



Exeter Reservoir Dam Feasibility Study

River Advisory Committee Project Update #4

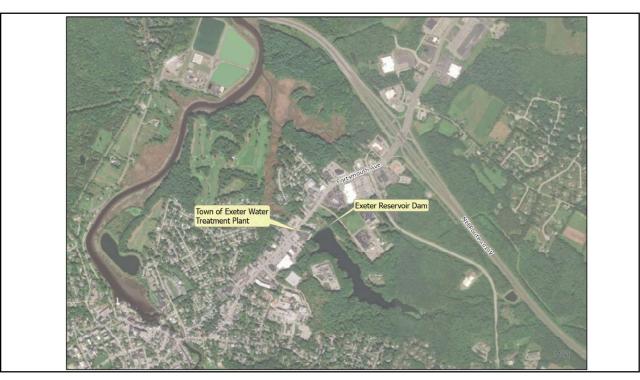
July 17, 2025

Presented By

Stephanie Hudock, PE

VHB Project Engineer





Background

- Commonly known as WaterWorks
 Dam
- Pickpocket Dam Letter of Deficiency requesting Breach Analysis
 - Exeter Reservoir only had simplified Breach Analysis
- Breach Analysis confirmed High-Hazard Classification
 - Overtops Portsmouth Avenue
 - Flood heights greater than 1' on 1st floor of 3 structures - water treatment plant (4,500 customers) and 21 Webster Ave
- Feasibility Study to evaluate alternatives to bring dam into compliance
 - Pass 1,000 Year Event with 1' of freeboard without manual operations



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Exeter Reservoir Dam

- High Hazard and in Poor Condition
- Concrete face earth fill dam with steel sheet piling
- 15' high and 248' long
- Top of Concrete ~23.4'
- 49' long spillway that leads into 8' wide and 220' long sluiceway
 - Top of Stoplogs: 21.6'
 - Top of Concrete Weir: 19.65'



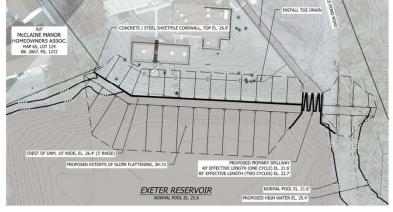






Alternative 1:

 Raise top of dam 3.0 feet (earthen fill), replace spillway with labyrinth weir having 120foot effective length

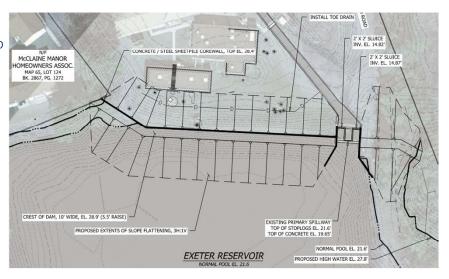




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Alternative 2

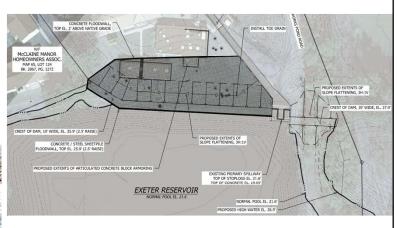
- Raise top of dam 5.5 feet (earthen fill), keep existing spillway
 - Would acquiring 20feet beyond limits of embankment into 105 Portsmouth Ave Property
 - Slight impact to WTP could be avoided.



Alternative 3

- Raise top of dam 2.5 feet (earthen fill), keep existing spillway, install overtopping protection
 - Would require removal / reconfiguration of the SWTP



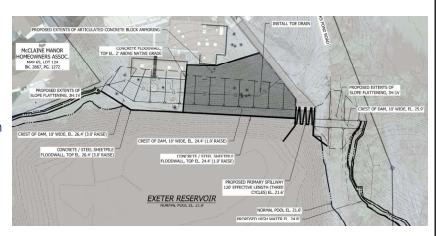


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Alternative 4

- Raise top of dam

 1.0/3.0 feet (earthen fill or floodwall), replace spillway with labyrinth weir having 120-foot effective length, install overtopping protection over 150 feet of dam
- Will require floodproofing of Surface Water Treatment Plant



Cost Comparison

	Alt 1: Raise Dam, Labyrinth Spillway	A l t 2: Raise Dam, Existing Spillway	Alt 3: Raise Dam, Overtopping Protection, Existing Spillway	Alt 4: Raise Dam, 150' Overtopping Protection, Labyrinth Spillway		
Construction Components						
General Items	\$156,310	\$64,375	\$115,475	\$135,035		
Mob. & Demob.	\$18,600	\$18,000	\$18,000	\$18,000		
Erosion Controls	\$29,100	\$29,100	\$12,785	\$12,785		
Control of Water	\$310,000	\$310,000	N/A	\$220,000		
Raise Dam	\$912,275	\$2,062,550	\$681,800	\$403,600		
Extend / Raise Core Wall	\$140,850	\$676,350	\$100,800	\$82,050		
Install Toe Drain	\$22,116	\$22,116	\$22,116	\$22,116		
Install Labyrinth Spillway	\$925,700	N/A	N/A	\$925,700		
Install Overtopping Protection	N/A	N/A	\$549,800	\$290,000		
Install Concrete Floodwall	N/A	N/A	\$96,000	\$68,000		
General Items						
30% Design Contingency	\$755,000	\$985,000	\$480,000	\$654,000		
Const. Cost w/Contg.	\$3,269,000	\$4,267,000	\$2,077,000	\$2,832,000		
Engineering & Permitting	\$505,000	\$655,000	\$327,000	\$425,000		
Project Admin Costs	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000		
Const. Phase Services	\$326,900	\$426,700	\$207,700	\$283,200		
Total Const. Phase Cost	\$4,151,000	\$5,399,000	\$2,662,000	\$3,605,000		

^{*} Cost to reconstruct sluiceway estimated at \$1.25 Million

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Hydraulic Findings

- Alternative 1:
 - 2-Year Event: Increased discharge rate
- 50 & 100 Year Events: Discharge rate and water surface elevation reduced
- 1,000 Year Events: Peak discharges decrease, but water surface elevation slightly increased
- Alternative 3:
 - 2-Year Event: Operates identically to existing conditions
- Greater than 2-year Events: Results in lower peak discharges and higher water surface elevations
- Comparison to Alternative 1: Peak discharges are generally less than or equal to those in Alternative 1, but water surface elevations are higher

Alternative 4:

• Similar results to Alternative 1

Hydraulic Findings Continued

Upstream of Dam

River Flow	Existing			Alternative 1			Alternative 3			Alternative 4		
	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface E l ev.	Avg. Ve l ocity (fps)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface E l ev.	Avg. Ve l ocity (fps)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface E l ev.	Avg. Ve l ocity (fps)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface E l ev.	Avg. Velocity (fps)
Normal Flow	10	21.8	0	10	21.7	0	10	21.8	0	10	21.7	0
2-Yr	187	22.9	0	2334	22.4	0	1867	22.9	0.04	234	22.4	0
50-Yr	977	24.2	0.2	947	23.7	0.2	815	25	0.2	947	23.7	0.2
100-Yr	1,165	24.3	0.2	1,125	24	0.2	980	25.4	0.2	1,125	234	0.2
1000-Yr	2,019	24.9	0.3	1,952	25	0.3	1,951	26.7	0.3	1,989	24.9	0.3
Future 1000 -Yr	2,394	25.1	0.4	2,319	25.4	0.3	2,349	26.9	0.3	2,369	25.2	0.4

Downstream of Dam

	Existing			Alt 1			Alt 3			Alt 4		
River Flow	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface E l ev.	Avg. Ve l ocity (fps)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev.	Avg. Ve l ocity (fps)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface E l ev.	Avg. Velocity (fps)	Peak Flow (cfs)	Water Surface E l ev.	Avg. Velocity (fps)
Normal Flow	10	4	0.6	10.6	4	0.6	10	4	0.6	10	4	0.6
2-Yr	192	5.5	2.9	240	5.7	3.2	192	5.5	2.9	240	5.7	3.2
50-Yr	1,000	7.3	7.5	969	7.3	7.3	884	7.1	7.1	969	7.3	7.3
100-Yr	1,187	7.6	8.1	1141	7.5	7.9	1001	7.3	7.5	1,141	7.5	7.9
1000-Yr	4,061	9.9	14.9	3,960	9.9	14.7	3,946	9.9	14.7	4,020	9.9	14.8
Future 1000 - Yr	4,811	10.4	16	4,711	10.3	15.9	4,742	10.3	15.9	4,768	10.3	16

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Questions?







Pickpocket Dam Removal

River Advisory Committee Project Update #1

July 17, 2025



Paul Vlasich, PE Town Engineer Stephanie Hudock, PE VHB – Water Resources Engineer



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General Updates

- Grants
 - Great Bay 2030 Approved
 - \$300,000 in funding
 - Finalizing scope of work
 - Utilizing GB2030 funds this year would allow for project completion up to the 60% design plans and early permitting stages
- Submitted NOAA CZM Grant in January
 - Original selection notice planned for March 2025, Delayed due to new federal grant review process
 - Likely not selected, CZM office has notified potential awardees to begin the negotiation process
- Submitted NOAA Barrier Removal Grant in February
 - Selection notice planned for late Fall 2025
- Submitted Pre-Proposal for NWFW National Coastal Resilience Grant
 - Not selected

