avenue

Phone Number 6037765825

City Exeter

State NH

Zip 03833

Email cbalcius@stoneyridgeenv.com

CONTACT PERSON TO RECEIVE RESPONSE

Name/Company Cynthia M. Balcius / Stoney Ridge Environmental

Mailing Address 8 Kiana Road

Phone Number 6037765825

City Alton

State NH

Zip 03809

Email cbalcius@stoneyridgeenv.com

This form is updated periodically. Please download the current form at www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review. Please refer to the Request for Project Review Instructions for direction on completing this form. Submit one copy of this project review form for each project for which review is requested. Please include a self-addressed stamped envelope. Project submissions will not be accepted via facsimile or e-mail. This form is required. Review request form must be complete for review to begin. Incomplete forms will be sent back to the applicant without comment. Please be aware that this form may only initiate consultation. For some projects, additional information will be needed to complete the Section 106 review. All items and supporting documentation submitted with a review request, including photographs and publications, will be retained by the DHR as part of its review records. Items to be kept confidential should be clearly identified. For questions regarding the DHR review process and the DHR's role in it, R&C Specialist at: www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review or contact the please visit our website marika.s.labash@dncr.nh.gov.

	PROJECTS CANNOT BE PROCESSED WITHOUT THIS INFORMATION
roject	Boundaries and Description
	Attach the Project Mapping using EMMIT or relevant portion of a 7.5' USGS Map. (See RPR Instructions and R&C FAQs for guidance.) Attach a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. Attach a site plan. The site plan should include the project boundaries and areas of proposed excavation. Attach photos of the project area (overview of project location and area adjacent to project location, and specific areas of proposed impacts and disturbances.) (Informative photo captions are requested.) A DHR records search must be conducted to identify properties within or adjacent to the project area. Provide records search results via EMMIT or in Table 1. (Blank table forms are available on the DHR website.) Please note, using EMMIT Guest View for an RPR records search does not provide the necessary information needed for DHR review. EMMIT or in-house records search conducted on 7/31/2023.
	nitecture
Are	there any buildings, structures (bridges, walls, culverts, etc.) objects, districts or landscapes within the project area? Yes No If no, skip to Archaeology section. If yes, submit all of the following information:
App	proximate age(s):
	Photographs of <i>each</i> resource or streetscape located within the project area, with captions, along with a mapped photo key. (Digital photographs are accepted. All photographs must be clear, crisp and focused.) If the project involves rehabilitation, demolition, additions, or alterations to existing buildings or structures, provide additional photographs showing detailed project work locations. (i.e. Detail photo of windows if window replacement is proposed.)
	haeology
Do	es the proposed undertaking involve ground-disturbing activity? Xes No If yes, submit all of the following information:
	Description of current and previous land use and disturbances. Available information concerning known or suspected archaeological resources within the project area (such as cellar holes, wells, foundations, dams, etc.)
	Please note that for many projects an architectural and/or archaeological survey or other additional information may be needed to complete the Section 106 process.
Г	OHR Comment/Finding Recommendation This Space for Division of Historical Resources Use Only
□ Ir	Additional information to initiate review. Additional information is needed in order to complete w. To Potential to cause Effects No Historic Properties Affected No Adverse Effect Adverse Effect ments:
-	
Hist	ans change or resources are discovered in the course of this project, you must contact the Division of orical Resources as required by federal law and regulation. Description of the policy of the p
Aut	horized Signature:

GENERAL INFORMATION

OWNER/APPLICANT

DADE AUTO HOLDINGS REALTY TRUST DANIEL J ENXING, TRUSTEE 140 PORTSMOUTH AVE EXETER, NH 03833

RESOURCE LIST

PLANNING/ZONING DEPARTMENT EXETER, NH 03833

603-773-6112 DAVE SHARPLES, TOWN PLANNER

CONSERVATION COMMISSION

10 FRONT STREET EXETER, NH 03833

603-418-6452 KRISTEN MURPHY,

CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABILITY PLANNER

BUILDING DEPARTMENT

10 FRONT STREET EXETER, NH 03833 603-773-6112

CONTACT NAME, TITLE

PUBLIC WORKS 13 NEWFIELDS ROAD

EXETER, NH 03833 603-773-6157 STEPHEN CRONIN, PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR

POLICE DEPARTMENT

20 COURT STREET EXETER, NH 03833 603-772-1212

STEPHAN POULIN, CHIEF FIRE DEPARTMENT

20 COURT STREET EXETER, NH 03833 603-773-6129

ASSOCIATED PROFESSIONALS NHDES AOT

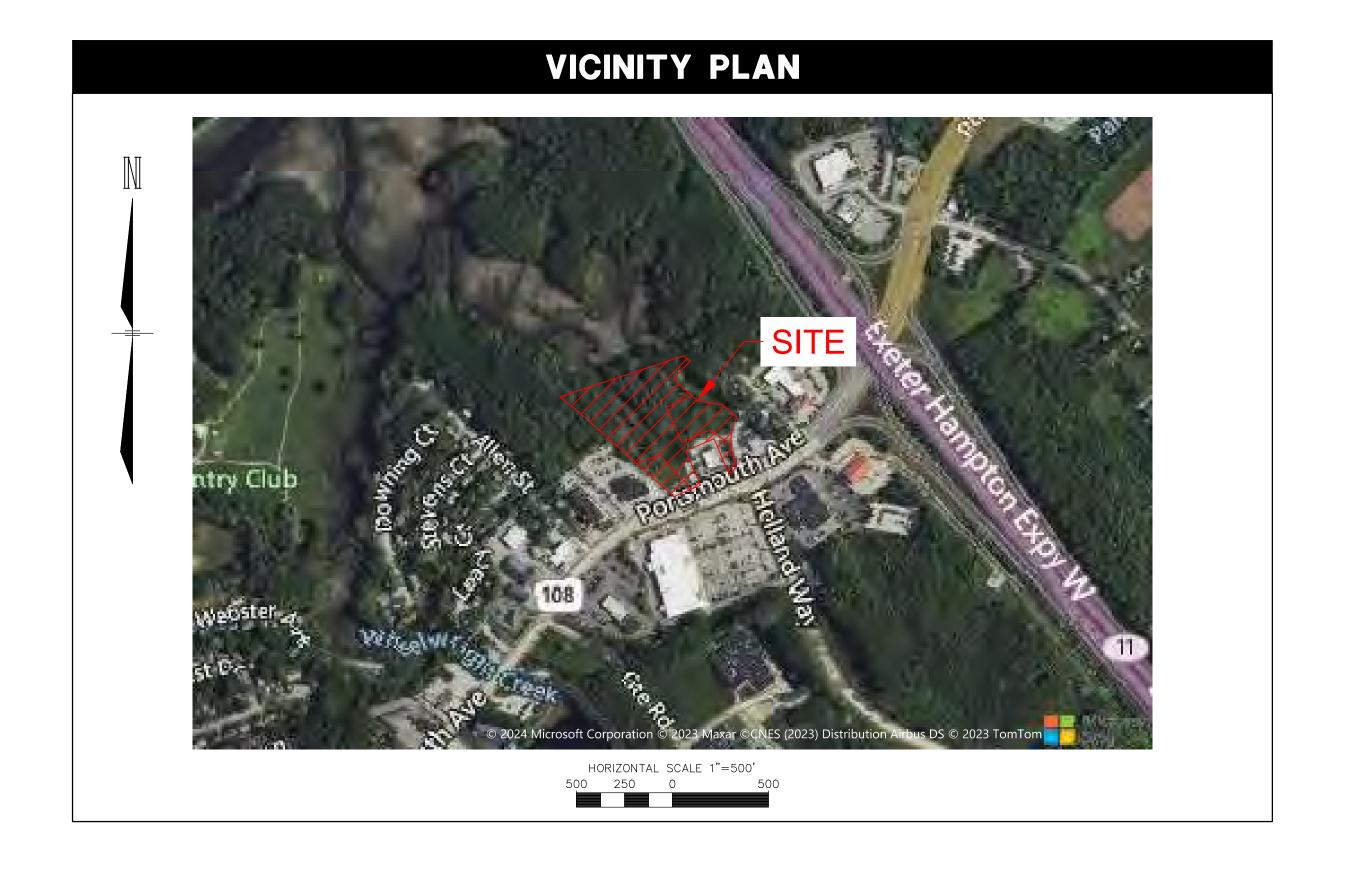
ERIC WILKING, FIRE CHIEF

29 HAZEN DRIVE; PO BOX 95 CONCORD, NH 03302-0095 603-271-3501

EXETER KA DEALERSHIP

PORTSMOUTH AVENUE EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

JULY 18, 2024



INDEX OF SHEETS

	INDEX OF CHEETS
SHEET	SHEET TITLE
C-00	COVER
C-01	NOTES & LEGEND
C-02	GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN
C-03	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
C-04	EROSION CONTROL PLAN
C-05	DETAILS-1
C-06	DETAILS-2
W-1	PROPOSED WETLAND IMPACT PLAN
W-2	TEMPORARY WETLAND IMPACT PLAN
W-3	EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 51 LOT 1, 3-3, 3-4

COVER

EXETER KIA

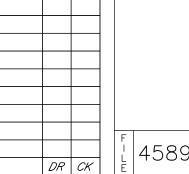
146 PORTSMOUTH AVENUE, EXETER, NH

OWNED BY/PREPARED FOR

DADE AUTO HOLDINGS REALTY TRUST

SCALE: NTS

JULY 18, 2024



REV DATE

DESCRIPTION

Structural Engineers Landscape Architects

170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Portsmouth, NH 03801 Phone (603) 431-2222 Fax (603) 431-0190 www.tfmoran.com

1 DR BCH FB
CK ADR CADFILE C - 0045894-31 COVER

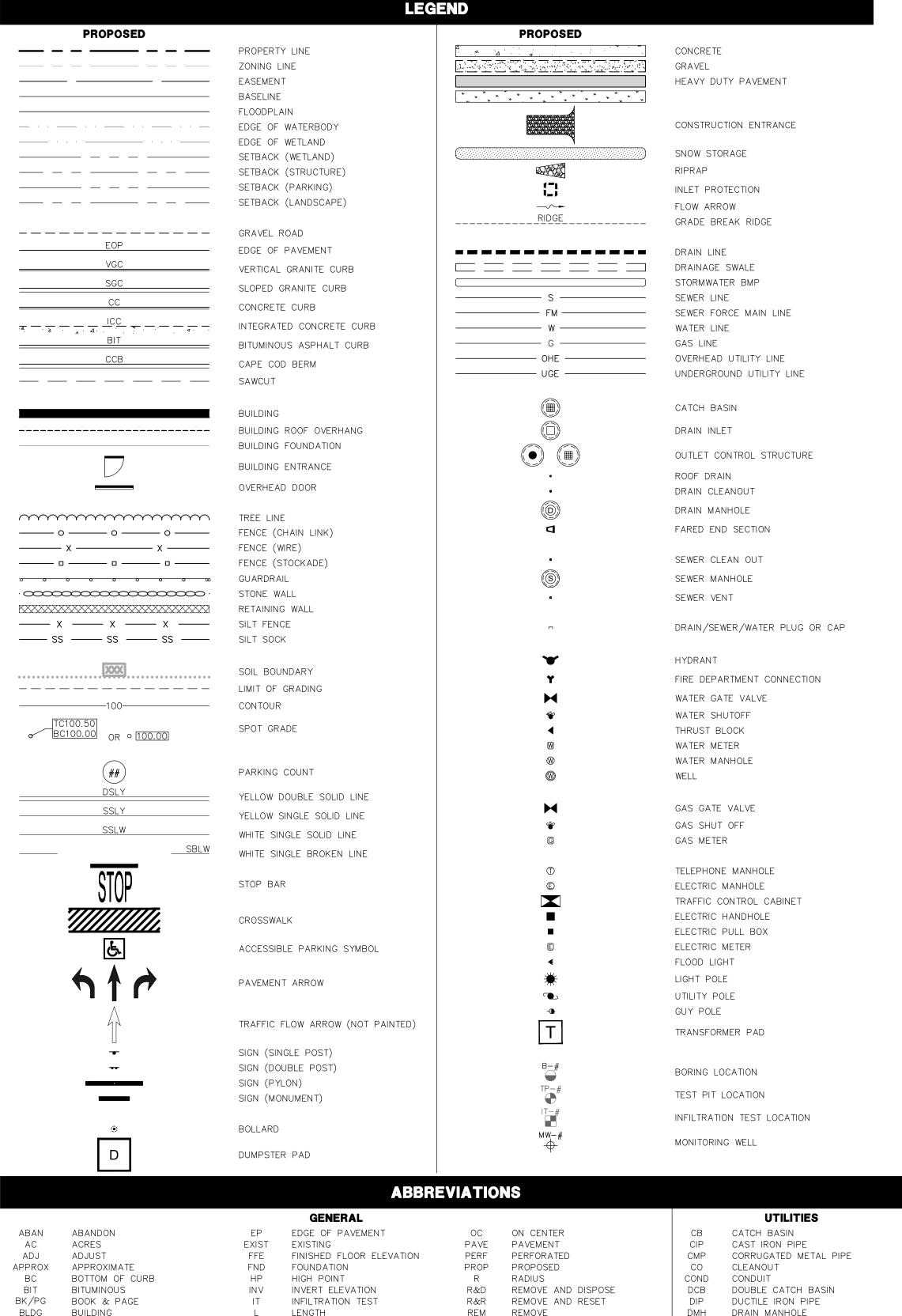
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This plan is not effective unless signed by a duly authorized officer of



THESE PLANS ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN DETAILED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR BIDDING.



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THESE PLANS ARE PERMIT DRAWINGS ONLY AND HAVE NOT BEEN DETAILED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR BIDDING.
- 2. THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. TFMORAN, INC. ASSUMES NO LIABILITY AS A RESULT OF ANY CHANGES OR NON-CONFORMANCE WITH THESE PLANS EXCEPT UPON THE WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE
- 3. THE SITE LAYOUT PLAN SHALL BE RECORDED IN THE ROCKINGHAM COUNTY REGISTRY OF
- 4. ALL IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN ON THE SITE PLAN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN BY THE PROPERTY OWNER AND ALL FUTURE PROPERTY OWNERS. NO CHANGES SHALL BE MADE TO THIS SITE PLAN WITHOUT THE EXPRESS APPROVAL OF THE TOWN PLANNING BOARD.
- 5. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO THE APPLICABLE REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS OF THE TOWN OF EXETER, AND SHALL BE BUILT IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL WORK TO CONFORM TO TOWN OF EXETER DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. ALL WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY OF THE TOWN AND/OR STATE SHALL COMPLY WITH APPLICABLE STANDARDS. COORDINATE ALL WORK WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY WITH APPROPRIATE TOWN, COUNTY, AND/OR STATE AGENCY.
- 6. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL WORK IS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF ENV-WQ 1500. THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IN ADVANCE OF CONSTRUCTION OF EACH STORMWATER FACILITY TO COORDINATE REQUIRED INSPECTIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE PROGRESS PHOTOS DURING CONSTRUCTION OF ALL STORMWATER DRAINAGE COMPONENTS AND SEND TO THE ENGINEER.
- 7. SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUM.
- 8. SEE EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN FOR BENCHMARK INFORMATION. VERIFY TBM ELEVATIONS
- 9. CONTACT EASEMENT OWNERS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORK WITHIN THE EASEMENTS. 10. PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY SITE WORK, ALL LIMITS OF WORK SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED
- IN THE FIELD.
- 11. SITE WORK SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FROM A COMPLETE SET OF PLANS, NOT ALL FEATURES ARE DETAILED ON EVERY PLAN. THE ENGINEER IS TO BE NOTIFIED OF ANY CONFLICT WITHIN THIS PLAN SET.
- 12. TFMORAN, INC. ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR WORK PERFORMED WITHOUT AN ACCEPTABLE PROGRAM OF TESTING AND INSPECTION AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER OF RECORD.
- 13. TEMPORARY FENCING SHALL BE PROVIDED AND COVERED WITH A FABRIC MATERIAL TO CONTROL DUST MITIGATION.
- 14. ALL DEMOLITION SHALL INSURE MINIMUM INTERFERENCE WITH ROADS, STREETS, WALKWAYS, AND ANY OTHER ADJACENT OPERATING FACILITIES. PRIOR WRITTEN PERMISSION FROM THE OWNER/DEVELOPER AND LOCAL PERMITTING AUTHORITY IS REQUIRED IF CLOSURE/OBSTRUCTIONS TO ROADS, STREET, WALKWAYS, AND OTHERS IS DEEMED
- CLOSURES/OBSTRUCTIONS PER LOCAL/STATE/FEDERAL REGULATIONS. 15. REFER TO ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR LAYOUT OF BUILDING FOUNDATIONS AND CONCRETE ELEMENTS WHICH ABUT THE BUILDING SUCH AS STAIRS, SIDEWALKS, LOADING DOCK RAMPS, PADS, AND COMPACTOR PADS. DO NOT USE SITE PLANS FOR LAYOUT OF FOUNDATIONS.

NECESSARY. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ALTERNATE ROUTES AROUND

ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY FOR CLARIFICATION.

- 16. IN THE EVENT OF A CONFLICT BETWEEN PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, AND DETAILS, THE
- 17. IF CONDITIONS AT THE SITE ARE DIFFERENT THAN SHOWN ON THE PLANS, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THE AFFECTED WORK.
- 18. CONTRACTOR'S GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES:
- A. BID AND PERFORM THE WORK IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND NATIONAL CODES, SPECIFICATIONS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS AND CONDITIONS OF ALL PROJECT-SPECIFIC PERMITS AND APPROVALS AS LISTED ON THE COVER SHEET TO THESE PLANS OR OTHERWISE REQUIRED.
- B. NOTIFY ENGINEER IN WRITING OF ANY DISCREPANCIES OF PROPOSED LAYOUT AND/OR EXISTING FEATURES.
- C. EMPLOY A LICENSED SURVEYOR TO DETERMINE ALL LINES AND GRADES AND LAYOUT OF SITE ELEMENTS AND BUILDINGS.
- D. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO BECOME FAMILIAR WITH THE SITE AND ALL SURROUNDING CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ADVISE THE APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY OF INTENTIONS AT LEAST 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE.
- E. TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO REDUCE, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT POSSIBLE, NOISE, DUST, AND UNSIGHTLY DEBRIS. CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES SHALL BE CARRIED OUT BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 7:30 AM AND 7:00 PM, MONDAY THROUGH FRIDAY, AND BETWEEN 9:00 AM AND 5:00 PM, SATURDAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS OF THE TOWN OF EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE.
- F. MAINTAIN EMERGENCY ACCESS TO ALL AREAS AFFECTED BY WORK AT ALL TIMES.
- G. IN ACCORDANCE WITH RSA 430:53 AND AGR 3800, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT TRANSPORT INVASIVE SPECIES OFF THE PROPERTY, AND SHALL DISPOSE OF INVASIVE SPECIES ON-SITE IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- H. COORDINATE WITH ALL UTILITY COMPANIES AND CONTACT DIGSAFE (811 OR 888-344-7233) AT LEAST 72 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- I. PROTECT NEW AND EXISTING BURIED UTILITIES DURING INSTALLATION OF ALL SITE ELEMENTS. DAMAGED UTILITIES SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED AT NO ADDITIONAL
- J. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MEANS AND METHODS OF CONSTRUCTION AND FOR CONDITIONS AT THE SITE. THESE PLANS, PREPARED BY TFMORAN, INC., DO NOT EXTEND TO OR INCLUDE SYSTEMS PERTAINING TO THE SAFETY OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR OR THEIR EMPLOYEES, AGENTS, OR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK. THE SEAL OF THE SURVEYOR OR ENGINEER HEREON DOES NOT EXTEND TO ANY SUCH SAFETY SYSTEMS THAT MAY NOW OR HEREAFTER BE INCORPORATED INTO THESE PLANS. THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTOR SHALL PREPARE OR OBTAIN THE APPROPRIATE SAFETY SYSTEMS WHICH MAY BE REQUIRED BY THE US OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA) AND/OR LOCAL REGULATIONS.
- K. WRITTEN DIMENSIONS HAVE PRECEDENCE OVER SCALED DIMENSIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE CAUTION WHEN SCALING REPRODUCED PLANS. IN CASE OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THIS PLAN SET AND ANY OTHER DRAWING AND/OR SPECIFICATION, THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY FOR CLARIFICATIONS.
- L. VERIFY LAYOUT OF PROPOSED BUILDING FOUNDATIONS WITH ARCHITECT AND THAT PROPOSED FOUNDATION MEETS PROPERTY LINE AND/OR WETLAND SETBACKS PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION.
- M. PROVIDE AN AS-BUILT PLAN AT THE COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT TO THE PLANNING DIRECTOR AND PER TOWN REGULATIONS.
- N. IF ANY DEVIATIONS FROM THE APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE, THE SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS STAMPED BY A LICENSED SURVEYOR OR QUALIFIED ENGINEER ALONG WITH A LETTER STAMPED BY A QUALIFIED ENGINEER DESCRIBING ALL SUCH DEVIATIONS. AND BEAR ALL COSTS FOR PREPARING AND FILING ANY NEW PERMITS OR PERMIT AMENDMENTS THAT MAY BE REQUIRED.

GRADING & DRAINAGE NOTES

- 1. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO CHECK THE ACCURACY OF THE TOPOGRAPHY AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO ANY EARTHWORK BEING PERFORMED ON THE SITE. NO CLAIM FOR EXTRA WORK WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR PAYMENT AFTER EARTHWORK HAS COMMENCED.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR INFORMATION ABOUT SOIL AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FOLLOW THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS TO ADDRESS ANY SOIL AND GROUNDWATER ISSUES THAT ARE FOUND ON SITE, INCLUDING AND NOT LIMITED TO DEWATERING METHODS, PERIMETER DRAINS AND TIE INTO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM, ETC.
- 3. COORDINATE WITH GEOTECHNICAL/STRUCTURAL PLANS FOR SITE PREPARATION AND OTHER BUILDING INFORMATION.
- 4. COORDINATE WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS FOR DETAILED GRADING AT BUILDING, AND SIZE AND LOCATION OF ALL BUILDING SERVICES.
- 5. COORDINATE WITH MECHANICAL AND PLUMBING PLANS FOR ROOF DRAIN INFORMATION.
- 6. LIMITS OF WORK ARE SHOWN AS APPROXIMATE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE ALL WORK TO PROVIDE SMOOTH TRANSITIONS. THIS INCLUDES GRADING, PAVEMENT, CURBING, SIDEWALKS, AND ALIGNMENTS.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A FINISH PAVEMENT SURFACE FREE OF LOW SPOTS AND PONDING AREAS. CRITICAL AREAS INCLUDE BUILDING ENTRANCE, RAMPS, AND LOADING
- 8. THE SITE SHALL BE GRADED SO ALL FINISHED PAVEMENT HAS POSITIVE DRAINAGE AND SHALL NOT POND WATER DEEPER THAN 1/4" FOR A PERIOD OF MORE THAN 15 MINUTES
- 9. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN AT CURB ARE TO THE BOTTOM OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. CURBS HAVE A 6" REVEAL UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 10. ALL SIDEWALK AND OTHER CURB REVEALS SHALL BE 6" WITH A TOLERANCE OF PLUS OR MINUS 3/8". WHERE SIDEWALK IS TO BE FLUSH, THE PAVEMENT REVEAL SHALL BE 1/4" WITH A TOLERANCE OF 1/8".
- 11. THE FINISHED GRADE AT BOTTOM OF ALL ACCESSIBLE RAMPS SHALL BE FLUSH WITH PAVEMENT WITH A TOLERANCE OF PLUS OR MINUS 1/4".
- 12. ADJUST ALL MANHOLES, CATCH BASINS, CURB BOXES, ETC. WITHIN LIMITS OF WORK TO FINISH GRADE PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF FINISHED PAVEMENT.
- 13. ROAD AND DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE TYPICAL SECTIONS AND DETAILS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SHALL MEET LOCAL STANDARDS AND THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LATEST NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR ROADS AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION AND THE NHDOT STANDARD STRUCTURE DRAWINGS UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 14. STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO LINE AND GRADE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. CONSTRUCTION METHODS SHALL CONFORM TO NHDOT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 603. CATCH BASINS AND DRAIN MANHOLES SHALL CONFORM TO SECTION 604. ALL CATCH BASIN GRATES SHALL BE TYPE B AND CONFORM TO NHDOT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 15. NO FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN ANY WETLAND AREA.
- 16. ALL EXCAVATIONS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY SECURED ON A DAILY BASIS BY THE CONTRACTOR AT THE COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN THE IMMEDIATE AREA.
- 17. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT TO BE PAVED OR OTHERWISE TREATED SHALL RECEIVE 6" LOAM, SEED, FERTILIZER, AND MULCH.
- 18. DENSITY REQUIREMENTS:
- MINIMUM DENSITY*
 - BELOW PAVED OR CONCRETE AREAS
- 95% 95% TRENCH BEDDING MATERIAL AND SAND BLANKET BACKFILL
- 90% BELOW LOAM AND SEED AREAS
- *ALL PERCENTAGES OF COMPACTION SHALL BE OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AT THE OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT AS DETERMINED AND CONTROLLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1557, METHOD C. FIELD DENSITY TESTS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-1556 OR ASTM D-6938.

UTILITY NOTES

- 1. LENGTH OF PIPE IS FOR CONVENIENCE ONLY. ACTUAL PIPE LENGTH SHALL BE DETERMINED
- 2. ALL PROPOSED UTILITY WORK, INCLUDING MATERIAL, INSTALLATION, TERMINATION. EXCAVATION, BEDDING, BACKFILL, COMPACTION, TESTING, CONNECTIONS, AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH AND COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROPRIATE REQUIREMENTS, CODES, AND STANDARDS OF ALL CORRESPONDING UTILITY ENTITIES AND SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING AND DETERMINING THE LOCATION, SIZE, AND ELEVATION OF ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, SHOWN OR NOT SHOWN ON THESE PLANS, PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IN WRITING OF ANY UTILITIES FOUND INTERFERING WITH THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION AND APPROPRIATE REMEDIAL ACTION BE AGREED TO BY THE ENGINEER BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTACT "DIGSAFE" (811) AT LEAST 72 HOURS BEFORE DIGGING.
- 4. COORDINATE ALL WORK ADJACENT TO PROPOSED BUILDINGS WITH ARCHITECTURAL BUILDING DRAWINGS. CONFIRM UTILITY PENETRATIONS AND INVERT ELEVATIONS ARE COORDINATED
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT ALL UTILITY COMPANIES OWNING UTILITIES, EITHER OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND, WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA AND SHALL COORDINATE AS NECESSARY WITH THE UTILITY COMPANIES OF SAID UTILITIES. THE PROTECTION OR RELOCATION OF UTILITIES IS ULTIMATELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR.
- 6. THE EXACT LOCATION OF NEW UTILITY CONNECTIONS SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN COORDINATION WITH UTILITY COMPANY, COUNTY AGENCY, AND/OR PRIVATE
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AND INSTALL ALL MANHOLES, BOXES, FITTINGS, CONNECTORS, COVER PLATES, AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS NOT NECESSARILY DETAILED ON THESE DRAWINGS TO RENDER THE UTILITY INSTALLATION COMPLETE AND
- 8. ALL UTILITY COMPANIES REQUIRE INDIVIDUAL CONDUITS. CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE WITH TELEPHONE, CABLE, AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES REGARDING NUMBER, SIZE, AND TYPE OF CONDUITS REQUIRED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ANY CONDUIT.
- 9. SANITARY SEWER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. ALL SEWER MAINS AND FITTINGS SHALL BE PVC AND SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM F 679 (SDR 35 MINIMUM). FORCE MAINS AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO NH CODE OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES ENV-WQ 700. ALL SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NH CODE OF ADMINISTRATIVE RULES ENV-WQ 700. SANITARY MANHOLES SHALL CONFORM TO NHDES WATER DIVISION WASTEWATER ENGINEERING BUREAU STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN HEREON.
- 10. ON-SITE WATER DISTRIBUTION SHALL BE TO TOWN OF EXETER STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 5.5' COVER. WHERE WATER PIPES CROSS SEWER LINES A MINIMUM OF 18" VERTICAL SEPARATION BETWEEN THE TWO OUTSIDE PIPE WALLS SHALL BE OBSERVED. HORIZONTAL SEPARATION BETWEEN WATER AND SEWER SHALL BE 10' MINIMUM. WHERE A SANITARY LINE CROSSES A WATER LINE, SEWER LINE MUST BE CONSTRUCTED OF FORCE MAIN MATERIALS (PER ENV-WQ 704.08) FROM BUILDING OR MANHOLE TO MANHOLE, OR SUBSTITUTE RUBBER-GASKETED PRESSURE PIPE FOR THE SAME DISTANCE. WHEN SANITARY LINES PASS BELOW WATER LINES, LAY PIPE SO THAT NO JOINT IN THE SANITARY LINE WILL BE CLOSER THAN 6' HORIZONTALLY TO THE
- 11. THRUST BLOCKS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT ALL LOCATIONS WHERE WATER LINE CHANGES DIRECTIONS OR CONNECTS TO ANOTHER WATER LINE.
- 12. THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR CONDUIT AND WIRING TO ALL SIGNS AND LIGHTS. CONDUIT TO BE A MINIMUM OF 24" BELOW FINISH GRADE.
- 13. ALL PROPOSED UTILITIES SHALL BE UNDERGROUND. ALL UNDERGROUND CONDUITS SHALL HAVE NYLON PULL ROPES.
- 14. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE AND PAY FOR ALL INSPECTIONS. TESTING, AND RELATED SERVICES AND SUBMIT COPIES OF ACCEPTANCE TO THE OWNER, UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 15. PROVIDE PERMANENT PAVEMENT REPAIR FOR ALL UTILITY TRENCHES IN EXISTING ROAD OR PAVEMENT TO REMAIN. SAW CUT TRENCH, PAVEMENT, AND GRANULAR BASE THICKNESS TO MATCH EXISTING PAVEMENT. OBTAIN ALL PERMITS REQUIRED FOR TRENCHING.
- 16. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED, ALL UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES, PIPES, CHAMBERS, ETC.
- SHALL BE COVERED WITH A MINIMUM OF 18" OF COMPACTED SOIL BEFORE EXPOSURE TO
- 17. THE PROPERTY WILL BE SERVICED BY THE FOLLOWING: DRAINAGE PRIVATE

MUNICIPA

WATER PENNICHUCK EAST

ELECTRIC EVERSOURCE, UNITIL

CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS TELEPHONE

COMCAST XFINITY, CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS, VERIZON, ETC

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 51 LOT 1, 3-3, 3-4

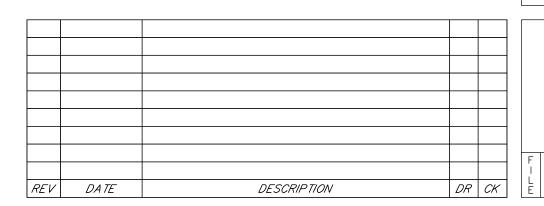
NOTES & LEGEND EXETER KIA

146 PORTSMOUTH AVENUE, EXETER, NH OWNED BY/PREPARED FOR

DADE AUTO HOLDINGS REALTY TRUST

SCALE: NTS

JULY 18, 2024



170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Portsmouth, NH 03801 raffic Engineers Phone (603) 431-2222 and Surveyors Fax (603) 431-0190 andscape Architects cientists www.tfmoran.com

DR BCH FB CK ADR CADFILE 45894-31 NOTES & LEGEND

C - 01

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CONC

COORD

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BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE

BOTTOM OF SLOPE

BOTTOM OF WALL

CONCRETE

COORDINATE

DIAMETER

ELEVATION



LINEAR FEET

MAXIMUM

MINIMUM

LANDSCAPE AREA

NOW OR FORMERLY

LSA

MAX

NTS

REM RFMOVF RET RETAIN RIM RIM ELEVATION RIGHT OF WAY ROW SLOPE SQUARE FEET SIDEWALK TEMPORARY BENCHMARK TOP OF CURB

TEST PIT

TYPICAL

WITH

TYP

UG

WCR

TOP OF WALL

UNDERGROUND

ACCESSIBLE WHEELCHAIR RAMP

DMH FRAME AND COVER F&C F&G FES GΤ HDPE НН HW

PVC

RCP

RD

SMH

SOS

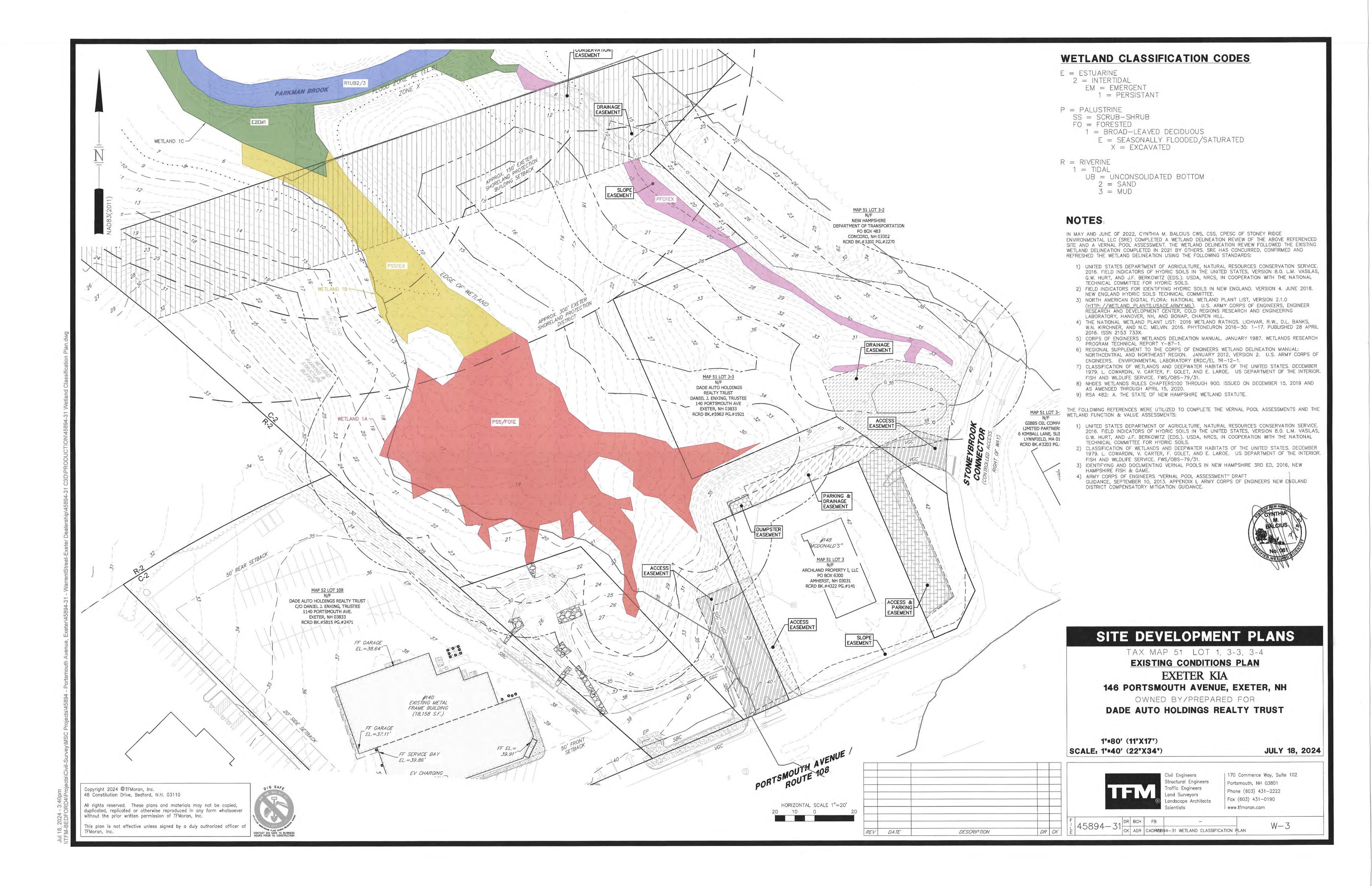
FRAME AND GRATE FLARED END SECTION GREASE TRAP HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE HANDHOLE HEADWALL HYD HYDRANT LIGHT POLE OCS

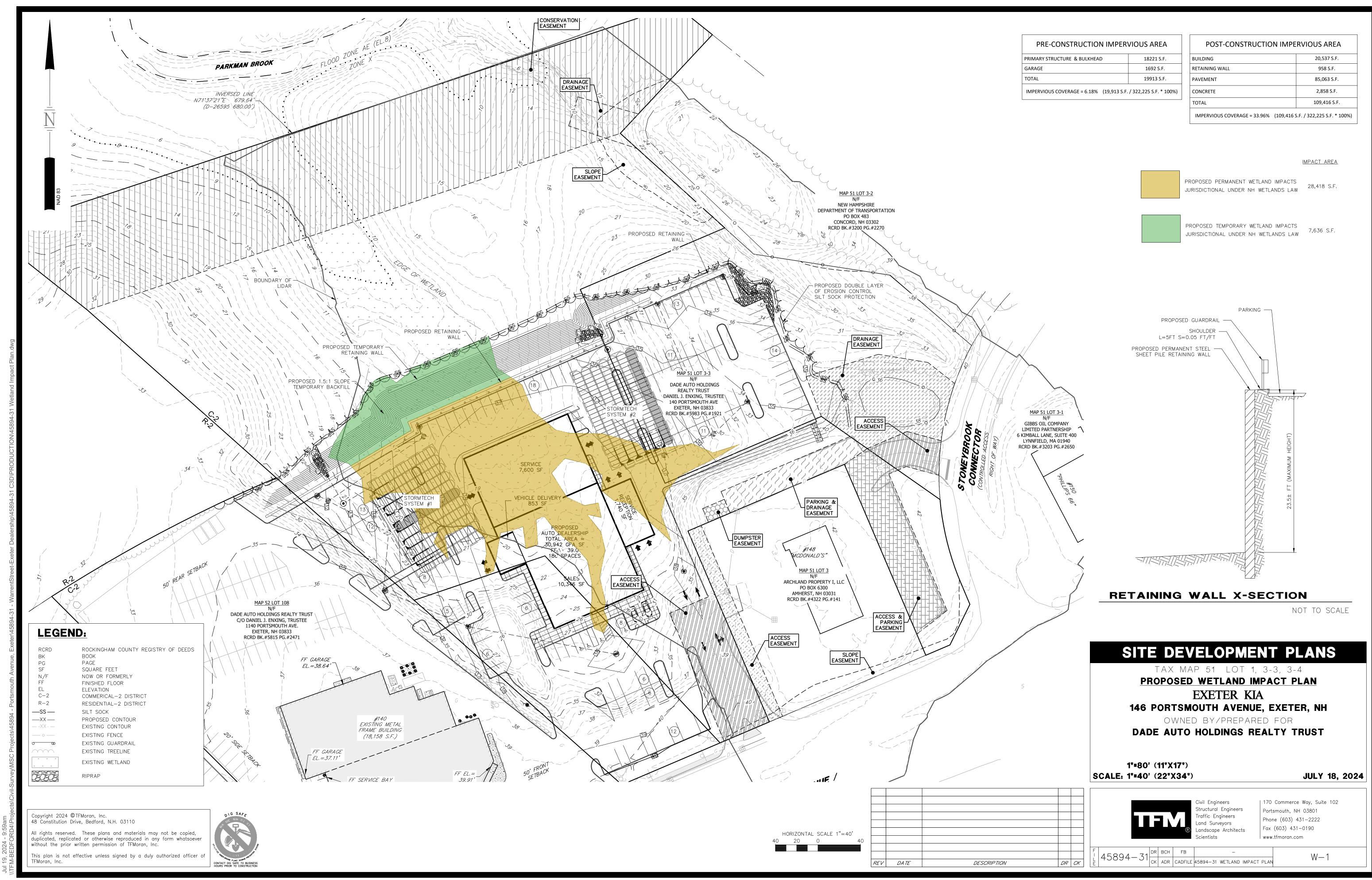
UTILITY POLF

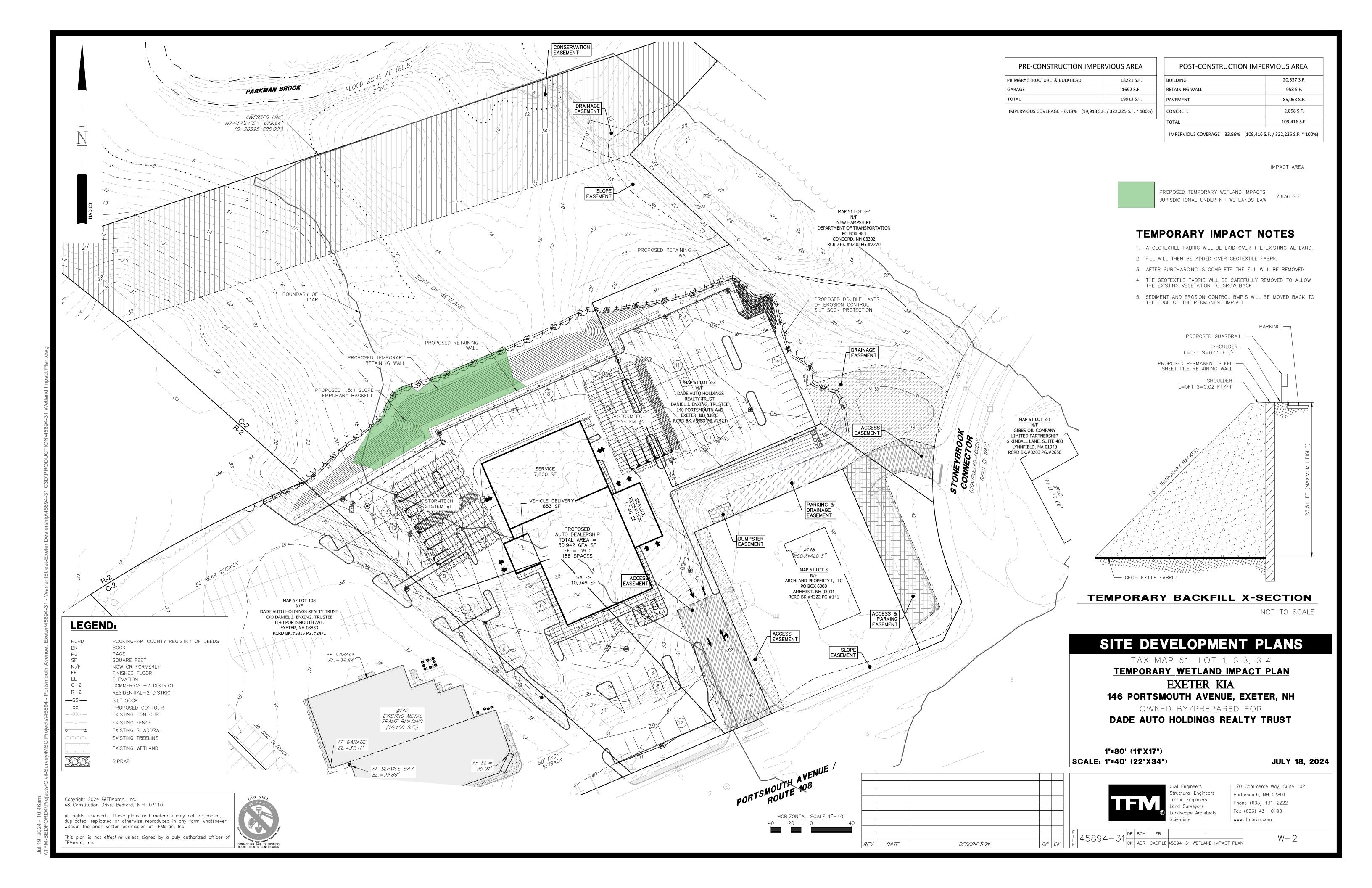
OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE ROOF DRAIN

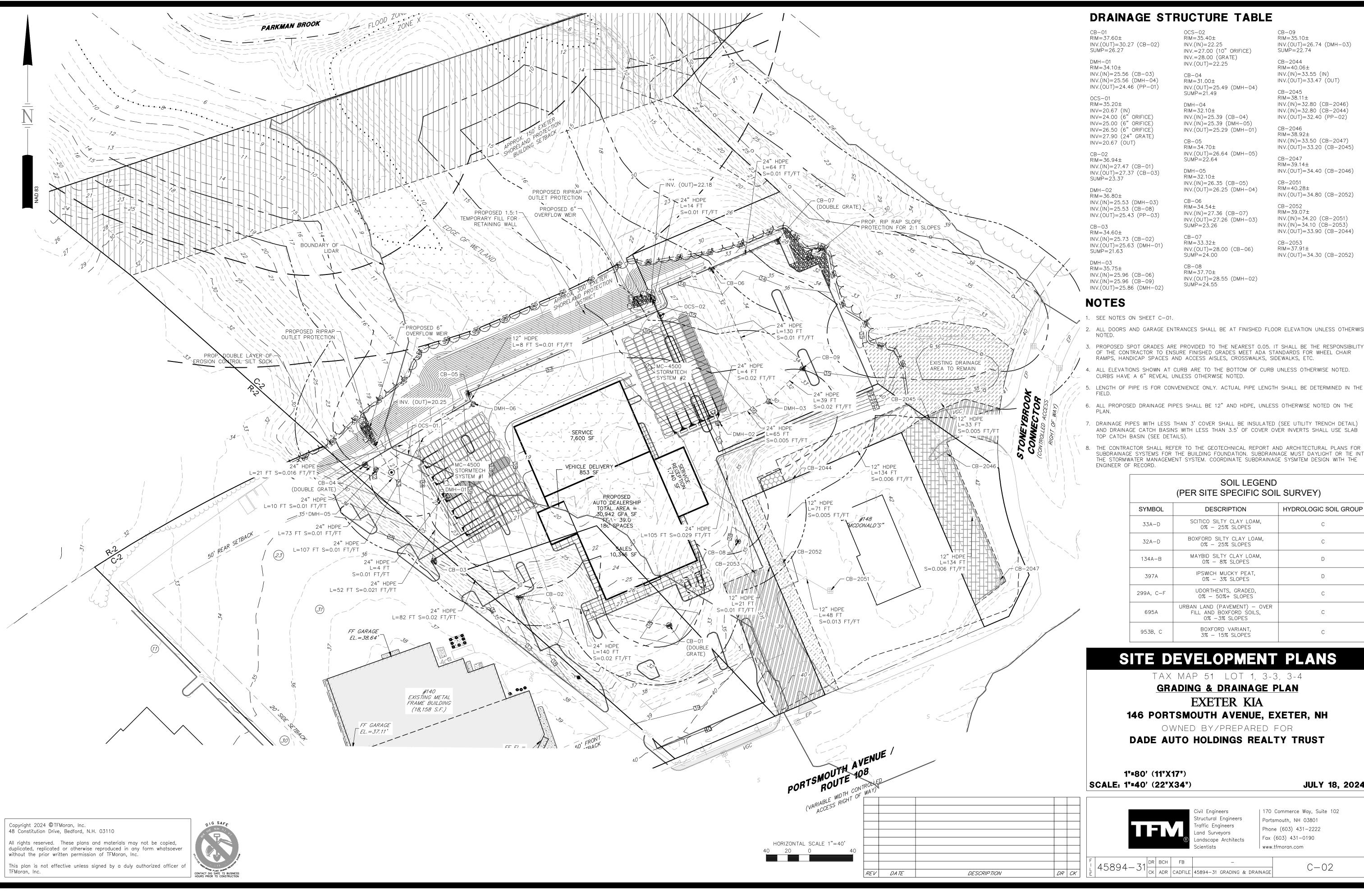
SEWER MANHOLE SEDIMENT OIL SEPARATOR

TAPPING SLEEVE, VALVE, AND BOX









CB-2044 $RIM = 40.06 \pm$ INV.(IN) = 33.55 (IN)INV.(OUT) = 33.47 (OUT)

> CB-2045 RIM=38.11± INV.(IN) = 32.80 (CB - 2046)INV.(IN) = 32.80 (CB - 2044)INV.(OUT) = 32.40 (PP-02)

> > CB-2046 $RIM = 38.92 \pm$ INV.(IN) = 33.50 (CB - 2047)INV.(OUT) = 33.20 (CB - 2045)

CB-2047 $RIM = 39.14 \pm$

INV.(OUT)=34.40 (CB-2046)CB-2051 $RIM = 40.28 \pm$

INV.(OUT) = 34.80 (CB - 2052) $RIM = 39.07 \pm$

INV.(IN) = 34.20 (CB - 2051)INV.(IN) = 34.10 (CB - 2053)INV.(OUT) = 33.90 (CB - 2044)CB-2053 RIM=37.91±

INV.(OUT) = 34.30 (CB - 2052)

2. ALL DOORS AND GARAGE ENTRANCES SHALL BE AT FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION UNLESS OTHERWISE

3. PROPOSED SPOT GRADES ARE PROVIDED TO THE NEAREST 0.05. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO ENSURE FINISHED GRADES MEET ADA STANDARDS FOR WHEEL CHAIR RAMPS, HANDICAP SPACES AND ACCESS AISLES, CROSSWALKS, SIDEWALKS, ETC.

4. ALL ELEVATIONS SHOWN AT CURB ARE TO THE BOTTOM OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

SUBDRAINAGE SYSTEMS FOR THE BUILDING FOUNDATION. SUBDRAINAGE MUST DAYLIGHT OR TIE INTO THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM. COORDINATE SUBDRAINAGE SYSMTEM DESIGN WITH THE

SOIL LEGEND (PER SITE SPECIFIC SOIL SURVEY)					
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP			
33A-D	SCITICO SILTY CLAY LOAM, 0% — 25% SLOPES	С			
32A-D	BOXFORD SILTY CLAY LOAM, 0% — 25% SLOPES	С			
134A-B	MAYBID SILTY CLAY LOAM, 0% — 8% SLOPES	D			
397A	IPSWICH MUCKY PEAT, 0% - 3% SLOPES	D			
299A, C-F	UDORTHENTS, GRADED, 0% — 50%+ SLOPES	С			
695A	URBAN LAND (PAVEMENT) — OVER FILL AND BOXFORD SOILS, 0% —3% SLOPES	С			
953B, C	BOXFORD VARIANT, 3% — 15% SLOPES	С			

TAX MAP 51 LOT 1, 3-3, 3-4

GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN

146 PORTSMOUTH AVENUE, EXETER, NH

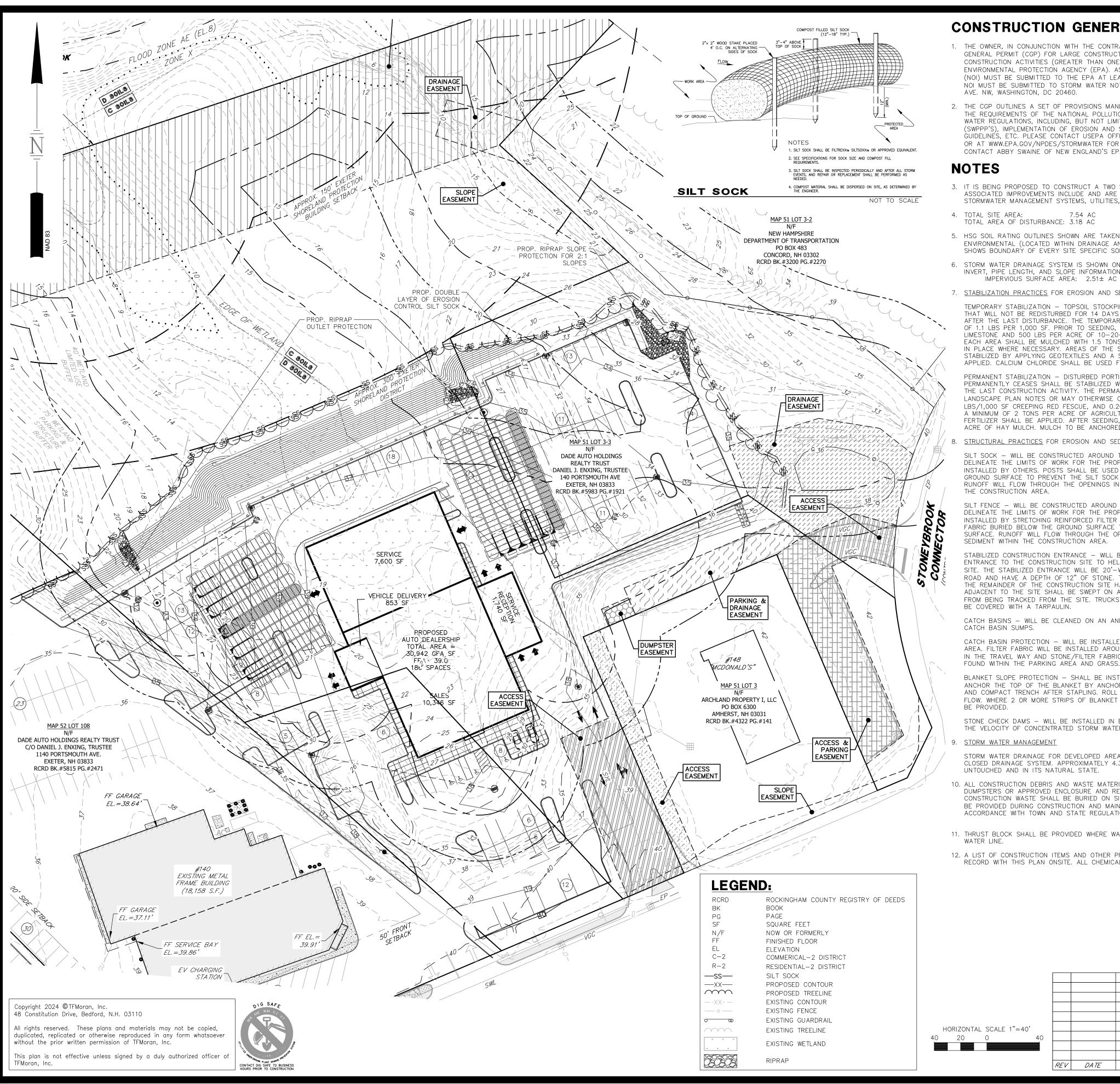
OWNED BY/PREPARED FOR

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JULY 18, 2024

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C - 02



CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

- 1. THE OWNER, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE CONTRACTOR (OPERATORS), MUST OBTAIN A CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT (CGP) FOR LARGE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (FIVE OR MORE ACRES) OR SMALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (GREATER THAN ONE ACRE BUT LESS THAN FIVE ACRES) FROM THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA). AS PART OF THE CGP, A STORMWATER NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) MUST BE SUBMITTED TO THE EPA AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. THE NOI MUST BE SUBMITTED TO STORM WATER NOTICE OF INTENT (4203M), USEPA, 1200 PENNSYLVANIA AVE. NW, WASHINGTON, DC 20460.
- . THE CGP OUTLINES A SET OF PROVISIONS MANDATING THE OWNER AND CONTRACTOR TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NATIONAL POLLUTION DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) STORM WATER REGULATIONS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS (SWPPP'S), IMPLEMENTATION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS, EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE GUIDELINÉS, ETC. PLEASE CONTACT USEPA OFFICE OF WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT AT 202-564-9545 OR AT WWW.EPA.GOV/NPDES/STORMWATER FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE, CONTACT ABBY SWAINE OF NEW ENGLAND'S EPA REGION 1 AT 617-918-1841.

- 3. IT IS BEING PROPOSED TO CONSTRUCT A TWO STORY, 20,537 SF FOOTPRINT, KIA AUTO DEALERSHIP. ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENTS INCLUDE AND ARE NOT LIMITED TO ACCESS, PARKING, GRADING, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS, UTILITIES, LIGHTING, AND LANDSCAPING
- 4. TOTAL SITE AREA: TOTAL AREA OF DISTURBANCE: 3.18 AC
- 5. HSG SOIL RATING OUTLINES SHOWN ARE TAKEN FROM REFERENCE PLAN BY STONEY RIDGE ENVIRONMENTAL (LOCATED WITHIN DRAINAGE ANALYSIS REPORT BY TFMORAN, INC). REFERENCE PLAN SHOWS BOUNDARY OF EVERY SITE SPECIFIC SOIL CATEGORY ON SITE.
- 6. STORM WATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM IS SHOWN ON THE PLAN. SEE GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN FOR RIM, INVERT. PIPE LENGTH. AND SLOPE INFORMATION. IMPERVIOUS SURFACE AREA: 2.51± AC
- 7. STABILIZATION PRACTICES FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS:

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION - TOPSOIL STOCKPILES AND DISTURBED AREAS OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE THAT WILL NOT BE REDISTURBED FOR 14 DAYS OR MORE MUST BE STABILIZED BY THE 14TH DAY AFTER THE LAST DISTURBANCE. THE TEMPORARY SEED SHALL BE ANNUAL RYE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 1.1 LBS PER 1,000 SF. PRIOR TO SEEDING, A MINIMUM OF 2 TONS PER ACRE OF AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE AND 500 LBS PER ACRE OF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED. AFTER SEEDING, EACH AREA SHALL BE MULCHED WITH 1.5 TONS PER ACRE OF HAY MULCH. MULCH TO BE ANCHORED IN PLACE WHERE NECESSARY. AREAS OF THE SITE THAT WILL BE PAVED WILL BE TEMPORARILY STABILIZED BY APPLYING GEOTEXTILES AND A STONE SUB-BASE UNTIL BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT CAN BE APPLIED. CALCIUM CHLORIDE SHALL BE USED FOR DUST CONTROL IF NEEDED.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION - DISTURBED PORTIONS OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES PERMANENTLY CEASES SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH PERMANENT SEED NO LATER THAN 3 DAYS AFTER THE LAST CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. THE PERMANENT SEED MIX SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED BY THE LANDSCAPE PLAN NOTES OR MAY OTHERWISE CONSIST OF 0.45 LBS/1,000 SF TALL FESCUE, 0.20 LBS/1,000 SF CREEPING RED FESCUE, AND 0.20 LBS/1,000 SF BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL. PRIOR TO SEEDING, A MINIMUM OF 2 TONS PER ACRE OF AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE AND 500 LBS PER ACRE IF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED. AFTER SEEDING, EACH AREA SHALL BE MULCHED WITH 1.5 TONS PER ACRE OF HAY MULCH. MULCH TO BE ANCHORED IN PLACE WHERE NECESSARY.

8. <u>STRUCTURAL PRACTICES</u> FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

SILT SOCK - WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE DISTURBED AREAS AND WILL DELINEATE THE LIMITS OF WORK FOR THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION. THE SILT SOCK WILL BE INSTALLED BY OTHERS. POSTS SHALL BE USED WITH AT LEAST 6" OF THE POST BURIED BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE TO PREVENT THE SILT SOCK FROM FORMING GAPS NEAR THE GROUND SURFACE. RUNOFF WILL FLOW THROUGH THE OPENINGS IN THE SILT SOCK WHILE RETAINING THE SEDIMENT WITHIN

SILT FENCE — WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE DISTURBED AREAS AND WILL DELINEATE THE LIMITS OF WORK FOR THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION. THE SILT FENCE WILL BE INSTALLED BY STRETCHING REINFORCED FILTER FABRIC BETWEEN POSTS WITH AT LEAST 8" OF THE FABRIC BURIED BELOW THE GROUND SURFACE TO PREVENT GAPS FROM FORMING NEAR THE GROUND SURFACE. RUNOFF WILL FLOW THROUGH THE OPENINGS IN THE FILTER FABRIC WHILE RETAINING THE SEDIMENT WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE — WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAIL AT THE ENTRANCE TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE TO HELP REDUCE VEHICLE TRACKING OF SEDIMENTS OFF THE SITE. THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE WILL BE 20'-WIDE AND FLARE AT THE ENTRANCE TO THE PAVED ROAD AND HAVE A DEPTH OF 12" OF STONE. THE STABILIZED ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THE REMAINDER OF THE CONSTRUCTION SITE HAS BEEN FULLY STABILIZED. THE PAVED STREET ADJACENT TO THE SITE SHALL BE SWEPT ON A WEEKLY BASIS TO REMOVE EXCESS MUD AND DIRT FROM BEING TRACKED FROM THE SITE. TRUCKS HAULING MATERIAL TO AND/OR FROM THE SITE SHALL BE COVERED WITH A TARPAULIN.

CATCH BASINS — WILL BE CLEANED ON AN ANNUAL BASIS TO REMOVE ALL SEDIMENTS FROM THE CATCH BASIN SUMPS.

CATCH BASIN PROTECTION - WILL BE INSTALLED AT ALL CATCH BASINS WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. FILTER FABRIC WILL BE INSTALLED AROUND THE GRATES OF CATCH BASINS THAT ARE LOCATED IN THE TRAVEL WAY AND STONE/FILTER FABRIC PROTECTION WILL BE INSTALLED AT THE CATCH BASINS

BLANKET SLOPE PROTECTION - SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL 2:1 SLOPES OR STEEPER ON SITE. ANCHOR THE TOP OF THE BLANKET BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN A 6" DEEP TRENCH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT TRENCH AFTER STAPLING. ROLL THE BLANKET IN THE DIRECTION OF STORM WATER FLOW. WHERE 2 OR MORE STRIPS OF BLANKET ARE REQUIRED, A MINIMUM OF 4" OF OVERLAP SHALL

STONE CHECK DAMS - WILL BE INSTALLED IN EXISTING AND PROPOSED GRASS SWALES TO REDUCE THE VELOCITY OF CONCENTRATED STORM WATER FLOWS AND PREVENT EROSION OF THE SWALE.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

STORM WATER DRAINAGE FOR DEVELOPED AREAS WILL BE COLLECTED BY A PIPE AND CATCH BASIN CLOSED DRAINAGE SYSTEM. APPROXIMATELY 4.36 ACRES OF THE 7.54 ACRE SITE WILL REMAIN UNTOUCHED AND IN ITS NATURAL STATE.

- 10. ALL CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS AND WASTE MATERIALS SHALL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN SECURE DUMPSTERS OR APPROVED ENCLOSURE AND REMOVED FROM THE SITE ON A WEEKLY BASIS. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE SHALL BE BURIED ON SITE. PORTABLE TOILET SANITARY WASTE FACILITIES WILL BE PROVIDED DURING CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTAINED/DISPOSED OF ON A REGULAR BASIS IN ACCORDANCE WITH TOWN AND STATE REGULATIONS.
- 11. THRUST BLOCK SHALL BE PROVIDED WHERE WATER LINE CHANGES DIRECTION OR TAPS INTO EXISTING
- 12. A LIST OF CONSTRUCTION ITEMS AND OTHER PRODUCTS USED ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE KEPT ON RECORD WITH THIS PLAN ONSITE. ALL CHEMICALS, PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND OTHER MATERIALS USED

DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE STORED IN A SECURE AREA, AND PRECAUTIONS USED TO PREVENT POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CONTAMINATION OR POLLUTION. ANY SPILL OF THESE TYPES OF SUBSTANCES SHALL BE CLEANED UP AND DISPOSED OF IN A LEGAL MANNER AS SPECIFIED BY STATE REGULATIONS AND THE MANUFACTURER. ANY SPILL IN AMOUNTS EQUAL TO OR EXCEEDING REPORTABLE QUANTITY A DEFINED BY THE EPA SHALL TAKE THE FOLLOWING STEPS:

- NOTIFY THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER IMMEDIATELY AT (888) 424-8802; IN WASHINGTON, D.C. CALL (202) 426-2675

- WITHIN 14 DAYS, SUBMIT A WRITTEN DESCRIPTION OF THE RELEASE TO THE EPA REGIONAL OFFICE PROVIDING THE DATE AND CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE RELEASE AND THE STEPS TO BE TAKEN TO

- MODIFY THE POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN TO INCLUDE THE INFORMATION LISTED ABOVE.

THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ONSITE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION

- AN EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO STORE ONLY ENOUGH PRODUCT REQUIRED TO DO THE JOB:
- ALL MATERIALS STORED ONSITE WILL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER IN THEIR APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS AND, IF POSSIBLE, UNDER A ROOF OR OTHER ENCLOSURE; - PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS WITH THE ORIGINAL MANUFACTURER'S
- SUBSTANCES WILL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE
- MANUFACTURER; - WHENEVER POSSIBLE, ALL OF A PRODUCT WILL BE USED UP BEFORE DISPOSING OF THE CONTAINER - MANUFACTURERS' RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED;
- TRASH DUMPSTERS SHALL BE GASKETED OR HAVE A SECURE WATERTIGHT LID AND BE PLACED AWAY FROM STORMWATER CONVEYANCES AND DRAINS. - THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL INSPECT DAILY TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL OF

MATERIALS ONSITE.

- THESE PRACTICES ARE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS: - PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNLESS THEY ARE NOT RESEALABLE; - ORIGINAL LABELS AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA WILL BE RETAINED; THEY CONTAIN IMPORTANT PRODUCT INFORMATION:
- IF SURPLUS PRODUCT MUST BE DISPOSED OF, MANUFACTURER'S OR LOCAL AND STATE RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR PROPER DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.

PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES:

THE FOLLOWING PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE:

ALL ONSITE VEHICLES WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE THE CHANCE OF LEAKAGE. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. ANY ASPHALT SUBSTANCES USED ONSITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

FERTILIZERS USED WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ONCE APPLIED, FERTILIZER WILL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE STORM WATER. STORAGE WILL BE IN A COVERED SHED. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED

ALL CONTAINERS WILL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT REQUIRED FOR USE. EXCESS PAINT WILL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO THE STORM SEWER BUT WILL BE PROPERLY DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS OR STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

BAGS OF FERTILIZER WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO AVOID SPILLS.

EXCESS CONCRETE SHALL BE USED IN AREAS DESIGNATED BY THE SITE CONTRACTOR. WASH WATER

SHALL BE DISPOSED OF USING BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES. BUILDING CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVAL OF ALL DRUM WASH WATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONCRETE FOR THE BUILDING PAD. SITE CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE AND PROVIDE BUILDING CONTRACTOR WITH AN AREA FOR DRUM WASH WATER.

N ADDITION TO THE GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DISCUSSED IN THE PREVIOUS SECTIONS OF THIS PLAN, THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED FOR SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP:

- MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE CLEARLY POSTED AND SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE MADE AWARE OF THE PROCEDURES AND THE LOCATION OF THE INFORMATION AND CLEANUP SUPPLIES
- MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE KEPT IN THE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA ONSITE. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS WILL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO BROOMS, DUST PANS, MOPS, RAGS, GLOVES, GOGGLES, KITTY LITTER, SAND, SAWDUST, AND PLASTIC AND METAL TRASH CONTAINERS SPECIFICALLY FOR THIS PURPOSE.
- ALL SPILLS WILL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER DISCOVERY. - THE SPILL AREA WILL BE KEPT WELL VENTILATED AND PERSONNEL WILL WEAR APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PREVENT INJURY FROM CONTACT WITH A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. - SPILLS OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL WILL BE REPORTED TO THE APPROPRIATE STATE OR
- LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY, REGARDLESS OF SIZE - THE SPILL PREVENTION PLAN WILL BE ADJUSTED TO INCLUDE MEASURES TO PREVENT THIS TYPE OF SPILL FROM REOCCURRING AND HOW TO CLEAN UP THE SPILL IF THERE IS ANOTHER ONE. A DESCRIPTION OF THE SPILL, WHAT CAUSED IT, AND THE CLEANUP MEASURES WILL ALSO BE
- THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS, WILL BE THE SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP COORDINATOR. THEY WILL DESIGNATE AT LEAST THREE OTHER SITE PERSONNEL WHO WILL EACH RECEIVE SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP TRAINING. THESE INDIVIDUALS WILL EACH BECOME RESPONSIBLE FOR A PARTICULAR PHASE OF PREVENTION AND
- CLEANUP. THE NAMES OF RESPONSIBLE SPILL PERSONNEL WILL BE POSTED IN THE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA AND IN THE OFFICE TRAILER ONSITE. 11. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN RECORDS OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING
- DATES OF MAJOR GRADING ACTIVITIES, DATES WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY CEASED ON A PORTION OF THE SITE, DATES WHEN WORK IS COMPLETED ON A PORTION OF THE SITE AND DATES WHEN STABILIZATION MEASURES ARE INITIATED ONSITE.
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERFORM INSPECTIONS OR HAVE A CONSULTING ENGINEER PERFORM INSPECTIONS EVERY SEVEN (7) DAYS AND WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A STORM OF 0.5" OR GREATER. INSPECTIONS REPORTS ARE TO BE KEPT ON FILE AT THE SITE WITH THIS PLAN. MAINTENANCE OR MODIFICATION SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AND ADDED TO THE PLAN AS RECOMMENDED BY THE QUALIFIED

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 51 LOT 1, 3-3, 3-4

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN EXETER KIA

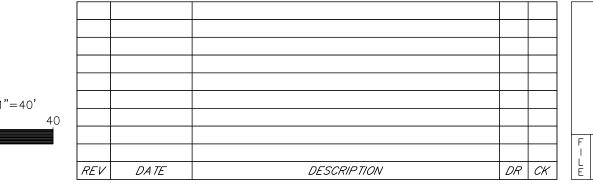
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SCALE:

JULY 18, 2024



170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 tructural Engineers Portsmouth, NH 03801 Phone (603) 431-2222 Fax (603) 431-0190 andscape Architects www.tfmoran.com

DR BCH FB C - 03CK ADR CADFILES 894-31 STORMWATER MANAGEMEN

and Surveyors

THE TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED IS APPROXIMATELY 138,600 SQUARE FEET (3.18 ACRES). CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PHASED TO LIMIT DISTURBED AREAS TO LESS THAN 5 ACRES.

CRITICAL NOTE: THIS DRAWING IS PROVIDED FOR GENERAL GUIDANCE. ALL SPECIAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES MUST BE EXECUTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE CURRENT STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS, APPROVED SWPPP, AND PERMIT

SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES

- 1. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, AND TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PER APPROVED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS, PERMITS, OR SWPPP IF REQUIRED, PRIOR TO EARTH MOVING OPERATIONS.
- DEMOLISH EXISTING SITE WORK DESIGNATED FOR REMOVAL. INSTALL STORMWATER TREATMENT PONDS AND SWALES BEFORE ROUGH GRADING THE SITE.
- COMPLETE MAJOR GRADING OF SITE.
- CONSTRUCT BUILDING PAD, STORMWATER SYSTEM, AND SITE UTILITIES.
- CONSTRUCT PARKING AREAS. 7. WHEN ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS COMPLETE AND SITE IS STABILIZED, REMOVE ALL INLET PROTECTION, SILT
- BARRIERS, AND SEDIMENT THAT HAS BEEN TRAPPED BY THESE DEVICES. 8. CONSULT APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, PERMITS, CONDITIONS, AND APPROVED SWPPP FOR CONDITIONS RELATED TO NOTICE OF TERMINATION, IF REQUIRED.

<u>EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS AND STABILIZATION PRACTICES</u>

STABILIZATION SHALL BE INITIATED ON ALL LOAM STOCKPILES AND DISTURBED AREAS WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY WILL NOT OCCUR FOR MORE THAN TWENTY ONE (21) CALENDAR DAYS BY THE FOURTEENTH (14TH) DAY AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASED IN THAT AREA. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN 45 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED STABLE IF ONE OF THE

- 1. BASE COURSE GRAVELS, WHICH MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF NHDOT STANDARD FOR ROAD AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION, 2016, ITEM 304.2, HAVE BEEN INSTALLED IN AREAS TO BE PAVED;
- 2. A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATED GROWTH HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED;
- 3. A MINIMUM OF 3" OF NON-EROSIVE MATERIAL SUCH AS STONE OR RIPRAP HAS BEEN INSTALLED; OR 4. EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY INSTALLED.

DURING CONSTRUCTION, RUNOFF WILL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE SITE WITH EARTH DIKES, PIPING OR STABILIZED CHANNELS WHERE POSSIBLE. SHEET RUNOFF FROM THE SITE WILL BE FILTERED THROUGH SILT BARRIERS. ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH BARRIER FILTERS. STONE RIPRAP SHALL BE PROVIDED AT THE OUTLETS OF DRAINAGE PIPES WHERE EROSIVE VELOCITIES ARE ENCOUNTERED.

OFF SITE VEHICLE TRACKING

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE INSTALLED.

<u>INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, AND INSPECTION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS</u>

THESE ARE THE GENERAL INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO IMPLEMENT THE PLAN.

- 1. STABILIZATION OF ALL SWALES, DITCHES, AND PONDS IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO DIRECTING FLOW TO THEM.
- 2. THE SMALLEST PRACTICAL PORTION OF THE SITE WILL BE DENUDED AT ONE TIME. (5 AC MAX)
- 3. ALL CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS, PERMITS, AND CONDITIONS AND FOR PROJECTS REQUIRING A NHDES AOT PERMIT AND NHPDES EPA GCP, DISCHARGING TO A SENSITIVE WATERBODY, AT LEAST EVERY 7 DAYS AND AFTER A 0.25 INCH RAIN EVENT OR GREATER, AND INSPECTIONS SHALL BE CONDUCTED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL MONITOR IF ONE IS REQUIRED, PURSUANT TO ENV-WQ 1505.03(B)
- 4. ALL MEASURES WILL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD WORKING ORDER. IF A REPAIR IS NECESSARY, IT WILL BE INITIATED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF REPORT.
- 5. BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM SILT BARRIER WHEN IT HAS REACHED ONE THIRD THE HEIGHT OF
- 6. ALL DIVERSION DIKES WILL BE INSPECTED AND ANY BREACHES PROMPTLY REPAIRED.
- 7. TEMPORARY SEEDING AND PLANTING WILL BE INSPECTED FOR BARE SPOTS, WASHOUTS, AND UNHEALTHY
- 8. A MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT WILL BE MADE AFTER EACH INSPECTION.
- 9. THE CONTRACTOR'S SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSPECTIONS, MAINTENANCE, AND REPAIR ACTIVITIES. AND FILLING OUT THE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REPORT. THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING AN ENVIRONMENTAL MONITOR, IF ONE IS REQUIRED, PURSUANT TO ENV-WQ 1505.03(B), IS CONTRACTED.

FILTERS / BARRIERS

1. SILT SOCKS

A. KNOTTED MESH NETTING MATERIAL SHALL BE DELIVERED TO SITE IN A 5 MIL CONTINUOUS, TUBULAR, HDPE 3/8" MATERIAL, FILLED WITH COMPOST CONFORMING TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

PHYSICAL PROPERTY PH	TEST TMECC 04.11-A	REQUIREMENTS 5.0 TO 8.0
PARTICLE SIZE	TMECC 02.02-B	2" SIEVE AND MIN. 60% GREATER Than the 3" sieve
MOISTURE CONTENT		STND TESTING < 60%

MATERIAL SHALL BE RELATIVELY FREE OF INERT OR FOREIGN MAN-MADE MATERIALS

MATERIAL SHALL BE WEED FREE AND DERIVED FROM A WELL-DECOMPOSED SOURCE OF ORGANIC MATTER.

FREE FROM ANY REFUSE, CONTAMINANTS OR OTHER MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.

- B. SEDIMENT COLLECTED AT THE BASE OF THE SILT SOCK SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE IT HAS REACHED 1/3 OF THE EXPOSED HEIGHT OF THE SILT SOCK.
- C. SILT BARRIER SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY HAVE SERVED THEIR USEFUL PURPOSE, BUT NOT BEFORE THE UPSLOPE AREAS HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.

2. SEQUENCE OF INSTALLATION

SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY SOIL DISTURBANCE OF THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THEM.

3. MAINTENANCE

A. SILT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND AT LEAST DAILY DURING PROLONGED RAINFALL. THEY SHALL BE REPAIRED IF THERE ARE ANY SIGNS OF EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION BELOW THEM. ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY. IF THERE ARE SIGNS OF UNDERCUTTING AT THE CENTER OR THE EDGES, OR IMPOUNDING OF LARGE VOLUMES OF WATER BEHIND THEM, SEDIMENT BARRIERS SHALL BE REPLACED WITH A TEMPORARY CHECK DAM.

- B. SHOULD THE FABRIC DECOMPOSE OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE PRIOR TO THE END OF THE EXPECTED USABLE LIFE AND THE BARRIER STILL IS NECESSARY, THE FABRIC SHALL BE REPLACED PROMPTLY.
- C. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHOULD BE REMOVED AFTER EACH STORM EVENT. THEY MUST BE REMOVED WHEN DEPOSITS REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE THIRD (1/3) THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER.
- D. ANY SEDIMENT DEPOSITS REMAINING IN PLACE AFTER THE SILT BARRIER IS NO LONGER REQUIRED SHALL BE DRESSED TO CONFIRM WITH THE EXISTING GRADE, PREPARED AND SEEDED.

IN ORDER FOR MULCH TO BE EFFECTIVE, IT MUST BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO MAJOR STORM EVENTS. THERE ARE TWO (2) TYPES OF STANDARDS WHICH SHALL BE USED TO ASSURE THIS:

- A. APPLY MULCH PRIOR TO ANY STORM EVENT.
- THIS IS APPLICABLE WHEN WORKING WITHIN 100' OF WETLANDS. IT WILL BE NECESSARY TO CLOSELY MONITOR WEATHER PREDICTIONS, USUALLY BY CONTACTING THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE, TO HAVE ADEQUATE
- B. REQUIRED MULCHING WITHIN A SPECIFIED TIME PERIOD.

THE TIME PERIOD CAN RANGE FROM 14 TO 21 DAYS OF INACTIVITY ON AN AREA, WHERE THE LENGTH OF TIME VARIES WITH SITE CONDITIONS. PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT SHALL BE USED TO EVALUATE THE INTERACTION OF SITE CONDITIONS (SOIL ERODIBILITY, SEASON OF YEAR, EXTENT OF DISTURBANCE, PROXIMITY TO SENSITIVE RESOURCES, ETC.) AND THE POTENTIAL IMPACT OF EROSION ON ADJACENT AREAS TO CHOOSE AN APPROPRIATE TIME RESTRICTION.

2. GUIDELINES FOR WINTER MULCH APPLICATION.

WHEN MULCH IS APPLIED TO PROVIDE PROTECTION OVER WINTER (PAST THE GROWING SEASON) IT SHALL BE AT A RATE OF 6,000 POUNDS OF HAY OR STRAW PER ACRE. A TACKIFIER MAY BE ADDED TO THE MULCH.

ALL MULCHES MUST BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY, IN PARTICULAR AFTER RAINSTORMS, TO CHECK FOR RILL EROSION. IF LESS THAN 90% OF THE SOIL SURFACE IS COVERED BY MULCH, ADDITIONAL MULCH SHALL BE

D. VEGETATIVE PRACTICE

- 1. AFTER ROUGH GRADING OF THE SUBGRADE HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND APPROVED, THE SUB GRADE SURFACE SHALL BE SCARIFIED TO A DEPTH OF 4". THEN, FURNISH AND INSTALL A LAYER OF LOAM PROVIDING A ROLLED THICKNESS AS SPECIFIED IN THESE PLANS. ANY DEPRESSIONS WHICH MAY OCCUR DURING ROLLING SHALL BE FILLED WITH ADDITIONAL LOAM, REGRADED AND REROLLED UNTIL THE SURFACE IS TRUE TO THE FINISHED LINES AND GRADES. ALL LOAM NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE WORK UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE SUPPLIED BY THE 3. SANITARY WASTE
- 2. ALL LARGE STIFF CLODS, LUMPS, BRUSH, ROOTS, DEBRIS, GLASS, STUMPS, LITTER, AND OTHER FOREIGN MATERIAL, AS WELL AS STONES OVER 1" IN DIAMETER, SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE LOAM AND DISPOSED OF OFF SITE. THE LOAM SHALL BE RAKED SMOOTH AND EVEN.
- 3. THE LOAM SHALL BE PREPARED TO RECEIVE SEED BY REMOVING STONES, FOREIGN OBJECTS AND GRADING TO ELIMINATE WATER POCKETS AND IRREGULARITIES PRIOR TO PLACING SEED. FINISH GRADING SHALL RESULT IN STRAIGHT UNIFORM GRADES AND SMOOTH, EVEN SURFACES WITHOUT IRREGULARITIES TO LOW POINTS.
- 4. SHAPE THE AREAS TO THE LINES AND GRADES REQUIRED. THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE SCHEDULING OF LOAMING AND SEEDING OF GRADED AREAS TO PERMIT SUFFICIENT TIME FOR THE STABILIZATION OF THESE AREAS. IT SHALL BE THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO MAINTAIN THE AREAS DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD AND REGRADE, LOAM AND RESEED ANY DAMAGED AREAS.
- 5. ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION WITHIN THE PROPERTY LINES AND NOT COVERED BY STRUCTURES, PAVEMENT, OR MULCH SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED.
- 6. LIMESTONE SHALL BE THOROUGHLY INCORPORATED INTO THE LOAM LAYER AT A RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE IN ORDER TO PROVIDE A PH VALUE OF 5.5 TO 6.5.
- 7. FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD ON THE TOP LAYER OF LOAM AND WORKED INTO THE SURFACE. FERTILIZER APPLICATION RATE SHALL BE 500 POUNDS PER ACRE OF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER.
- 8. SOIL CONDITIONERS AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE RECOMMENDED RATES AND SHALL BE THOROUGHLY WORKED INTO THE LOAM. LOAM SHALL BE RAKED UNTIL THE SURFACE IS FINELY PULVERIZED, SMOOTH AND EVEN. AND THEN COMPACTED TO AN EVEN SURFACE CONFORMING TO THE REQUIRED LINES AND GRADES WITH APPROVED ROLLERS WEIGHING BETWEEN 4 1/2 POUNDS AND 5 1/2 POUNDS PER INCH OF WIDTH.
- 9. SEED SHALL BE SOWN AT THE RATE SHOWN BELOW. SOWING SHALL BE DONE ON A CALM, DRY DAY PREFERABLY BY MACHINE, BUT IF BY HAND, ONLY BY EXPERIENCED WORKMEN. IMMEDIATELY BEFORE SEEDING THE SOIL SHALL BE LIGHTLY RAKED. ONE HALF THE SEED SHALL BE SOWN IN ONE DIRECTION AND THE OTHER HALF AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE ORIGINAL DIRECTION. IT SHALL BE LIGHTLY RAKED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH NOT OVER 1/4" AND ROLLED WITH A HAND ROLLER WEIGHING NOT OVER 100 POUNDS PER LINEAR FOOT OF
- 10. HAY MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING AT A RATE OF 1.5 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE. MULCH THAT BLOWS OR WASHES AWAY SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY AND ANCHORED USING APPROPRIATE TECHNIQUES FROM THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK.
- 11. THE SURFACE SHALL BE WATERED AND KEPT MOIST WITH A FINE SPRAY AS REQUIRED, WITHOUT WASHING AWAY THE SOIL, UNTIL THE GRASS IS WELL ESTABLISHED. ANY AREAS WHICH ARE NOT SATISFACTORILY COVERED WITH $^{-2}$ GRASS SHALL BE RESEEDED, AND ALL NOXIOUS WEEDS REMOVED.
- 12. THE SITE SUBCONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT AND MAINTAIN THE SEEDED AREAS UNTIL ACCEPTED, INCLUDING CUTTING, AS SPECIFIED HEREIN AFTER UNDER MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION.
- 13. UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED, SEEDING SHALL BE DONE DURING THE APPROXIMATE PERIODS OF EARLY SPRING TO SEPTEMBER 30, WHEN SOIL CONDITIONS AND WEATHER ARE SUITABLE FOR SUCH WORK. IN NO CASE SHALL THE WEED CONTENT EXCEED 1 PERCENT BY WEIGHT. ALL SEED SHALL COMPLY WITH STATE AND FEDERAL SEED LAWS. FOR TEMPORARY PLANTINGS AFTER SEPTEMBER 30, TO EARLY SPRING AND FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTION OF DISTURBED AREAS:
- A. FOLLOW ABOVE SLOPE, LOAM DEPTH AND GRADING REQUIREMENTS. B. FERTILIZER SHALL BE SPREAD AND WORKED INTO THE SURFACE AT A RATE OF 500 POUNDS PER ACRE.
- MULCHING AND SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED AT THE FOLLOWING RATES: WINTER RYE (FALL SEEDING) 2.5 LBS/1,000 SF OATS (SPRING SEEDING) 2.0 LBS/1,000 SF MULCH 1.5 TONS/ACRE

CATCH BASIN INLET PROTECTION

- 1. INLET BASKET STRUCTURE
- A. INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO DISTURBING PAVEMENT AND SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE AND MAINTAINED UNTIL PAVEMENT BINDER COURSE IS COMPLETE.
- B. MOLD 6X6, 42 LB. WIRE SUPPORT AROUND INLET FRAME AND GRATE AND EXTEND 6" BEYOND SIDES. SECURE FILTER FABRIC TO WIRE SUPPORT.
- C. THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE A GEOTEXTILE FABRIC; POLYESTER, POLYPROPYLENE, STABILIZED NYLON, POLYETHYLENE OR POLYVINYLIDENE CHLORIDE MEETING THE FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS:
 - GRAB STRENGTH: 45 LB. MINIMUM IN ANY PRINCIPAL DIRECTION (ASTM D1682) MULLEN BURST STRENGTH: MIN. 60PSI (ASTM D774)
- D. THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE AN OPENING NO GREATER THAN A NUMBER 20 U.S. STANDARD SIEVE AND A MINIMUM PERMEABILITY OF 120 GPM.
- E. THE INLET PROTECTION SHALL BE INSPECTED WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER EACH RAINFALL OR DAILY DURING EXTENDED PERIODS OF PRECIPITATION. REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY, AS NECESSARY, TO PREVENT PARTICLES FROM REACHING THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM AND/OR CAUSING SURFACE FLOODING.
- F. SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE REMOVED AFTER EACH STORM EVENT, OR MORE OFTEN IF THE FABRIC

BECOMES CLOGGED.

F. WINTER CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1. ALL PROPOSED POST-DEVELOPMENT LANDSCAPED AREAS WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING AND INSTALLING EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1 AND SEEDING AND PLACING 3 TO 4 TONS OF MULCH PER ACRE, SECURED WITH ANCHORED NETTING, ELSEWHERE. THE PLACEMENT OF EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS OR MULCH AND NETTING SHALL NOT OCCUR OVER ACCUMULATED SNOW OR ON FROZEN GROUND AND SHALL BE COMPLETED IN ADVANCE OF THAW OR SPRING MELT EVENT
- 2. ALL DITCHES OR SWALES WHICH DO NOT EXHIBIT A MINIMUM OF 85% VEGETATIVE GROWTH BY OCTOBER 15TH, OR WHICH ARE DISTURBED AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH STONE OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS APPROPRIATE FOR THE DESIGN FLOW CONDITIONS.
- 3. AFTER OCTOBER 15TH, INCOMPLETE PARKING AREAS WHERE ACTIVE CONSTRUCTION HAS STOPPED FOR THE WINTER ALL TRAVEL SURFACES SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MINIMUM OF 3" OF CRUSHED GRAVEL PER NHDOT ITEM 304.3, OR IF CONSTRUCTION IS TO CONTINUE THROUGH THE WINTER SEASON BE CLEARED OF ANY ACCUMULATED SNOWFALL AFTER EACH STORM EVENT.

TIMING OF CONTROLS/MEASURES

AS INDICATED IN THE SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES, SILT BARRIERS SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CLEARING OR GRADING OF THE SITE. STRUCTURAL CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED CONCURRENTLY WITH THE APPLICABLE ACTIVITY. AREAS WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY TEMPORARILY CEASES FOR MORE THAN TWENTY ONE (21) DAYS WILL BE STABILIZED WITH A TEMPORARY SEED AND MULCH WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS OF THE LAST DISTURBANCE. ONCE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES PERMANENTLY IN AN AREA, SILT BARRIERS AND ANY EARTH/DIKES WILL BE REMOVED ONCE PERMANENT MEASURES ARE ESTABLISHED.

FOR SINGLE/DUPLEX FAMILY SUBDIVISIONS, WHEN LOT DEVELOPMENT IS NOT PART OF THE PERMIT, THEN LOT DISTURBANCE, OTHER THAN THAT SHOWN ON THE APPROVED PLANS, SHALL NOT COMMENCE UNTIL AFTER THE ROADWAY HAS THE BASE COURSE TO DESIGN ELEVATION AND THE ASSOCIATED DRAINAGE IS COMPLETE AND STABLE.

WASTE DISPOSAL

- ALL WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN SECURELY LIDDED RECEPTACLES. ALL TRASH AND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS FROM THE SITE WILL BE DEPOSITED IN A DUMPSTER. NO CONSTRUCTION WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE BURIED ON SITE. ALL PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED REGARDING THE CORRECT PROCEDURE FOR WASTE DISPOSAL BY THE SUPERINTENDENT
- ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY LOCAL OR STATE REGULATION OR BY THE MANUFACTURER. SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED IN THESE PRACTICES BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- ALL SANITARY WASTE WILL BE COLLECTED FROM THE PORTABLE UNITS A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER WEEK BY A LICENSED SANITARY WASTE MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR.

SPILL PREVENTION

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE OF MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES DURING CONSTRUCTION TO STORMWATER RUNOFF:

THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION

- A. AN EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO STORE ONLY SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF PRODUCTS TO DO THE JOB.
- B. ALL MATERIALS STORED ON SITE WILL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER IN THEIR PROPER (ORIGINAL IF POSSIBLE) CONTAINERS AND, IF POSSIBLE, UNDER A ROOF OR OTHER ENCLOSURE.
- C. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.
- D. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL INSPECT DAILY TO ENSURE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL OF MATERIALS.
- E. SUBSTANCES WILL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. F. WHENEVER POSSIBLE ALL OF A PRODUCT WILL BE USED UP BEFORE DISPOSING OF THE CONTAINER.
- THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS: A. PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNLESS THEY ARE NOT RESEALABLE.
- B. ORIGINAL LABELS AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA WILL BE RETAINED FOR IMPORTANT PRODUCT
- C. SURPLUS PRODUCT THAT MUST BE DISPOSED OF WILL BE DISCARDED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS OF DISPOSAL.
- PRODUCT SPECIFICATION PRACTICES THE FOLLOWING PRODUCT SPECIFIC PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ON SITE:

ALL ON SITE VEHICLES WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE LEAKAGE. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. ANY ASPHALT BASED SUBSTANCES USED ON SITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

FERTILIZERS USED WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS DIRECTED BY THE SPECIFICATIONS. ONCE APPLIED, FERTILIZER WILL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE TO STORMWATER. STORAGE WILL BE IN A COVERED SHED OR ENCLOSED TRAILERS. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO AVOID SPILLS.

ALL CONTAINERS WILL BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND STORED WHEN NOT REQUIRED FOR USE. EXCESS PAINT WILL NOT BE DISCHARGED TO THE STORM SEWER SYSTEM BUT WILL BE DISPOSED OF PROPERLY ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS OR STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

CONCRETE TRUCKS WILL DISCHARGE AND WASH OUT SURPLUS CONCRETE OR DRUM WASH WATER IN A CONTAINED AREA DESIGNATED ON SITE.

SPILL CONTROL PRACTICES

IN ADDITION TO GOOD HOUSEKEEPING AND MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES DISCUSSED IN THE PREVIOUS SECTION THE FOLLOWING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED FOR SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP:

- A. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE CLEARLY POSTED AND SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE MADE AWARE OF THE PROCEDURES AND THE LOCATION OF THE INFORMATION AND CLEANUP SUPPLIES.
- B. MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR SPILL CLEANUP WILL BE KEPT IN THE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA ON SITE. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS WILL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO BROOMS, DUSTPANS, MOPS, RAGS, GLOVES, GOGGLES, KITTY LITTER, SAND, SAWDUST, AND PLASTIC OR METAL TRASH CONTAINERS SPECIFICALLY FOR THIS PURPOSE.

REV DATE

DESCRIPTION

C. ALL SPILLS WILL BE CLEANED UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER DISCOVERY.

D. THE SPILL AREA WILL BE KEPT WELL VENTILATED AND PERSONNEL WILL WEAR APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PREVENT INJURY FROM CONTACT WITH A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

- E. SPILLS OF TOXIC OR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL WILL BE REPORTED TO THE APPROPRIATE STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY, REGARDLESS OF THE SIZE.
- F. THE SPILL PREVENTION PLAN WILL BE ADJUSTED TO INCLUDE MEASURES TO PREVENT THIS TYPE OF SPILL FROM RECURRING AND HOW TO CLEANUP THE SPILL IF IT RECURS. A DESCRIPTION OF THE SPILL, ITS CAUSE,
- G. THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT RESPONSIBLE FOR DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS WILL BE THE SPILL PREVENTION AND CLEANUP COORDINATOR.

AND THE CLEANUP MEASURES WILL BE INCLUDED.

DUST CONTROL

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE TO CONTROL DUST THROUGHOUT THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. DUST CONTROL METHODS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT LIMITED TO SPRINKLING WATER ON EXPOSED AREAS, COVERING LOADED DUMP TRUCKS LEAVING THE SITE, AND TEMPORARY MULCHING. DUST CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE UTILIZED SO AS TO PREVENT THE MIGRATION OF DUST FROM THE SITE TO ABUTTING AREAS.

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 51 LOT 1, 3-3, 3-4 **EROSION CONTROL NOTES**

146 PORTSMOUTH AVENUE, EXETER, NH OWNED BY/PREPARED FOR

DADE AUTO HOLDINGS REALTY TRUST

EXETER KIA

SCALE: NTS

DR CK

JULY 18, 2024



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170 Commerce Way, Suite 102 Portsmouth, NH 03801 Phone (603) 431-2222 Fax (603) 431-0190 www.tfmoran.com

DR BCH FB CK ADR CADFILE 5894-31 EROSION CONTROL NOTE:

C - 04

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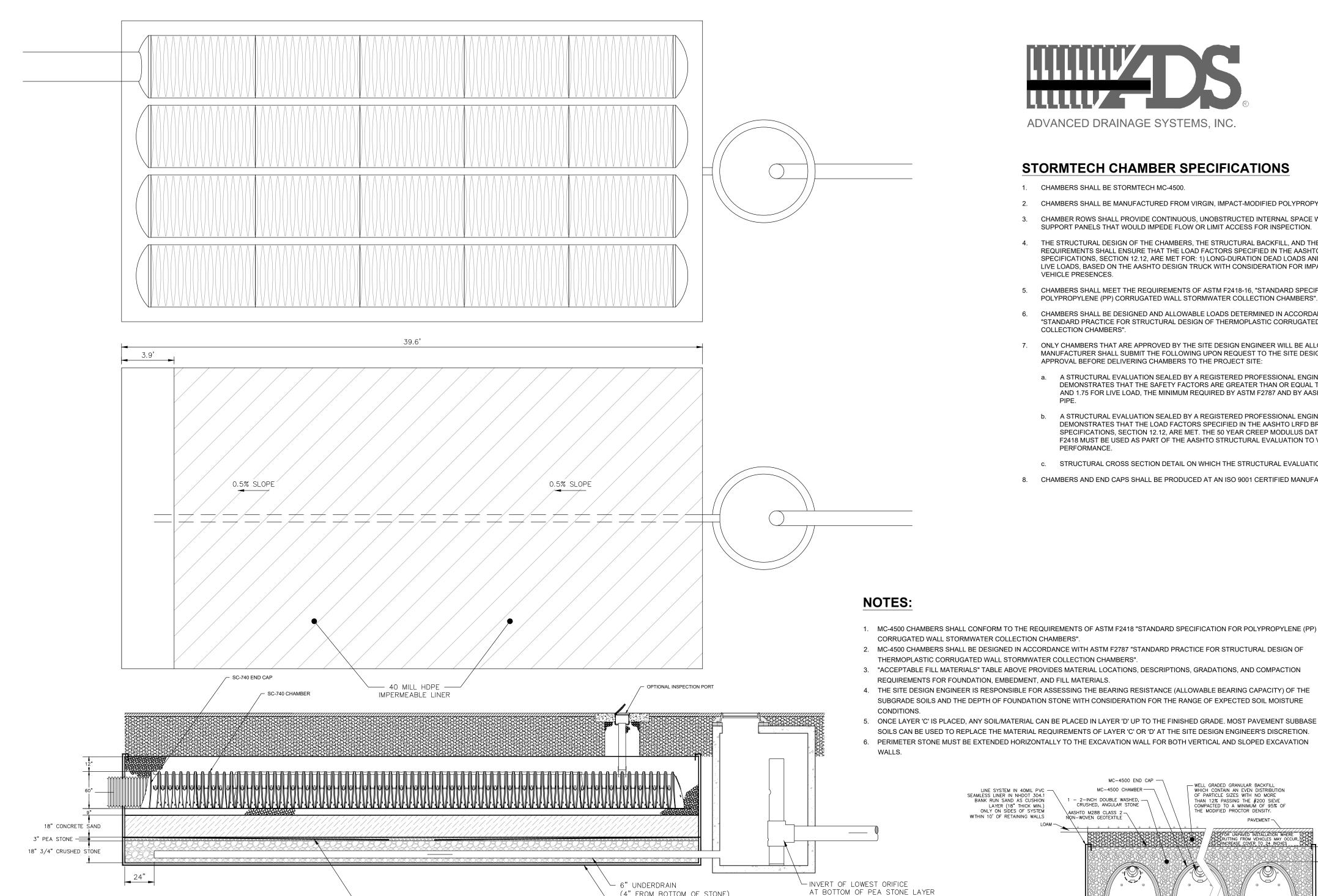
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- 40 MILL HDPE IMPERMEABLE LINER

LAID AT 1% SLOPE IN PEA STONE

DRAINS TO CENTER OF STONE

(4" FROM BOTTOM OF STONE)

NO BREAKS OR OPENNINGS.

- 40 MILL HDPE IMPERMEABLE LINER WITH MIRAFI 140N LAID ON TOP

STORMTECH MC-4500 CHAMBER SYSTEM CROSS SECTION DETAIL



ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS, INC.

STORMTECH CHAMBER SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH MC-4500.
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMERS
- CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORT PANELS THAT WOULD IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS, THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE
- CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418-16, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED AND ALLOWABLE LOADS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER
- 7. ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING UPON REQUEST TO THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE PROJECT SITE:
- a. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95 FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY AASHTO FOR THERMOPLASTIC
- b. A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER THAT DEMONSTRATES THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET. THE 50 YEAR CREEP MODULUS DATA SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 MUST BE USED AS PART OF THE AASHTO STRUCTURAL EVALUATION TO VERIFY LONG-TERM
- c. STRUCTURAL CROSS SECTION DETAIL ON WHICH THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION IS BASED.
- 8. CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY.

IMPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF MC-4500 CHAMBER SYSTEM

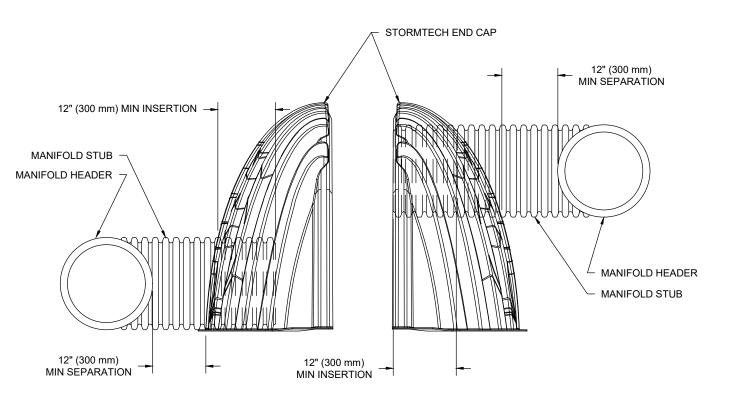
- STORMTECH MC-4500 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.
- STORMTECH MC-4500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500
- 3. CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS. STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3 BACKFILL METHODS:
 - STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED. BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE.
 - BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
- 4. THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS.
- 5. JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE.
- 6. MAINTAIN MINIMUM 9" (230 mm) SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS.
- 7. INLET AND OUTLET MANIFOLDS MUST BE INSERTED A MINIMUM OF 12" (300 mm) INTO CHAMBER END CAPS.
- 8. EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE MEETING THE AASHTO M43 DESIGNATION OF #3 OR #4.
- STONE SHALL BE BROUGHT UP EVENLY AROUND CHAMBERS SO AS NOT TO DISTORT THE CHAMBER SHAPE. STONE DEPTHS SHOULD NEVER DIFFER BY MORE THAN 12" (300 mm) BETWEEN ADJACENT CHAMBER ROWS.
- 10. STONE MUST BE PLACED ON THE TOP CENTER OF THE CHAMBER TO ANCHOR THE CHAMBERS IN PLACE AND PRESERVE ROW SPACING.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR MUST REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH CHAMBER FOUNDATION MATERIAL BEARING CAPACITIES TO THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER.
- 12. ADS RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

- 1. STORMTECH MC-4500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- 2. THE USE OF EQUIPMENT OVER MC-4500 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED:
 - NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON BARE CHAMBERS. NO RUBBER TIRED LOADER, DUMP TRUCK, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE
 - REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH MC-3500/MC-4500 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- FULL 36" (900 mm) OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK

USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY USING THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD WARRANTY.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS



NOTE: MANIFOLD STUB MUST BE LAID HORIZONTAL FOR A PROPER FIT IN END CAP OPENING.

MC-SERIES END CAP INSERTION DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

TAX MAP 51 LOT 1, 3-3, 3-4

DETAILS-4 EXETER KIA

146 PORTSMOUTH AVENUE, EXETER, NH

OWNED BY/PREPARED FOR

DADE AUTO HOLDINGS REALTY TRUST

SCALE: NTS

JULY 18, 2024

REV DATE **DESCRIPTION** DR CK

Structural Engineers and Surveyors _andscape Architects DR BCH FB CK ADR CADFILE

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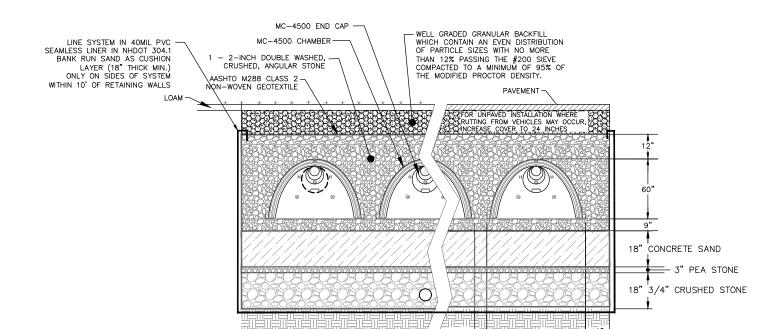
This plan is not effective unless signed by a duly authorized officer of

CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS". 2. MC-4500 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".

3. "ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS" TABLE ABOVE PROVIDES MATERIAL LOCATIONS, DESCRIPTIONS, GRADATIONS, AND COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS FOR FOUNDATION, EMBEDMENT, AND FILL MATERIALS. 4. THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE

5. ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE

SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION. 6. PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION

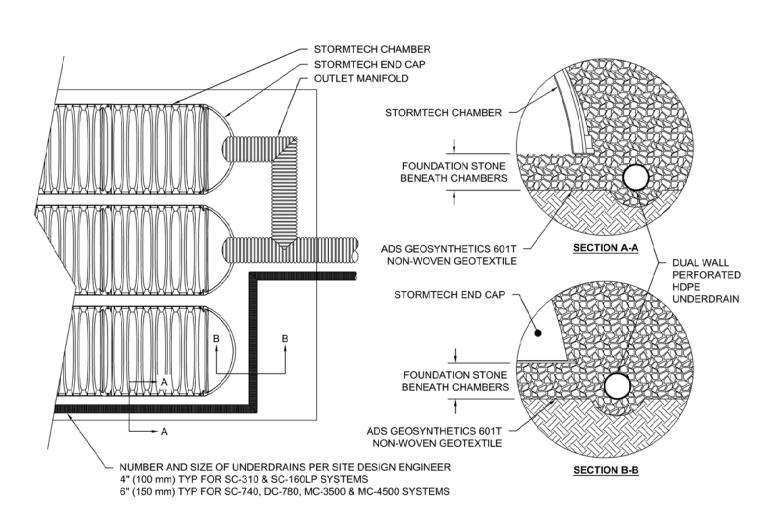


STORMTECH SYSTEMS 1 AND 2 (LINED)

NOT TO SCALE

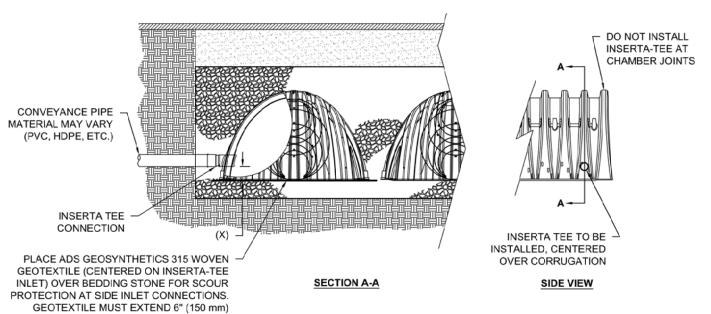
ISOLATOR ROW PLUS DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



UNDERDRAIN DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



	PROTECTION AT SIDE INLET CONNECTIONS. GEOTEXTILE MUST EXTEND 6" (150 mm)			
	PAST CHAMBER FOOT	CHAMBER	MAX DIAMETER OF INSERTA TEE	HEIGHT FROM BASE OF CHAMBER (X)
		SC-310	6" (150 mm)	4" (100 mm)
		SC-740	10" (250 mm)	4" (100 mm)
		DC-780	10" (250 mm)	4" (100 mm)
		MC-3500	12" (300 mm)	6" (150 mm)
NOTE:	NOTE:	MC-4500	12" (300 mm)	8" (200 mm)
	PART NUMBERS WILL VARY BASED ON INLET PIPE MATERIALS. CONTACT STORMTECH FOR MORE INFORMATION.	I .	GS AVAILABLE FOR SDR 2 WELD, N-12, HP STORM, 0	

INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW FOR SEDIMENT

A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT) A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN

A.2. REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED

A.3. USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD

ON MAINTENANCE LOG A.4. LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS

A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO

B. ALL ISOLATOR ROWS B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW B.2. USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW THROUGH OUTLET PIPE MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE

ii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE B.3. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO

STEP 2) CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW USING THE JETVAC PROCESS A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE

B. APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN

C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED

STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.

NOTES

1. INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.

MC4500REPE12T

MC4500REPE15T

MC4500REPE15B

MC4500REPE18TC

MC4500REPE18TW

MC4500REPE18BC

MC4500REPE18BW

MC4500REPE24TC

MC4500REPE24TW

MC4500REPE24BC

MC4500REPE24BW

MC4500REPE30BC

MC4500REPE36BC

MC4500REPE42BC

NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE NOMINAL

MC4500REPE12B

12" (300 mm)

15" (375 mm)

18" (450 mm)

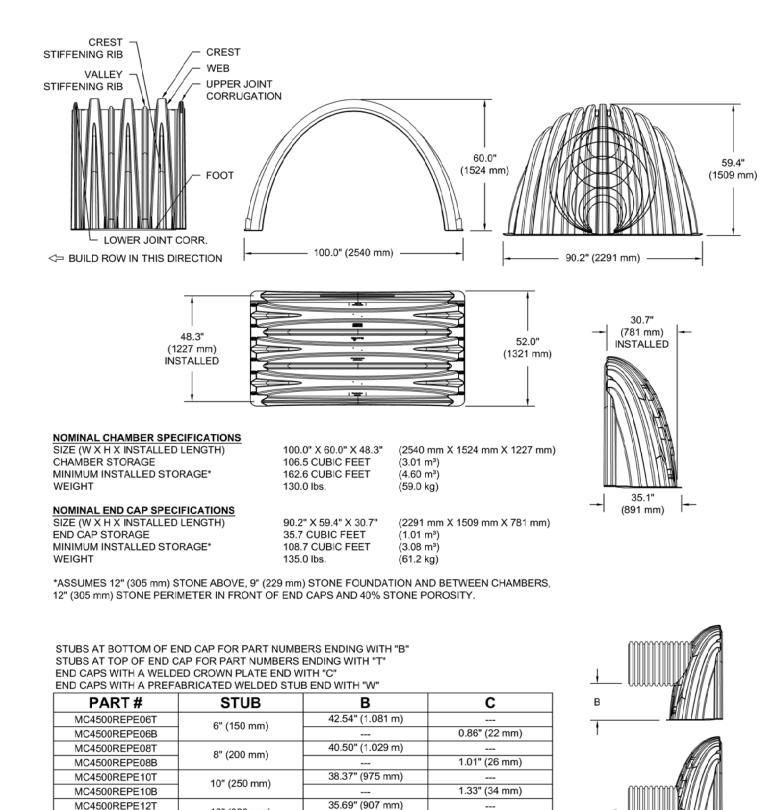
24" (600 mm)

30" (750 mm)

36" (900 mm)

42" (1050 mm)

2. CONDUCT JETTING AND VACTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS



MC-4500 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

32.72" (831 mm)

29.36" (746 mm)

23.05" (585 mm)

1.55" (39 mm)

1.70" (43 mm)

1.97" (50 mm)

2.95" (75 mm)

3.25" (83 mm)

3.55" (90 mm)

NOT TO SCALE

THE PIPE SIZE.

CUSTOM PRECORED INVERTS ARE

INVENTORIED MANIFOLDS INCLUDE

12-24" (300-600 mm) SIZE ON SIZE

ECCENTRIC MANIFOLDS. CUSTOM

RECOMMENDED FOR PIPE SIZES

INVERT LOCATION IN COLUMN 'B'

ARE THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE FOR

GREATER THAN 10" (250 mm). THE

INVERT LOCATIONS ON THE MC-4500

END CAP CUT IN THE FIELD ARE NOT

AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.

AND 15-48" (375-1200 mm)

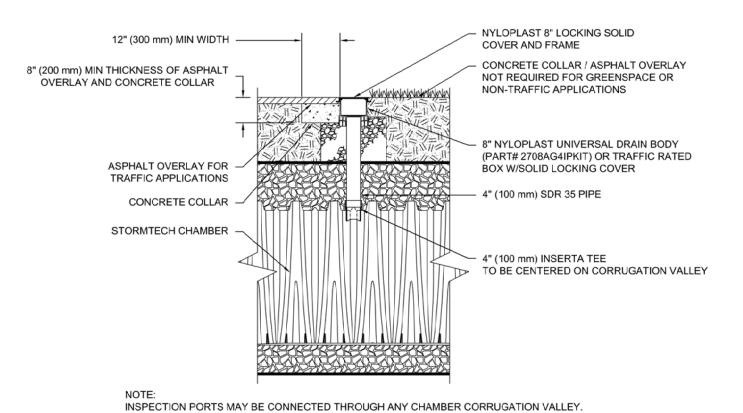
ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH MC-4500 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

	MATERIAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	AASHTO MATERIAL CLASSIFICATIONS	COMPACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT
D	FINAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPARE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS. PAVED INSTALLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.
С	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 24" (600 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	OR	BEGIN COMPACTIONS AFTER 24" (600 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN 12" (300 mm) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR WELL GRADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS.
В	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 4	NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.
А	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43 ¹ 3, 4	PLATE COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE. ^{2,3}

1. THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE. THE PROPERTY OF T ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE".

STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 9" (230 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. 3. WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGN LOAD CONDITIONS, A FLAT SURFACE MAY BE ACHIEVED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING WITHOUT COMPACTION

EQUIPMENT. FOR SPECIAL LOAD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS.



4" PVC INSPECTION PORT DETAIL

SCALE: NTS

NOT TO SCALE

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS TAX MAP 51 LOT 1, 3-3, 3-4 **DETAILS-5** EXETER KIA 146 PORTSMOUTH AVENUE, EXETER, NH OWNED BY/PREPARED FOR DADE AUTO HOLDINGS REALTY TRUST

					F
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REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION	DR	CK	Ē

			Al _®	Civil Engineers Structural Engineers Traffic Engineers Land Surveyors Landscape Architects Scientists	Port Phor Fax	Commerce Way, Suite 102 smouth, NH 03801 ne (603) 431-2222 (603) 431-0190 .tfmoran.com	
5894-31	71 DR BCH FB		FB	-		0.06	
3094-31	CK	ADR	CADFILE	45894-31 DETAILS		C-06	

JULY 18, 2024

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This plan is not effective unless signed by a duly authorized officer of FMoran, Inc.





Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov

Re: Fisher Research Permission Request

1 message

William Chrisman < William. Chrisman@unh.edu>

Tue, Jul 16, 2024 at 12:22 PM

To: Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov>

Cc: Rem Moll <Remington.Moll@unh.edu>, Frankie Shinost <Frankie.Shinost@unh.edu>, Dave Short <dshort11@myfairpoint.net>

Hello Kristen and Dave

Thank you all for being willing to work with us on this research project. We agree to and will comply with your condions.

- We agree to access sites by foot only. Vehicles will not be use to access sites and will be parked in approved parking locations. We will adheer to leave-no-trace ethics, all equipment and materials will be fully removed concluding field efforts
- Traps and cameras will be labeled to indicate that they are there for research purposes. Traps will
 have 2 ID tags on them, a lamenated ID card on the front of the trap with our contact infromation
 and explaining that its placed for research purposes only. They will also have our info engraved or
 stamped on a metal tag which is a requirement for trapping in the state. Any cameras used will also
 be labled either with a laminated card or paint pen.
- We understand that The Town of Exeter assumes no liability for this work.
- We would be happy to provide a copy of the report. Since it is a multi-year survival study it'll be some time before we have data in hand but we will make sure to share the report as soon as we area able.

Sorry for forge ng to a. ach the permit and copy of the project informallon in the previous email. They have been attached to this reply. Thank you again, we look forward to working with you.

Sincerly, Will Chrisman

Research Scien 1st I
Wildlife Management & Modeling Lab
University of New Hampshire
william.chrisman@unh.edu
618-509-1034

From: Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov>

Sent: Tuesday, July 16, 2024 09:12

To: William Chrisman < William. Chrisman@unh.edu>

Cc: Rem Moll < Remington. Moll@unh.edu>; Frankie Shinost < Frankie. Shinost@unh.edu>; Dave Short

<dshort11@myfairpoint.net>

Subject: Re: Fisher Research Permission Request

CAUTION: This email originated from outside of the University System. Do not click links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Good morning Will and team,

What an exciting project! The chair of the Exeter Conservation Commission, Dave Short (cc'd here) granted approval for this activity to occur on lands under the jurisdiction of the Town of Exeter Conservation Commission. He has waived the requirement to present this request to the full board given your indicated timeline, the limited nature of the activity, and the clear compliance with the terms of the deeds for both of those properties.

There are a few conditions by which this permission is granted:

- This permission is limited to foot traffic only and with an understanding the activities would be implemented with a leave-no-trace ethic following conclusion of the research activities.
- Given the public access nature of these lands, we recommend any traps (including cameras) be labeled indicating they are a part of a research study.
- The Town assumes no liability for this work.
- We kindly request a copy of any report or recommendations that may help inform future land management.

Note, I did not see a pdf attachment to sign on Dave's behalf.

Kristen

On Mon, Jul 15, 2024 at 3:50 PM William Chrisman < William.Chrisman@unh.edu> wrote:

Dear Kristen Murphy,

We are conducing a research project on fishers (a.k.a., "fisher cats") via a collaborative project between the New Hampshire Fish and Game Department and the University of New Hampshire. We are writing to request land access permission in Oaklands Town Forest

and Little River Conservallon Area to conduct research this summer (July-August), which entails live-trapping fishers and equipping them with GPS collars.

Project details are included in the attached informallon document. For convenience, this informallon is also included below.

A PDF permit for authorizing live trapping on your property is also attached. If you authorize land access and trapping permission, please sign this PDF and return via email. A physical mailing address is also included below if that is preferred (we can send

a stamped return envelope for the permit; please just let us know).

Thank you for considering this request. Please do not hesitate to reach out with any quesions.

Sincerely,

Will Chrisman

Research Scien 2st I

Wildlife Management & Modeling Lab

University of New Hampshire

william.chrisman@unh.edu

618-509-1034

Mailing address:

Remington Moll

114 James Hall

56 College Road

Durham, NH 03824

From: Dr. Remington Moll

To: William Collins

Subj: Live Trapping Permission

Summary

We seek permission to live trap fishers (*Pekania pennanti*) on your land as part of a research project inves galing fisher survival rates, causes of mortality, and habitat use in New Hampshire. Conducted by UNH in partnership with NHFG and the US Fish

and Wildlife Service, this study will inform wildlife management and conserval on efforts. The project runs from 2024 through 2027 and entails capturing fishers, fitting them with GPS collars, releasing them on-site, and monitoring their health and movements.

Fieldwork will be coordinated with landowners.

Project Title

Cause Specific Mortality Monitoring of Fisher (Pekania pennanti) in New Hampshire

Project Background

Wildlife populallons vary according to individual survival rates and health. Thus, esemates of these rates can inform wildlife management. Fishers are a medium-sized carnivore in the weasel family and an important species in forested ecosystems. Current populallon

trends have led to addinoral fisher monitoring efforts to inform management. Recent studies from UNH suggest that toxicants and disease may be impacing New Hampshire fishers. However, data on these factors are lacking and there are no current esimates of

fisher survival rates in New Hampshire.

Research Objectives

Objective 1. To es2 mate fisher survival across mul2 ple regions of New Hampshire.

Objective 2. To iden of cause-specific mortality and factors impacong fisher health.

Objective 3. To quan of fisher space use, habitat associations, and dispersal.

Field Procedures

Field work entails preliminary field site visits to determine trapping locallons. In 2024, trapping will occur in late summer. In subsequent years, trapping will occur primarily in winter (January to March). Addillonal trapping may occur outside that Imeframe

to ensure adequate sample size (target = 100 individuals across all of NH). We an cipate roughly two to three weeks of trapping at a given locale (~150-250 ha), but request flexibility to adjust according to trap success rate.



Fishers will be captured in non-lethal cage traps designed to secure the animal without injury. Any non-target species captured in traps will be immediately released without handling. Traps will generally be placed in a dispersed grid around current camera

locallons (see below). Traps will be baited and include a scent lure. Traps will be set in the evening and checked in the morning. Upon capture, the field crew will gather to sedate fisher and fit it with a GPS collar, ear tags, and PIT tags (processing lime

< 1 hr). Fisher health will be closely monitored while sedated. Upon release, fishers will be remotely monitored via GPS collars. If mortality is suspected, a member of our field staff will retrieve the carcass as soon as possible (< 1 week). We will coordinate

field ac2vi2es with land managers.

Our research group has a background in live trapping wildlife. We will follow protocols to maximize safety for field teams and wildlife. All procedures have been approved by UNH's Ins②tu②onal Animal Care and Use Committee (approval number 230902). All trapping will proceed with proper state permitting.

Town of Exeter New Hampshire

Consevation Commision

Budget, Reciepts and Expenditures for the Fiscal Year Ending 12/31/2024 $\,$

Tresurer Report

For The Months Ended

7/31/2023

Account 01461105-

Category Number	Category Name	Budget 2022	Expended 2022 YTD	Planned Expenses 2022	Remaining 2022Budget	Comment
51200	Sal/Wages - PT	\$504	\$41.63	\$0.00	\$462.37	Recording Secretary @\$14 per hr avg about 6hr/mtg
51210	Sal/Wages - Temp	\$2,520	\$2,520.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	NOTE: Transferred to Contract Services for Raynes Roof Repairs
52200	FICA	\$187	\$187.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
52210	Medicare	\$44	\$44.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	
55044	Community Services	ACCOUNT CON	ISOLIDATED			
55051	Conservation Land Administration	\$2,050	\$715.29	\$0.00	\$1,334.71	Combination of Conservation Land Admin & Trail Mgmt and Maintenance. Covers signs, property monitoring needs, trail supplies/materials
55058	Contract Services	\$3,520	\$2,133.34	\$975.00	\$411.66	\$1,000 original + \$2,520 transferred from Sal/Wages - Temp
55088	Dues	\$1,200	\$875.00	\$0.00	\$325.00	For board to join related organizations: ERLAC (\$150), NHACC (\$700), SELT (\$150)
55091	Education/Training	\$250	\$20.00	\$0.00	\$230.00	Training for board members and/or natl resource planner (NHACC \$260, \$190 other workshops)
55171	Legal/Public Notices	\$50	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$50.00	Covers approx 1 legal notice typ in newspaper
55224	Postage	\$20	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$20.00	
55247	Registry of Deeds	\$30	\$1.00	\$0.00	\$29.00	Fee for registry of deeds (typically printing plans)
55254	Roadside Mowing	\$1,700	\$0.00	\$1,825.00	-\$125.00	Mowing White, Perry, Irvine and Morrissette \$1,850
	Total	\$12,075.00	\$6,537.26	\$2,800.00	\$2,737.74	

Andrew Koff, Treasurer	Date

Town of E	xeter								
2025 Gen	eral Fun	d Budget: Preliminary							
Prepared	July 26	. 2024							Version #1
Порановн		, :					2025 Prelim	2025 Prelim	
							Budget vs.	Budget vs.	
						2025	2024 Budget \$		
			2023	2024	2024	Preliminary	Increase/-	%-	
Org GENERAL I		Description	Actual	Budget	Actual: June	Budget	(Decrease)	Difference	Explanation (PLEASE UPDATE)
GENERAL	-טאט								
Conservation	on Comm	ission							
01461105		CC- Sal/Wages PT	578	504	282	600	96	19.0%	Recording secretaries @ \$19.44/hr
01461105		CC- Sal/Wages Temp	-	2,520	-	2,250	(270)		Interns 2@15/hr, 15 hrs/wk for 5 wks
		Salaries Total	578	3,024	282	2,850	(174)	-5.8%	
						-			
01461105	52200	CC- FICA	36	187	17	177	(11)		Based on wages: 6.2%
01461105	52210	CC- Medicare	8	44	4	41	(3)		Based on wages: 1.45%
		Benefits Total	44	231	22	218	(13)	-5.8%	
01461105	55044	CC- Community Services							Moved to Conservation Land Administration
01401103	33044	CC- Community Services					-		Covers costs for outreach activities (Spring Tree program, pollinator
									projects, star gazing event, etc), trail maintenance (bridge, signs,
									paint, etc) and conservation land administration work such as property
									monitoring and maintenance needs like invasive brush removal, and
01461105	55051	CC- Conservation Land Administration	1,502	2,050	412		(2,050)	-100.0%	supplies such as tools, gloves and equipment.
01461105	55058	CC- Contract Services	975	1,000	-	13,515	12,515	1251.5%	Fire detection system for Raynes
									For board to join related organizations: ESRLAC (\$150), NHACC
01461105	55088	CC- Dues	1,200	1,200	875	1,200	-	0.0%	(\$900), SELT (\$150)
04.404.405	55004	CO. Education/Training	470	050			(0.50)	100.00/	Training for board members and/or Cons &Sust planner (NHACC-3
01461105 01461105	55091	CC- Education/Training	178	250 50	-		(250)		members and other workshops)
01461105	55171 55224	CC- Legal/Public Notices CC- Postage	-	20	-		(50) (20)		Covers approx 1 legal notice typ in newspaper Mailings to ConCom members (mostly elect distr)
01461105	55247	CC- Postage CC- Registry of Deeds	-	30	- 1		(30)		Fee for registry of deeds (typically printing plans, deeds)
51401103	33271	CO Registry of Deces	-	30	'		(30)	-100.070	Mowing White, Perry, Irvine and 1/2 of Morrissette. This is paid out Oct-
01461105	55254	CC- Roadside Mowing	1,825	1,700	-	1,825	125	7.4%	, ,,
		General Expenses Total	5,680	6,300	1,288	16,540	10,240	162.5%	
		·							
		Conservation Commission Total	6,301	9,555	1,592	19,608	10,053	105.2%	

Exeter Conservation Commission 1 2 July 9, 2024 3 Novak Room 4 10 Front Street 5 7:00 PM 6 **Draft Minutes** 7 8 Call to Order 9 10 1. Introduction of Members Present (by Roll Call) 11 12 Present at tonight's meeting were by roll call, Chair Dave Short, Vice-Chair Connor Madison, Trevor 13 Mattera, Andrew Koff, Valorie Fanger, Keith Whitehouse, Alternate Michelle Crepeau, Alternate Donald 14 Clement, Alternate Bill Campbell, and Select Board Representative Dave Chartrand. 15 16 Staff Present: Kristen Murphy, Conservation and Sustainability Planner 17 18 Chair Short called the meeting to order at 7:00 PM and introduced the members. 19 20 2. Public Comment 21 22 A resident of 6 Brentwood Road expressed concerns that there may be unauthorized mowing taking 23 place on Parcel #93-1 and that two signs have been removed. She requested restoration and noted she 24 will attend the August 13, 2024 meeting to follow-up. Ms. Murphy responded that the property has the 25 ability for a one-time per year mow and will follow up with that. 26 27 **Action Items** 28 29 1. Continued discussion of a Wetland and Shoreland Conditional Use Permit application for a proposed 30 Vehicle Storage Area and Accessory Storage at Tax Map 52, Lot 112.2 for Foss Motors. 31 32 Chair Short read out loud the Public Hearing Notice. He indicated that the application for Foss Motors 33 was discussed at the last meeting and continued in order to review the comments made by Underwood 34 Engineering. Chair Short activated alternate, Michelle Crepeau. 35 Christian Smith of Beals Associates addressed the UEI comments which had been received at the last 36 37 meeting but noted there was another memo received yesterday. Mr. Smith reported there were test 38 pits done in areas where the bioretention pond, building and pavement would be located. 39 40 Mr. Koff asked if the pervious pavement plan was new. Mr. Smith responded that per recommendation 41 of the Town Planner and Engineer at the second TRC meeting and Foss was okay with it. Mr. Smith 42 noted the parcel was formerly a sand and gravel pit.

43

Mr. Smith indicated that the wetland and soil scientist, Gove, dug into the hillside rather than knock down a large area of trees and vegetation to get to the top of the slope.

Mr. Smith reviewed and addressed the UEI comments for 3' native soil for stormwater and noted the plan for porous pavement which has a liner and underdrains and is treated with the medium underneath and a non-issue, treatment takes place under the surface. He noted he would not design here without underdrains. Mr. Koff clarified that what he was saying is that UEIs comments were directed toward a system with no underdrain. Mr. Smith indicated a 3' separation is not needed for separation and discharge to a closed drainage system.

Mr. Koff asked if AoT was needed for this project and Mr. Smith indicated yes. Mr. Koff noted that the Town regulations can be more strict.

Mr. Smith discussed the very large infiltration trench and soil type behind the building. Mr. Koff clarified that the system and porous pavement drains to overflow; the underdrain flows under the road to the other side of the street where there is a pond.

Chair Short asked if the building level were decreasing, and Mr. Smith indicated it was coming down 6.'

Mr. Smith discussed the comment about the infiltration trench rate and soil type.

Mr. Whitehouse asked if he is confident the roof runoff draining would not end up in the drinking water. Mr. Smith responded that there is an overflow mechanism.

Ms. Fanger expressed concerns with the shoreland, and woodland protection and impact to drinking water. Mr. Smith indicated drainage would end up downstream. Ms. Fanger noted cars have oil and other fluids and dirt. Mr. Smith indicated it was a proposed show lot and the cars would not be run much. Ms. Fanger expressed concerns with the size of the building and parking lot in that space.

Ms. Murphy noted the UNH design criteria did say 3' separation and that she would send it to him. Mr. Koff questioned the depth of the underdrains below pavement. Mr. Smith indicated two to two and a half feet. Mr. Koff questioned whether the filtration capacity would be reduced with less distance and time than with 5.' Mr. Smith noted the native soil above seasonal highwater. Chair Short clarified that they are capturing it and it will exit below the reservoir.

Chair Short asked if there were any comments from the public.

Unidentified, asked how often the system would be changed. Mr. Smith noted porous pavement systems are required to be vacuumed a couple of times per year and it would be changed when it fails which would be evidenced by ponding water. He noted the area can be salted during winter storms.

Steve asked about lead from the Gun Club that abuts the property. Mr. Koff indicated it was not near the Gun Club. Ms. Murphy discussed the town's remediation plan. Mr. Clement discussed the significant clean up 15 years ago on the northern side, 400-600 yards to the east.

Mr. Koff indicated concerns with a large impact on a small parcel. The original plan was for just a parking lot. He felt the large building is too big for such a site in terms of impacts to the wetland buffer and felt the drainage would still be impactful. He noted the wetland buffer drain to the south side of the building and the watershed supply right by the intake. He indicated he would like to see a redesign excluding that impact. Mr. Koff questioned whether the building could be tightened up to two stories to reduce impact.

Ms. Crepeau agreed that the building design was concerning. She asked the exact dimensions of the building. Mr. Smith indicated 22,000 SF. She asked the estimated number of parking spaces (although they are not going to be striped) and Mr. Smith indicated 80-100 vehicles.

Mr. Clement asked how cars are delivered, and Mr. Smith indicated the large carrier drops them at Foss Motors and they are driven down. Mr. Clement stated that while not voting on this application he has concerns because the town must protect the reservoir and a large buffer is important and becoming thinner. He indicated removing trees increases the problem. He indicated that he felt this system will go into the town's drinking water and he is very uncomfortable with the plan. He stated that if the town allows encroachment into those buffers, he doesn't know why they were put through. Mr. Smith stated that the stormwater will not be going into the reservoir. Mr. Koff disagreed. He noted there are limits to what is being captured and did not feel the margin for construction was taken into account and the impact can creep out beyond the plan. He indicated a buffer or transition point is necessary or it will affect the marginal area that does drain into the pond.

Mr. Madison asked Mr. Smith if he planned to respond to UEI's last memo and he indicated yes. Mr. Koff asked when he would be taking the application to the Planning Board and Mr. Smith indicated Thursday. Mr. Koff indicated there was still a lot in motion.

Mr. Mattera stated that he found the project hard to swallow and has to look at the value of the waterbody and what the buffers mean and why they are put in place. He found the proposal for the parking lot and size of the building egregious and unnecessary.

Ms. Fanger motioned that after reviewing the wetland conditional use permit application the Commission is not in support because of the impact to shoreland buffers and water quality. Mr. Koff seconded the motion.

Mr. Koff clarified that the motion was shoreland focused.

A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

Mr. Koff noted the wetland buffer is also within the shoreland and while there are other non-town jurisdictional man-made wetlands shown in orange and the swale and up top. He recommended representation at the Planning Board meeting on Thursday from members of the Commission.

131 Mr. Madison motioned that after reviewing the wetland conditional use permit application the 132 Commission is not in support of the application due to wetland buffer impact in the shoreland district. 133 Ms. Crepeau seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

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2. Wetland Conditional Use Permit application from IS Realty Trust for a minor subdivision at 100 Linden Street adding two additional lots with partial shared driveway with access via Patricia Ave. Tax Map 104 Lot 71 (Ian Winter, owner)

137138

139 Chair Short read out loud the public hearing notice.

140

141 Mr. Clement recused himself.

142

Ian Winter presented the plan for a minor subdivision. He indicated there was public water and sewer
 available to connect to. He noted that the owner would restore previous temporary impacts that had
 been left unrestored.

146

147 Chair Short asked for comments from the public at 7:55 PM and being none, the Commission entered deliberations.

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Mr. Koff indicated there was no storm water management required; the plan is a modification of what was previously approved. Mr. Koff noted if there was water coming onto the property from a new development it may be a Planning Bord issue.

153154

Mr. Mattera motioned after reviewing the application for a wetland conditional use permit that the Commission is in support of the application as presented. Mr. Madison seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.

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155

Mr. Clement returned to the meeting table.

158159

Conceptual discussion for 3 4-story apartments with 121 2-bedroom units, a 4,680 SF commercial
 space, and a separate triplex from Haven Lane at Tax Map 65, Lot 118 (Portsmouth Ave/Haven Ln).
 (Paige Libbey, Jones and Beach

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Chair Short read out loud the Public Hearing Notice. He reminded everyone present that this was a conceptual discussion only. Mr. Koff agreed, noting that they are not deciding anything tonight. Chair Short requested that everyone keep their focus on the jurisdiction of the Commission which is strictly advisory.

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Joe Coronati of Jones & Beach indicated Paige Libbey, John O'Neill, Jim Gove and the Greens were present. Mr. Coronati indicated the parcel is 6.7 acres and the Fisher Auto Parts property, next to the Thirsty Moose is currently in the buffer already with regard to behind the building. He showed the location on Portsmouth Ave and the wooded area behind. He noted areas of wetland and manmade ditches, culverts and deep swale which he noted accepts stormwater to Wheelwright Creek. He noted the areas of 75' building and parking setbacks and 40' vegetative buffer shown in beige and manmade

swales. He indicated the building will not be in the same footprint. Three buildings are proposed. The Town rezoned the property into the MUND or Mixed Used Neighborhood Development zone. The front of the building will be mixed, and the back of the building will be residential only. He discussed some buffer impacts which would require a CUP and stormwater detention.

Mr. Coronati indicated there would be parking on the ground floor with the building over it and runoff would be captured and treated from the roof. He noted wetland flagging was done.

183 Ms. Murphy indicated the plans include already disturbed areas.

185 Mr. Koff noted the southern wetland drains into the northern one and Wheelwright Creek.

Mr. Coronati pointed out the manmade pond, the Tire & Auto Center and big outlet structure with pipe, ditch and swale. He indicated one swale was 12-14' deep to collect stormwater from Portsmouth Avenue. He noted a drainage easement across the property would be crossed. Mr. Coronati indicated impacts to manmade portions and the rest to the buffer. Mr. Koff clarified there would be no direct natural wetland impact.

Ms. Fanger asked if there was any appeal to make the building smaller and restore impacts. Mr.
 Coronati indicated the areas already impacted and narrow stormwater channel for stormwater
 conveyance which is not heavily vegetated. He noted currently there is no stormwater treatment at all
 as built years ago.

Select Board Representative Chartrand recommended looking at the new development at Exeter Mill which he felt was an outstanding example of stormwater management.

Mr. Koff asked about the proposed triplex and buffer impact to the south. He noted the 75' buffer wraps around the building and questioned temporary or permanent impacts not currently shown and people's backyards. The buffers are very tight.

James Gove of Gove Environment indicated he reviewed the delineation and agreed there were man made structures identified as obvious by their cut into the land. Mr. Gove discussed identifying poorly drained soil, upland, past farm use and water quality and storage. He commented that the northern portion was forested wetland.

Mr. Coronati indicated an affordable housing component to the plan.

Mr. Clement indicated Exeter is known as a designated Tree City and this parcel is a very forested area and nothing drains water better than a forest. He noted the trees are also a good sound buffer from Portsmouth Avenue. Mr. Clement expressed concerns with covering good fertile soil with pavement and the loss of canopy and natural resource which the Commission should discuss.

217 Chair Short opened the hearing to comments from the public at 8:33 PM. He asked that comments be 218 limited to the purview of the Commission and not be repetitive.

219									
220	Concerns were expressed with drainage to adjacent property and potential to create a groundwater								
221	dam with the underground parking structure. Concerns were raised about the animal habitat, the buffer								
222	between the neighborhood and commercial zone.								
223									
224	Chair Short asked if there would be data concerning the parking lot wall holding water. Mr. Coronati								
225	indicated there would be geotechnical for the foundation design.								
226									
227	Concerns were expressed about the quantity of sump pumps already in use regularly by adjacent								
228	property owners.								
229									
230	Steve Taylor asked how an auto parts building could be designed in the MUND. Chair Short noted that								
231	was a question for the Planning Board.								
232									
233	Andy of 25 Haven Hazen asked how soil was classified, and Mr. Gove explained soil profiles to him and								
234	the difference between frost and its depth in fields and forests and difference between seasonal high-								
235	water table. Concerns were expressed with already poor drainage being eliminated and negative effects								
236	to abutting properties.								
237									
238	Todd Taylor expressed concerns with drainage not pointed out on the survey. GIS does not show an								
239	outfall there. Chair Short indicated they would take a look.								
240	outum there. Onan onore maisured they would take a look.								
241	Concerns were expressed over habitat and where it would go. A town map was held up with soils								
242	shown and concerns raised with work in the buffer, the high-water table and water already in								
243	basements, flooding in heavy rainfall, cracked foundations that need to be sealed constantly and								
244	decreased home values and more water damage.								
245	decreased nome values and more water damage.								
246	Chair Short indicated the plan will come back when it is detailed with a drainage plan and they will know								
247	a lot more when the plan is refined.								
248									
249	Jan of 28 Hazen expressed concerns about wildlife impacts and not being affordable housing, drainage								
250	and urged the Commission to attend the Planning Board meeting.								
251	and angest the commission to attend the real manning court meeting.								
252	A resident of 31 Haven expressed concerns about wildlife impacts, water and separation with the								
253	commercial zone.								
254	commercial zone.								
255	4. Committee Reports								
256	The Committee Reports								
257	a. Property Management								
258	a. Property Management								
259	i. Raynes Farm Updates								
260									
261	Ms. Murphy reported the L-Chip grant application was submitted for the higher cost to the west								
262	and north side, staircase and fire suppression system.								
-02	and not in side, standard and the supplession system.								

263 264	Ms. Murphy reported the ridge cap blew off and there is a hole which the repairs could be covered by the intern line of the budget.
265 266 267	Ms. Murphy reported that she received the Moose Plate grant to cover siding and will get estimates.
268 269 270	ii. Stone property mowing – July and Sept/Oct
271 272 273 274	Ms. Murphy reported that David O'Hearn recommended mowing once more in July and in the Fall. The cost would be \$975, and funding could come from the property management account or Conservation funds. Next year only one mowing is anticipated.
275 276	Ms. Murphy reported that the east side of the property is impounded due to beaver activity.
277 278 279 280	Chair Short motioned to expend up to \$1,000 for mowing from the Conservation property management budget. Mr. Mattera seconded the motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.
281 282	b. Trails
283 284 285	Chair Short thanked Mr. Whitehouse for his work off Garrison and Industrial Drive and Jolly Rand. Mr. Whitehouse noted he did some work, but not all. Mr. Koff asked if he worked on the river trail and he said yes.
286 287 288	c. Outreach Events
289	d. Other Committee Reports (River Study, Sustainability, Energy/CPAC, Tree, CC Roundtable)
290 291 292	i. Energy Committee – Seeking Measuring Volunteers for Insulated Window Insert Program
293 294 295 296	Ms. Murphy reported the Committee is looking for volunteer measurers for the window insert program and training would be starting shortly if anyone was interested. They will be at the Independence Festival.
297	ii. Pickpocket Dam Project Update
298 299 300 301 302 303	Select Board Representative Chartrand reported that Mr. Mattera went to the River Advisory meeting and the final report was provided concerning the Pickpocket Dam which includes public comments and emails. The Committee voted to recommend dam removal to the Select Board. The Select Board also voted for removal. The project will be on the CIP and go to Town Warrant.
304 305	Ms. Murphy reported that a representative would be needed for the Flood Ready Neighborhood tour/site visit.

306	Mr. Koff publicly acknowledged Ms. Murphy for receiving the James Hayden Conservation Award
307	from Rockingham Planning Commission. He thanked Gwen English for helping out with the
308	nomination and Renee and Barb.
309	
310	Ms. Murphy indicated she has been identified as a recipient of the Climate Community Champion
311	Award which will be presented next week at the Climate Summit.
312	
313	Mr. Koff noted the Ryder project is closing in 2025 and they are doing boundary work.
314	
315	5. Approval of Minutes May 14, 2024 Meeting
316	
317	MOTION: motioned to approve the May 14, 2024 meeting minutes. seconded the motion. A vote was
318	taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.
319	
320	6. Correspondence
321	
322	There were no updates outside of agenda items.
323	
324	Other Business
325	
326	Next Meeting; Date Scheduled 8/13/24, Submission Deadline 8/2/24
327	
328	7. <u>Adjournment</u>
329	
330	MOTION: Mr. Clement motioned to adjourn the meeting at 9:16 PM. Mr. Koff seconded the
331	motion. A vote was taken, all were in favor, the motion passed 7-0-0.
332	
333	Respectfully submitted,
334	Daniel Hoijer, Recording Secretary
335	Via Exeter TV



Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov

Rider Project - Excluded Area

1 message

Kaitlin Devo <Kaitlin@seltnh.org>

Tue, Jul 23, 2024 at 5:00 PM

To: "kmurphy@exeternh.gov" <kmurphy@exeternh.gov>, "drewkoff@gmail.com" <drewkoff@gmail.com>

Hi Kristen and Drew,

The surveyor for the Rider property has finished up his boundary work and is now shi. ing his focus to getting the excluded area laid out. I am attaching the draft version here of the boundary survey to help discuss the topic of the excluded area. Please note this is an early draft with typos and correcons needed, but I think having this in front of you will be helpful.

In addi②on to the survey, I am attaching a boundary comparison map. In the yellow, you will see the original es②mated project boundary, in the red the surveyed boundary. Please note at the southern end of the boundary there was a little "jog" discovered, adding approximately 7.5-acres to the originally an②cipated project acreage and adding to the easement some great wetlands, hydric soils, and frontage to Great Brook.

To best facilitate the future stewardship of this property and a good working relaionship with the landowner, we are recommending a change to the excluded area, seen in the 7/22 evaluation map, also attached.

After reviewing the property with our stewardship team, we determined that the reten2 on ponds located just north of the Exeter/Kensington line would be best served within the excluded area for the ease of future stewardship and management of the property. In addi2 on, we shifted the area to better capture the structures on the property with addi2 onal breathing room to avoid possible future encroachment. Subdivision of or within the excluded area would be prohibited by the easement and we laid this out to better avoid the wellhead protec2 on area and high transmissivity aquifer. Our Easement Stewardship Manager, Amanda Ellms, and I will be reviewing this on the ground this week to confirm it works in prac2 but expect the proposed excluded area should remain largely the same.

While the landowner is seeking to increase the size of the excluded area to better align with the appraised acreage (156ac), we see this adjusted excluded area as being beneficial to the future stewardship of the property for the reasons outlined above. Because of the varial on in the expected boundary and resuling recommenda on to increase the excluded area, we are checking in with all our partners before moving forward with having the surveyor set the excluded area.

Since we're dealing with muliple maps, a survey, and varying acreage, I thought staring the conversailon via email would be easiest. If you'd like to hop on a call to discuss further, I am more than happy to do that.

Please let me know your thoughts and I'm happy to answer any quesions you may have.

Thanks, Kaitlin

Kaitlin Deyo (she/her)

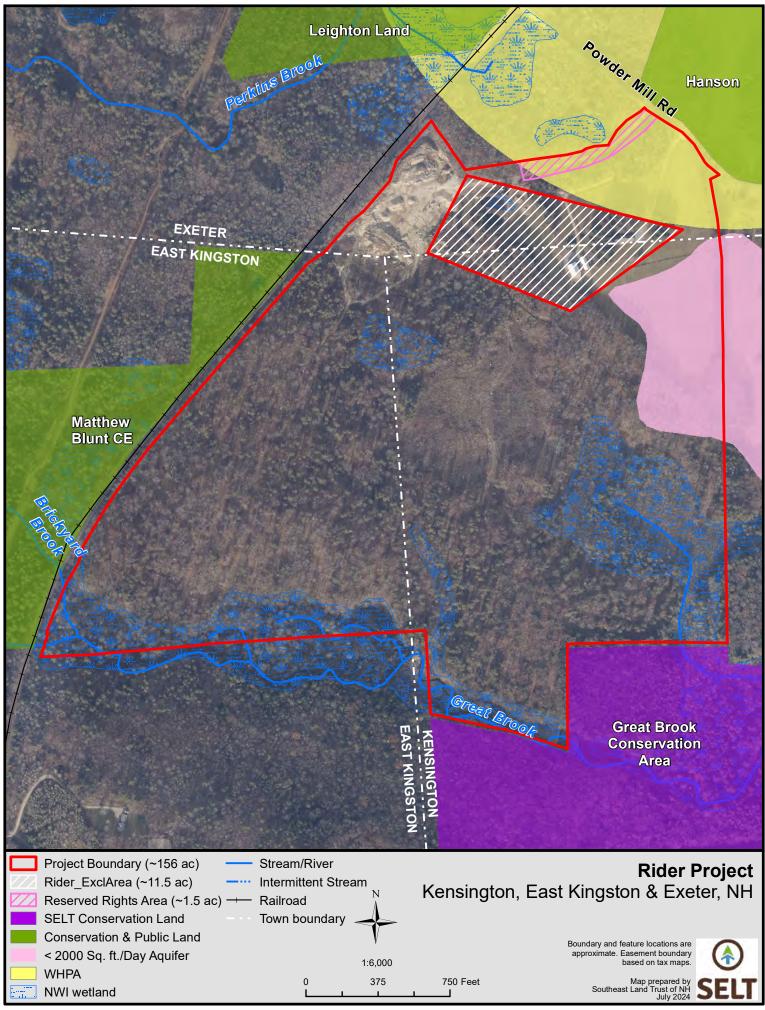
Conservation Project Manager
kaitlin@seltnh.org

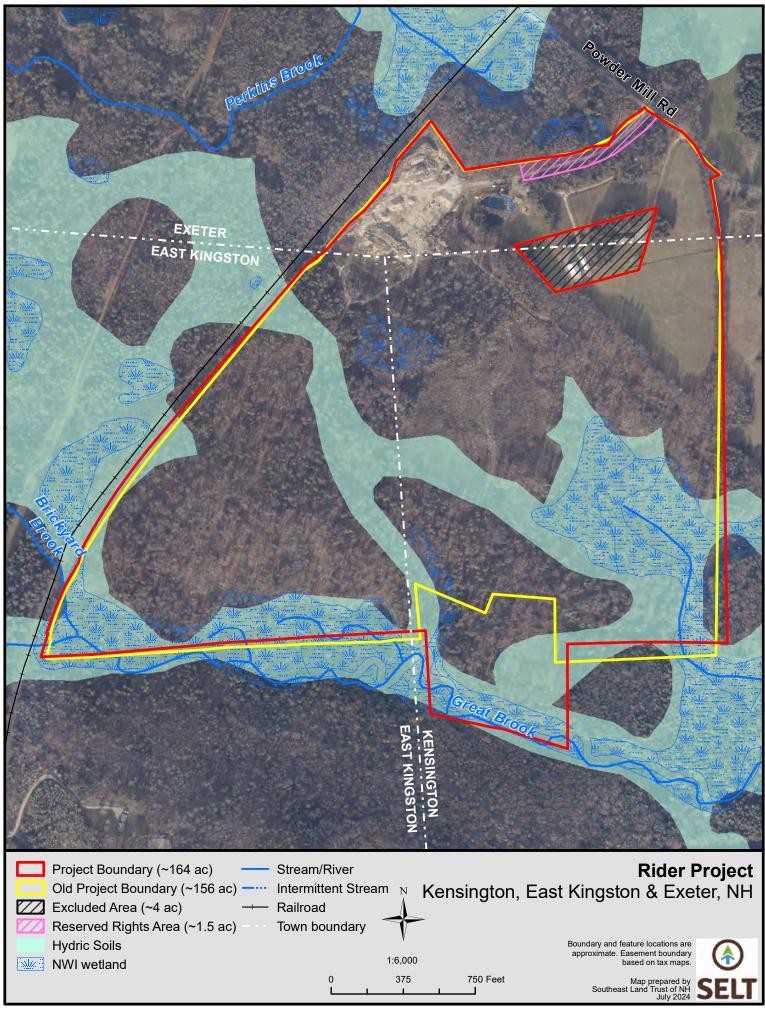
Direct: (603) 734-4932
seltnh.org

Southeast Land Trust of New Hampshire

The Nan & George Mathey Center for People & Nature at Burley Farms 247 North River Road Epping, NH 03042









TOWN OF EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

10 FRONT STREET • EXETER, NH • 03833-3792 • (603) 778-0591 •FAX 772-4709 www.exeternh.gov

July 10, 2024

James and Nancy Kelleher 8 Thistle way Exeter, NH 03833

Re: Wetland Meadow and Buffer Signs

Mr. and Ms. Kelleher,

It has been brought to my attention the wet meadow located on the north end of property Brentwood Road has been repeatedly cut throughout the season. I stopped by the area this morning and noted evidence of recent mowing.

The Town of Exeter typically enforces a 40' no-cut buffer around poorly drained wetlands. During Planning Board approval for this property, an exception was made for the preservation of the wetland meadow that extends across the width of your property and a portion of the property on 8 Sparrow Ln., to allow for a single late fall mowing. The purpose was to allow for annual plant growth necessary to protect the wetland quality, while preventing an overgrowth of woody plants.

I would like to meet with you onsite to answer any questions you may have about these requirements, inspect the mowing extent, and work together toward bringing this issue back into compliance.

Please curtail any mowing of that area and contact me at (603) 418-6452 or by email at kmurphy@exeternh.gov at your earliest convenience.

I thank you for your swift attention to this matter,

Kristen Murphy Conservation and Sustainability Planner

JAMES J. KELLEHER 8 THISTLE WAY EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE 03833

Kristen Murphy
Conservation & Sustainability Planner
Town of Exeter, New Hampshire
10 Front St.
Exeter, New Hampshire 03833

July 22, 2024

Dear Ms. Murphy,

I must admit that I was quite surprised when I received your letter concerning the wetland area in the back of our property. We purchased this property more than three years ago knew little or nothing about wetlands. Initially we were told by a number of employees of Chinburg Builders Inc. that the rear property included a partial wetland and nothing could be built in that area. They did however inform us that we had the right to mow it at any time if we so desired to so. This was further confirmed by the corporate managers of Chinburg Builders. Inc. We agreed to purchase the property, they continued construction and we closed title in January of 2021.

Not too long after that we and the other homeowners got together to discuss various issues that were not completely finalized with a Chinberg representative. One of these issues had something to do with the Town of Exeter and my wife and I went to Town Hall to discuss it. Frankly, I have forgotten what these issues were but the person we met with was very helpful. During this conversation he asked if we were the owners of the property with the wetland. We said we were and he immediately volunteered that we could mow that area at any time we want too. Unfortunately, I do not remember his name, nor his title, but he certainly confirmed that we could mow.

Your letter also mentions "poorly drained wetlands". The area in question does have a very narrow "gully" that runs through a portion of the area to the end of the wet land that can be wet after a rain . I do not mow that area and it stays dry almost all of the time. There is also a very small area at the left end of the wetland when facing Brentwood Road that can be "muddy" for a few days after a rain. The vast majority of the so-called wet land is basically no wetter or dryer than the rest of the property .

I also learned more about this property by talking to near-by neighbors who were aware of the property for many years before the houses were built. This whole property was used for vegetable planting for many years. That, of course, meant that the field was mowed as often as required in order to plant, maintain and harvest the crops for many years with no objection from the Town of Exeter. I'm told that the field was mostly grass as it is now. After Chinberg acquired the

property they had to bring in top soil in order to raise the height of the property. One neighbor estimated that they raised the elevation six or seven feet.

The grassy section of our property immediately adjacent to Brentwood Road was where the owner parked his trucks (there is an apron in the sidewalk) and they could drive the trucks and machinery onto the grassy side of the field in order to harvest the vegetables.

The other thing that I think you should know is that I do not mow this area very often. I have mowed this area once this summer and I would not need to mow it again until the growth gets certainly higher than it is now.

We enjoy this area of the property. We get lots of animals that now use this area including birds, rabbits and occasionally deer that would have difficulty trying to move through the over growth if could not be moved occasionally.

Finally, we heard that Chinberg actually wanted to build many more homes than Exeter would allow. I suspect that deeming this a wetland played a part to prevent that. I and others however like the field mowed rather than left as is. Having heard that I could mow my portion I purchased a lawn mower that would be able to handle the area. Your letter states that I could only mow one time in late fall. That would actually be impossible as the mower could not handle the growth. After reading my letter I hope that Exeter would somehow allow me to mow four times per year rather than only once in "late fall". It would still be a "wetland" but would be esthetically attractive.

Thank you for your consideration on this matter.

Yours truly,

JAMES J. KELLEHER



TOWN OF EXETER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

10 FRONT STREET • EXETER, NH • 03833-3792 • (603) 778-0591 •FAX 772-4709

<u>www.exeternh.gov</u>

July 26, 2024

James Kelleher 8 Thistle way Exeter, NH 03833

Re: Wetland Meadow and Buffer Signs

Mr. Kelleher,

Thank you for your reply. I apologize for any misinformation you may have received from a Town employee regarding the allowed uses within a wetland buffer. The buffer regulations are an overlay district and have been in place since 2009. These regulations establish a 40' no-cut buffer around wetlands with soils classified as poorly drained. The regulations do allow for agricultural uses within the upland buffer around wetlands which is why the former agricultural use was permitted.

As part of the review process for this subdivision, wetland buffer placards were required to be place around the wetland buffer and at one point I know they were present. This was to aid in owner awareness about these restrictions. As mentioned previously, during Planning Board approval for this property, an exception was made from our no-cut buffer regulations to allow for a single late fall mowing. Any modification from those regulations require Conservation Commission review and Planning Board approval.

Again, I apologize for any confusion, and request you curtail regular mowing of the area. I offer again to meet with you onsite to work together toward bringing this issue back into compliance. You can reach me at your convenience at (603) 418-6452 or by email at kmurphy@exeternh.gov.

Thank you for your time,

Kristen Murphy Conservation and Sustainability Planner



Kristen Murphy kmurphy@exeternh.gov

FW: FW: Special Permit Application - Exeter-Squamscott River

1 message

theresawalker@comcast.net < theresawalker@comcast.net >

Wed, Jul 31, 2024 at 12:47 PM

To: Alexa Brown <abrown@pentucketbank.com>, Bill Meserve <meservew@gmail.com>, Don Clement <dclement43@comcast.net>, Don Picard <picarddj@comcast.net>, Elizabeth Mello <elizabeth.mello08@gmail.com>, Ellen Douglas <h2orat01@gmail.com>, Eric Bahr <ejbahr@comcast.net>, Eric Turer <eric.turer@gmail.com>, Jessica Balukas <jessica.balukas@gmail.com>, John Roderick <rodericklaker@aol.com>, Nate Merrill <njmerrill@comcast.net>, Theresa Walker <theresawalker@comcast.net>, Brentwood Conservation Commission <conservation@brentwoodnh.gov>, Chester Conservation Commission <conservation@gmail.com>, Exeter Conservation Commission <kmurphy@exeternh.gov>, Fremont Conservation Commission <landuse@fremont.nh.gov>, Kensington Conservation Commission <evynathan@comcast.net>, Newfields Conservation Commission <conservation Commission <p>conservation Commission conservation Commission

More info on the proposed pesticide application, below. - Theresa

From: Bosiak, Ma hew <matthew.w.bosiak@agr.nh.gov>

Sent: Wednesday, July 31, 2024 12:29 PM

To: 'theresawalker@comcast.net' <theresawalker@comcast.net>

Cc: Rousseau, David <David.J.Rousseau@agr.nh.gov>; 'Eric Turer' <eric.turer@gmail.com>;

conservation@brentwoodnh.gov; Bill Meserve <meservew@gmail.com>

Subject: RE: FW: Special Permit Applica on - Exeter-Squamsco River

Hello,

- A. Thank you for including me on the Subject message. The ac vity described is regulated through this office, the New Hampshire Division of Pes cide Control (Division).
- B. In direct response to the ques ons posed, the Division offers the following:
- C. The proposed treatment is required to be conducted in accordance with a pest cide special permit. Through the permit process, the state reviews the proposal, including the products proposed for use. The project is conducted under a licensed pest cide applicator. New Hampshire Department of Transportation on pest cide applicators, properly certified with the Division, have used these products under special permits in past years.
- D. The pes cide product proposed for use under the 2024 permit applica on 24-280 are registered with the US Environmental Protec on Agency in accordance with Sec on 3 of the Federal Insec cide, Fungicide, and Roden cide Act (FIFRA), as well as being registered with the State of New Hampshire. Sec on 3 products undergo a number of human health and ecological/environmental risk assessments. Risk assessments include analysis of poten al impact to avian species, fish, invertebrates, pollinators, and mammals under various condi ons. Addi onal data reviewed include results from hydrolysis, batch equilibrium, aerobic soil metabolism, field dissipa on, and prospec ve groundwater studies. Addi onally, FIFRA Sec on 3 pes cide ac ve ingredients undergo "re-registra on," which is a periodic, scheduled review to ensure the ac ve ingredient risk assessments are evaluated using new and/or addi onal data. Various routes of exposure are evaluated in order to determine risk for human health and ecological/environmental assessments.
- E. Pursuant to Pes 505.06(b)(2-3) of the New Hampshire Pes cide Control Board's Code of Administra ve Rules (pesticide-rules.pdf (nh.gov)), herbicide applica ons to control poison ivy and listed prohibited invasive species are exempt from the Pes 505.06 No fica on of Spraying in Rights-of-Way requirements.

If you have further ques ons, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Ma

Ma hew Bosiak

Water Quality Protec on

Division of Pes cide Control

New Hampshire Department of Agriculture, Markets & Food

603-271-3695

PO Box 2042

Concord, NH 03302

From: theresawalker@comcast.net <theresawalker@comcast.net>

Sent: Tuesday, July 30, 2024 12:34 PM

To: 'Eric Turer' <eric.turer@gmail.com>; conservation@brentwoodnh.gov; Bill Meserve <meservew@gmail.com>;

Bosiak, Ma hew <matthew.w.bosiak@agr.nh.gov>

Subject: RE: FW: Special Permit Applica on - Exeter-Squamsco River

EXTERNAL: Do not open a achments or click on links unless you recognize and trust the sender.

Hi – I've added ESRLAC Chair Bill Meserve to this email to keep him in the loop. I've also added Matthew Bosiak of NH Dept. of Agriculture, Markets, and Food as he may be able to answer the questions about product use and abutters.

The State has asked for ESRLAC's comments by August 16th and ESRLAC's next meeting is August 27th so the Committee will not be meeting in person to discuss the pesticide use. I have received comments from two ESRLAC members to date. Per NH RSA 91-a ESRLAC can't have an online conversation. - Theresa

From: Eric Turer <eric.turer@gmail.com> Sent: Tuesday, July 30, 2024 11:57 AM

To: theresawalker@comcast.net; conserva on@brentwoodnh.gov **Subject:** Re: FW: Special Permit Applica on - Exeter-Squamsco River Hi Theresa - Becky Dunham, who chairs our town's ConCom - cc'ed on the initial message, reached out with some questions regarding this and wondered if ESRLAC would be discussing this as a group. I don't know if this is something that she would contact Sydney Gendreau directly about or if it's best to communicate through you. We don't have a mee ng this month so we can't bring it up there. Her brief summary of ques ons are:

- Have they sprayed before with these products? (exposure risks assessed?)
- · Have the abu ers been no fied?

Becky is cc'ed here. Let me know if I can facilitate in any way.

ET

On Sun, Jul 28, 2024 at 11:17 AM theresawalker@comcast.net> wrote:

ESRLAC and Exeter-Squamscott River Watershed Conservation Commissions – Please review the email below and information attached and let me know if you have any concerns/comments you would like to me to forward to DES, DAMF, and DOT.

Thank you, Theresa Walker, Rockingham Planning Commission

From: Gendreau, Sydney <Sydney.E.Gendreau@des.nh.gov>

Sent: Monday, July 22, 2024 2:41 PM

To: TheresaWalker@comcast.net; meservew@gmail.com

Cc: Sales, Tracie <tracie.j.sales@des.nh.gov>

Subject: Special Permit Applica on - Exeter-Squamsco River

Good a. ernoon Theresa and Bill,

I hope this email finds you both well! I am reaching out to you with informallon on a special permit applicallon from the NH Department of Agriculture Division of Pesicide Control. This permit will allow for herbicide application to control invasive species and poison ivy at NH Department of Transportation bridges. All ached to this email you will find the permit application, herbicide labels, cover letter and maps showing the proposed project sites within the Exeter-Squamscoll River Corridor. Comments should be sent to Mall hew Bosiak at Mall hew.W.Bosiak@agr.nh.gov by August 16, 2024. Please contact me or Tracie Sales at Tracie.Sales@des.nh.gov if you have any questions.

Best,

Sydney

Sydney Gendreau

Watershed Planning Assistant

Rivers and Lakes Management and Protec2on Programs

Watershed Management Bureau, Water Division

NH Department of Environmental Services

29 Hazen Drive, P.O. Box 95

Concord, NH 03302-0095

(603) 271-1522

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

INTER-DEPARTMENT COMMUNICATION

July 19, 2024

FROM: Matthew Bosiak, Division of Pesticide Control

SUBJECT: Special Permit Application # 24-280

TO: DISTRIBUTION

NameOn Behalf Of/ForType of Special PermitNHDOTBridge Maintenance/ReynoldsWatershed/Setback

Poison Ivy/Invasives

The Division of Pesticide Control has received a Special Permit application from the NH Dept. of Transportation, Bureau of Bridge Maintenance, which requests easement in order to control vegetation for bridge maintenance purposes. A number of the bridges proposed under this application fall within designated river corridors. Attached is a copy of the application, along with supplemental information. I would appreciate if this application was forwarded to the appropriate local advisory committees.

Specifically, NHDOT Bureau of Bridge Maintenance has requested easement for pesticide applications within rights-of-way, where portions of these rights-of-way also fall within the regulatory setback of surface waters and public water supplies. Easement is being requested in order to apply pesticides to control various invasive plant species and poison ivy. The application has proposed spot treatment using foliar applications of *Rodeo, Roundup Pro Concentrate*, and/or *Roundup Custom for Aquatic and Terrestrial Use* (all three products contain the active ingredient glyphosate), and *Milestone* (contains the active ingredient aminopyralid).

Review of the sites proposed for treatment identified numerous bridges intersect designated rivers, including but not limited to:

- -Connecticut River in Lancaster, Northumberland, Littleton, Claremont, Cornish, Lyme
- -Ammonoosuc River in Lisbon, Bath
- -Warner River in Bradford
- -Piscataquog River in Weare
- -Exeter River in Exeter
- -Oyster River in Lee
- -Isinglass River in Strafford
- -Contoocook River in Hillsborough, Peterborough
- -West Branch Souhegan River in New Ipswich
- -Cocheco River in Farmington.

I would appreciate receiving your comments **or by August 16, 2024**. Electronic responses are acceptable. Please refer to the Application # in all return correspondence.

Thank you very much for your assistance. If you have any questions you can reach me at 271-3695 or via e-mail at matthew.w.bosiak@agr.nh.gov.

MB/mwb

DISTRIBUTION

Tracie Sales - DES

File

Enc: Application # 24-280 – NHDOT/Bridge Maintenance – Vegetation Control

Application No:	

SP APPLICATION-Watershed/Setback Page 1 of 4 $\,$ 02/22

Special Permit Application-WATERSHED NH Division of Pesticide Control PO BOX 2042 Concord NH 03302-2042

				02/2		
OFFICE USE ONLY						
Referred to:	Approve	Disapprove	Signature	Date		
Dept. Environ. Servi	and the second s					
Dept. Nat. & Cult. Re	es.					
Fish & Game Depart	ment 🔲					
State Entomologist	10	H -		-		
Division Public Heals Div. of Pesticide Cor	-	H -		_		
Check here if there			or use space below:			
Comments:	are attached comm	ients of conditions,	or use space below.			
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DDI ICANT INFODA	IATION					
PPLICANT INFORM	IATION					
1. Name of applicar	1t (Individual, Municipa	lity. Organization. Firm. c	or Agency):			
	OT Bureau of Bridge					
Address: 7 Hazen D	rive					
City: Concord		State: NH	Zip: 03302			
Tel: 603-271-7417	Fax: 603-271-158	Cell*603-41	9-9691 Lic.# : <u>9</u>	S-2529939N		
Contact				Name:		
SAME AS ABOVE			Tel:			
	Cell*		E-mail*			
2. Licensed pesticion Russell Burt; Donald Address; 7 Hazen D	Hamilton	other than party nam	ed on Line 1):			
City: Concord		State: NH Zin: 0330)2 F_Mail Bure	au26@dot nh go		
Tel: 603-271-3667	Fax: 603-271-158	38 Cell*	E-Mail_Bure Lic #: s-	2520070N		
101,	AX	OCII		2530172N		
3 Client on whose	hehalf the annlics	ation is being mad	A (if other than shown	on Lines 1 or 2)		
	Client on whose behalf the application is being made (if other than shown on Lines 1 or 2). Name (Person or Organization): NHDOT Bureau of Bridge Maintenance					
Address: 7 Hazen		area or prinage mainte				
City: Concord	Billo	StateNH	Zip: 03302			
Tel: 603-271-3667	Fax: 603-2		E-Mail*Bureau26@do	t,nh.gov		
		any)): Devon Reynold		<u> </u>		
Tel:603-271-7417	Cell*,603	-419-9691	E-Mail*Devon.S.Reyn	olds@dot.nh.gov		

^{*} Cell # and E-mail address Optional

TREATMENT AREA INFORMATION

1.	ap _l	plicatio ∕es, in	ere been any previous special permits issued to conduct pesticide ons at this site (whether or not pesticide were actually applied)? Yes No . No . dicate permit number and year of most recent permit: E: SP# - 332 Year: 2023
5.	De	script	tion of Treatment Area
	a.		reatment Areas (Reference any such blocks on an attached map): See ed documents. Treatment areas not previously permitted are in Red.
	b		oer of Blocks/Sites, Acreage of each: 251 bridge sites, area under the bridge and 200 om all 4 corners measured from the ends of the bridge, right-of-way to right-of-way.
	C.	s proposal concerns a setback easement request from surface water, fy:	
		(1)	Name(s) of the water body or bodies: See attached document
		*	Type of Water Body (and associated setbacks): Public Water Supply Surface Water (250 ')* (Applicable within watershed and within 5 miles of public water supply intake) Name of Supplier or System: Included on Maps with Public Drinking Water see attached maps. Public Water that does not serve as a public water supply (50') Non-Public Water (25')
		(3)	Nearest distance, in feet, to reference line (high watermark) of surface water(s) that you anticipate applying pesticides, if easement is granted: 0 feet or as permit allows.
	d.	lf this	s proposal concerns a setback easement request from a Public Well, specify:
		(1)	Name of the water supplier or system: See attached maps
		(2)	Type(s) of Well(s) (and associated setbacks):
			Gravel Packed (400') Other (250')
			Nearest distance, in feet, to the well(s) that you anticipate applying pesticides, if easement is granted: 50 feet

·	e. Are there any activities in the treatment area that might be affected by the pesticide application? Yes , No X . If Yes, please list and describe:					
6.	Specify the reason or need for the pesticide application. <u>Include measures that will be taken to minimize risk of contamination of surface- or ground-water by pesticides</u> : Pesticide is to be applied to limit the spread of invasive species and limit the contact-of crews with knoxious					
	weeds such as poison ivy. Four (4) gallon back pack sprayers will be used to spot apply pesticide to targeted					
	species. A board with absorbant pads will be used near surface waters to limit overspray, as well as only spraying as near to optimal conditions as specified in the product label.					
	Check here X if state-listed invasive species are among the target pests, and list under 9a					
7.	Do you have approval from all property owners on whose property pesticide applications will be made under this proposal? Yes χ , No .					
8. A	attach a detailed map showing the following:					
c d	 Adjacent areas; Surface waters; Pertinent topographic features; and Land type(s) 					
9. I	Description of Pesticide Application:					
ć	a. Target organism(s) – (<u>be specific</u>): Japanese Knotweed, Multiflora Rose, Oriental Bittersweet any other listed invasive species, Poison Ivy.					
ŀ	D. Method(s) of treatment: Spot spray using Four (4) Gallon back pack sprayers.					
(c. Pesticide(s) to be used [ATTACH COPIES OF COMPLETE LABELS]					
	(1) Name(s) & EPA #(s) of product(s) Rodeo EPA# 62719-324 or Roundup Pro Concentrate EPA# 524-529; Milestone EPA# 62719-519; Roundup Custom for Aquatic & Terrestrial Use EPA# 524-343					
	(2) Rate(s) of application(s) Rodeo 1.5 qt/acre; Roundup 3.2 qt/acre; Milestone 14 fl.ounces/acre					
	Roundup Custom for Aquatic & Terrestrial use 4 qt/acre					
C	d. Application schedule (approximate dates): Begin spraying October 1st as weather permits.					

SIGNATURES

10. By the signature(s) below, the signatories attest that the information provided in this application is accurate and true, and they acknowledge that falsification of information will result in denial of a special permit.

Date: 07/17/2024
nmental Coordinator
signed as the Applicant)
ngou do uno i approxim,
Date: 07/17/2024
Daniely If
Date: _07/17/2024
nmental Coordinator

FORMS WITH ILLEGIBLY PRINTED NAMES WILL BE RETURNED

NOTE: An Original, Signed Application must be submitted, to include all maps, labels, and support information. Two (2) complete copies must also be submitted. In some cases applications, or portions thereof, may be submitted electronically. Contact the Division of Pesticide Control to determine the form in which documents may be submitted. Submit the application to the address shown at the head of this form. Where electronic copies will be allowed, the appropriate e-mail address will be provided. Applications shall be processed in accordance with RSA 541-A:29.

ALLOW 60 DAYS FOR PROCESSING

This package contains (please check all that apply):

- X Signed, dated, and completed application form with legible name(s)
- X Maps of appropriate scale containing all required information Copies of complete labels of pesticides being proposed
- X All required lists of names and addresses