Town of Exeter
Zoning Board of Adjustment
April 16, 2019, 7 PM
Town Offices Nowak Room
Final Minutes

I. Preliminaries

Members Present: Chair Laura Davies, Vice-Chair Joanne Petito, Robert Prior, Christopher Merrill - Alternate, Esther Olson-Murphy - Alternate

Members Absent: Kevin Baum, Rick Thielbar, Martha Pennell - Alternate, Hank Ouimet - Alternate

Others Present: Doug Eastman

Call to Order: Chair Davies called the meeting to order at 7:02 PM.

II. New Business

A. The application of Roger Elkus for a variance from Article 4, Section 4.3, Schedule II - Density & Dimensional Regulations - Residential to permit the creation of a residential single-family lot with less than the required minimum lot width. The subject property is located at 181 High Street in the R-2, Single Family Residential zoning district. Tax Map Parcel #70-119. Case #19-05.

Henry Boyd Jr. of Millennium Engineering spoke about the application on behalf of owners Roger Elkus and Sue Argue. Mr. Boyd said that at 74,000 square feet, their lot is large enough to encompass five lots of the requisite size. However, their proposed subdivision doesn't have the required 100 feet of frontage, it only has 90 feet of frontage. The proposed lot complies with the ordinance in every other aspect, and would require no setback or other variances. He argued that the lot would fit well in the neighborhood; he found 50 lots in the tax map which were not conforming, mostly created prior to zoning control.

Mr. Boyd briefly discussed the five variance request criteria. Criteria 1) and 2) The variance will not be contrary to the public interest and the spirit of the ordinance is observed: yes, because the variance will allow a good and reasonable use, and more than adequate lot width is provided at 90 feet. Criteria 3) Substantial justice is done: yes, as discussed in his response to 1), 2), and 5); there are no problems with access or visibility. Criteria 4) The values of surrounding properties are not diminished: yes, because this lot would be the same size as most lots in the neighborhood, and larger than some. Criteria 5) Literal enforcement of the provisions of the ordinance would result in an unnecessary hardship: yes, because it would

deny a good use of the property, with 90% of the required width.

Chair Davies opened the discussion to the public.

Robbi Lynn Ward of 179 High Street stated that she opposes the requested variance due to its potential effect on her property value. She consulted a 1981 NH real estate book on the definition of property value, and it said that if there is a quiet, serene, park-like abutting

property and a single family or multi family home is put in its place, that will have a diminishing effect on the direct abutting property. There is a deck on her house that overlooks the green space of the lot, and taking that away would affect her resale value.

Ms. Ward continued that prior to purchasing her property, she researched 181 and 179 High Street, which was a nonconforming lot at the time; the rules have been in place since 1973. The current owners of 181 High Street came to the town and asked to make a change to the lot, but it was not pursued and she assumed they could not subdivide it.

Ms. Ward felt that this proposal does not meet criteria 1),4), and 5), and a denial would not be a hardship for the owners.

Chris Dowd of 3 Ridgewood Terrace, which is across the street from the lot, said that when he purchased the house in July 2018, he learned that the apparently vacant lot across the street was part of an existing nonconforming lot. They assumed that that part of the lot would always be green space. He added that it provides privacy to their property.

Matt Forsyth of 4 Ridgewood Terrace, a direct abutter, said he would prefer not to grant the exemption in order to maintain the spaciousness of the neighborhood they're accustomed to. Mr. Boyd's argument about similar sized lots is specious, since those were created before the regulation was enacted. A decision was made to change that ordinance, so they shouldn't use standards from before the regulations were in place.

Mr. Boyd rebutted that the owners have the right to build a structure where they're proposing to build the structure, so whether a variance is granted or not, they have the right to build a separate structure on the property. There could be a house there anyway, and it might have to be a condominium. A nicely built, single-family house on its own lot will not diminish the values of abutting property, and it's not contrary to the spirit of the neighborhood. He argued that no benefit would be gained by the public by denying this application.

Ms. Petito asked what the hardship to the owner would be in building a house that does fit within regulations. Mr. Boyd said that in his experience, banks are reluctant to lend on condominiums. Ms. Petito asked why it would need to be a condo, and Mr. Boyd said that the owners can't keep two houses. Mr. Prior said they'd purchased a single family home on a large lot, and nothing has changed since they purchased, so where's the hardship? Mr. Boyd said the hardship is in the inability to do much with the land. Mr. Prior responded that they bought a piece of property that way, and there's no hardship. Chair Davies suggested that not being allowed to use their property could be a potential hardship.

Chair Davies closed the session to the public.

Chair Davies asked that the Board go through and discuss the criteria.

Mr. Prior said that he doesn't see a problem with criteria 1) or 2). The variance will not be contrary to the public interest, and the spirit of the ordinance is observed. It would be a single family home on an empty lot on Ridgewood Terrace, which is appropriate. Criteria 3) Substantial justice is done: Yes. He understands the reservations of the abutters in seeing a house where they currently see trees, but it's not a conflict with the spirit of the neighborhood. Chair Davies added that it's not the abutters' land; the owners can clear cut or do anything they wish with their land. Mr. Prior continued with criteria 4), Values of surrounding properties are not diminished. Chair Davies said that value is dependent on circumstances. Whether greater density brings up values or drops them down depends on whether it's appropriate or appealing. Both High Street and Ridgewood Terrace have high density and high value, and additional

density would not affect values to the general market. Good quality homes in keeping with the neighborhood will not cause any property value loss in the neighborhood.

Mr. Prior continued with criteria 5), Literal enforcement of the ordinance would result in unnecessary hardship: no, he doesn't see a tremendous hardship in this case. The applicants purchased a large single family home on a large piece of property. There are three lots which were formerly all one parcel. The garage for 181 High Street was converted to a single family home as 179 High Street. It should have been carved out differently at the time, but wasn't. It's a very large lot, but it's the nature of that large, attractive house that it be on a large lot. It's not an existing parcel of land that is burdened with a hardship because of constraints like wetlands. Chair Davies said that if you consider hardship as not using the property to its potential, that's the hardship. Mr. Prior responded that none of that language is in the definition. Ms. Petito said that it addresses special conditions where the property can't be reasonably used; reasonable use is not necessarily the use that the owners want. Ms. Olson-Murphy pointed out that they could still build on the lot.

Chair Davies said there's a thin case for hardship, but it would be a shame if it doesn't get developed, since it's a good use for that area. She addressed those who like seeing the trees by pointing out that it's not their property, and it can and likely will be developed at some point. Mr. Merrill asked for confirmation that the Board can't do anything with the idea that the use of the property could be worse later than as proposed now, and Mr. Prior said that was correct. Chair Davies said they're only dealing with the variance in front of them. At some point, there will be some creative use of this lot, but that's not under the Board's control. Mr. Prior observed that a vote against this variance may result in a worse situation for the abutters.

MOTION: Ms. Petito moved to deny the application of Roger Elkus for a variance from Article 4, Section 4.3, Schedule II - Density & Dimensional Regulations - Residential to permit the creation of a residential single-family lot with less than the required minimum lot width for the property located at 181 High Street. Mr. Prior seconded. All were in favor.

B. The application of Seacoast Mental Health for a variance from Article 5, Section 5.1.2 A.& B. for expansion of a non-conforming use to permit the proposed construction of a 6,000 square foot addition to the existing structure located at 30 Prospect Avenue. The subject property is located in the R-2, Single Family Residential zoning district. Tax Map Parcel #65-146. Case #19-06.

Monica Kieser, president of the Board of Directors of Seacoast Mental Health, spoke about their variance application. They are bringing forward a new proposal that addresses some of the concerns of the ZBA and the abutting neighbor who spoke at the November 2018 meeting. At that time, they were proposing a larger, 8,100 square foot addition to the property, configured like a T, which protruded more towards the residential area. One abutter had expressed her concern about the expansion toward her property, the dumpster, and the HVAC system, and the ZBA members had been concerned about parking populations. In response, they looked at a way to configure the interior space of the expansion differently to create a smaller proposal that did not extend further back toward the residential neighborhood than the current building.

Ms. Kieser said that Chris Rice of TFMoran looked at the parking calculation with Doug Eastman, and Mr. Eastman said the professional office space category is appropriate, and also did not think that basement space needs to be part of the calculation. If you adopt Mr. Eastman's analysis, they have more parking than what they need with the 48 spaces there now. In the proposal, they've reconfigured the parking in a way to pick up 9 spaces (not 10 as in the application), for a total of 57 spaces, 10 more than required. The abutter also stated at the last meeting that she had not noticed issues with parking.

Chair Davies said that one concern from the abutter was noise and vibration from the mechanicals. Ms. Kieser said there is already a fence screening all sides; they've proposed additional screening, but will also be getting newer mechanicals which should create less noise and vibration. They could additionally move them closer to the building, to the extent that the utility companies would allow.

Chair Davies said that they had done a good job of taking feedback and coming back with new plan. She asked Ms. Kieser to go through the criteria on the requested expansion of nonconforming use.

Ms. Kieser discussed criteria 1) and 2) together, the variance will not be contrary to the public interest and the spirit of the ordinance is observed. She said that obviously the use does conflict with the ordinance, but it doesn't conflict with the ordinance in a way that undermines the ordinance's basic objective, part of which is to lessen congestion and ensure safety. Parking is adequate. The expansion will accommodate 6 - 8 new employees with new office visits. Parking will be increased by 9 spaces, which is more than enough. They are along a COAST bus route, and people also walk to the office. There are office staff based in Exeter who don't see clients at the center; they go out to school systems, pediatric practices, and the hospital, and make home-based visits. Not everyone comes into the center for services.

Ms. Kieser continued by saying another objective of this ordinance is to promote health and general welfare. She said that the new addition does not threaten public safety; it actually promotes welfare, because with it they can provide more services. Promote adequate light and air: it conforms to all required yard setbacks, and it does not protrude toward residential area further than existing. Avoiding undue concentration of population: it's consistent with the historical use of property. There would be a little more traffic/clients but not an undue concentration, particularly in this area with commercial spaces, the hotel, and the hospital. It's not impacting transportation and provision of solid waste, and would have no effect on natural resources. Granting the requested variance does not conflict with the ordinance's basic zoning objectives, alter the essential character, or threaten public safety or welfare.

Ms. Kieser continued on to criteria 3), substantial justice will be done by granting the variance. She said that there is no benefit to the public by denying the variance that would outweigh the hardship to the center. Regarding criteria 4), the surrounding property values are not diminished by granting the variance, she said that there is a generous open buffer area and fencing, and no one is going to suffer a negative effect to their property value. On criteria 5), denial of the variance results in an unnecessary hardship, she said that the Center is subject to special conditions. They have a property that straddles different zones: it's located in R-2 but abuts the Hospital Zone and the Commercial-2 Zone. It's accessed by a right of way, and has no frontage of its own. It's a single story building, with mechanicals in the eaves, so they can't simply build up and avoid expansion on the ground. They'd have to shut down during the

construction, which is not possible, because they have a contract with the state to provide these services. They can't relocate the Center because they need to respond to the hospital for emergent cases. She discussed the point that no fair and substantial relationship exists between the general public purposes of the ordinance and its specific application in this instance by saying that the proposed use is reasonable. This is a scaled down and more sensitive proposal. They're adding 9 spaces, for 10 more spaces than they need, and this will cover the small increase in traffic.

Ms. Petito asked if increased numbers of people are seeking the types of treatment they provide. Jay Couture, the Executive Director of Seacoast Mental Health, affirmed that there is an increased demand for services. Currently, they can't accommodate extra staff, so there are no openings for first time appointments in Exeter for adults, and the soonest children's appointment would be in late June. She said that they need additional space to meet the need.

Chair Davies opened the discussion to the public.

Tom Montgomery spoke on behalf of Kim Montgomery, the owner of 14 Highland Street, which is a direct abutter but not listed on the plan. He said that she spoke at ZBA in November about her concerns on noise and trash removal. There are also floodlights on the back side of the property not connected to motion detectors. She's asking the board to consider that Seacoast Mental Health is nonconforming to the R-2 district, and 45% of property line abuts private residences. Ms. Montgomery wrote that section 5.1.4 of Exeter zoning ordinance says that a non-conforming use shall be allowed to continue as long as the purpose, manner or extent does not change, but this would be a change to extent with facility, staff, and patient load. She argued that with its proximity to the hospital, it should be considered a healthcare facility, not a professional center. Ordinance 5.2.b on special exceptions requires that the use is so designed to be operated so that public wellbeing will be protected, but the abutters' wellbeing is a concern. Highland Street is a residential area with many families, and Seacoast Mental Health patients travel through these densely populated streets. 5.2.c, permitted use shall not be considered in determining the compatibility for proposed use; her statement asked if the variance for nonconforming would be granted today if they proposed to build a new facility. The structure is 5 - 6 times the size of the residences in the area. 5.2.e, there is adequate onstreet parking, and loading causes minimal interference with abutting streets. Ms. Montgomery has witnessed the center's parking lot at full or nearly full conditions. 5.2.h, use shall not adversely affect abutting or nearby properties, but she argued that the parking overflow will have a deleterious effect. Ms. Montgomery's argument concluded by saying Seacoast Mental Health would be better served by relocating than expanding. Chair Davies pointed out that ordinance 5.2 doesn't apply. The proposal doesn't have to meet the special exception criteria, because this is a zoning exemption.

Rachel Trabelsi of 12 Highland Street said that traffic and parking are her main concerns. The only entrance is from two residential streets. She's seen overflow parking on both left and right side of Prospect Avenue, causing safety issues. Also, there used to be a motion detector for the lights, but floodlights were recently installed that light up the inside of her house. She's tried to get this addressed but has not gotten a response. She has also seen clients leaving the Center and cutting through private property. She agreed that Exeter is underserved for mental health, but suggested that there could be other solutions than expansion, such as office sharing.

Janice Booth, a longtime resident of 28 Prospect Street, which is at the corner of Prospect Street and Prospect Avenue, said that this used to be a nice residential area but now is like Route 1. Originally, traffic to the Center was intended to go through a cutoff from the hospital property, but they closed off that road and now the neighborhood is stuck with all the traffic. She would like Seacoast Mental Health to at least impress on their clients to be mindful of the residential area. Parking is an issue as well.

Gerry Hamel of 17 Little Pine Lane, who owns 26 Highland Street, said that Seacoast Mental Health has been a good neighbor, but he can see the concerns about parking. He added that the road going into the facility is only 22 feet wide, and asked if they were planning to expand it. With an increase in the size of the building, he felt that the driveway would need to be altered in the future. Chair Davies said that there was a 40 foot right of way, but that's not necessarily the width of the pavement. There's no indication that it will be changed.

Chris Rice of TFMoran said that traffic is a Planning Board purview item, and they will conduct a traffic study for that situation, including information such as parking counts and anticipated demand. Ms. Kieser said that they could address the lighting issue, for example by putting them on a timer. She will speak to administrative staff so that they can filter such issues to the correct people more directly. There was once access to the Center through the hospital, but the hospital expanded and the access changed. The hospital has told them they can't go back. She pointed out there's some conflicting information about parking on streets from abutters. If people are parking in a no parking zone, this is an enforcement issue that can be addressed outside of this process. They don't own the right of way, so they likely won't be modifying it. Chair Davies asked that they determine who owns the right of way and look at that issue with the Planning Board. Gerry Hamel suggested it was owned by the town. Doug Eastman clarified that the town owns access to where the water tower used to be, but it's not necessarily town property.

Mr. Prior asked if there a hole or gate in the fence allowing some people to travel on foot off of the property not through the right of way. Ms. Kieser said she had walked the property that day and that it has a tall fence in good condition, but there's a ledge that drops off at a steep grade they may be using for access. Mr. Prior said the abutters would appreciate them doing anything possible to prevent clients from cutting through private property to access Highland Street.

Phil Shaput, Senior Director of Facilities Planning and Project Management at Exeter Hospital, said the hospital has no opposition to their proposal. Regarding the gate, there was a fair amount of traffic cutting through this gate from Portsmouth Ave to High Street, so it was closed years ago. The hospital would be happy to trim trees, although there is sensitivity along that route because the ED is there. Mr. Prior asked if the hospital could offer parking spaces to staff at Seacoast Mental Health. Mr. Shaput responded that he can discuss it, but there's tight parking now and they're talking about some growth on campus.

Doug Eastman stated for the record that the proposal shall comply based on the use with the number of parking spaces. He has determined the use as professional office and done the calculations.

Chair Davies closed the session to the public.

Chair Davies asked if the Board had any concerns about the code enforcement officer's determination on the parking, but all accepted his determination. She said if that were the case,

there is more than adequate parking for the use. Other concerns from abutters were traffic and lighting. The applicants indicated they'd be willing to address the lighting concern. She would like to request that the Planning Board pay special attention to that, since it's more their purview. Mr. Prior suggested that enforcement might be lacking on traffic and parking in that neighborhood, and perhaps the Police Department could pay extra attention, but that's also outside their purview. Chair Davies said that the applicant has expressed a willingness to address concerns.

Ms. Petito went through the variance criteria again for the Board. Criteria 1) and 2) are that the variance is not contrary to the public interest and the spirit of the ordinance is observed. It must not alter essential character of neighborhood, threaten public safety or welfare or otherwise injure public rights. Chair Davies said that abutters may wish there were not this nonconforming use, but it's already there. She asked the Board to consider whether the expansion of the nonconforming use would affect the neighborhood in the ways described. Ms. Petito agreed that they have to consider the incremental effect, not the whole. Chair Davies said that the new part of the building is on the side closest to the hotel. They haven't encroached further towards residential side, so it's not a concern here. Ms. Petito said they are adding six to eight staff and some corresponding office visits. Mr. Prior stated that this doesn't change the essential character, but it does add traffic, so a traffic study is appropriate. This is the Planning Board's purview. Chair Davies suggested they mention traffic in the approval.

Ms. Petito discussed criteria 3), substantial justice: the benefit to the applicant should not be outweighed by harm to the general public. Chair Davies said that the applicant does provide a benefit to the public. This use should not provide harm to immediate neighbors if the lighting, parking, and traffic are addressed. Ms. Petito said that they provide a service to the community by nature of what they do, which will be increased by this application. Chair Davies said some of the testimony was about the neighborhood in general, not about this existing or proposed use. Mr. Prior added that there have been issues with Highland Street in front of the Planning Board before.

Ms. Petito continued with criteria 4), values of surrounding properties are not diminished by granting the variance. Mr. Prior said they'd heard no testimony on property values.

Ms. Petito discussed criteria 5), denial of the variance results in an unnecessary hardship. She said the proposed use is a reasonable one. Chair Davies added that she sees legitimate need for the expansion, and they are providing a public service. They can't close down to build up, and they need to be near the hospital. This is a fully developed area. Mr. Prior said they're burdened by being in an R-2 Zone but abutting more the compatible Commercial Zone and hospital district. Chair Davies said this is a dependent use; it needs to be near the hospital, which grew in a residential neighborhood. This causes some stress with abutting uses. Mr. Prior concluded by saying there's no evidence that the application does not meet any of the five requirements for a variance.

MOTION: Mr. Prior moved to approve the application of Seacoast Mental Health for a variance from Article 5 as proposed, with the note that they expect that this will go to the Planning Board for site approval, to pay particular attention to issues of lighting and traffic on site. Ms. Petito seconded. All were in favor.

III. Other Business

- A. Approval of Minutes: January 15, February 19 and March 19, 2019
 - 1. January 15th 2019 The Board determined that these minutes were previously amended but not approved.

MOTION: Mr. Prior moved to approve the minutes of January 15th meeting. Mr. Merrill seconded. Ms. Petito abstained as she was not present at that meeting, and the motion passed 4-0-1.

- 2. February 19th 2019 The Board determined that these minutes were previously approved.
- 3. March 19th 2019 Ms. Petito asked that in lines 137-151, regarding the abutters' notice, they add the information that the abutters list was not distributed to the Board.

MOTION: Mr. Merrill moved to approve the minutes of March 19th as amended. Ms. Esther-Olson seconded. Mr. Prior abstained as he was not present at that meeting, and the motion passed 4-0-1.

Chair Davies said that she attended a training session on the Right to Know Law regarding a non public session. They have to vote to go into a non public session, and they need to cite the reason why it needs to be a non public session before they go into it. They must keep separate minutes on the non public session. They have to vote to go out of the non public session, and once in public session, they must discuss whether the minutes will be public or not.

IV. Adjournment

MOTION: Mr. Prior moved to adjourn. Ms. Esther-Olson seconded. All were in favor and the meeting was adjourned at 9:34 PM.

- 336 Respectfully Submitted,
- 337 Joanna Bartell
- 338 Recording Secretary