Town of Exeter
Zoning Board of Adjustment
November 17, 2021, 7 PM
Town Offices, Nowak Room
Draft Minutes

### **Preliminaries**

**Members Present**: Vice-Chair Robert Prior, Clerk Esther Olson-Murphy, Rick Thielbar, Laura Davies, Martha Pennell - Alternate, Christopher Merrill - Alternate, Anne Surman - Alternate

Members Absent: Chair Kevin Baum

**Call to Order**: Acting Chair Robert Prior called the meeting to order at 7 PM.

## I. New Business

A. The application of CKT Associates for a variance from Article 4, Section 4.2 Schedule I: Permitted Uses to permit an age-restricted residential use (for the proposed relocation of Building D in the Ray Farm Active Adult Community) to be located on Ray Farmstead Road. The subject property is located in the C-3, Epping Road Highway Commercial zoning district. Tax Map Parcel #47-8.1 and #47-9. ZBA Case #21-12.

Attorney Justin Pasay of DTC Lawyers; John Shafmaster and Bill Blackett, the owners; and Dennis Hamill from DM2 Engineering were present to discuss the application. Attorney Pasay said the application involves relocating Building D, the fourth building in the Ray Farm project. The original variance was issued in 2014 to a different entity, and the Willey Creek group took it over in 2017. There were to be four buildings total, three with 32 units and one, Building D, with 20 units, because the area was constrained. Buildings A and B and a clubhouse are completed, and we anticipate Building C's completion in 2022. We would like to move it away from Epping Road and the Mobil Station to the opposite edge of the site. Building D would be identical to the other three buildings. The proposal would take four acres of an upland area and combine it with the existing area. The overall development will be enlarged from 11.5 acres to 15 acres, and the density will decrease.

Mr. Prior said the parcel was approved for 116 units, and the reason the applicant is here is that they're taking property from other zoning districts and appending them, so the variance approval does not cover the new parcel. Mr. Prior asked if the 2014 decision referenced a specific number of units, and Mr. Pasay said yes, it was only 116 units.

Mr. Hamill discussed the original property line and the parcel being added for the new building. Access to it is from Building C, which avoids a larger area of wetland impact. It's 350 feet from Building A, where Building A to the original Building D was 380 feet. The original Building D required a wetland setback waiver, but the new Building D

does not. This building can connect to town water and sewer. It will look exactly like the other buildings, and will not be visible from Epping Road.

Ms. Davies asked about the easement. Mr. Pasay said the owner of the back parcel, Mr. Carlisle, has an easement for a private right of way, so he can use that and improve it to access his lot, but there's no requirement for Mr. Shafmaster to convey the fee interest of the land underneath the easement. Mr. Carlisle would have to obtain the relief necessary for frontage and wetlands and could improve his property.

Ms. Davies asked if the Fire Department has reviewed the circuitous access to Building D, and Mr. Hamill said they haven't yet gone to the FD, but they will be adding a turnaround for larger vehicles such as fire trucks. Mr. Prior asked about the length of the road. Mr. Hamill said 1,820 feet. Ms. Davies asked about the typical length of a cul de sac, and Mr. Prior said the Planning Board wants a max of around 1,250 feet. Mr. Thielbar asked whether it's possible to add a second access road. Mr. Hamill said it's physically possible, but there are sensitive wetland areas we'd have to cross. Mr. Thielbar said it's a long drive, and the extra people of Building D will add to the traffic along that route. They should consider having a circular access road instead. Mr. Prior said that's not the plan before us.

Mr. Shafmaster said Building D was not in a good building location, and required a waiver for setbacks from wetland. This new proposal would have a net increase of 12 units and the wetland area would never be used for development. He would like to put in an enclosed dog area in this location for residents of the community. The first building and clubhouse were overbudget and he's been clawing his way back. This new building would be in keeping with what he's done before.

Mr. Pasay said these are unique properties and the use is reasonable. They have frontage on Epping Road and Ray Farmstead Road, awkwardly sized, and constrained by the wetlands. The remnant parcel, lot 9, is located in the C3 and viable for future commercial use, and this would avoid the impact of going through the wetlands. Attorney Pasay went through the variance criteria. 1) The variance will not be contrary to the public interest and 2) the spirit of the ordinance will be observed; yes, the proposal does not conflict to a marked degree with the ordinance, will not alter the essential character of the neighborhood, and will not threaten the public health, safety or welfare. The C3 district is intended to promote reasonable development. The relocation of Building D will accomplish better light and air for Building D, lessen the density of the overall project, and prevent overcrowding of land and undue concentration. It's good for the environment in that it avoids wetlands impact. It will make the remnant parcels available to be used consistently with the C3 District. This does not alter the essential character of the neighborhood, as it's identical to the other buildings on the property. It will protect public health and safety by avoiding impacts of direct access from Epping Road. 3) Substantial justice is done; yes, there is no gain to the general public from denying the variance. Granting the variance is in the public interest because we're promoting reasonable development of an upland area without the negative impacts of going through the wetland. 4) The proposal will not diminish surrounding property values; yes, the price of these units has gone considerably up (30-40%) since their purchase in 2018/2019. The condo declaration reserves the right to use this area in

future development, so any buyers were on notice that this would happen. There is a 350 foot site distance, which is consistent with where Building D was supposed to be. The use is consistent with what was expected on the site. 5) Literal enforcement of zoning ordinance will result in an undue hardship; yes, it doesn't make sense to apply this zoning ordinance to this unique property. Lots 8.1 and 9 can accommodate the proposal, and are burdened by significant wetlands in the area of direct access. 8.1 is small and awkwardly shaped. The topography is a challenge. The purpose of the ordinance is being advanced because this will lessen congestion, increase light and air, and avoid undue concentration of population. They will also be preserving the areas of the parcel that are most suitable for commercial development. Special conditions mean that there's no reasonable use without relief given, and the only way to get to this property without wetlands impact is the means proposed.

Mr. Prior asked if they are prevented from putting Building D where it's currently located. Mr. Pasay said no.

Mr. Prior opened the meeting to public comment. He cautioned that the only thing under consideration is the residential use in this zone, not the location of the building or the access road.

Anthony Laburdi of 7 Willey Creek Road, Unit 202, Building A, said he and his wife moved to the development in 2019. He is a member of the Board of Directors of Ray Farm Associates, but he's only speaking for himself. The developer has been responsive to the residents. He met with us three weeks ago on why he's moving the building, and satisfied most of our questions. Mr. Laburdi said he and his wife are in favor of the petition to change the zoning. In two years his property has appreciated 36%.

Marty Kennedy of 7 Willey Creek Road, Building A, said his concern with the original proposal was that the parking lot and access to Building C were on a disputed 50 foot wide easement. This revised plan shows the lot pushed back off the easement, but it doesn't fully address his concerns. Mr. Carlisle, the owner of the lot in the back, plans to develop that property with access through the easement. The town views the easement as having access through that lot, but Mr. Shafmaster says that's probably not going to happen. The residents of Ray Farm are more than just abutters, we will own the lot after the last unit is sold. If the access to the rear parcel will be through the easement, the residents need to be aware of that. Why does there need to be a road between Building C and D? Building D could have access by extending Ray Farmstead Road. We need to consider pedestrian safety and mobility. The applicant should not be allowed to build anything on the original site of Building D in the future.

Mr. Prior said the right of way is not disputed. The Carlisle property is accessed only through this right of way, so in order to be developed, it will be through this right of way. Willey Creek Road is a private road and would not see an increase of traffic from any development of the Carlisle property; the access would be from Ray Farmstead Road.

Doug Minott of 7 Willey Creek Road said the residents will take over the new parcel. The right of way is Mr. Carlisle's to do with as he sees fit, and the residents shouldn't be absorbing that. He read a letter that he had submitted to the Board

regarding his view and the vegetated buffer they currently have. He is opposed to the application because he does think it will diminish surrounding property values and compromise their right to the undisturbed use of their property through the disturbance of the construction.

Rosemary Demarco of 24 Willey Creek, Building B, said she approves of the plans that Mr. Shafmaster has for Building D.

Adriana Christopher of 7 Willey Creek, Building A, said they're in favor of the proposal. The new location would be better than the original location. The development is wonderful to live in and the builder has done a fantastic job.

Mr. Pasay said some of the comments were Planning Board concerns. We have been transparent with the negotiations with Mr. Carlisle. Concerns about property values, but this area of the property is zoned C3, this use is the best possible use. The building will be 350 feet away from Building A, about the same as what was proposed for Building D. In every deed, there's a reference to the public document of the condo declaration which says that this property could be added to the condominium. The market analysis doesn't support the conclusion that it will diminish market value.

Bill Blackett, the CFO for Mr. Shafmaster, said he has data that says the value of the real estate is going up and will not be diminished. There's been a 26% increase from Building A to Building C. Putting in Building D, units there would be \$700,000, where Building A was originally \$490,000. Unit 301 in Building A was a recent resale, it was bought for \$466,000 and sold for \$605,000.

Mr. Shafmaster said he's had two meetings with 30-40 residents about his plans, and he addressed their concerns by moving Building D away. Regarding Mr. Minott's concerns about noise and blasting, during the second meeting he had his sitework guy give him a bid to do any work on this building coming in off Commerce Way and doing the construction work from behind, which would eliminate dust, noise, road issues, etc. so his concerns were addressed. Regarding value, where Building D was originally, there is a Mobil Station there that is lit nearly 24 hours a day. The original Building D would have had lesser value units because of this proximity, which would create confusion in the market.

Mr. Prior closed the public session.

Mr. Prior said this will require technical review and Planning Board approval. The only thing the ZBA is considering is whether residential use can be allowed on this C3 parcel.

Ms. Surman said it goes against the grain to continue to make C3 properties on Epping Road residential. Folks have concerns about mixing residential and commercial and it's a slippery slope. However, now it's there and Mr. Shafmaster has done a fabulous job. The area is tough with a lot of wetlands. Going forward this area should be commercial, but this location for the new building is far superior to where it was. Mr. Prior said the original vote for allowing residential on this property was 3-2. In 2014 Epping Road was a different road than now. We are considering the residential use on this parcel and the increase in the number of units by 12, since the original application specified a certain number of units.

176 Mr. Thielbar went through the variance criteria. 1) The variance will not be 177 contrary to the public interest and 2) The spirit of the ordinance will be observed; yes, 178 there does not seem to be much negative side. The land in question is basically an 179 island, and is difficult to access in any other way. It's not negative to the public interest 180 and the spirit of the ordinance is observed. Mr. Prior said if not developed with Building 181 D, that parcel, while difficult to access, could be developed commercially. It would be 182 better for residents of buildings A, B, and C to abut another residential property rather 183 than a commercial property. Mr. Thielbar continued with the variance criteria: 3) 184 Substantial justice is done: yes, he can't see a downside to the proposal. It clearly 185 benefits the applicant. An additional section of land will stay as it is now, and it's the part 186 we all drive by, which is a benefit to the rest of the community. Mr. Prior said "harm to 187 the general public" includes those who own condos there. People who live in Buildings 188 A, B, and C will own in common the land underlying the property. This will increase the 189 amount owned by 3.9 acres, which increases the value of the units. Mr. Thielbar 190 continued with the criteria: 4) The proposal will not diminish surrounding property values; 191 yes, there's no sufficient evidence that there will be a significant loss in value. It was 192 unrealistic to think that the land in question was going to stay undeveloped. Mr. Prior 193 said selling during construction may have a temporary setback in value, but ultimately 194 the value will increase. Ms. Davies said in her opinion as a valuation professional, more 195 units don't equal a lower value. This is a successful project and a few more units aren't 196 going to change the unit values. Regarding the proximity, there's a good amount of 197 distance from Building A to Building D. There will be some disruption to the existing 198 buildings during construction, but they won't see it once it's done. Mr. Thielbar continued 199 with the criteria: 5) Literal enforcement of zoning ordinance will result in an undue 200 hardship; yes, the original location of Building D limits the capacity and is not in a good 201 area. The land proposed to be used is difficult to access but here is a way to 202 203 204

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productively use it. Everything on this site had hardship due to the water. Mr. Prior said we have to consider the parcel as proposed. Is there hardship on the newly designed parcel? Yes, getting to that upland portion is extremely difficult. The special conditions of the property create a hardship which is access.

Mr. Thielbar moved to accept the application of CKT Associates for a variance from Article 4, Section 4.2 Schedule I: Permitted Uses to permit an age-restricted residential use for the proposed relocation of Building D in the Ray Farm Active Adult Community to be located on Ray Farmstead Road as shown in the submitted documents, with the understanding that the project will go to the Planning Board. Ms. Surman seconded. Mr. Prior said we should add a comment that the number of units is also expanded.

Ms. Davies made a motion to add an amendment that we would also be granting an increase in the number of units from 116 to 128. Mr. Thielbar seconded the amendment. Mr. Prior, Mr. Thielbar, Ms. Davies, Ms. Olsen-Murphy, and Ms. Surman voted aye and the amendment passed 5-0.

Regarding the amended motion, Mr. Prior, Mr. Thielbar, Ms. Davies, Ms. Olsen-Murphy, and Ms. Surman voted aye and the amended motion passed 5-0.

Mr. Prior called for a five-minute break. Ms. Davies left the meeting at this time. The meeting reconvened at 8:50 PM.

B. The application of Roger Elkus for a variance from Article 5, Section 5.5.3 to permit the proposed construction of a second principal building (residential) on the property located at 181 High Street. The subject property is located in the R-2, Single Family Residential zoning district. Tax Map Parcel #70-119. ZBA Case #21-13.

Attorney Sharon Somers of DTC Lawyers was present to discuss the application. She said the owners would like to put a proposed dwelling in the location that juts out onto Ridgewood. This building would be no larger than 2,128 square feet, or 56' x 38'. It would conform with the setbacks, height restrictions, etc.

Mr. Prior asked if this is a lot line adjustment, and Attorney Somers said no, only variance relief to allow two principal dwellings on one lot. Ms. Surman asked if it would become a condominium, and Attorney Somers said it could, but it wouldn't have to. The zoning calls for one principal dwelling on a lot, but we are proposing two principal dwellings on a lot. The property is too big for the owners right now. The existing dwelling could be better used by a larger family with kids, for example.

Mr. Prior asked if the proposed house would meet all the size, access, area, lot coverage, and setback requirements for a single-family dwelling? Attorney Somers said yes. It's allowed to have two driveways on a single lot, and the property next door, Map 70 Lot 20, has two driveways.

Mr. Thielbar said the ZBA rejected a similar application regarding this property in 2019. Attorney Somers said the application in 2019 was for frontage relief because there is only 90 feet of frontage on Ridgewood Terrace, and was done in connection with a subdivision proposal. The new application is not a subdivision, it's to have two dwelling units on a single lot.

Mr. Prior said he asked if this unit would meet all requirements for a separate lot, and she said yes, but it actually doesn't. Attorney Somers said it's correct that it wouldn't meet the requirements as a separate lot, but that's not what's proposed. It would conform to all building setbacks, height, open space, etc.

Attorney Somers went through the variance criteria. 1) The variance will not be contrary to the public interest. She said the purpose of the zoning in requiring one dwelling on a lot is to prevent overcrowding. There will be no alteration of the essential character of the neighborhood. The neighborhood is single family homes, and this is just an additional family home. They will be on a lot which is well-sized to support both of them. There are no public safety issues. This would be a small house, around 2,000 square feet, and will not result in excess population or traffic concerns. Between the two houses, it would be equivalent to a five bedroom property on 1.7 acres, which is adequate.

Ms. Surman asked what the address of the second house would be, which could be an issue for the Fire Department. Attorney Somers said she didn't know, but that could be worked out if the variance were granted and the building permit was pulled.

Attorney Somers continued with the variance criteria: 2) The spirit of the ordinance is observed; this is usually considered together with criteria 1 about public interest. 3) Substantial justice is done; yes, there is no gain to the public if this variance were denied. The applicant has a variety of options about what can go into this large 1.7 acre parcel, such as an accessory structure like a barn or garage, or with a special exception it could have an accessory dwelling unit. The loss to the applicant would be that they can't have a modestly sized dwelling in the location that they would like. 4) The proposal will not diminish surrounding property values; yes, there won't be any diminution in value. 5) Literal enforcement of zoning ordinance will result in an undue hardship; yes, the size and configuration of the lot creates the hardship. There is a fair and substantial relationship between this proposal and the public purpose of the zoning ordinance, which is to prevent overcrowding on the land or excess additional population. Putting a 2,000 square foot dwelling on this area would not constitute overcrowding. The proposed use is reasonable because the lot is big enough to contain the proposed use. Large accessory units could go in there already, this proposal is only slightly different.

Mr. Prior asked if there are other 2 family properties in the neighborhood. Attorney Somers said no, but in 2000 there was a subdivision to create lot 119/1; prior to that subdivision there were two units on the lot. Mr. Prior said the second unit wasn't a dwelling unit until after the subdivision. Prior to that, it was a garage.

Mr. Thielbar said this is essentially a resubmittal of their 2019 request which was rejected. Attorney Somers said under the Fisher test, this is a material change of the proposed use. Previously, it was a subdivision proposal, but this is one lot with two dwellings. An accessory dwelling unit is not on the table because it's too small and wouldn't be able to be condo'd. An addition doesn't work. If this Board were to allow a second dwelling unit on some other portion of the property, it still wouldn't maintain open space because a driveway would have to go in.

Mr. Prior opened the session to public comment.

Matthew Forsyth, the neighbor to the south, said his concern is that his house has severe water issues, and where the applicants are proposing to build a house also collects water. If they build up, it will put even more water in his basement. He would like to see the proposed size of the house and a runoff water plan that's signed off on by the neighbors be conditions of the variance.

Mr. Prior closed the public session and allowed the applicant to address the Board.

Mr. Elkus said he knows this proposal is similar to the request two years ago. The house is a lot to take care of. He and his wife want to stay in Exeter, but do it in a more modest way. Not a lot of thought was put into how this lot was subdivided. If it had 100 instead of 90 square feet, we would be able to subdivide. There are nearby houses that are smaller than the lot they're looking at building on, but they were grandfathered in.

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344 Respectfully Submitted,

345 Joanna Bartell

346 Recording Secretary

Attorney Somers said regarding Mr. Forsyth's concern, they may want to table the issue so that she can discuss with her client whether this is an amenable condition. Mr. Prior said if the variance is approved, it would be conditional on Planning Board approval, and the Planning Board could address that issue. Attorney Somers said that the Planning Board wouldn't have jurisdiction because it's not a multi-family; three homes is the cut off for that.

Ms. Surman said it would make more sense to create it as a condo or a rental, since by definition there is only one primary dwelling on a lot. Attorney Somers said we would be amenable to treating it as two condominium units.

Mr. Prior said before the Board goes through the variance criteria, he would like to hear the applicants further address "hardship."

Attorney Somers said she would like a five-minute break to speak with her client about the water issues, since this is the first she's hearing of it.

Mr. Prior called for a five-minute recess. The meeting reconvened at 9:25 PM. Attorney Somers asked to table the application to give her client the opportunity to talk with his neighbors.

Ms. Olsen-Murphy made a motion to table this application until the next meeting. Mr. Thielbar seconded. Mr. Thielbar, Mr. Merrill, Mr. Prior, Ms. Olsen-Murphy, and Ms. Surman voted aye, and the motion passed 5-0.

# Other Business

A. Extension of Case 18-24.

Mr. Prior said nothing about the application or property have changed, so it's reasonable to extend for the requested time of one additional year.

Mr. Thielbar made a motion to grant the extension of Case 18-24 for one year. Ms. Surman seconded. Mr. Thielbar, Mr. Merrill, Mr. Prior, Ms. Olsen-Murphy, and Ms. Surman voted aye, and the motion passed 5-0.

## B. Minutes of October 19, 2021

Ms. Surman made a motion to accept the minutes of Oct 19, 2021 as presented. Mr. Thielbar seconded. Mr. Thielbar, Mr. Merrill, Mr. Prior, and Ms. Surman voted aye, and the motion passed 4-0.

### III. Adjournment

Ms. Surman moved to adjourn. Mr. Merrill seconded. All were in favor and the meeting was adjourned at 9:30 PM.